

a sample of teens pregnant for the first time and sexually active nonpregnant adolescents aged 15–17 in Birmingham, Alabama. Once all of the interviews are completed, data from the questionnaires will be analyzed to determine: (1) The average length of the interview; (2) the reactions of the respondents to the interview questions; (3) questions that were difficult for the respondents and interviewers; and (4) the actual responses to the interview questions. Based on the above analyses, UAB will prepare a report for CDC which will include a revised questionnaire, and recommendations for future use of this type of instrument.

Respondents	No. of respondents	No. of responses/respondent	Avg. burden/response (in hours)
Pregnant adolescents	100	1	0.75
Sexually active nonpregnant adolescents .	100	1	0.75

6. Functional Outcome and Use of Services Following Firearm Injuries—New—Patients admitted to an urban hospital for treatment of a firearm injury will be followed in order to: (1) Examine the nature and extent of functional limitations and disability following a firearm injury, (2) examine the factors that influence patient recovery, and (3) document the use of post-acute services and barriers to receiving those services. The following data will be collected: (1) Patients will be interviewed in person prior to discharge and by phone at 3 months and 9 months after discharge; (2) the medical record will also be abstracted.

Respondents	No. of respondents	No. of responses/respondent	Avg. burden/response (in hours)
Patients with firearms injuries	320	3	0.60

7. Ciguatera Fish Poisoning Study—New—Approximately 100 patients with acute ciguatera fish poisoning and matched controls who provide written consent before entry into the study will be surveyed about their fish consumption practices, history of ciguatera fish poisoning and symptoms experienced. Objectives of the study will be to examine risk factors for illness, including fish exposure and demographic characteristics of patients.

The study will also attempt to identify distinct or characteristic symptom complexes and responses of patients to various treatments. The study will permit systematic collection of toxic fish specimens for further development of fish screening tests. Respondents will be patients over age 18 presenting to emergency rooms and diagnosed with ciguatera fish poisoning.

Respondents	No. of respondents	No. of responses/respondent	Avg. burden/response (in hours)
Diagnosed patients	200	2	0.75

8. A Case-Control Study to Determine if College Attendance is a Risk Factor for Development of Invasive Meningococcal Disease (0920–0321)—Reinstatement—The frequency of reports of fatal or life-threatening meningococcal disease in previously healthy college students raises the possibility that college students are at increased risk of meningococcal disease. Potential similarities between college students and military recruits, for whom increased risk has been clearly established and who are routinely vaccinated against meningococcal disease upon entry, suggest the need to clarify the role of college attendance in the occurrence of meningococcal disease. To determine if college attendance is a risk factor for meningococcal disease NCID hopes to conduct a retrospective, case-control study based on cases identified by state health departments. (0920–0321)

Respondents	No. of respondents	No. of responses/respondent	Avg. burden/response (in hours)
Infected college students	400	1	0.355

9. Nationally Sexually Transmitted Disease Morbidity Surveillance system—Continuation—The purpose of these reports is to collect STD morbidity surveillance data from state health departments nationwide. The data are used by health care planners at the national, state, and local levels to develop and evaluate STD prevention and control programs. In addition there are many other users of the data including scientist, researchers, educators, students and the media.

Respondents	No. of respondents	No. of responses/respondent	Avg. burden/response (in hours)
State and large city health departments	60	4	2
State and large city health departments	60	12	0.583
State and large city health departments	60	2	3

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Disabilities Prevention Program Project Workshop

The National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the following meeting.

Name: Disabilities Prevention Program Project Workshop.

Times and Dates: 4 p.m.–6 p.m., August 29, 1995, 8:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., August 30, 1995, 8:30 a.m.–12 noon, August 31, 1995.

Place: Marriott Pavilion Hotel, One South Broadway, St. Louis, Missouri 63102, telephone 314/421–1776.

Status: Open to the public for observation, participation, comment, and is limited only by space available. The meeting room will accommodate approximately 100 people.

Purpose: The meeting will provide a forum for presentations and discussions on the surveillance of secondary conditions associated with primary disabilities, current and future program priorities, and future Federal funding policies. In addition, individualized technical assistance related to project issues will be available to State grantees.

Matters To Be Discussed: Topics to be discussed will include: Updates on the National Disabilities Prevention Program and National legislation; background and concepts of International Classification of Impairment, Disabilities, and Handicap and how secondary conditions fit; state of the art and practical illustrations of secondary conditions; defining the role of the States in disability prevention; and a question and answer session.

Agenda items are subject to change as priorities dictate.

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