emission limitations that are being approved into the Pennsylvania SIP are those that were submitted on January 6, 1995. These emission limitations will remain unless and until they are replaced pursuant to 40 C.F.R. part 51 and approved by the U.S. EPA.

Synthetic Minor Source Permit

EPA is approving the plan approval (PA 38–318–019C) for Plain n' Fancy Kitchens, Inc., located in Lebanon County. Plain n' Fancy Kitchens, Inc. is a kitchen cabinet surface coating facility and had potential VOC emissions greater than 50 TPY. The approval of these conditions will limit the emissions at this facility to less than 50 TPY and would allow Plain n' Fancy Kitchens, Inc. to avoid being considered a major VOC source, subject to the major source RACT requirements of the Clean Air Act and the Pennsylvania regulation.

EPA is approving this SIP revision without prior proposal because the Agency views this as a noncontroversial amendment and anticipates no adverse comments. However, in a separate document in this **Federal Register** publication, EPA is proposing to approve the SIP revision should adverse or critical comments be filed. This action will be effective October 10, 1995 unless, within 30 days of publication, adverse or critical comments are received.

If EPA receives such comments, this action will be withdrawn before the effective date by publishing a subsequent notice that will withdraw the final action. All public comments received will then be addressed in a subsequent final rule based on this action serving as a proposed rule. EPA will not institute a second comment period on this action. Any parties interested in commenting on this action should do so at this time. If no such comments are received, the public is advised that this action will be effective on October 10, 1995.

Final Action

EPA is approving the seven plan approvals and four operating permits as RACT and one plan approval to limit emissions at Plain n' Fancy Kitchens to below major source levels.

Nothing in this action should be construed as permitting or allowing or establishing a precedent for any future request for revision to any state implementation plan. Each request for revision to the state implementation plan shall be considered separately in light of specific technical, economic, and environmental factors and in

relation to relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 600 *et seq.*, EPA must prepare a regulatory flexibility analysis assessing the impact of any proposed or final rule on small entities. 5 U.S.C. 603 and 604. Alternatively, EPA may certify that the rule will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. Small entities include small businesses, small not-for-profit enterprises, and government entities with jurisdiction over populations of less than 50,000.

Under Sections 202, 203, and 205 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 ("Unfunded Mandates Act"), signed into law on March 22, 1995, EPA must undertake various actions in association with proposed or final rules that include a Federal mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to the private sector, or to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate.

Through submission of this state implementation plan or plan revision, the State and any affected local or tribal governments have elected to adopt the program provided for under Section (insert) of the Clean Air Act. These rules may bind State, local and tribal governments to perform certain actions and also require the private sector to perform certain duties. The sources affected by the rules being approved by this action are already subject to these regulations under State law; therefore, this rulemaking action does not impose any new requirements. Accordingly, no additional costs to State, local, or tribal governments, or to the private sector, result from this action. EPA has also determined that this final action does not include a mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate or to the private sector.

This action has been classified as a Table 3 action for signature by the Regional Administrator under the procedures published in the **Federal Register** on January 19, 1989 (54 FR 2214–2225), as revised by an October 4, 1993 memorandum from Michael H. Shapiro, Acting Assistant Administrator for Air and Radiation. The OMB has exempted this regulatory action from E.O. 12866 review.

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action, pertaining to the RACT approval of eight sources and the synthetic minor permit conditions for Plain n' Fancy Kitchens, Inc., must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by

October 10, 1995. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hydrocarbons, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 23, 1995.

W. T. Wisniewski,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region III. 40 CFR part 52, subpart NN of chapter I, title 40 is amended as follows:

PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.

Subpart NN—Pennsylvania

2. Section 52.2020 is amended by adding paragraph (c)(98) to read as follows:

§ 52.2020 Identification of plan.

* * * * * (c) * * *

(98) Revisions to the Pennsylvania Regulations Chapter 129.91 submitted on January 6, 1995 by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources:

(i) Incorporation by reference.

(A) Two letters both dated January 6, 1995 from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources transmitting source-specific VOC and/or NOx RACT determinations in the form of plan approvals and/or operating permits for the following sources: ESSROC Materials, Inc. (Northampton Co.)—cement manufacturer; Pennsylvania Power & Light—Brunner Island SES (York Co.)—utility, PPG Industries, Inc. (Cumberland Co.)—glass manufacturer; Stroehmann Bakeries, Inc. (Dauphin Co.)—bakery; GE Transportation Systems (Erie Co.) utility; J.E. Baker/DBCA Refractory Facility (York Co.)—dolomitic refractory facility; Lafarge Corp. (Lehigh Co.)cement manufacturer; West Penn Power Company—Armstrong Power Station (Armstrong Co.), utility. In addition, the plan approval for Plain n' Fancy