III. Pollutants in Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activities in General

The volume and quality of storm water discharges associated with industrial activity will depend on a number of factors, including the industrial activities occurring at the facility, the nature of precipitation, and the degree of surface imperviousness. A discussion of these factors is provided in the proposed general permit (see FR 58 61146 Nov. 19, 1993).

IV. Summary of Options for Controlling Pollutants

Pollutants in storm water discharges from industrial plants may be reduced using the following methods: eliminating pollution sources, implementing Best Management Practices to prevent pollution, using traditional storm water management practices, and providing end-of-pipe treatment. Each of these is discussed in the proposed general permit (see 58 FR 61146, Nov. 19, 1993).

V. The Federal/Municipal Partnership: The Role of Municipal Operators of Large and Medium Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems

A key issue in developing a workable regulatory program for controlling pollutants in storm water discharges associated with industrial activity is the proper use and coordination of limited regulatory resources. This is especially important when addressing the appropriate role of municipal operators of large and medium municipal separate storm sewer systems in the control of pollutants in storm water associated with industrial activity which discharge through municipal separate storm sewer systems. The proposed general permit discussed several key policy factors (see 58 FR 61146).

VI. Summary of Common Permit Conditions

The following section describes the permit conditions common to discharges from all the industrial activities covered by today's permit. These conditions were proposed on November 19, 1993 (58 FR 61146), and reflect the baseline permit requirements established for most regulated industries in EPA's General Permits for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity [57 FR 41344–41356 September 9, 1992, and 57 FR 44438-44470 September 25, 1992]. Permit requirements which vary from industry to industry are discussed in Part VIII of this fact sheet.

A. Notification Requirements

General permits for storm water discharges associated with industrial activity require the submittal of an NOI prior to the authorization of such discharges (see 40 CFR 122.28(b)(2)(i), April 2, 1992 [57 FR 11394]). Consistent with these regulatory requirements, today's general permit establishes NOI requirements that operate in addition to the part 1 and part 2 group application requirements. To be covered under this permit, facilities, including members of an approved group, must submit an NOI and other required information within 90 days of the effective date of this permit. The NOI form is found in Addendum B.

1. Contents of NOIs

- a. The operator's name, address, telephone number, and status as Federal, State, private, public, or other entity.
- b. Street address of the facility for which the notification is submitted. Where a street address for the site is not available, the location can be described in terms of the latitude and longitude of the facility to the nearest 15 seconds, or the quarter, section, township, and range (to the nearest quarter section) of the approximate center of the site.
- c. An indication of whether the facility is located on Federal Indian Reservations.
- d. Up to four 4-digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes that best represent the principal products or activities provided by the facility. For hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities, land disposal facilities that receive or have received any industrial waste, steam electric power generating facilities, or treatment works treating domestic sewage, a 2-character code must be provided.
- e. The permit number of any NPDES permit for any discharge (including non-storm water discharges) from the site that is currently authorized by an NPDES permit.
- f. The name of the receiving water(s), or if the discharge is through a municipal separate storm sewer, the name of the municipal operator of the storm sewer and the receiving water(s) for the discharge through the municipal separate storm sewer.
- g. The analytical monitoring status of the facility (monitoring or not).
- h. For a co-permittee, if a storm water general permit number has been issued, it should be included.
- *i.* A certification that the operator of the facility has read and understands the eligibility requirements for the permit and that the operator believes the

facility to be in compliance with those requirements.

j. Identify type of permit requested (either baseline general, multi-sector, or construction); longitude and latitude; indication of presence of endangered species; indication of historic preservation agreement; signed certification stating compliance with the National Historic Preservation Act, Endangered Species Act, and the new source performance standard requirements.

k. For any facility that begins to discharge storm water associated with industrial activity after [insert date 270 days after permit finalization], a certification that a storm water pollution prevention plan has been prepared for the facility in accordance with Part IV of this permit. (A copy of the plan should not be included with the NOI submission.)

An NOI form is provided in Addendum B. The NOI must be signed in accordance with the signatory requirements of 40 CFR 122.22. A complete description of these signatory requirements is provided in the instructions accompanying the NOI. Completed NOI forms must be submitted to the Storm Water Notice of Intent (4203), 401 M Street SW., Washington, DC 20460.

2. Deadlines

Except for the special circumstances discussed below, dischargers who intend to obtain coverage under this permit for a storm water discharge from an industrial activity that is in existence prior to the date 90 days after permit issuance must submit an NOI on or before the date 90 days after permit issuance, and facilities that begin industrial activities after the date 90 days after permit issuance are required to submit an NOI at least 2 days prior to the commencement of the new industrial activity.

A discharger is not precluded from submitting an NOI at a later date. However, in such instances, EPA may bring appropriate enforcement actions.

The storm water regulations (40 CFR 122.27) require that facilities that discharge storm water associated with an industrial activity submit an application for permit coverage on or before October 1, 1992, except industrial activities owned or operated by a medium municipality, which had until May 17, 1993. Today's permit does not extend that application deadline. EPA intends that most of the facilities that will seek coverage under the final version of today's permit are: members of groups with approved applications; facilities that submitted a Notice of