is successfully dedicating significant resources to this effort.

The Board, with the concurrence of the Office of Management and Budget, has determined that this is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866; therefore, no regulatory impact analysis is required. There are no information collections associated with this rule.

List of Subjects in 20 CFR Parts 211

Pensions, Railroad employees, Railroad retirement.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, chapter II of title 20 of the Code of Federal Regulations is proposed to be amended as follows:

PART 211-[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 211 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 45 U.S.C. 231(f).

2. Part 211 is amended by adding a new §211.16 to read as follows:

§211.16 Finaility of records of compensation.

(a) Time limit for corrections to records of compensation. The Board's record of the compensation reported as paid to an employee for a given period shall be conclusive as to amount, or if no compensation was reported for such period, then as to the employee's having received no compensation for such period, unless the error in the amount of compensation or the failure to make return of the compensation is called to the attention of the Board within four years after the date on which the compensation was required to be reported to the Board as provided for in § 209.6 of this chapter.

(b) *Correction after 4 years.* Subject to paragraph (c) of this section, the Board may correct a report of compensation after the time limit set forth in paragraph (a) of this section for one of the following reasons:

(1) Where the compensation was posted as the result of fraud;

(2) Where the compensation was posted for the wrong person or the wrong period;

(3) Where the earnings were erroneously reported to the Social Security Administration in the good faith belief by the employer or employee that such earnings were not covered under the Railroad Retirement Act and there is a final decision of the Board under part 259 of this chapter that such employer or employee was covered under the Railroad Retirement Act during the period in which the earnings were paid; (4) Where a determination pertaining to the coverage under the Railroad Retirement Act of an individual, partnership, or company as an employer, is retroactive; and

(5) Where a record of compensation could not otherwise be corrected under this part and where in the judgment of the three-member Board that heads the Railroad Retirement Board failure to make a correction would be inequitable.

(c) *Limitation on crediting service.* No employee may be credited with service months or tier II compensation beyond the four year period referred to in paragraph (a) of this section unless the employee establishes to the satisfaction of the Board that all employment taxes imposed by sections 3201, 3211, and 3221 of title 26 of the Internal Revenue Code have been paid with respect to the compensation and service.

Dated: December 15, 1995. By Authority of the Board.

Beatrice Ezerski,

Secretary to the Board. [FR Doc. 95–31064 Filed 12–22–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7905–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Part 1

[INTL-0009-95]

RIN 1545-AT42

Certain Transfers of Domestic Stock or Securities by U.S. Persons to Foreign Corporations

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking by cross-reference to temporary regulations and notice of public hearing.

SUMMARY: In the Rules and Regulations section of this issue of the Federal Register, the IRS is issuing temporary regulations revising the rules under section 367(a) with respect to certain transfers of stock or securities of domestic corporations by United States persons pursuant to the corporate organization, reorganization or liquidation provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. The text of those temporary regulations also serves as the text of these proposed regulations. This document also provides notice of a public hearing on these proposed regulations.

DATES: Written comments must be received by March 25, 1996. Outlines of topics to be discussed at the public

hearing scheduled for April 11, 1996, at 10 a.m. must be received by March 21, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Send submissions to: CC:DOM:CORP:R (INTL 0009–95), Room 5228, Internal Revenue Service, POB 7604, Ben Franklin Station, Washington, DC 20044. In the alternative, submissions may be hand delivered between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. to: CC:DOM:CORP:R (INTL– 0009–95), Courier's Desk, Internal Revenue Service, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC. The public hearing will be held in the IRS Auditorium, Internal Revenue Building, 1111 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Concerning the regulations, Philip L. Tretiak at (202) 622–3860; concerning submissions and the hearing, Christina Vasquez at (202) 622–7180 (not toll-free numbers).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Paperwork Reduction Act

The collection of information contained in this notice of proposed rulemaking has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget for review in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3507).

Comments on the collection of information should be sent to the Office of Management and Budget, Attn: Desk Officer for the Department of Treasury, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Washington, DC 20503, with copies to the Internal Revenue Service, Attn: IRS Reports Clearance Officer, T:FP, Washington, DC 20224. Comments on the collection of information should be received by February 26, 1996.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid control number.

The collection of information is in §1.367(a)–3T(c)(4). This information is required by the IRS as a condition for a taxpayer to qualify for an exception to the general rule of taxation under section 367(a)(1). This information will be used to determine whether a taxpayer properly qualifies for a claimed exception. The respondents generally will be U.S. corporations, probably U.S. multinationals, that are acquired by foreign companies pursuant to nonrecognition exchanges or that engage in joint ventures with foreign companies. Responses to this collection of information by the relevant U.S. corporations are required in order for the shareholders of such corporations to