continue to base clearing fund assessments on the revised formulas without any needless disruptions to their programs. During the proposals' temporary approval periods, the Commission and the Clearing Corporations have continued to examine the Clearing Corporations' procedures and safeguards applicable to earlier guarantees of CNS trades and the revised formulas for calculating CNS clearing fund contributions. To date, the earlier guarantee procedures and revised clearing fund formulas have functioned adequately.

The Clearing Corporations and the Commission will continue to monitor the adequacy of the Clearing Corporation's procedures and safeguards applicable to earlier guarantees of CNS trades and the revised clearing fund formulas is necessary. Each Clearing Corporation will remain under a continuing obligation to provide data to the Commission pertaining to earlier trade guarantees and the ability of the revised CNS clearing formulas to guard against any increased risks posed by earlier guarantees.⁸

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing. Persons making written submission should file six copies thereof with the Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, NW. Washington, DC 20549. Copies of the submissions, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. § 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 450 Fifth Street, NW., Washington, DC 20549. Copies of such filings will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of each Clearing Corporation. All submissions should refer to the file numbers SR-NSCC-95-04, SR-MCC-95-02, and SR-SCCP-95-03 and should be submitted by July 31, 1995.

It is therefore ordered, pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act, that the

proposed rule changes (File Nos. SR– NSCC–95–04, SR–MCC–95–02, and SR– SCCP–95–03) be and hereby are approved on a temporary basis through June 28, 1996.

For the Commission by the Division of Market Regulation, pursuant to delegated authority. 9

Jonathan G. Katz,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 95–16784 Filed 7–7–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8010–01–M

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

Environmental Impact Statement: Lamar County Alabama Water Supply Development

AGENCIES: Tennessee Valley Authority and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. **ACTION:** Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: The Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) on water supply development for Lamar County, Alabama, located in west central Alabama. This EIS will consider a range of alternatives to provide an adequate and reliable water supply for the Lamar County area. Alternatives to be considered will include one or a combination of the following: construction of a surface impoundment on a tributary of Yellow Creek; installation of one or more water pipelines from existing reservoirs or streams, use of groundwater wells; direct withdrawal and storage from Yellow Creek; the no action alternative; and other alternatives identified during the scoping process. With this notice, TVA and the COE invite comments on the scope of this EIS. This notice is provided in accordance with the procedural requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), as well as TVA's and the COE's implementing procedures.

DATES: Written comments on the scope of the EIS must be received at the address below on or before December 15, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to Dale V. Wilhelm, NEPA Liaison, Tennessee Valley Authority, WT 8C, 400 West Summit Hill Drive, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902–1499.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jack L. Davis, Manager, Water Resource Projects, Tennessee Valley Authority, WT 10C, 400 West Summit Hill Drive, Knoxville, Tennessee 37902–1499, phone (615) 632–7183. **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Tennessee Valley Authority and Lamar County in West Central Alabama are addressing the water supply needs for the County, in order to assure a safe and reliable water supply for the future.

At this time, Lamar County has abundant reserves of both surface and groundwater which are sufficient to meet the needs for the County. However, a county-wide study of development patterns, land use, and potential for contamination of existing groundwater sources indicates a high potential for contamination of groundwater from human activities. One well at Sulligent, Alabama, in the northern part of Lamar County, has already been abandoned as a result of groundwater contamination.

Any new water supply for Lamar County must: (1) Provide sufficient water to serve an expected increased growth, (2) be of good water quality and, (3) be from reliable water sources. It must be sufficient to provide water during peak demands and drought cycles, and it must be free of contamination. At the present time, groundwater, including the County public water system (which depends 100 percent on groundwater) and private wells, provides 93 percent of Lamar County's drinking water. Currently, there is a potential for groundwater contamination from natural sources and from human activities such as waste disposal, use of pesticides, underground storage tanks, and spills. The Tuscaloosa aquifer, on which the County depends almost exclusively for its water needs, is overlaid by permeable soils that allow infiltration and make the aquifer vulnerable to potential contamination. The water from the primary groundwater well is also high in iron. For these reasons, an alternative surface water supply is being considered.

TVA and Lamar County will evaluate alternatives to meet the water supply needs of the area. These analyses of water supply needs will include domestic, industrial, agricultural uses, and water quality. For planning purposes, projected benefits and costs will be evaluated for a 30 to 50 year period, depending on the alternative under consideration. Conservation effects on water use will also be considered.

The first step in the preparation of the EIS will be the determination of the scope of the EIS. It is anticipated that the scope will include possible construction of a surface impoundment on a tributary of Yellow Creek, installation of one or more water pipelines from existing reservoirs, in

⁸ The Commission reserves the right to amend the data request during the ensuing temporary approval period for any of the Clearing Corporations in order to obtain the most useful and accurate information available.

⁹¹⁷ CFR 200.30-3(a)(12) (1994).