Therefore, the second 10-year service period for BEEP–1 began on July 10, 1986. This caused the first BEEP–1 Type A test for the second period to be performed in May 1987, only 11 months into the interval. The second Type A test on BEEP–1 was performed within the 40-month plus or minus 10-month interval required by the Technical Specifications.

However, BEEP-1, experienced an extended shutdown between April 1992 and February 1994. The licensee notified the NRC in a letter dated August 5, 1994, that the second 10-year period end date was being extended by one year due to this outage. Because of this shutdown, the licensee also rescheduled the remaining two BEEP-1 refueling outages (reloads 9 and 10) during the second 10-year service period. The reload 9 outage was rescheduled to begin in April 1995, and the reload 10 outage was rescheduled to begin in September 1996.

Unlike Section XI, IWA–2400(c) of the American Society of Mechanical **Engineers Boiler and Pressure Vessel** Code (ASME Code), Appendix J to 10 CFR Part 50 does not contain any provisions for adjusting the 10-year service period due to extended outages. The licensee has already performed two of the Type A tests at BEEP-1 required during the second 10-year service period. If a Type A test is conducted during the next refueling outage, Appendix J could be interpreted to require a fourth test to satisfy the requirement that the final test of the set be conducted when the plant is shutdown for the 10-year plant inservice inspection. Due to the extension of the inservice inspection period, the final refueling outage of the current inservice inspection period is scheduled for September 1996.

Granting of the proposed Exemption would result in an interval of approximately 68 months between the second and third Type A tests. The proposed Exemption would allow the start of the next Type A test interval to be realigned with the start of the third 10-year inservice inspection period. The Exemption would also minimize the radiation exposure to the personnel conducting the test through the elimination of a fourth test.

Environmental Impacts of the Proposed Action

The Commission has completed its evaluation of the proposed action and concludes that granting the proposed Exemption would not significantly increase the probability or amount of expected containment leakage and that containment integrity would be

maintained. The licensee has reviewed the potential primary containment degradation mechanisms, including both activity-based and time-based causes. This review concluded that there has not been any alteration or challenge to the primary containment since the last Type A test. The licensee also stated that there will not be any future maintenance activity during the proposed interval extension that would adversely affect the primary containment leakage rate without administrative control requiring the performance of local leak rate testing. There are also no scheduled modifications that have the potential to adversely affect the integrity of the primary containment boundary.

The change will not increase the probability or consequences of accidents, no changes are being made in the types of any effluents that may be released offsite, and there is no significant increase in the allowable individual or cumulative occupational radiation exposure. Accordingly, the Commission concludes that there are no significant radiological environmental impacts associated with the proposed action.

With regard to potential nonradiological impacts, the proposed action does involve features located entirely within the restricted area as defined in 10 CFR Part 20. It does not affect nonradiological plant effluents and has no other environmental impact. Accordingly, the Commission concludes that there are no significant nonradiological environmental impacts associated with the proposed action.

Alternatives to the Proposed Action

Since the Commission has concluded there is no measurable environmental impact associated with the proposed action, any alternatives with equal or greater environmental impact need not be evaluated. The principal alternative to the action would be to deny the request. Such action would not enhance the protection of the environment and would result in unjustified cost to the licensee and additional exposure to plant personnel.

Alternative Use of Resources

This action does not involve the use of any resources not previously considered in the Final Environmental Statement for the Brunswick Stream Electric Plant, Units 1 and 2, dated January 1974.

Agencies and Persons Consulted

In accordance with its stated policy, the NRC staff consulted with the State of North Carolina official regarding the environmental impact of the proposed action. The State official had no comments.

Finding of No Significant Impact

Based upon the environmental assessment, the Commission concludes that the proposed action will not have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment. Accordingly, the Commission has determined not to prepare an environmental impact statement for the proposed action.

For further details with respect to the proposed action, see the licensee's letter dated November 22, 1994, which is available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, The Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC 20555 and at the Local Public Document Room located at the University of North Carolina at Wilmington, William Madison Randall Library, 601 S. College Road, Wilmington, North Carolina 28403–3297.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 26th day of January 1995.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

William H. Bateman,

Director, Project Directorate II-1, Division of Reactor Projects—I/II, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

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[Docket No. 50-313]

Entergy Operations, Inc.; Arkansas Nuclear One, Unit No. 1 Environmental Assessment and Finding of No Significant Impact

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) is considering issuance of an exemption from Facility Operating License No. DPR-51, issued to Entergy Operations, Inc., (the licensee), for operation of the Arkansas Nuclear One, Unit No. 1 (ANO-1), located in Pope County, Arkansas.

Environmental Assessment

Identification of the Proposed Action

Section III.D.1(a) of Appendix J to 10 CFR Part 50 addresses requirements for periodic containment building integrated leakage rate tests (ILRTs). The tests measure the ability of the containment building to isolate the containment building atmosphere from the environment. The containment building is designed to prevent radioactive releases to the environment from the reactor and radioactive systems located inside the containment.