notice announcing some modifications to the previously published Lists 1 and 2. In that notice, EPA also noted that List 4 was being divided into two parts. The original List 4 became List 4A, representing minimal risk inert ingredients. List 4B was created to represent inert ingredients for which EPA has sufficient information to conclude that their current use patterns in pesticide products will not adversely affect public health and the environment. EPA subsequently issued List 4A in the **Federal Register** of September 28, 1994 (59 FR 49400).

As a part of its initial review of the inert ingredients originally categorized as List 3, EPA has identified 146 inert ingredients that merit reclassification to List 4B. The basis for this reclassification is as follows:

1. On behalf of the Office of Pesticide Programs, these substances were reviewed by the Structure Activity Team of EPA's Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics with each judged to be of low concern for potential human health and/or environmental effects.

2. Each of these substances is either approved for use by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration as (a) a direct food additive under 40 CFR part 172 or (b) a polymer considered to not present an unreasonable risk on the basis of its conformance with the criteria given in the polymer exemption rule at 40 CFR 723.250. The polymer exemption rule exempts selected low-risk polymers from part or all of the premanufacture notification provisions of section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA).

3. These inert ingredients were evaluated by the Office of Pesticide Program's Inert Review Group and determined to be of minimal risk.

A list of these inert ingredients proposed for reclassification was provided to EPA's Office of Water and to FDA's Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition for comment; no adverse comments were received.

This reclassification is expected to be the first in a series of actions related to the disposition of inert ingredients currently on Lists 2 and 3. EPA is continuing its review of other List 2 and List 3 inert ingredients under the inerts strategy and, following its assessment, will make further determinations regarding inert ingredient categorization.

LIST 4B.—INERT INGREDIENTS

CAS Reg. No.	Chemical name
57–55–6	Propylene glycol
67–63–0	Isopropyl alcohol
71–36–3	1-Butanol
80–56–8	alpha-Pinene
91–53–2	ethoxyquin
94–13–3	Propyl p-hydroxybenzoate
98–86–2	Acetophenone
99–76–3	Methyl p-hydroxybenzoate
102–76–1	Glyceryl triacetate
106–97–8	n-Butane
111–27–3	1-Hexanol
111–70–6	1-Heptanol
112–30–1	1-Decanol
120–72–9	1H-Indole
123–95–5	Butyl stearate
124–07–2	Octanoic acid
124–10–7	Methyl tetradecanoate
139–44–6	Glyceryltris (12-hydroxystearate)
141–78–6	Ethyl acetate
151–21–3	Dodecyl sulfate, sodium salt
527–07–1	Gluconic acid, sodium salt
527–09–3	Cupric gluconate
533–96–0	Sodium sesquicarbonate
860–22–0	FD & C Blue No. 2
868–18–8	Sodium tartrate
1302–42–7	Sodium aluminate
1310–58–3	Potassium hydroxide
1310–73–2	Sodium hydroxide
1338–41–6	Sorbitan monostearate
1343–98–2	Silicic acid
7558–79–4	Disodium phosphate
7722–88–5	Diphosphoric acid, tetrasodium salt
7722–88–5	Tetrasodium pyrophosphate
7664–93–9	Sulfuric acid
7758–16–9	Sodium acid pyrophosphate
7784–25–0	Aluminum ammonium sulfate
7785–87–7	Manganese sulfate
8009–03–8	Petrolatum
8015–86–9	Carnauba wax
8050–33–7	Polyoxyethylene ester of rosin
8061–51–6	Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt
8061–52–7	Lignosulfonic acid, calcium salt
9002–89–5	Polyvinyl alcohol
9002–92–0	Polyoxyethylene dodecyl mono ether
9003–06–9	Acrylamide-acrylic acid resin
9003–07–0	Polypropylene
9003–11–6	Polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene copolymer