Established range. The area in which a species maintains a self-sustaining, free-living population.

Import. To bring into the territorial limits of the United States.

Interstate. From any State into or through any other State, or within the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or any other territory or possession of the United States.

Introduce (introduction). To move or to attempt to move into or through the United States, to release or attempt to release into the environment, or to move or attempt to move interstate.

Move (moving, movement). To ship, offer for shipment, enter, offer for entry, import, offer for importation, receive for transportation, carry, mail, or otherwise transport or allow to be transported into, through, or within the United States.

Nonindigenous organism. Any organism proposed for introduction into any area of the United States beyond its established range.

Permit. An authorization issued by the Administrator for the introduction of a regulated organism.

Person. Any individual, partnership, corporation, company, society, association, or other legal entity or organized group.

Plant. Any stage of any member of the plant kingdom including, but not limited to, trees, plant tissue cultures, plantlet cultures, pollen, shrubs, vines, cuttings, grafts, scions, buds, roots, seeds, cells, tubers, and stems.

Plant pest. Any living stage of any insects, mites, nematodes, slugs, snails, protozoa, or other invertebrate animals, bacteria, fungi, other parasitic plants or reproductive parts of parasitic plants, viruses, or any organisms similar to or allied with any of the organisms previously identified in this definition, or any infectious substances, which can directly or indirectly injure or cause disease or damage in any plants or plant parts, or any processed, manufactured, or other products of plants.

Plant product. Any processed or manufactured plant or plant part.

Port of first arrival. The land area (such as a seaport, airport, or land border station) where a person, or a land, water, or air vehicle, first arrives after entering the United States, and where inspection of articles is carried out by APHIS inspectors.

Regulated organism. Any living stage of any nonindigenous organism belonging to the taxa listed in § 335.2(a) that is not listed in § 335.2(b) or exempt in accordance with § 335.5.

Release into the environment. The use of a regulated organism outside the constraints of physical confinement.

State. Any State, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

United States. All of the States.

§335.2 Regulated organisms.

(a) The taxonomic groups listed in paragraph (a)(1) of this section include organisms that are known plant pests. Therefore, there is reason to believe that other organisms within the taxonomic groups listed in paragraph (a)(1) of this section may be or may contain plant pests and, except for those organisms listed in paragraph (b) of this section or exempt in accordance with § 335.5, are regulated organisms. Within any taxonomic group included on the list in this paragraph, the lowest unit of classification listed is the taxonomic group that may contain regulated organisms. Organisms belonging to all lower taxa contained within the groups listed in this paragraph are included as organisms that may be or may contain plant pests.

(1) Group:

Viroids

Superkingdom Prokaryotae Kingdom Virus

All members of groups containing plant viruses, and all other plant and insect viruses.

Kingdom Monera

Division Bacteria

Family Pseudomonadaceae Genus Pseudomonas Genus Xanthomonas

Family Rhizobiaceae Genus Rhizobium Genus Bradyrhizobium Genus Agrobacterium

Genus Phyllobacterium Family Enterobacteriaceae Genus Erwinia

Family Streptomycetaceae Genus Streptomyces

Family Actinomycetacease Genus Actinomyces

Coryneform group

Genus Clavibacter Genus Arthrobacter Genus Curtobacterium Genus Corvnebacteria

Gram-negative phloem-limited bacteria associated with plant diseases.

Gram-negative xylem-limited bacteria associated with plant diseases.

And all other bacteria associated with plant or insect diseases.

Rickettsiaceae

Rickettsial-like organisms associated with insect diseases.

Class Mollicutes

Order Mycoplasmatales

- Family Spiroplasmataceae Genus Spiroplasma
- Mycoplasma-like organisms associated with plant diseases.

Mycoplasma-like organisms associated with insect diseases.

Superkingdom Eukaryotae

Kingdom Plantae

Subkingdom Thallobionta

Division Chlorophyta

Genus Cephaleuros Genus Rhodochytrium Genus Phyllosiphon

Division Myxomycota

Class Plasmodiophoromycetes

Division Eumycota

Class Chytridiomycetes

Order Chytridiales

Class Oomycetes

Order Lagenidiales Family Lagenidiaceae Family Olpidiopsidaceae Order Peronosporales Family Albuginaceae Family Peronosporaceae Family Pythiaceae Order Saprolegniales Family Saprolegniaceae Family Leptolegniellaceae

Class Zygomycetes

Order Mucorales Family Choanephoraceae Family Mucoraceae Family Entomophthoraceae

Class Hemiascomycetes

Family Protomycetaceae Family Taphrinaceae

Class Loculoascomycetes

Order Myriangiales Family Elsinoeaceae Family Myriangiaceae Order Asterinales Order Dothideales Order Chaetothyriales Order Hysteriales Family Parmulariaceae Family Phillipsiellaceae Family Hysteriaceae Order Pleosporales Order Melanommatales

Class Plectomycetes

Order Eurotiales Family Ophiostomataceae Order Ascophaerales

Class Pyrenomycetes

Order Erysiphales Order Meliolales