Section) to the National Council on the Arts will be held on August 28–29, 1995 from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. This meeting will be held in Room 730, at the Navy Hanks Center, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20506.

This meeting will be open to the public on a space available basis.

Any interested person may observe meetings or portions thereof, which are open to the public, and may be permitted to participate in the discussions at the discretion of the meeting chairman and with the approval of the full-time Federal employee in attendance.

If you need special accommodations due to a disability, please contact the Office of Special Constituencies, National Endowment for the Arts, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20506, 202/682–5532, TYY/TDD 202/682–5496, at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting.

Further information with reference to this meeting can be obtained from Ms. Yvonne Sabine, Advisory Committee Management Office, National Endowment for the Arts, Washington, DC 20506, or call (202) 682–5433.

Dated: August 3, 1995.

Yvonne M. Sabine,

Director, Council & Panel Operations, National Endowment for the Arts. [FR Doc. 95–19518 Filed 8–7–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7537–01–M

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-160]

Georgia Institute of Technology (Georgia Tech) Georgia Tech Research Reactor; Issuance of Partial Director's Decision Under 10 CFR 2.206

Notice is hereby given that the Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has issued a Partial Director's Decision Under 10 CFR 2.206 regarding the Georgia Tech Research Reactor in response to a Petition received from Ms. Pamela Blockey-O'Brien (Petitioner), dated October 23, 1994. The Partial Director's Decision also considered subsequent letters from the Petitioner dated November 12, and December 4, 1994, February 21, February 23, March 6, March 28, April 19, May 18, June 27, and July 18, 1995.

On October 23, 1994, the Petitioner requested (1) the shutdown and decontamination of the Georgia Institute of Technology (Georgia Tech) Research Reactor, (2) the revocation of liquid radioactive material release authority to

all licensees, (3) the revocation of licenses that use the principle of as low as reasonably achievable, (4) the termination of transportation of radioactive material by mail, and (5) the modification to posting requirements for radioactive material. With regard to request (1), the enclosed Partial Director's Decision addressed the Petitioner's issues which are not currently being considered as part of a license renewal proceeding. The remaining Petitioner's issues relating to request (1) will be addressed under separate cover upon completion of the ongoing adjudicatory proceedings and NRC staff review. The Partial Director's Decision also addresses requests (2) through (5). The Director of the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation found that the Petitioner's concerns, addressed to date, do not raise a substantial health and safety concern warranting the requested actions. The reasons for this denial are explained in the "Partial Director's Decision Under 10 CFR 2.206" (DD-95-15), the complete text of which follows this notice, and which is available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, the Gelman Building, 2120 L Street, NW., Washington, DC.

A copy of this Partial Director's Decision will be filed with the Secretary of the Commission for review in accordance with 10 CFR 2.206(c). As provided in that regulation, the Decision will constitute the final action of the Commission 25 days after the date of the issuance of the Decision, unless the Commission, on its own motion, institutes a review of the Decision within that time.

Dated at Rockville, Maryland, this 31st day of July 1995.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Frank J. Miraglia,

Acting Director, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation.

Appendix

Partial Director's Decision Under 10 CFR 2.206

I. Introduction

On October 23, 1994, Ms. Pamela Blockey-O'Brien (the Petitioner) filed a Petition with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff pursuant to 10 CFR 2.206, that requested that the NRC staff revoke the license of the Georgia Institute of Technology (Georgia Tech) Research Reactor, shut down this research reactor and its support facilities, and remove all radioactive material and contamination offsite to a government created "National Sacrifice [A]rea" such as the

Savannah River or Oak Ridge facilities. In addition, the Petitioner requested that the NRC staff withdraw all license authority nationwide involving the discharging or dumping of any quantity of radioactive material to all the sewers or waters in the United States or oceans of the world, and withdraw all licenses to all nuclear facilities, including nuclear power plants (NPPs), which operate under as low as reasonably achievable (ALARA) principles. Finally, the Petitioner requested both that the NRC staff modify every license issued to transporters of radioactive materials and builders of NPPs so that these parties must put two foot high letters on everything transported or built stating "DANGER-RADIOACTIVE" and in smaller letters "there is no safe level of radiation, any exposure can [a]ffect health," and prohibit the transportation of radioactive material by mail. The NRC staff received additional letters dated November 12, December 4, 1994, February 21, February 23, March 6, March 28, April 19, May 18, June 27, and July 18, 1995, from the Petitioner and also considered these letters in this Partial Director's Decision. All letters related to this Petition have been placed in the Public Document Room and docketed under the Georgia Tech Research Reactor Docket No. 50-160, in accordance with NRC Management Directive 8.11, "Review Process for 10 CFR 2.206 Petitions.'

As bases for the request to shut down and decontaminate the Georgia Tech Research Reactor, the Petitioner asserted that (1) a water flume comes out of the ground "destabilizing the reactor and the ground in some way;" (2) "(r)adiation levels in soil and vegetation climb markedly in GA EPD documents' around the Georgia Tech Research Reactor; (3) there is no record of air monitoring ever having been done; (4) heavy rainfall causes water to back up in the sewer and drainage lines causing flooding of the reactor parking lot and campus, as well as causing sinkholes, 'puff-ups" on campus ground, and welded-shut manhole covers to be blown off; (5) radioactive contaminants have been routinely discharged into the sanitary sewer from the Georgia Tech Research Reactor's waste water holding tank and contamination spread by backup of the sewage system; (6) should the Georgia Tech Research Reactor be further destabilized, the reactor and the tank holding cobalt-60 could "break apart," causing radioactive contaminants to "drain into groundwater/down sewers/into the runoff ditch;" (7) the Georgia Tech Research Reactor is in an earthquake