Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

The official record for this rulemaking, as well as the public version, as described above will be kept in paper form. Accordingly, EPA will transfer all comments received electronically into printed, paper form as they are received and will place the paper copies in the official rulemaking record which will also include all comments submitted directly in writing. The official rulemaking record is the paper record maintained at the address in **ADDRESSES** at the beginning of this document.

IV. Regulatory Assessment Requirements

A. Executive Order 12866

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993), the Agency must determine whether the regulatory action is "significant" and therefore subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the requirements of the Executive Order. Under section 3(f), the order defines a "significant regulatory action" as an action that is likely to result in a rule: (1) having an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more, or adversely and materially affecting a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local or tribal governments or communities (also referred to as "economically significant''); (2) creating serious inconsistency or otherwise interfering with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially altering the budgetary impacts of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or (4) raising novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in this Executive Order.

Pursuant to the terms of this Executive Order, it has been determined that this rule is not a "significant regulatory action," because it does not meet any of the regulatory-significance criteria listed above.

B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

This proposed rule has been reviewed under the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (Pub. L. 96–354; 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), and EPA has determined that it will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses, small governments, or small organizations.

Accordingly, I certify that this proposed rule does not require a separate regulatory flexibility analysis under the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

C. Paperwork Reduction Act

This proposed regulatory action does not contain any information collection requirements subject to review by OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.

D. Unfunded Mandates

This proposed rule contains no Federal mandates under Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995. Pub. L. 104–4 for State, local, or tribal governments or the private sector because it would not impose enforceable duties on them.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: November 30, 1995.

Jack E. Housenger,

Chief, Special Review Branch, Special Review and Reregistration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, it is proposed that 40 CFR part 180 be amended as follows:

PART 180-[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. In § 180.390, by amending the table therein by revising the entries for grass, hay and grass, rangeland, forage to read as follows:

§180.390 Tebuthiuron; tolerances for residues.

* * *

Commodity	Parts per million
* * * *	
Grass, hay	10.0
Grass, forage	10.0
* * * *	

[FR Doc. 95–29735 Filed 12–5–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

40 CFR Parts 180 and 186

[PP 3F4169 and FAP 3H5655/P628; FRL-4971-7]

RIN 2070-AC18

Imidacloprid; Pesticide Tolerances

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: EPA proposes to establish permanent tolerances for residues of the insecticide (1-[(6-chloro-3pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2imidazolidinimine) (also known as imidacloprid) and it metabolites in or on cottonseed and cotton gin byproducts, to revoke the existing feed additive tolerance for imidacloprid on cotton meal, and to establish a maximum residue limit for imidacloprid on cottonseed meal. Bayer Corp. (formerly Miles, Inc.) submitted petitions pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug Cosmetic Act (FFDCA) requesting these regulations to establish certain maximum permissible levels for residues of the insecticide. DATES: Comments, identified by the document control number, [PP 3F4169 and FAP 3H5655/P628], must be received on or before January 5, 1996. ADDRESSES: By mail, submit written comments to: Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. In person, bring comments to: Rm. 1132, CM #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA 22202. Information submitted as a comment concerning this document may be claimed confidential by marking any part or all of that information as "Confidential Business Information" (CBI). Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set fourth 40 CFR part 2. A copy of the comment that does not contain CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public record. Information not marked confidential may be disclosed publicly by EPA without prior notice. All Written comments will be available for public inspection in Rm. 1132 at the addressed given above, from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

Comments and data may also be submitted electronically by sending electronic mail (e-mail) to: oppdocket@epamail.epa.gov. Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.