Center (for income matching programs), and the Associate Director for Operations, Income Verification Match Center (for income matching programs).

(c) Means of service. Subpoenas issued pursuant to this section may be served by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the witness only. Personal service by any VA employee or other authorized person may be made where authorized in writing by the issuing official.

(d) Fees and mileage; district courts of the United States. Any person required by such subpoena to attend as a witness shall be allowed and paid the same fees and mileage as are paid witnesses in the district courts of the United States. In case of disobedience to any such subpoena, the aid of any district court of the United States may be invoked in requiring attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence, and such court within the jurisdiction in which the inquiry is carried on may, in the case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any officer, agent, or employee of any corporation or to any other person, issue an order requiring such corporation or other person to appear or to give evidence touching the matter in question, and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C.A. §§ 501, 5711) [FR Doc. 95–19807 Filed 8–9–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8320–01–P

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[PA56-1-7086a; FRL-5252-9]

Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: Reasonably Available Control Technology for Stroehmann Bakeries, Inc., Lycoming and Bradford Counties

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is approving a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision submitted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. This revision establishes and requires the use of reasonably available control technology (RACT) to control volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from two Stroehmann Bakeries, Inc. (Stroehmann) facilities located in Sayre Borough, Bradford

County and Old Lycoming Township, Lycoming County. These facilities are located in areas designated "not classified/attainment" for ozone which are part of the ozone transport region (OTR). The SIP revision requires Stroehmann to install and operate catalytic oxidation units on the bakery ovens associated with the production of veast-based products. The intended effect of this action is to approve the SIP revision as constituting RACT for the Stroehmann facilities located in Sayre Borough and Old Lycoming Township. This action is being taken under section 110 of the Clean Air Act.

DATES: This final rule is effective October 10, 1995 unless notice is received on or before September 11, 1995 that adverse or critical comments will be submitted. If the effective date is delayed, timely notice will be published in the **Federal Register**.

**ADDRESSES:** Comments may be mailed to Marcia L. Spink, Associate Director, Air Programs, Mailcode 3AT00, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 841 Chestnut Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107. Copies of the documents relevant to this action are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the Air, Radiation, and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 841 Chestnut Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107; the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460; and Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources, Bureau of Air Quality Control, P.O. Box 8468, 400 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kathleen Henry, (215) 597-0545. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On February 24, 1995, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania submitted a formal revision to its State Implementation Plan (SIP). The SIP revision consists of State Plan Approvals issued by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (DER) on February 9, 1995, identified as PA-41-0001 and PA-08-0001 and State Operating Permits issued February 9, 1995, identified as OP-41-0001A and OP-08-0001A for the Stroehmann facilities located in Old Lycoming Township and Sayre Borough, respectively.

## **Background**

Pursuant to sections 182(b)(2) and 182(f) of the Clean Air Act (CAA), Pennsylvania is required to implement RACT in ozone nonattainment areas classified as moderate or above for all major VOC and  $\mathrm{NO_X}$  sources by no later than May 31, 1995. In addition, moderate ozone nonattainment area requirements, including RACT as specified in section 182(b)(2) and 182(f), apply throughout the ozone transport region (OTR) established by the CAA.

On February 24, 1995, the Pennsylvania DER submitted Plan Approvals PA-41-0001 and PA-08-0001 and Operating Permits OP-41-0001A and OP-08-0001A as revisions to its State Implementation Plan (SIP) for the control of VOC and NO<sub>X</sub> emissions from two Stroehmann Bakeries, Inc. facilities located in Lycoming and Bradford Counties, respectively. These counties are located in areas classified as "not classified/ attainment" for ozone. However, these areas are also part of the OTR and, pursuant to section 184 of the CAA, must meet the requirements of a moderate ozone nonattainment area, including the requirement that major sources implement RACT. The definition of major source for an area classified as "not classified/attainment" in the OTR is any source having the potential to emit 50 tons per year of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or 100 tons per year of oxides of nitrogen  $(NO_X)$ .

## **Summary of SIP Revision**

The Stroehmann facility located in Sayre Borough, Bradford County produces bread and donuts in three production lines and generates potential VOC emissions of 313 tons/year. The Stroehmann facility in Old Lycoming Township, Lycoming County produces buns and rolls in two baking lines and generates potential VOC emissions of 144.3 tons per year. Sources of VOC emissions are the same at both Stroehmann facilities and include the prebake areas, baking ovens, combustion sources, ink jet printers, parts cleaning/maintenance activities, and painting operations. Neither facility is a major source of  $NO_X$ .

The most significant source of VOCs are the baking ovens associated with production lines where yeast-based breads, rolls and buns are produced. Pennsylvania DER determined that RACT for the baking ovens involved in the production of yeast-based breads, rolls and buns at the Sayre Borough and Old Lycoming Township facilities is the installation and operation of catalytic oxidation units to achieve a minimum 95% VOC removal efficiency and operate at a minimum operating temperature of 600°F.