## 5. Other Factors Associated with Tobacco Use Are Secondary

There are other factors that play a role in the decisions to begin and continue the use of tobacco. The For example, social and psychological factors play a role in the initiation of smoking and, to a lesser extent, the maintenance of tobacco use. In particular, parents, peers, and older siblings greatly influence the likelihood that a young person will smoke cigarettes. There is also evidence that adolescents begin to smoke because it promotes sociability, plays a part in establishing friendships, and because it makes them feel mature. Tobacco advertising also plays a role in the decision to start using tobacco. It is recognized

Surgeon General's Report. 1994. Preventing Tobacco Use Among Young People. Pages 124-140.

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120 See:

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<sup>121</sup> See:

Bewley, note 120, supra.

Bewley BR, Bland JM. Academic performance and social factors related to cigarette smoking by schoolchildren. Brit J Prev Soc Med. 1977;31:18-24.

Surgeon General's Report. 1994. Preventing Tobacco Use Among Young People. Page 124.

<sup>122</sup> See.

Surgeon General's Report. 1994. Preventing Tobacco Use Among Young People. Pages 191-192.

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Tate JC, Pomerleau CS, Pomerleau OF. Pharmacological and non-pharmacological smoking motives: a replication and extension. *Addiction*. 1994;89:322.

<sup>119</sup> See: