Respondents: Owners and Operators of Municipal Solid Waste Landfills, States.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 4,000.

Frequency of Collection: On occasion, annually.

Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden: 438,100 hours.

Send comments regarding the burden estimate, or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to: Sandy Farmer, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Information Policy Branch (2136), 401 M Street, SW.,

Washington, DC 20460

and

Jonathan Gledhill, Office of Management and Budget, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, 725 17th St., NW., Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: February 6, 1995.

Paul Lapsley,

Director, Regulatory Management Division. [FR Doc. 95–3381 Filed 2–9–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–M

[FRL-5152-6]

Clean Air Act; Acid Rain Provisions

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of the 1995 EPA SO₂ allowance auctions.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to Title IV of the Clean Air Act and 40 CFR part 73, the EPA is responsible for implementing a program to reduce emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO₂), a precursor of acid rain. The centerpiece of the SO₂ control program is the allocation of transferable allowances, or authorizations to emit SO₂, which are distributed in limited quantities for existing utility units and which eventually must be held by virtually all utility units to cover their SO₂ emissions. These allowances may be transferred among polluting sources and others, so that market forces may govern their ultimate use and distribution, resulting in the most costeffective sharing of the emissions control burden. In addition, EPA is directed under Section 416 of the Act to conduct annual sales and auctions of a small portion of allowances (2.8%) withheld from the total allowances allocated to utilities each year. Sales and auctions are expected to stimulate and support such a market in allowances and to provide a public source of allowances, particularly to

new units for which no allowances are allocated. Today, the Acid Rain Division is giving notice of the third annual SO_2 allowance auctions. The regulations governing the auctions and sales were promulgated on December 17, 1991 (40 CFR part 73, subpart E).

EPA has delegated the administration of the EPA allowance auctions to the Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT). The auctions will be conducted under the regulations cited above. Anyone can participate in the EPA auctions and bidders are not restricted as to the quantity or price of their bid. Allowances sold at the auctions will be sold to the highest bidder until no allowances remain. The 1995 auctions will consist of one "spot" auction and two "advance" auctions. Allowances sold in the spot auction are useable for compliance beginning in 1995. Allowances sold in the 6-year advance auction are useable for compliance beginning in 2001; allowances sold in the 7-year advance auction are useable for compliance beginning in 2002 25,000 allowances will be sold in the 6year advance auction, which are the unsold allowances from the 1994 direct sale. 50,000 spot allowances will be sold in the spot auction and 100,000 allowances will be sold in the 7-year advance auction. Bid Forms for the 1995 auctions must be received by the CBOT by the close of business on March 21, 1995. The auctions themselves will be conducted on March 27, 1995, with the results announced the next day

CBOT will also sell in the 1995 auctions any spot, 6-year advance, or 7year advance allowances that are offered by others holding allowances in EPA's Allowance Tracking System. However, offered allowances will be sold after the allowances that were withheld from the utilities, so offered allowances will consequently be sold at a lower price than the withheld allowances. Owners of offered allowances may set a minimum price for their allowances. To offer allowances in the EPA auctions, owners of allowances must submit a SO₂ Allowance Offer Form to EPA by the close of business on March 3, 1995. The auction and sale regulations require that offer forms be received by EPA no later than 15 business days prior to the date of the auctions.

ADDRESSES:

U.S. EPA Acid Rain Division (6204J), Attn: Auctions and Sales, 401 M St., S.W., Washington, DC 20460. Chicago Board of Trade, Attn: EPA Auctions, 141 W. Jackson Blvd., Suite 2240, Chicago, IL 60604.

Forms needed to participate in the EPA auctions are available from the

Acid Rain Division. To obtain forms, call the Acid Rain Hotline at (202) 233–9620.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Information on bidding in the 1994 EPA auctions can be found in the brochure "How to Bid in the EPA SO₂ Allowance Auctions, Third Annual Auctions— March 27, 1995;" general information on the EPA auctions can be found in the "Acid Rain Program Allowance Auctions and Direct Sales" fact sheet. These publications can be obtained by calling the Acid Rain Hotline or by writing to EPA at the address listed above.

Dated: February 1, 1995.

Brian J. McLean,

Director, Acid Rain Division. [FR Doc. 95–3382 Filed 2–9–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

[FRL-5152-4]

Public Water System Supervision Program; Program Revision for the State of Hawaii

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of decision and opportunity for hearing.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the State of Hawaii is revising its approved State Public Water System Supervision Program. Hawaii has adopted new regulations to address new/revised organic and inorganic compounds in drinking water. The state regulations correspond to National **Primary Drinking Water Regulations** promulgated by EPA on January 30, 1991 (56 FR 3583) and on July 1, 1991 (56 FR 30277). EPA has determined that the state program revision is no less stringent than the corresponding Federal rules. Therefore, EPA has tentatively decided to approve the state program revision.

All interested parties are invited to request a public hearing. A request for a public hearing must be submitted by March 13, 1995 to the Regional Administrator at the address shown below. Insubstantial requests for a hearing may be denied by the Regional Administrator. If no timely and appropriate request for a hearing is received and the Regional Administrator does not elect to hold a hearing on her own motion, this determination shall become effective March 13, 1995.

Any request for a public hearing shall include the following: (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the individual, organization, or other entity requesting a hearing; (2) a brief