use as oil and gas distribution lines for commercial applications. These applications constitute the majority of the market for the subject seamless pipes. However, A–106 pipes may be used in some boiler applications.

The scope of this investigation includes all seamless pipe meeting the physical parameters described above and produced to one of the specifications listed above, regardless of application, and whether or not also certified to a non-covered specification. Standard, line and pressure applications and the above-listed specifications are defining characteristics of the scope of this investigation. Therefore, seamless pipes meeting the physical description above, but not produced to the A-335, A-106, A-53, or API 5L standards shall be covered if used in a standard, line or pressure application.

For example, there are certain other ASTM specifications of pipe which, because of overlapping characteristics, could potentially be used in A–106 applications. These specifications generally include A–162, A–192, A–210, A–333, and A–524. When such pipes are used in a standard, line or pressure pipe application, such products are covered by the scope of this investigation.

Specifically excluded from this investigation are boiler tubing and mechanical tubing, if such products are not produced to A-335, A-106, A-53 or API 5L specifications and are not used in standard, line or pressure applications. In addition, finished and unfinished OCTG are excluded from the scope of this investigation, if covered by the scope of another antidumping duty order from the same country. If not covered by such an OCTG order, finished and unfinished OCTG are included in this scope when used in standard, line or pressure applications. Finally, also excluded from this investigation are redraw hollows for cold-drawing when used in the production of cold-drawn pipe or tube.

¹ Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this investigation is dispositive.

Antidumping Duty Order

On July 26, 1995, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) notified the Department that imports of seamless pipe from Germany materially injure a U.S. industry. Therefore, in accordance with section 736 of the Act, the Department will direct United States Customs officers to assess, upon further advice by the administering authority pursuant to section 736(a)(1) of the Act, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the foreign market value of the merchandise exceeds the United States price for all entries of seamless pipe from Germany. These antidumping duties will be assessed on all unliquidated entries of seamless pipe from Germany entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after January 27, 1995, the date on which the Department published its preliminary determination notice in the **Federal Register** (60 FR 5355).

On or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, U.S. Customs officers must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties, the following cash deposits for the subject merchandise:

Manufacturer/producer/exporter	Weight- ed-aver- age mar- gin per- centage
Mannesmannrohren-Werke AG	57.72
All Others	57.72

This notice constitutes the antidumping duty order with respect to seamless pipe from Germany, pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act. Interested parties may contact the Central Records Unit, Room B–099 of the Main Commerce Building, for copies of an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect.

This order is published in accordance with section 736(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.21.

Dated: July 28, 1995.

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration. [FR Doc. 95–19145 Filed 8–2–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

[A-475-814]

Notice of Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Small Diameter Seamless Carbon and Alloy Steel Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe From Italy

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 3, 1995. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Irene Darzenta or Dolores Peck, Office of Antidumping Duty Investigations, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–6320 or (202) 482–4929, respectively.

Applicable Statute and Regulations

Unless otherwise indicated, all citations to the statute and to the Department's regulations are in reference to the provisions as they existed on December 31, 1994.

Case History

In accordance with section 735(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), on June 12, 1995, the Department made its final determination that certain small diameter seamless carbon and alloy steel standard, line and pressure pipe (seamless pipe) from Italy is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (60 FR 31981, June 19, 1995). After publication of this determination, we received a submission, timely filed pursuant to 19 CFR 353.28(b)(1994), from Dalmine S.p.A. (Dalmine), alleging certain ministerial errors in the Department's determination. We also received a timely rebuttal of respondent's ministerial error allegations from the petitioner. We determined, in accordance with 19 CFR 353.28(d), that no ministerial errors were made. For a detailed discussion of the alleged ministerial errors and the Department's analysis, see the Memorandum from the Team to Gary Taverman dated July 17, 1995.

Scope of Investigation and Order

The scope of this investigation includes small diameter seamless carbon and alloy standard, line and pressure pipes (seamless pipes) produced to the ASTM A–335, ASTMA–106, ASTM A–53 and API 5L specifications and meeting the physical parameters described below, regardless of application. The scope of this investigation also includes all products used in standard, line, or pressure pipe applications and meeting the physical parameters below, regardless of specification.

For purposes of this investigation, seamless pipes are seamless carbon and alloy (other than stainless) steel pipes, of circular cross-section, not more than 114.3 mm (4.5 inches) in outside diameter, regardless of wall thickness, manufacturing process (hot-finished or cold-drawn), end finish (plain end, bevelled end, upset end, threaded, or threaded and coupled), or surface finish. These pipes are commonly known as standard pipe, line pipe or pressure pipe, depending upon the application. They may also be used in structural applications. Pipes produced in nonstandard wall thicknesses are commonly referred to as tubes.

The seamless pipes subject to these investigations are currently classifiable