

ppm; alfalfa, forage at 3.0 ppm; and alfalfa, hay at 4.0 ppm. (PM 13)

3. *PP 5F4591*. Ciba Crop Protection, Ciba-Geigy Corp., P.O. Box 18300, Greensboro, NC 27419-8300, has submitted the petition that proposes that 40 CFR 180.434 be amended to establish tolerances for the fungicide propiconazole (1-[[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-propyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole) and its metabolites determined as 2,4-dichlorobenzoic acid and expressed as parent compound equivalent in or on the raw agricultural commodities berry crop grouping at 1.0 ppm, carrots at 0.2 ppm, green onions at 8.0 ppm, and dry bulb onions at 0.3 ppm. (PM 21)

Amended Filing

4. *PP 4F4309*. EPA gave notice in the Federal Register of July 13, 1994 (59 FR 35719), that Miles, Inc., 8400 Hawthorn Rd., P.O. Box 4913, Kansas City, MO 64120-0013, had submitted the petition proposing that 40 CFR 180.436 be amended by establishing a tolerance to permit residues of the insecticide cyfluthrin, cyano(4-fluoro-3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethyl cyclopropane carboxylate, in or on sweet corn, forage at 54.0 ppm; alfalfa, hay at 10.0 ppm; soybean, forage at 10.0 ppm; alfalfa, forage at 5.0 ppm; soybean, hay at 1.5 ppm; sunflower, forage at 1.0 ppm; sweet corn at 0.05 ppm; soybeans at 0.03 ppm; and sunflower, seed at 0.02 ppm. The company has submitted an amended petition that proposes decreasing the proposed tolerances on sweet corn forage from 54.0 ppm to 30.0 ppm; increasing tolerances for cattle fat, goat fat, hog fat, horse fat, and sheep fat from 0.05 ppm to 5.0 ppm; establishing a tolerance of 15.0 ppm for milkfat (representing 0.5 ppm in whole milk); and withdrawing proposed tolerances for soybean, forage, soybean, hay, and soybeans. (PM 13)

Withdrawn Filing

5. *FAP 4H5686*. EPA gave notice in the Federal Register of July 13, 1994 (59 FR 35719), that Miles, Inc., 8400 Hawthorn Rd., P.O. Box 4913, Kansas City, MO 64120-0013, had submitted the petition proposing that 40 CFR 186.1250 be amended by establishing a food/feed additive regulation to permit the residues of the insecticide cyfluthrin, cyano(4-fluoro-3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethyl cyclopropane carboxylate, in or on sunflower hulls at 2.5 ppm and soybean, hulls at 0.1 ppm. The company has withdrawn the petition without prejudice to a future filing. (PM 13)

A record has been established for this rulemaking under docket number [PF-636] (including comments and data submitted electronically as described below). A public version of this record, including printed, paper versions of electronic comments, which does not include any information claimed as CBI, is available for inspection from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The public record is located in Rm. 1132 of the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA.

Electronic comments can be sent directly to EPA at:
opp-Docket@epamail.epa.gov

Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

The official record for this rulemaking, as well as the public version, as described above will be kept in paper form. Accordingly, EPA will transfer all comments received electronically into printed, paper form as they are received and will place the paper copies in the official rulemaking record which will also include all comments submitted directly in writing. The official rulemaking record is the paper record maintained at the address in "ADDRESSES" at the beginning of this document.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Feed additives, Food additives, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 136a.

Dated: November 13, 1995.

Stephen L. Johnson,

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 95-30373; Filed 12-12-95; 8:45 am]

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[OPP-180982; FRL-4985-1]

Emergency Exemptions

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: EPA has granted specific exemptions for the control of various pests to the 28 States as listed below. Crisis exemptions were initiated by the

Mississippi and Montana Departments of Agriculture. These exemptions, issued during the months of May, June, and July 1995, are subject to application and timing restrictions and reporting requirements designed to protect the environment to the maximum extent possible. EPA has denied 11 specific exemption requests. Information on these restrictions is available from the contact persons in EPA listed below.

DATES: See each specific and crisis exemption for its effective date.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: See each emergency exemption for the name of the contact person. The following information applies to all contact persons: By mail: Registration Division (7505W), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Office location and telephone number: 6th Floor, CS #1, 2800 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA, (703)-308-8417; e-mail:

group.ermus@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: EPA has granted specific exemptions to the:

1. Alabama Department of Agriculture and Industries for the use of tebufenozide on cotton to control beet armyworms; July 18, 1995, to September 30, 1995. Alabama had initiated a crisis exemption for this use. (Margarita Collantes)

2. Arizona Department of Agriculture for the use of imidacloprid and bifenthrin on melons to control the sweet potato whitefly; June 9, 1995, to June 9, 1996. (David Deegan)

3. Arkansas State Plant Board for the use of tebufenozide on cotton to control beet armyworms; July 18, 1995, to September 30, 1995. (Margarita Collantes)

4. California Environmental Protection Agency for the use of myclobutanil on strawberries to control powdery mildew; July 28, 1995, to July 27, 1996. (David Deegan)

5. Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the use of malathion on atemoya and sugar apples to control Annona seed borers; July 12, 1995, to July 12, 1996. (Margarita Collantes)

6. Georgia Department of Agriculture for the use of tebufenozide on cotton to control beet armyworms; July 18, 1995, to September 30, 1995. (Margarita Collantes)

7. Idaho Department of Agriculture for the use of propamocarb hydrochloride, dimethomorph, and cymoxanil on potatoes to control late blight; July 14, 1995 to September 30, 1995. (Libby Pemberton)

8. Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry for the use of