installments in a similar fashion. In the case of weekly or daily television series, applicants should first request guidance as to the proper deposit from the Performing Arts Section of the Examining Division.

(ii) Group of related works. A group of related works may be registered on the Form *GATT/GROUP*, provided the following conditions are met: The author is the same for all works in the group; the owner of all United States rights is the same for all works in the group; all works must have been published in the same calendar year; all works must fit within the same subject matter category [i.e. literary works, musical work, motion picture, etc.]; and there must be at least two and not more than 10 individual works in the group submitted. Applicants registering a group of related works must file for registration on the Form GATT/GROUP. The fee for registering a group of related works is \$10 per individual work.

(d) Works excluded. Works which are not copyrightable subject matter under title 17 of the U.S. Code, other than sound recordings fixed before February 15, 1972, should not be registered as restored copyrights.

Dated: July 3, 1995.

Marilyn J. Kretsinger,

Acting General Counsel.

Approved by:

James H. Billington,

The Librarian of Congress.

[FR Doc. 95–16765 Filed 7–7–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 1410-30-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[OH21-1-6989; FRL-5255-9]

Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; Ohio

AGENCY: U.S. Environmental Protection

Agency (USEPA). **ACTION:** Proposed rule.

summary: The USEPA is proposing approval of revisions to the Ohio State Implementation Plan (SIP) adopted by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) on March 15, 1993, and December 30, 1994. The USEPA's proposal is based upon a revision request to satisfy the requirements of the Clean Air Act, which was submitted by the State to the USEPA on June 7, 1993, and February 17, 1995. The revisions concern Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 3745–21, "Carbon Monoxide, Ozone, Hydrocarbon Air

Quality Standards, and Related Emission Requirements," and this proposed action addresses volatile organic compound (VOC) reasonably available control technology (RACT) for major sources not covered by a control techniques guideline (CTG) located in the Cleveland/Akron/Lorain and Cincinnati nonattainment areas. The USEPA has evaluated the revisions to Rules 04 and 09, along with a letter committing to publish Findings and Orders correcting deficiencies in the rules, submitted by OEPA on June 21, 1995, and two permits to install (PTI) which OEPA has committed to submit as SIP revisions. USEPA proposes to approve the requested revisions, which establish site-specific non-CTG VOC RACT regulations. The approval will not be finalized until Ohio issues the completed Findings and Orders, and allows public comment on them, and submits the permits to install as SIP revisions. Subsequent to review of these Findings and Orders, USEPA will take final action on the requested revisions through the letter notice process. The effective date of this SIP revision will be the date that the letter notice is issued. DATES: Comments on this revision and on the proposed U.S.EPA action must be received by August 9, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be addressed to: William L. MacDowell, Chief, Regulation Development Section, Air Enforcement Branch (AE–17J), United States Environmental Protection Agency, 77 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois 60604.

Copies of the SIP revision request and USEPA's analysis are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the following address: United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Boulevard (AE–17J), Chicago, Illinois 60604; and Office of Air and Radiation (OAR), Docket and Information Center (Air Docket (6102) room M1500, United States Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Alexis Cain, Air Enforcement Branch, Regulation Development Section (AE– 17J), United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 5, Chicago, Illinois 60604, (312) 886–7018.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

On November 15, 1990, amendments to the 1977 Clean Air Act (CAA) were enacted. Pub. L. 101–549, 104 Stat. 2399, codified at 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q. Under the pre-amended CAA, ozone

nonattainment areas were required to adopt reasonably available control technology (RACT) rules for sources of volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions. VOCs contribute to the production of ground level ozone and smog. These rules were required as part of an effort to achieve the National Ambient Air Quality Standard for

RACT, as defined in 40 CFR 51.100(o), means devices, systems process modifications, or other apparatus or techniques that are reasonably available taking into account (1) the necessity of imposing such controls in order to attain and maintain a national ambient air quality standard, (2) the social, environmental and economic impact of such controls, and (3) alternative means of providing for attainment and maintenance of such standard. The USEPA issued three sets of control technique guidelines (CTGs) documents, establishing a "presumptive norm" for RACT for various categories of VOC sources. Those sources not covered by a CTG were called non-CTG sources. The USEPA determined that a given nonattainment area's SIPapproved attainment date established which RACT rules the area needed to adopt and implement. Under preamended section 172(a)(1), ozone nonattainment areas were generally required to attain the ozone standard by December 31, 1982. Those areas that projected attainment by that date were required to adopt RACT for sources covered by the Group I and II CTGs. Those areas that sought an extension of the attainment date under section 172(a)(2) to as late as December 31 1987, were required to adopt RACT for all CTG sources and for all major (i.e., having a potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of VOC emissions) non-CTG sources.

Section 182(b)(2) of the amended Act requires States to adopt RACT rules for all areas designated nonattainment for ozone and classified as moderate or above. There are three parts to the section 182(b)(2) RACT requirement: (1) RACT for sources covered by an existing CTG, i.e., a CTG issued prior to the enactment of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990; (2) RACT for sources covered by a post-enactment CTG; and (3) all major sources not covered by a CTG. The non-CTG requirement includes unregulated emission units within a source if they total more than 100 tons per year in the aggregate. Section 182(b)(2) requires nonattainment areas that previously were exempt from RACT requirements to "catch up" to those nonattainment areas that became subject to those