

of seasonal pollock harvests with the goals and objectives of the FMP.

The publication of the final 1995 initial groundfish and PSC specifications (60 FR 8479; February 14, 1995) summarizes Council findings with respect to each of the FMP considerations set forth above. At this time, the Council's findings are unchanged from those set forth for 1995.

Apportionment of the Pollock TAC to the Inshore and Offshore Components

Regulations at § 675.20(a)(2)(iii) require that the proposed pollock ITAC

amounts specified for the BSAI be allocated between the inshore and offshore processing components. These regulations are scheduled to expire at the end of 1995 although the Council has adopted Amendment 38 to the FMP and NMFS approved that amendment. Amendment 38 would continue apportionment of the pollock ITAC amounts between the inshore and offshore components. NMFS published a notice of proposed rulemaking in the Federal Register (60 FR 48087; September 18, 1995) that would extend

these regulations and a final rule will be issued shortly. Consequently, in these proposed specifications, the pollock ITAC is apportioned between the inshore and offshore sectors as specified in the proposed rule. For the purpose of this action, the inshore and offshore components would be apportioned 35 percent and 65 percent, respectively, of the pollock ITAC specified for each subarea or district (Table 2).

TABLE 2.—SEASONAL ALLOWANCES OF THE INSHORE AND OFFSHORE COMPONENT ALLOCATIONS OF POLLOCK TAC AMOUNTS^{1 2}

Subarea	TAC	ITAC ³	Roe season	Non-roe season
Bering Sea: ^{4 5}				
Inshore		371,875	167,344	204,531
Offshore		690,625	310,781	379,844
	1,250,000	1,062,500	478,125	584,375
Aleutian Islands:				
Inshore		16,838	16,838	(⁶)
Offshore		31,272	31,272	(⁶)
	56,600	48,110	48,110	(⁶)
Bogoslof:				
Inshore		298	298	(⁶)
Offshore		552	552	(⁶)
	1,000	850	850	(⁶)

¹ TAC = total allowable catch.

² Based on an offshore component allocation of 0.65(TAC) and an inshore component allocation of 0.35(TAC).

³ ITAC = initial TAC = 0.85 of TAC.

⁴ January 1 through April 15—based on a 45/55 split (roe = 45 percent).

⁵ August 15 through December 31—based on a 45/55 split (non-roë = 55 percent).

⁶ Remainder.

Pollock CDQ Allocations

Regulations at § 675.20(a)(3)(ii) require that one-half of the pollock TAC placed in the reserve for each subarea or district, or 7.5 percent of each TAC, be assigned to a Community Development Quota (CDQ) reserve for each subarea or

district. These regulations expire on December 31, 1995, although the Council has adopted Amendment 38 to the FMP and NMFS has approved that amendment. Amendment 38 would extend the CDQ Program for 3 additional years. A notice of proposed rulemaking was published in the

Federal Register on September 18, 1995 (60 FR 48087) and a final rule is expected to be issued shortly. If the pollock TAC amount remains as specified in Table 1, the 1996 CDQ reserve amounts for each subarea would be as follows:

BSAI Subarea	Pollock CDQ	Roe season	Non-roë season
Bering Sea	93,750 mt	42,188 mt	51,562 mt.
Aleutian Islands	4,245 mt	4,245 mt	Remainder.
Bogoslof	75 mt	75 mt	Remainder.

Under the proposed regulations that would govern the CDQ program, NMFS may allocate the 1996 pollock CDQ reserves to eligible Western Alaska communities or groups of communities that have an approved Community Development Plan (CDP). The State of Alaska received six CDP applications pursuant to § 675.27 and State of Alaska regulations at 6 AAC 93. All six

applications were submitted in conformance with both sets of regulations and have been fully reviewed by the State and the Council. The NMFS-approved allocations of the 1996 CDQ reserve to the successful CDP recipients are expected to be published in the Federal Register prior to the 1996 fishing year.

Apportionment of Pollock TAC to the Nonpelagic Trawl Gear Fishery

Regulations at § 675.24(c)(2) authorize NMFS, in consultation with the Council, to limit the amount of pollock TAC that may be taken in the directed fishery for pollock using nonpelagic trawl gear. This authority is intended to reduce the amount of halibut and crab