CPT code	Description			
99411	Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to individuals in a group setting (separate procedure): approximately 30 minutes.			
99412	Preventive medicine counseling and/or risk factor reduction intervention(s) provided to indi- viduals in a group setting (sep- arate procedure): approxi- mately 60 minutes.			

We agreed with the RUC recommendations of 0.15 RVUs for CPT code 99411 and 0.25 RVUs for CPT code 99412. While these services are not covered by Medicare, we believe it is important to state the assumptions we made in agreeing with the RUCrecommended RVUs. The intent of the codes is to represent an interactive service between the patient and the physician. We expect that the interaction will be documented in each patient's individual medical record. In addition, since the RVUs are based on physician work, the codes should not be reported unless they are personally performed by a physician; they should not be used to report group preventive

medicine counseling furnished by anyone other than a physician. Nor is the service to be reported if it is furnished in a place of service other than the physician's office. Finally, the assigned RVUs are based on a group of two to five persons for CPT code 99411 and a group of two to six persons for CPT code 99412. Preventive medicine furnished to groups larger than these should be reported using code 99249 which is for the reporting of preventive medicine services not listed in CPT.

c. Temporary alpha-numeric HCFA Common Procedure Coding System codes.

For the 1996 Medicare fee schedule for physicians services, we have established several new alpha-numeric HCFA Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes for the reporting of certain new services that are not clearly described by existing CPT codes. In this section, we discuss our rationale for establishing the codes as well as the basis of the interim RVUs we have assigned to them. We view these codes as temporary since we will be referring them to the CPT Editorial Panel for possible inclusion in future editions of the CPT.

Measurement of post-voiding residual urine and/or bladder capacity by ultrasound (HCPCS code G0050).

Measurement of postvoiding residual (PVR) urine and/or bladder capacity can be done by simple diagnostic catheterization. It can also be done by ultrasound using either traditional sonographic equipment or smaller less expensive equipment whose capacity is limited only to bladder volume determination. When done by catheterization, CPT code 53670, with 0.74 RVUs, is reported. When done by ultrasound, CPT code 76857, pelvic echography, with 1.65 RVUs, is reported whether done using traditional equipment or the smaller bladder scan. There is presently no separate CPT code for a bladder scan only. Both individual carriers and a manufacturer of bladder scanning devices have recommended that we establish a separate code to distinguish bladder scans from general pelvic scans because they believe that payment for CPT code 76857 is too high for only a bladder scan to determine PVR. We agree with this recommendation and are issuing the new HCPCS code G0050.

HCPCS code	Work RVUs	Practice RVUs	Malpractice RVUs	Total RVUs
G0050		0.81	0.05	0.86

We believe that this bladder scan performs the same function as a simple diagnostic catheterization but without the risk of infection. To recognize the slightly higher equipment costs, we have established interim total RVUs for bladder scan of 0.86, or about 0.12 RVUs higher than for catheterization. We have not assigned physician work RVUs for a bladder scan. We expect that the scan will be performed after a physician has examined the patient and determined the medical necessity for a bladder scan. Physician interpretation of the scan is included in the associated evaluation and management service.

Lung volume reduction surgery (reduction pneumoplasty) eg, lung shaving, lung contouring, unilateral or bilateral (HCPCS code G0061).

Lung volume reduction surgery, also termed reduction pneumoplasty, lung shaving, or lung contouring is a procedure performed to improve pulmonary function in patients with severe emphysema. Medicare has not established that the procedure is reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury. Therefore, we have excluded this procedure from coverage under the provisions of section 1862(a)(1)(A) of the Act.

Although we have assigned a noncoverage indicator of "N" to this code, we are providing interim RVUs for those who look to the Medicare fee schedule for information on the relative value of all physicians services including those not covered by Medicare.

We believe the procedure is most often being reported as wedge resection(s) of the lung using CPT code 32500, which has 13.10 work RVUs. Based on discussions with carrier medical directors, we believe that lung volume reduction surgery is more difficult than wedge resection(s). After considering existing CPT codes for other pulmonary procedures, we have assigned 17.62 RVUs on an interim basis to HCPCS code G0061. These are the same RVUs assigned to total pulmonary

decortication (CPT code 32220), which we believe is similar to lung reduction surgery in terms of physician work.

V. Issues for Discussion

A. Five-Year Refinement of Relative Value Units

Section 1848(c)(2)(B)(i) of the Act requires that we review all RVUs no less often than every 5 years. Since we implemented the physician fee schedule effective for services furnished beginning January 1, 1992, we have initiated the 5-year refinement of RVUs that will be effective for services furnished beginning January 1, 1997.

All work RVUs included in the December 1994 final rule (59 FR 63617) were subject to comment. During the comment period, which closed on February 6, 1995, we received approximately 500 public comments on approximately 1,100 procedure codes. After review by our medical staff, we forwarded comments on approximately 700 CPT codes for consideration by the