June 21, 1995 and ending 11:59 p.m. (local time) July 20, 1995, fishing by shrimp trawlers in offshore waters, seaward to 10 nm (18.5 km) from the COLREGS line, along the Georgia coast, bounded between 30°45′ N. lat. and 32°03′ N. lat., is prohibited unless the shrimp trawler is in compliance with all applicable provisions in 50 CFR 227.72(e) and the following prohibitions:

1. The use of soft TEDs described in CFR 227.72(e)(4)(iii) is prohibited.

2. The use of hard TEDs with bottom escape openings and special hard TEDs with bottom escape openings is prohibited. Approved hard TEDs and special hard TEDs must be configured with the slope of the deflector bars upward from forward to aft and with the escape opening at the top of the trawl.

3. The use of try nets with a headrope length greater than 12 ft (3.6 m) or a footrope length greater than 15 ft (4.6 m) is prohibited unless a NMFS-approved top-opening, hard TED or special hard TED is installed when the try nets are rigged for fishing. Try nets with a headrope length 12 ft (3.6 m) or less and a footrope length 15 ft (4.6 m) or less remain exempt from the requirement to have a TED installed in accordance with 50 CFR 227.72(e)(2)(ii)(B)(1).

4. The use of a webbing flap that completely covers the escape opening in the trawl is prohibited. Any webbing that is attached to the trawl, forward of the escape opening, must be cut to a length so that the trailing edge of such webbing does not approach to within 2 inches (5.1 cm) of the posterior edge of the TED grid. The requirements for the size of the escape opening are unchanged.

All provisions in 50 CFR 227.72(e), including, but not limited to 50 CFR 227.72(e)(2)(ii)(B)(1) (use of try nets), 50 CFR 227.72(e)(4)(iii) (Soft TEDs), 50 CFR 227.72(e)(4)(i)(F) (Position of escape opening), and 50 CFR 227.72(e)(4)(iv)(C) (Allowable modification to TEDs), that are inconsistent with these prohibitions are hereby suspended for the duration of this action.

NMFS hereby notifies owners and operators of shrimp trawlers in the area

subject to restrictions that they are required to carry a NMFS-approved observer aboard such vessel(s) if directed to do so by the Regional Director, upon written notification sent to either the address specified for the vessel registration or documentation purposes, or otherwise served on the owner or operator of the vessel. Owners and operators and their crew must comply with the terms and conditions specified in such written notification.

Additional Conservation Measures

The AA may withdraw or modify a determination concerning unauthorized takings or any restriction on shrimping activities if the AA determines that such action is warranted. Notification of any additional sea turtle conservation measures, including any extension of this 30-day action, will be published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to 50 CFR 227.72(e)(6).

NMFS will continue to monitor sea turtle strandings to gauge the effectiveness of these conservation measures. If, after these restrictions are instituted, strandings in Georgia persist at or above 75 percent of the ITL for 2 weeks, NMFS will follow the guidance in the ERP to determine whether to prohibit fishing by some or all shrimp trawlers, as required, in the offshore waters of all or parts of NMFS statistical Zones 30, 31 and/or 32 seaward to 10 nm (18.5 km) from the COLREGS line, for a period of 30 days. Contiguous statistical zones or portions of those zones may be included in the closure as necessary. Area closures will be implemented through emergency rulemaking notices pursuant to the procedures set forth at 50 CFR 227.72(e)(6).

Classification

This action has been determined to be not significant for purposes of E.O. 12866.

Because neither section 553 of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA), nor any other law requires that general notice of proposed rulemaking be published for this action, under section 603(b) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, an initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis is not required.

Pursuant to section 553(b)(B) of the APA, the AA finds there is good cause to waive prior notice and opportunity to comment on this rule. It is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to provide prior notice and opportunity for comment because unusually high levels of turtle strandings have been reported in Georgia and continue to occur as shrimping continues. Any delay in this action will likely result in additional fatal takings of listed sea turtles.

Pursuant to section 553(d) of the APA, the AA finds there is good cause to waive the 30-day delay in effective date. In addition to the immediate need to protect listed sea turtles, these restrictions are expected to impose only a minor burden on shrimp fishermen. The predominant TED designs in use in the affected area are bottom-opening hard grid TEDs and soft TEDs. Bottomopening hard grid TEDs can be modified to comply with these restrictions in 1 to 2 hours. Any webbing flap over the escape opening can be shortened in less than 10 minutes. Trawlers equipped with soft TEDs may be required to move out of the affected area, or to equip their nets with hard TEDs. Hard grid TEDs are available for \$75.00 to \$350.00 and take several hours to install. Finally, some fishermen may not elect to equip their larger try nets with hard grid TEDs, and thus, would be unable to monitor their catch rate during long tows. However, these fishermen may elect to monitor their catch rate with smaller try nets not required to have an NMFSapproved top-opening hard TED installed.

The AA prepared an EA for the final rule (57 FR 57348, December 4, 1992) requiring TED use in shrimp trawls and establishing the 30-day notice procedures. An EA has been prepared for this action. Copies of the EA are available (see ADDRESSES).

Dated: June 15, 1995.

Charles Karnella,

Acting Program Management Officer, National Marine Fisheries Service.

BILLING CODE 3510-22-F