In accordance with the freedom of information provisions of part 20 (21 CFR part 20) and § 514.11(e)(2)(ii) (21 CFR 514.11(e)(2)(ii)), a summary of safety and effectiveness data and information submitted to support approval of this application may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, rm. 1–23, 12420 Parklawn Dr., Rockville, MD 20857, between 9 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Under section 512(c)(2)(F)(iii) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360b(c)(2)(F)(iii)), this approval qualifies for a 3-year marketing exclusivity beginning August 24, 1995, because the application contains reports of new clinical or field investigations (other than bioequivalence or residue studies) and, in the case of food producing animals, human food safety studies (other than bioequivalence or residue studies) essential to the approval and conducted or sponsored by the applicant. The exclusivity applies only to the new indication which is the subject of this supplement.

The agency has carefully considered the potential environmental effects of this action. FDA has concluded that the action will not have a significant impact on the human environment, and that an environmental impact statement is not required. The agency's finding of no significant impact and the evidence supporting that finding, contained in an environmental assessment, may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch (address above) between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

#### List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 522

Animal drugs.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 522 is amended as follows:

## PART 522—IMPLANTATION OR INJECTABLE DOSAGE FORM NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 522 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 360b).

2. Section 522.313 is amended by adding a sentence to the end of paragraph (d)(1)(ii) to read as follows:

# § 522.313 Ceftiofur sterile powder for injection.

- \*
- (d) \* \* \* (1) \* \* \*

(ii) \* \* \* Also, for the treatment of acute bovine interdigitial necrobacillosis (foot rot, pododermatitis) associated with *Fusobacterium necrophorum* and *Bacteroides melaninogenicus*.

Dated: September 25, 1995. Stephen F. Sundlof, *Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine.* [FR Doc. 95–24593 Filed 10–2–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE

## 22 CFR Part 92

[Public Notice 2265]

## Bureau of Consular Affairs; Notarial and Related Services

**AGENCY:** Bureau of Consular Affairs, Department of State. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Consular Affairs is amending its notarial regulations to authorize certain U.S. citizen employees of the Department of State who are not diplomatic or consular officers, but who have been designated by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Overseas Citizen Services, to perform notarial services overseas. EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule takes effect

October 3, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carmen A. DiPlacido, or Michael Meszaros, Overseas Citizens Services, Department of State, 202–647–3666 or 202–647–4994.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This rule implements section 127(b) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994–1995, Pub. L. 103-236, April 30, 1994. Section 127(b) authorizes the Secretary of State to promulgate regulations providing for the designation of U.S. citizen employees of the Department of State to perform in foreign countries notarial services authorized to be performed by consular officers. The Department's new authority under section 127(b) will allow it to supplement the staff available to perform notarial services at posts abroad with designated U.S. citizen State Department employees who are not consular officers, thereby providing prompt, efficient services to the public and freeing consular officers to focus more of their efforts on other demands on our overseas posts. Consular and other diplomatic officers will still perform notarial functions as needed.

The Secretary's authority providing for the designation of the officers was delegated to the Assistant Secretary for Consular Affairs on September 20, 1994. The final rule will further delegate that authority to the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Overseas Citizens Services.

The rule was published as a proposed rule on December 16, 1994, with public comments due by January 17, 1995 (59 FR 64,881). In addition to publication in the Federal Register, the Department of State mailed copies of the proposed regulations to appropriate notarial officials in the states and territories. Copies were also mailed to private organizations which may have had an interest in the proposed regulations, such as the National Notary Association and the International Law section of the American Bar Association.

### **Discussion of Comments and Changes**

The Department of State received two public comments on the proposed regulations. The National Notary Association pointed out an issue concerning the proposed § 92.4's requirement that all notarizing officers "perform any notarial act which any notary public is required or authorized by law to perform within the United States." The Association suggested that this provision:

May prove problematic, since Notaries in Maine, Florida and South Carolina have authority to perform marriages, and, in Louisiana, they have essentially the same duties and authority as attorneys. Further, in some states Notaries have certain peculiar duties which the State Department's notarizing officers may not be prepared to perform, including protests and the certification of an event or act."

The Association suggested that § 92.4 be further amended to specify exactly the notarial acts that notarizing officers may perform: "\* \* to administer, take or execute oaths, affirmations, acknowledgments, proofs, affidavits and depositions, except as limited by § 92.1."

The Department thanks the National Notary Association for taking the time and effort to review our proposed regulations. The language it is concerned about in fact predates the proposed amendments, however, and closely tracks the actual wording of 22 U.S.C. 4215 and 22 U.S.C. 4221, which are the statutes that authorize employees of the State Department to perform notarial acts. Moreover, the Department has always understood these two authorizing statutes to use the term "notarial act" in the traditional sense of the word. Thus the Department believes that the statutes encompass notarial acts as specified by statute in a