

manner in which it calculated MCSA's bevelling costs that had not been submitted to the Department previously. According to petitioner, the Department must strike this information from the record and may not consider it in the final determination.

DOC Position

We disagree with petitioner. With respect to the portions of Mannesmann's case brief referred to above concerning class or kind and end use, we note that the information contained therein further corroborates data previously submitted on the record by respondent (see Mannesmann's submissions dated October 21, 1994, October 31, 1994, and March 27, 1994). With respect to bevelling costs, we did not rely on the information referred to by petitioner for purposes of the final determination (see DOC Position to Comment 7 above).

Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d)(1) of the Act 19 USC 1673b(d)(1), we directed the Customs Service to suspend liquidation of all entries of seamless pipe from Brazil, as defined in the "Scope of Investigation" section of this notice, that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after January 27, 1995.

Pursuant to the results of this final determination, we will instruct the Customs Service to require a cash deposit or posting of a bond equal to the estimated dumping margin, as shown below, for entries of seamless pipe from Brazil that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption from the date of the publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. The suspension of liquidation will remain in effect until further notice.

Manufacturer/producer/exporter	Margin percent
Mannesmann S.A.	125.00
All Others	125.00

ITC Notification

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we have notified the ITC of our determination. The ITC will make its determination whether these imports materially injure, or threaten injury to, a U.S. industry, within 45 days of the publication of this notice. If the ITC determines that material injury, or threat of material injury, does not exist, the proceeding will be terminated and all securities posted as a result of the suspension of liquidation will be refunded or cancelled. If the ITC determines that material injury or threat

of material injury does exist, the Department will issue an antidumping duty order.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) in these investigations of their responsibility covering the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 353.34(d). Failure to comply is a violation of the APO.

This determination is published pursuant to section 735(d) of the Act (19 USC 1673(d)) and 19 CFR 353.20.

Dated: June 12, 1995.

Susan G. Esserman,

Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

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[A-428-820]

Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Small Diameter Circular Seamless Carbon and Alloy Steel, Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe From Germany

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 19, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Irene Darzenta or Fabian Rivelis, Office of Antidumping Investigations, Import Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone (202) 482-6320 or (202) 482-3853, respectively.

FINAL DETERMINATION: The Department of Commerce (the Department) determines that small diameter circular seamless carbon and alloy steel, standard, line and pressure pipe (seamless pipe) from Germany is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value, as provided in section 735 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). The estimated margins are shown in the "Suspension of Liquidation" section of this notice.

Case History

Since the notice of the preliminary determination published on January 27, 1995, (60 FR 5355), the following events have occurred.

On February 8, 1995, petitioner alleged that the Department made a ministerial error in its preliminary margin calculations. The Department determined on February 17, 1995, that the allegation raised by petitioners was

methodological in nature and improperly raised under Section 751(f) of the Act.

In our notice of preliminary determination we stated that we would solicit further information on various scope-related issues, including class or kind of merchandise.

On February 10, 1995, we issued a questionnaire to interested parties to request further information on whether the scope of the investigation constitutes more than one class or kind of merchandise. Responses to this questionnaire were submitted on March 27, 1995.

On February 10, 1995, we issued a supplemental questionnaire to Mannesmannrohr-Werke AG (MRW). MRW submitted its supplemental responses and revised home market and U.S. sales listings on February 28, 1995, and March 6, 1995, respectively.

Pursuant to requests by petitioner and respondent, on February 16, 1995, a notice was published in the **Federal Register** (60 FR 9012) announcing the postponement of the final determination until June 12, 1995.

In March and April 1995, we conducted verification of MRW's questionnaire responses. Our verification reports were issued in May 1995.

On April 27, 1995, Koppel Steel Corporation, a U.S. producer of subject merchandise which appeared as an interested party from the outset of this investigation, requested co-petitioner status.

Respondent and petitioner submitted case briefs on May 16, 1995, and rebuttal briefs on May 23, 1995. No public hearing was requested. On May 23, 1995, we returned portions of MRW's case brief because we determined that it contained new factual information submitted after the deadline specified in 19 CFR 353.31 (a)(i) for the submission of factual information. On May 24, 1995, MRW refiled its case brief with the new information deleted.

Scope of Investigation

The following scope language reflects certain modifications made for purposes of the final determination, where appropriate, as discussed in the "Scope Issues" section below.

The scope of this investigation includes seamless pipes produced to the ASTM A-335, ASTM A-106, ASTM A-53 and API 5L specifications and meeting the physical parameters described below, regardless of application. The scope of this investigation also includes all products used in standard, line, or pressure pipe