98055–4056. Communications must identify the notice number of this NPRM.

Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRM's should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A, which describes the application procedure.

The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) to amend Class E airspace at Worland, Wyoming, by designating the Class E airspace as full-time instead of parttime. The coordinates for this airspace docket are based on North American Datum 83. Class E airspace is published in Paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9B dated July 18, 1994, and effective September 16, 1994, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Proposed Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. app. 1348(a), 1354(a), 1510; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389; 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 14 CFR 11.69.

§71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9B, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated July 18, 1994, and effective September 16, 1994, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Extending Upward From 700 Feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth

ANM WY E5 Worland, WY [Revised]

Worland Municipal Airport, WY (Lat. 43°57′56″ N, long. 107°57′01″ W) Worland VOR/DME

(Lat. 43°57′51" N, long. 107°57"03' W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within 4 miles east and 8.3 miles west of the Worland VOR/DME 352° and 172° radials extending from 16.1 miles north to 5.3 miles south of the VOR/ DME; that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within a 20.1mile radius of the VOR/DME, and that airspace extending upward from 10.500 feet MSL bounded on the north by lat. 44°00'00" N. on the east by the 20.1-mile radius of the Worland VOR/DME, on the south by V-319, and on the west by V-85. This Class E airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Airport/Facility Directory.

Issued in Seattle, Washington, on February 2, 1995.

Bill H. Ellis,

Acting Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Northwest Mountain Region.
[FR Doc. 95–4208 Filed 2–17–95; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

16 CFR Part 1700

Requirements for the Special Packaging of Household Substances; Reconsideration of Final Rule; Opportunity for Written Comment

AGENCY: Consumer Product Safety Commission.

ACTION: Reconsideration of final rule; notice of opportunity for additional written public comment.

SUMMARY: The Commission on February 6, 1995, approved a **Federal Register** notice amending its requirements under the Poison Prevention Packaging Act of 1970 for child-resistant packaging to change the child and adult tests under which child-resistant packaging is evaluated. Immediately thereafter, the Commission became aware of comments

on the final rule that had not previously been submitted to the agency during the course of the rulemaking. As a result, the Commission on February 9, 1995, voted to withhold publication of the final rule in order to consider these new arguments.

The new arguments can be summarized as follows. First, in establishing an adult test panel consisting of adults aged 60–75, the Commission allegedly exceeded its statutory authority to require that childresistant packaging not be difficult for "normal adults" to use properly. Second, the rule allegedly addresses consumer convenience, rather than safety, which the comment claims is not properly the subject of a Commission regulation.

DATES: Written comments limited to the new issues described below may be submitted on or before March 7, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be mailed to the Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, D.C. 20207, or delivered to the Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Room 501, 4340 East-West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20814.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Suzanne Barone, Ph.D., Project Manager, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, DC 20207; telephone (301) 504–0477, ext. 1196.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The Poison Prevention Packaging Act of 1970 ("PPPA"), 15 U.S.C. 1471–1476, authorizes the Consumer Product Safety Commission to issue requirements that certain household substances be sold in child-resistant ("CR") packaging. Under the PPPA, the Commission has defined and established standards for such "special" packaging. 16 CFR 1700.1(b)(4), 1700.3, 1700.15, and 1700.20. The Commission has also determined which household substances are required to have the special packaging. 16 CFR 1700.14.

To comply with the special packaging requirements, a package must resist entry by most young children and must be "not difficult" for "normal adults" to open and properly resecure, within specified time periods. 15 U.S.C. 1471(4). The existing requirements were developed before the widespread use of CR packaging ("CRP") and, therefore, without the benefit of the actual use experience and test data that since have become available.

The current adult test protocol, 16 CFR 1700.20(a)(4) and (5), specifies a test panel of 100 adults, ages 18 through 45 years. Seventy percent of the adults must be females and 30 percent must be