EPA to use a submission labeled as confidential business information as part of the basis for the final rule, then a nonconfidential version of the document, which summarizes the key data or information, should be sent to the docket.

Information covered by a claim of confidentiality will be disclosed by EPA only to the extent allowed and by the procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2. If no claim of confidentiality accompanies the submission when it is received by EPA, the submission may be made available to the public without notifying the commenters.

B. Public Hearing

Anyone wishing to present testimony about this proposal at the public hearing (see DATES) should, if possible, notify the contact person (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT) at least seven days prior to the day of the hearing. The contact person should be given an estimate of the time required for the presentation of testimony and notification of any need for audio/visual equipment. A sign-up sheet will be available at the registration table the morning of the hearing for scheduling those who have not notified the contact earlier. This testimony will be scheduled on a first-come, first-served basis, and will follow the testimony that is arranged in advance.

The Agency recommends that approximately 50 copies of the statement or material to be presented be brought to the hearing for distribution to the audience. In addition, EPA would find it helpful to receive an advance copy of any statement or material to be presented at the hearing at least one week before the scheduled hearing date. This is to give EPA staff adequate time to review such material before the hearing. Such advance copies should be submitted to the contact person listed.

The official records of the hearing will be kept open for 30 days following the hearing to allow submissions of rebuttal and supplementary testimony. All such submittals should be directed to the Air Docket, Docket No. A–92–64 (see ADDRESSES).

The hearing will be conducted informally, and technical rules of evidence will not apply. Written transcripts of the hearing will be made and a copy thereof placed in the docket. Anyone desiring to purchase a copy of the transcript should make individual arrangements with the court reporter recording the proceeding.

XIII. Administrative Designation

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735), the Agency must determine whether the regulatory action is "significant" and therefore subject to OMB review and the requirements of the Executive Order. The Order defines a "significant regulatory action" as one that is likely to result in a rule that may:

- (1) Have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more or adversely affect in a material way the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities;
- (2) Create a serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another agency;
- (3) Materially alter the budgetary impact of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or
- (4) Raise novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in the Executive Order.

Pursuant to the terms of Executive Order 12866, it has been determined that this rule is a "significant regulatory action" because of annual impacts on the economy that are likely to exceed \$100 million. As such, this action was submitted to OMB for review. Changes made in response to OMB suggestions or recommendations will be documented in the public record.

XIV. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1990 requires federal agencies to identify potentially adverse impacts of federal regulations upon small entities. In instances where significant impacts are possible on a substantial number of these entities, agencies are required to perform a Regulatory Flexibility Analysis (RFA).

The Agency has determined that this action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. This regulation will affect only manufacturers of motor vehicles, a group which does not contain a substantial number of small entities.

Therefore, as required under section 605 of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601 et. seq., I certify that this regulation does not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities.

XV. Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirement

The information collection requirements in this proposed rule have been submitted for approval to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. An Information Collection Request document has been prepared by EPA (ICR No. 2060–0104) and a copy may be obtained from Sandy Farmer, Information Policy Branch, EPA, 401 M St., SW (Mail Code 2136), Washington, DC 20460 or by calling (202) 260–2740.

The information collection burden associated with this rule (testing, record keeping and reporting requirements) is estimated to average 566 hours annually for a typical manufacturer. However, the hours spent annually on information collection activities by a given manufacturer depends upon manufacturer-specific variables, such as the number of engine families, production changes, emissions defects, and so forth. The burden estimate includes such things as reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, setting up and maintaining equipment, performing emission testing, gathering and maintaining data, performing analyses, and reviewing and submitting information.

Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Chief, Information Policy Branch, EPA, 401 M St., SW (Mail Code 2136), Washington, DC 20460 and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503, and marked "Attention: Desk Officer for EPA." The final rule will respond to any OMB or public comments on the information collection requirements contained in this proposal.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 86

Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Confidential business information, Environmental protection, Gasoline, Imports, Labelling, Motor vehicles, Motor vehicle pollution, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: January 31, 1995.

Carol M. Browner,

Administrator.

[FR Doc. 95–2833 Filed 2–6–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P