C. Paragraph (h) is redesignated as paragraph (g) and redesignated paragraph (g) is revised to read as follows:

§ 1435.513 Allocation of marketing allotments to processors.

* * * * *

(f) During any fiscal year in which marketing allotments are in effect and allocated to processors, the total of the quantity of sugar and sugar products marketed by a processor shall not exceed the quantity of the allocation of the allotment made to the processor.

(g) Paragraph (f) of this section shall not apply to any sale of sugar by a processor to another processor that is made to enable the purchasing processor to fulfill the purchasing processor's allocation of an allotment. Such sales shall be reported to CCC within a week of the date of any such sale

7. In § 1435.514, paragraph (a) is revised to read as follows:

§1435.514 Reassignment of deficits.

(a) From time to time in each fiscal year that marketing allotments are in effect, CCC will determine whether processors of sugar beets or sugarcane will be able to market sugar covered by the portions of the allotments allocated to them. These determinations will be made giving due consideration to current inventories of sugar, estimated production of sugar, expected marketings, and any other pertinent factors. These determinations will be made as soon and as frequently as practicable.

8. In § 1435.520, paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

§ 1435.520 Sharing processors' allocations with producers.

* * * * *

(b) Whenever allocations of a marketing allotment are established or adjusted, every sugar beet processor and sugarcane processor must provide to CCC such adequate assurances as are required to ensure that the processor's allocation will be shared among producers served by the processor in a fair and equitable manner which adequately reflects each producer's production history.

9. In § 1435.521, paragraph (c) (1) is revised to read as follows:

§ 1435.521 Proportionate shares for producers of sugarcane.

(c) * * *

(1) Establish the State's per-acre yield goal at a level (not less than the average

per-acre yield in the State for the preceding 5 years) that will ensure an adequate net return per pound to producers in the State, taking into consideration any available production research data considered relevant;

10. In § 1435.528, paragraphs (a) and (b) are revised to read as follows:

§ 1435.528 Penalties and assessments.

(a) In accordance with section 359b(d)(3) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1359bb(d)(3)), any sugar beet processor or sugarcane processor who knowingly markets sugar or sugar products in excess of the processor's allocation in violation of § 1435.513 shall be liable to CCC for a civil penalty in an amount equal to 3 times the U.S. market value, at the time the violation was committed, of that quantity of sugar involved in the violation.

(b) In accordance with section 359b(d)(3) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1359bb(d)(3)), any manufacturer of CF who knowingly markets CF in excess of the manufacturer's marketing allotment shall pay to CCC a civil penalty in an amount equal to 3 times the U.S. market value, at the time the violation was committed, of that quantity of CF involved in the violation.

Signed at Washington, DC, on February 2, 1995.

Grant Buntrock,

Acting Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation. [FR Doc. 95–3288 Filed 2–8–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–05–P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

12 CFR Part 330

RIN 3064-AB28

Deposit Insurance Coverage

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The FDIC is amending its deposit insurance regulations to require that: Upon request, an insured depository institution disclose in writing to depositors of employee benefit plan funds, its current Prompt Corrective Action (PCA) capital category, its capital ratios, and whether employee benefit plan deposits would be eligible for "pass-through" insurance coverage; upon opening an account

comprised of employee benefit plan funds, an insured depository institution disclose in writing its PCA capital category, a description of the requirements for "pass-through" insurance coverage and whether, in the institution's judgment, the deposits are eligible for "pass-through" deposit insurance; and when employee benefit plan deposits placed with an insured depository institution would no longer qualify for "pass-through" insurance coverage, the institution disclose in writing to all existing employee benefit plan depositors within 10 business days the institution's PCA capital category and that new, rolled-over or renewed employee benefit plan deposits will not be eligible for "pass-through" deposit insurance coverage.

The FDIC is also making a number of technical amendments to its insurance regulations concerning commingled accounts of bankruptcy trustees, joint accounts, accounts for which an insured depository institution is acting in a fiduciary capacity, and accounts for which an insured depository institution is acting as the trustee of an irrevocable trust.

The intended effect of the final rule is to provide employee benefit plan depositors important information, not otherwise available, on "pass-through" deposit insurance which may be needed to prudently manage their funds. The technical amendments clarify the insurance rules involving commingled accounts of bankruptcy trustees, joint accounts, accounts for which an insured depository institution is acting in a fiduciary capacity, and accounts for which an insured depository institution is acting as the trustee of an irrevocable trust.

EFFECTIVE DATES: The amendments to 12 CFR 330.12 are effective on July 1, 1995. The amendments to 12 CFR 330.6, 330.7, 330.10 and 330.11 are effective on March 13, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Daniel M. Gautsch, Examination Specialist, Division of Supervision (202/ 898–6912) or Joseph A. DiNuzzo, Counsel, Legal Division (202/898–7349), Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 550 17th Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20429.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In May 1993, the FDIC Board of Directors (Board) revised § 330.12 of the FDIC's regulations (12 CFR 330.12) (58 FR 29952 (May 25, 1993)) to reflect the new limitations imposed by section 311 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991