be evidenced by audited financial statements for the preceding relevant number of calendar or fiscal years. If an entity was not in existence for all or part of the relevant period, gross revenues shall be evidenced by the audited financial statements of the entity's predecessor-in-interest or, if there is no identifiable predecessor-in-interest, unaudited financial statements certified by the applicant as accurate.

Land mobile service. A mobile service between base stations and land mobile stations, or between land mobile stations.

Land mobile station. A mobile station in the land mobile service capable of surface movement within the geographic limits of a country or continent.

Land station. A station in the mobile service not intended to be used while in motion.

Mobile service. A radio communication service between mobile and land stations, or between mobile stations.

Mobile station. A station in the mobile service intended to be used while in motion or during halts at unspecified points.

National Geodetic Reference System (NGRS): The name given to all geodetic control data contained in the National Geodetic Survey (NGS) data base. (Source: National Geodetic Survey, U.S. Department of Commerce)

Rural telephone company. A rural telephone company is a local exchange carrier having 100,000 or fewer access lines, including all affiliates.

Small business: consortium of small businesses.

(1) A small business is an entity that, together with its affiliates and persons or entities that hold interest in such entity and their affiliates, has average annual gross revenues that are not more than \$40 million for the preceding three years.

(2) A small business consortium is a conglomerate organization formed as a joint venture between or among mutually-independent business firms, each of which individually satisfies the definition of a small business.

Total assets. *Total assets* shall mean the book value (except where generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require market valuation) of all property owned by an entity, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible, as evidenced by the most recent audited financial statements.

Subpart B—Applications and Licenses

§26.11 Initial authorization.

(a) An applicant must file an application for an initial authorization

in each market and frequency block desired.

(b) Blanket licenses are granted for each market and frequency block. Applications for individual sites are not required and will not be accepted.

§26.12 Eligibility.

Any entity, other than those precluded by section 310 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. § 310, is eligible to hold a license under this part.

§ 26.13 License period.

Licenses for service areas will be granted for ten year terms from the date of original issuance or renewal.

§26.14 Criteria for comparative renewal proceedings.

A renewal applicant involved in a comparative renewal proceeding shall receive a preference, commonly referred to as a renewal expectancy, which is the most important comparative factor to be considered in the proceeding, if its past record for the relevant license period demonstrates that the renewal applicant:

(a) Has provided "substantial" service during its past license term. "Substantial" service is defined as service which is sound, favorable, and substantially above a level of mediocre service which might just minimally warrant renewal; and

(b) Has substantially complied with applicable Commission rules, policies and the Communications Act.

Subpart C—Technical Standards

§ 26.51 Equipment authorization.

(a) Each transmitter utilized for operation under this part and each transmitter marketed, as set forth in § 2.803 of this chapter, must be of a type that has been authorized by the Commission under its type acceptance procedure.

(b) The Commission periodically publishes a list of type accepted equipment, entitled "Radio Equipment List, Equipment Accepted for Licensing." Copies of this list are available for public reference at the Commission's offices in Washington, D.C., at each of its field offices, and may be ordered from its copy contractor.

(c) Any manufacturer of radio transmitting equipment to be used in these services may request equipment authorization following the procedures set forth in Subpart J of part 2 of this chapter. Equipment authorization for an individual transmitter may be requested by an applicant for a station authorization by following the procedures set forth in part 2 of this chapter. Such equipment if approved or accepted will not normally be included in the Commission's Radio Equipment List but will be individually enumerated on the station authorization.

(d) Applicants for type acceptance of transmitters that operate in these services must determine that the equipment complies with IEEE C95.1-1991, (ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991), "IEEE Standards for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz" as measured using methods specified in IEEE C95.3-1991, (ANSI/IEEE C95.3-1991), "Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields-RF and Microwave." The applicant for type acceptance is required to submit a statement affirming that the equipment complies with these standards as measured by an approved method and to maintain a record showing the basis for the statement of compliance with IEEE C.95.1-1991. (See § 26.52 for availability of IEEE standards.)

§26.52 RF hazards.

(a) Licensees and manufacturers are required to ensure that their facilities and equipment comply with IEEE C95.1–1991. Measurement methods are specified in IEEE C95.3-1991. Copies of these standards are available from IEEE Standards Board, 445 Hoes Lane, P.O. Box 1331, Piscataway, NJ 08855-1331. Telephone: 1-800-678-4333. The limits for both "controlled" and "uncontrolled" environments, as defined by IEEE C95.1-1991, will apply to all GWCS base and mobile stations, as appropriate. The application for equipment authorization must contain a statement confirming compliance with IEEE C95.1–1991. Technical information showing the basis for this statement must be submitted to the Commission upon request.

(b) GWCS hand-held devices whose maximum radiated power is 100 milliwatts or less are not required to be evaluated for compliance with ANSI/ IEEE SAR (specific absorption rate) requirements, as long as 2.5 cm separation distance is maintained between the radiating structure and the body of the user. (The ANSI/IEEE standard uses the term "radiated power," meaning input power to the antenna.)

(c) For further information on the Commission's environmental rules see §§ 1.1301 through 1.1319 of this chapter.