Termination of Suspension of Liquidation

On June 2, 1995, the ITC determined that these imports neither cause, nor threaten to cause, material injury to the industry in the United States. Therefore, we are directing the U.S. Customs Service to refund or cancel all securities posted.

This notice is published pursuant to sections 735(d) and (e) of the Act and 19 CFR 353.20(a)(4).

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

Dated: July 5, 1995.

[FR Doc. 95–17766 Filed 7–18–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

City University of Wisconsin, et al.; Notice of Consolidated Decision on Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Electron Microscopes

This is a decision consolidated pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Docket Number: 95–032. *Applicant:* University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI 53706. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model CM120. *Manufacturer:* Philips, The Netherlands. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 29826, June 6, 1995. *Order Date:* October 18, 1994.

Docket Number: 95–034. *Applicant:* Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, IL 60439. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model H-9000NAR. *Manufacturer:* Hitachi, Japan. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 29826, June 6, 1995. *Order Date:* April 27, 1994.

Comments: None received. *Decision:* Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument, for such purposes as these instruments are intended to be used, was being manufactured in the United States at the time the instruments were ordered. *Reasons:* Each foreign instrument is a conventional transmission electron microscope (CTEM) and is intended for research or scientific educational uses requiring a CTEM. We know of no CTEM, or any other instrument suited to these purposes, which was being manufactured in the United States either at the time of order of each instrument or at the time of receipt of application by the U.S. Customs Service.

Frank W. Creel

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff

[FR Doc. 95–17768 Filed 7–18–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–F

Applications for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instruments

Pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651; 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301), we invite comments on the question of whether instruments of equivalent scientific value, for the purposes for which the instruments shown below are intended to be used, are being manufactured in the United States.

Comments must comply with 15 CFR 301.5(a)(3) and (4) of the regulations and be filed within 20 days with the Statutory Import Programs Staff, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230. Applications may be examined between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Docket Number: 95–051. *Applicant:* National Renewable Energy Laboratory, 1617 Cole Blvd., Golden, CO 80401. *Instrument:* Sonic Anemometer/Thermometer. *Manufacturer:* Kaijo Denki, Co. Inc., Ltd., Japan. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to study the 3-D structure of small-scale atmospheric turbulence related to the operation, efficiency, and fatigue life of wind turbine generators and their component parts. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* June 23, 1995.

Docket Number: 95–052. *Applicant:* Dartmouth College, Department of Earth Sciences, 6105 Fairchild Science Center, North College Street, Hanover, NH 03755-3571. *Instrument:* ICP Mass Spectrometer, Model ELEMENT. *Manufacturer:* Finnigan MAT, Germany. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used to measure elemental concentrations and isotope ratios of all elements in geological and environmental samples in support of a wide range of research projects undertaken by the faculty and students. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* June 27, 1995.

Docket Number: 95–053. *Applicant:* Georgia Institute of Technology, 225 North Avenue, NW, Atlanta, GA 30332. *Instrument:* Electron Microscope, Model HF-2000. *Manufacturer:* Hitachi Instruments, Japan. *Intended Use:* The instrument will be used in research programs in virtually all areas of materials research including but not limited to the following:

(1) Ceramic composites,

(2) Fabrication of advanced ceramic materials,

(3) Electronic interconnect technology and materials,

(4) Specialized properties of coatings and thin films,

(5) Ion engine cathode structure characterization,

(6) Semiconductor heterostructures,

(7) Zeolite/catalyst development, and

(8) Study of epitaxial oxide heterostructures: Growth structure and phase transition.

In addition, the instrument will be used in teaching formal courses in electron microscopy. *Application Accepted by Commissioner of Customs:* June 27, 1995.

Frank W. Creel

Director, Statutory Import Programs Staff

[FR Doc. 95–17770 Filed 7–18–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–F

University of Minnesota, Notice of Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Instrument

This decision is made pursuant to Section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Pub. L. 89–651, 80 Stat. 897; 15 CFR part 301). Related records can be viewed between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. in Room 4211, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Docket Number: 95–029. *Applicant:* University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN 55455. *Instrument:* Gyratory Compactor. *Manufacturer:* Invelop Oy, Finland. *Intended Use:* See notice at 60 FR 24838, May 10, 1995.

Comments: None received. *Decision:* Approved. No instrument of equivalent scientific value to the foreign instrument, for such purposes as it is intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States. *Reasons:* The foreign instrument provides: (1) mold capacity of both 100 and 150 mm, (2) gyration speed from 15 to 80 cycles per minute, (3) a variable gyration angle from 0 to 3 degrees and (4) recording of shear resistance. The Federal Highway Administration advised June 12, 1995 that (1) these capabilities are pertinent to the applicant's intended purpose and (2) it knows of no domestic instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value