automatically on expiration of the 1 year withholding period, or on the death, retirement, or separation of the allotter from the federal service, whichever is earlier.

- (2) An allotter may revoke a perpetual or term authorization at any time by requesting it in writing from the payroll office. Discontinuance will be effective the first pay period beginning after receipt of the written revocation in the payroll office.
- (3) A discontinued allotment will not be reinstated.
- (h) *Transfer*. When an allotter moves to another organizational unit served by a different payroll office in the same CFC location, whether in the same office or a different Department or agency, his or her allotment authorization should be transferred to the new payroll office.
- (i) Accounting. (1) Federal payroll offices will oversee the establishment of individual allotment accounts, the deductions each pay period, and the reconciliation of employee accounts in accordance with agency and General Accounting Office requirements. The payroll office will accept responsibility for the accuracy of remittances, as supported by current allotment authorizations, and internal accounting and auditing requirements.

(2) The PCFO shall notify the federated groups, national agencies, and local agencies as soon as practicable after the completion of the campaign, but in no case later than February 15, of the amounts, if any, designated to them and their member agencies and of the amounts of the undesignated funds, if

any, allocated to them.

(3) The PCFO is responsible for the accuracy of disbursements it transmits to recipients. It shall transmit at least monthly for campaigns of \$500,000 of more or quarterly if less than that amount, minus only the approved proportionate share for administrative cost reimbursement and the PCFO fee set forth in § 950.106(d). It shall remit the contributions to each organization or to the federated group, if any, of which the organization is a member. For campaigns with gross receipts in excess of \$500,000, the PCFO will distribute all CFC receipts beginning April 1, and monthly thereafter. For campaigns with gross receipts of \$500,000 or less, the PCFO will distribute all CFC receipts beginning June 1, and quarterly thereafter. At the close of each disbursement period, the PCFO's amount shall have a balance of zero.

(4) The PCFO may make one-time disbursements to organizations receiving minimal donations from Federal employees. The LFCC must determine and authorize the amount of these one-time disbursements. The PCFO may deduct the proportionate amount of each organization's share of the campaign's administrative costs and the average of the previous 3 years pledge loss from the one-time disbursement. This is the only approved application of adjusting for pledge loss.

(5) Federated and national charitable organizations, or their designated agents, will accept responsibility for:

- (i) The accuracy of distribution amount the charitable organizations of remittances from the PCFO; and
- (ii) Arrangements for an independent audit conducted by a certified public accountant agreed upon by the participating charitable organizations. [FR Doc. 95–3821 Filed 2–15–95; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service

7 CFR PART 51

[Docket Number FV-94-302]

Bermuda-Granex-Grano Type Onions and Onions (Other than Bermuda-Granex-Grano and Creole Type); Grade Standards

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

summary: This proposed rule would revise the United States Standards for Grades of Bermuda-Granex-Grano Type Onions and United States Standards for Grades of Onions (Other Than Bermuda-Granex-Grano and Creole Type). The proposal would set a minimum sample size for consumer size packages, provide a "Colossal" size classification, eliminate Export size classifications and designate a U.S. No. 1 Peeled Grade. It would also include other technical revisions to update the standards in accord with current handling and marketing practices.

DATES: Comments must be postmarked or courier dated on or before April 17, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties are invited to submit written comments concerning this proposal. Comments must be sent to the Fresh Products Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, P.O. Box 96456, Room 2056 South Building, Washington, DC 20090–6456. Comments should make reference to the date and page number of this issue of the **Federal Register** and will be made

available for public inspection in the above office during regular business

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Frank O'Sullivan, at the above address or call (202) 720–2185.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The U.S. Department of Agriculture is issuing this proposed rule in conformance with Executive Order 12866.

Pursuant to the requirements set forth in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et. seq.), the Administrator of the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) has determined that this action will not have a significant economic impact on substantial number of small entities. This proposed rule for the revision of U.S. Standards for Grades of Bermuda-Granex-Grano Type Onions and U.S. Standards for Grades of Onions (Other Than Bermuda-Granex-Grano and Creole Type) will not impose substantial direct economic cost, recordkeeping, or personnel workload changes on small entities, and will not alter the market share or competitive position of these entities relative to large businesses. In addition, under the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946, the use of these standards is voluntary.

This proposed rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12778, Civil Justice Reform. This action is not intended to have retroactive effect. This proposed rule will not preempt any State or local laws, regulations, or policies, unless they present an irreconcilable conflict with this rule. There are no administrative procedures which must be exhausted prior to any judicial challenge to the provisions of this rule.

Agencies periodically review existing regulations. An objective of the review is to ensure that the grade standards are serving their intended purpose, the language is clear, and the standards are consistent with AMS policy and authority.

The United States Standards for Grades of Bermuda-Granex-Grano Type Onions was last revised February 20, 1985, and the United States Standards for Grades of Onions (Other Than Bermuda-Granex-Grano and Creole Types) was last revised October 1, 1971. In general, the Bermuda-Granex-Grano Type (BGG) standard is applied to southern grown onions that have thin papery outer scales, are harvested in the spring and summer and are not typically kept in storage. The Other Than Bermuda-Granex-Grano and Creole Types (Other Than) standard is generally applied to northern grown onions that have thick outer papery scales, are harvested in the fall and are