requirements of section 273.16 (which pertains to disqualification for intentional Program violations). In addition, these claims shall be properly established no later than the date the State transmits its final request for IRS addresses for the particular offset year. Furthermore, the State agency shall have electronic records and/or paper documents showing that the claim was properly established. These records and documents include such items as claim demand letters, results of fair hearings, advance notices of disqualification hearings, results of such hearings, and records of payments.

(2) Claims for which the State agency has verified that no individual who is jointly and severally liable as specified in paragraph (a) of this section is also currently participating in the FSP in the

State.

- (3) Claims which meet at least the minimum dollar amount established by the IRS.
- (4) Claims for which the date of the initial demand letter is within 10 years of January 31 of the offset year, except that claims reduced to final court judgments ordering individuals to pay the debt are not subject to this 10-year limitation.
- (5) Claims for which the State agency is neither receiving voluntary payments pursuant to an agreed upon schedule of payments as provided in paragraph (g)(2) of this section nor is receiving scheduled, involuntary payments such as wage garnishment. Claims for which the State agency has received such payments are considered past due and legally enforceable 30 days after the due date for a regular payment which is not received.

(6) Claims for which collection is not

barred by a bankruptcy.

(7) Claims for which the State agency has provided the individual with all of the notification and opportunities for review as specified in paragraphs (g)(5)(iii), (g)(5)(iv), (g)(5)(v) and (g)(5)(vi) of this section.

(B) In addition:

(1) All claims to be submitted for collection under FTROP shall be reduced by any amounts subject to collection from State income tax refunds or from other sources which may result in collections during the offset year.

(2) If a claim to be submitted for collection under FTROP is a combination of two or more recipient claims, the date of the initial demand letter for each claim combined shall be within the 10-year range specified in paragraph (g)(5)(ii)(A)(4) of this section. Claims reduced to judgment shall not be combined with claims which are not reduced to judgment.

(3) If a claim to be submitted under FTROP is apportioned between two or more individuals who are jointly and severally liable for the claim pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (f) of this section, the sum of the amounts submitted shall not exceed the total amount of the claim.

(iii) 60–Day notice to individuals. (A) Prior to referring claims for collection under FTROP, the State agency shall provide individuals from whom it seeks to collect such claims with a notice,

called a 60-day notice.

(B) With the exception of such State-specific information as names and job titles and information required for State agency contacts, a State agency's 60-day notice shall contain only the information specified in paragraph (g)(5)(iv) of this section. In the certification letter required in paragraph (g)(5)(vii) of this section, the State agency shall include a statement that its 60-day notice conforms to this requirement.

(C) Unless otherwise notified by FCS, the State agency shall mail 60-day notices for claims to be referred for collection through FTROP no later than October 1 preceding the offset year during which the claims would be

offset.

- (D) The State agency shall mail 60-day notices using the address information provided by the IRS unless the State agency receives clear and concise notification from the taxpayer that notices from the State agency are to be sent to an address different from the address obtained from the IRS. Such clear and concise notification shall mean that the taxpayer has provided the State agency with written notification including the taxpayer's name and identifying number (which is generally the taxpayer's SSN), the taxpayer's new address, and the taxpayer's intent to have notices from the State agency sent to the new address. Claims for which 60-day notices addressed as required in this paragraph are returned as undeliverable may be referred for collection under FTROP.
- (iv) *Contents of the 60-day notice.* The State agency's 60-day notice shall state that:
- (A) [Name of the State agency or an equivalent phrase] has records documenting that you, [the name of the individual], Social Security Number: [the individual's Social Security Number] are liable for [the unpaid balance of the recipient claim(s) the State agency intends to refer] resulting from overissued food stamp benefits. [The name of the State agency or equivalent phrase] has previously mailed or otherwise delivered demand letters notifying you about the claim,

including the right to a fair hearing on the claim, and has made any other required collection efforts.

(B) The Deficit Reduction Act of 1984, as amended, authorizes the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to deduct such debts from tax refunds if they are past due and legally enforceable. [Name of the State agency or an equivalent phrase] has determined that your debt is past due and legally enforceable as specified by the Deficit Reduction Act of 1984, the IRS regulations, and Food Stamp Program (FSP) regulations. We intend to refer the claim for deduction from your Federal income tax refund unless you pay the claim within 60 days of the date of the notice or make other repayment arrangements acceptable to

(C) If we refer your claim to the IRS, a charge for the administrative cost of collection will be added to your claim and that amount will also be deducted if the claim, or any portion of the claim, is deducted from your tax refund.

(D) All adults who were household members when excess food stamp benefits were issued to the household are jointly and severally liable for the value of those benefits, and collection of claims for such benefits may be pursued against all such individuals. Our records do not show that the claim is being paid according to either a voluntary agreement with us or through scheduled, involuntary payments.

(E) To pay the claim voluntarily or to discuss it, you should contact: [an office, administrative unit and/or individual, the contact's street address or post office box, and a toll-free or

collect telephone numberl.

(F) You are entitled to request a review of the intended collection action. We must receive your request for review within 60 days of the date of this notice. Such a request must be written, must be submitted to the address provided in this notice and must contain your Social Security Number. We will not refer your claim for offset while our review is pending.

(G) The claim is not legally enforceable if a bankruptcy prevents collection of the claim.

(H) You may want to contact your local office of the IRS before filing your Federal income tax return. This is true where you are filing a joint return, and your spouse is not liable for the food stamp claim and has income and withholding and/or estimated Federal income tax payments. In such circumstances your spouse may be entitled to receive his or her portion of any joint refund. Your own liability for this claim, including any charge for administrative costs, may still be