contribution (TMRC) from existing tolerances and the proposed tolerances utilizes l percent of the RfD for the general population, or 3 percent of the RfD for non-nursing infants less than 1 year old (the subgroup population most highly exposed).

The nature of the residue is adequately understood in plants and animals. An adequate analytical method utilizing highpressure liquid chromatography, is available for enforcement purposes. An analytical method for enforcing this tolerance has been published in the Pesticide Analytical Manual (PAM), Vol. II. No secondary residues in meat, milk, poultry, or eggs are expected since peppermint and spearmint are not considered livestock feed commodities.

There are currently no actions pending against the continued registration of this chemical. EPA concludes that all uses of currently registered products containing the isopropylamine and sodium salts of glyphosate, when used in accordance with the labeling specified in the Reregistration Eligibility Document (RED), issued September 1993, will not pose unreasonable risks of adverse effects to humans or the environment and are eligible for reregistration.

Based on the information and data considered, the Agency has determined that the tolerances established by amending 40 CFR 180.364 would protect the public health. Therefore, it is proposed that the tolerances be established as set forth below.

Any person who has registered or submitted an application for registration of a pesticide, under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) as amended, which contains any of the ingredients listed herein, may request within 30 days after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** that this rulemaking proposal be referred to an Advisory Committee in accordance with section 408(e) of the FFDCA.

A record has been established for this rulemaking under docket number [PP 4E4404/P618] (including comments and data submitted electronically as described below). A public version of this record, including printed, paper versions of electronic comments, which does not include any information claimed as CBI, is available for inspection from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The public record is located in Rm. 1132 of the Public Response and Program Resources Branch, Field Operations Division (7506C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA.

Electronic comments can be sent directly to EPA at:

opp-Docket@epamail.epa.gov

Electronic comments must be submitted as an ASCII file avoiding the use of special characters and any form of encryption.

The official record for this rulemaking, as well as the public version, as described above will be kept in paper form. Accordingly, EPA will transfer all comments received electronically into printed, paper form as they are received and will place the paper copies in the official rulemaking record which will also include all comments submitted directly in writing. The official rulemaking record is the paper record maintained at the address in ''ADDRESSES'' at the beginning of this document.

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, Oct. 4, 1993), the Agency must determine whether the regulatory action is ''significant'' and therefore subject to all the requirements of the Executive Order (i.e., Regulatory Impact Analysis, review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB)). Under section 3(f), the order defines ''significant'' as those actions likely to lead to a rule (1) having an annual effect on the economy of $100 million or more, or adversely and materially affecting a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local or tribal governments or communities (also known as ''economically significant''); (2) creating serious inconsistency or otherwise interfering with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially altering the budgetary impacts of entitlement, grants, user fees, or loan programs; or (4) raising novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in this Executive Order.

Pursuant to the terms of this Executive Order, EPA has determined that this rule is not ''significant'' and is therefore not subject to OMB review.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (Pub. L. 96-354, 94 Stat. 1164, 5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Administrator has determined that regulations establishing new tolerances or raising tolerance levels or establishing exemptions from tolerance requirements do not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. A certification statement to this effect was published in the **Federal Register** of May 4, 1981 (46 FR 24950).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: June 23, 1995.

Peter Caulkins,

Acting Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, it is proposed that 40 CFR part 180 be amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a and 371.

2. In § 180.364, paragraph (d) is amended by adding and alphabetically inserting the entries for peppermint and spearmint, to read as follows:

§ 180.364 Glyphosate; tolerances for residues.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

Commodity	Parts per million
* * * * *	
Peppermint	200
Spearmint	200
* * * * *	

[FR Doc. 95–16753 Filed 7–6–95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

40 CFR Part 439

[FRL–5227–2]

RIN 2060–AC49

Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Industry; Comment Period Extension and Public Hearing

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice of comment period extension and public hearing.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is announcing extension of the comment period for the proposed regulations, and a formal public hearing regarding proposed pretreatment standards that will apply to the pharmaceutical manufacturing industry. The proposed pretreatment standards and effluent limitations guidelines were published in the **Federal Register** on May 2, 1995 (60 FR 21592). EPA is sponsoring this public hearing to