ACTION: Notice

Notice is hereby given under the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990 of the intent to repatriate cultural items in the possession of the Phoebe A. Hearst Museum, University of California, Berkeley, CA that meet the definition of "unassociated funerary object" under 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(B).

The items consist of an olla (1–22476) and an amulet (1–255409) collected from sites in the Vallecitos Valley of San

Diego County, CA.

The catalogue information for the olla (1-22476) states that it is a "mortuary olla" and that it was collected for the Heve Museum of American Indians. which subsequently exchanged it to the University of California in 1920. It was collected on October 26, 1920 by Edward H Davis from Vallecitos, San Diego County, California. The olla is whole, made of ceramic and is colored light brown with patches of black fired areas. It is approximately 30 centimeters tall. The shape of the vessel is stylistically similar to ollas found throughout the aboriginal territory of the Diegueño/Tipai-Ipai, as it is outlined in the Handbook of North American Indians, Vol. 8, pp 592-609.

Based on the above information, Museum Officials have determined pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3) (B) that the olla is reasonably believed to have been intentionally placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony of a culture.

The amulet (1-266409) was found in a cremation in Vallecitos Valley, San Diego County, California and is part of the Ben L. Squier collection. The catalogue record for the amulet states that it is made of clay with mica inclusions into the shape of a thunderbird. Its dimensions are 6 cm long and 2 cm in width at its widest point. The amulet is cracked in three places at its base, has a black surface, was finished by burnishing and has a hole through the body for stringing. The catalogue card further states "California, San Diego, Vallecito Valley" "Cremation assoc. w/ 16 small carved beads." The amulet was donated to the University of California in 1984 by the Oregon Historical Society without the cremation or beads.

Based on the above information museum officials have determined, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (3)(B), that the amulet is reasonably believed to have been intentionally placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony of a culture.

Available evidence does not allow identification of a single Indian tribe as being culturally affiliated with these cultural objects. Recent assessment studies in consultation with Indian tribes indicate basic similarities in crematory practices, ceramics, and geographic location between known archaeological traditions from which similar objects have been recovered and groups believed to be ancestral to the contemporary Diegueño. Based on the above information museum officials have determined pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001 (2), that there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the olla and amulet and contemporary Diegueño descendants, including the San Pasqual Band of Indians, the Cuvapaipe Band of Mission Indians, Viejas Tribal Council, Manzanita General Council, Campo Band of Mission Indians, Jamul Band of Mission Indians, Sycuan Business Committee, Barona General Business, La Posta Band of Mission Indians, Inaja and Cosmit Band of Mission Indians, Mesa Grande Band of Mission Indians, and the Santa Ysabel Band of Mission Indians. The San Pasqual Band of Indians expressed an interest in repatriating these cultural items.

This notice has been sent to officials of the San Pasqual Band of Indians, the Cuyapaipe Band of Mission Indians, Viejas Tribal Council, Manzanita General Council, Campo Band of Mission Indians, Jamul Band of Mission Indians, Sycuan Business Committee, Barona General Business, La Posta Band of Mission Indians, Inaja and Cosmit Band of Mission Indians, Mesa Grande Band of Mission Indians, and the Santa Ysabel Band of Mission Indians. Representatives of any other Indian tribe that believes itself to be culturally affiliated with these cultural items should contact Fritz Stern, NAGPRA Project Coordinator, University of California, Phoebe A. Hearst Museum of Anthropology, 103 Kroeber Hall, Berkeley, CA 94720, telephone (510) 643-7833 before September 8, 1995. Repatriation of these cultural items to the San Pasqual Band of Indians may begin after that date if no additional claimants come forward.

Dated: August 3, 1995

Veletta Canouts

Acting, Departmental Consulting Archeologist, and

Acting Chief, Archeological Assistance Division

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National Park Service Reorganization

AGENCY: National Park Service Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This Secretarial Order restructures the National Park Service and describes its central and field organization and the places at which, the employees from whom, and the methods whereby, the public may obtain information, make submittals of requests, or obtain decisions.

DATES: August 2, 1995.

Roger G. Kennedy,

Director.

Order No. 3189

Subject: National Park Service Reorganization.

- Sec. 1 *Purpose.* The purpose of this Order is to reorganize the National Park Service in the following ways:
- a. Restructure the Headquarters office down to the level of the Associate Directors, reducing the number of Associate Directors from six to five.
- b. Replace the ten Regional offices with seven Field Director Offices.
- c. Establish the concept of "clusters" of park units that will provide a framework for decision making and sharing resources.
- d. Maximize efficient use of limited resources through establishment of programspecific National Program Centers.
- Sec. 2 Authority. This Order is issued in accordance with the authority provided by Section 2 of Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1262), as amended.
- Sec. 3 Basic Organization. The new organization consists of Washington, DC Headquarters Office, seven Field Director Offices, sixteen System Support Offices, elven National Program Centers, two Administrative Service Centers, and the National Park Service Field Units (such as but not limited to parks, recreational areas, sites, and monuments).
- Sec. 4 Headquarters Organization. The Headquarters Office in Washington, DC, provides national level leadership and advocacy, policy and regulatory formulation and direction, program guidance, budget formulation, legislative support, and accountability for programs and activities managed by the field and key program offices. Administrative, technical and other professional support to park and other customers are provided by the National Program Centers described in Sec. 6 of this Order. The Headquarters Office consists of the Office of the Director and five Associate Directors.
- a. The Office of the Director is composed of the following: the Director and Deputy Director, who set the strategic direction and provide leadership to the organization as a whole; the Assistant Director for External Affairs, with responsibility for legislative and Congressional Affairs, Public Affairs, and Tourism the Chief, Office of International Affairs; and other such staff as necessary to support the Office of Director.
- b. The Associate Director, Park Operations and Education replaces the position of