local and tribal governments to perform certain actions and also may ultimately lead to the private sector being required to perform certain duties. To the extent that the rules and commitments being proposed for approval by this action will impose or lead to the imposition of any mandate upon the State, local or tribal governments either as the owner or operator of a source or as a regulator, or would impose or lead to the imposition of any mandate upon the private sector, EPA's action will impose no new requirements; such sources are already subject to these requirements under State law. Accordingly, no additional costs to State, local, or tribal governments, or to the private sector, result from this action. Therefore, the USEPA has determined that this action does not include a mandate that may result in estimated costs of \$100 million or more to State, local, or tribal governments in the aggregate or to the private sector.

### List of Subjects

40 CFR Part 52

Air pollution control, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

40 CFR Part 81

Air pollution control.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671(q).

Dated: June 7, 1995. Valdas V. Adamkus,

Regional Administrator.

[FR Doc. 95-14685 Filed 6-14-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

# 40 CFR Part 300

[FRL-5220-9]

National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan; National Priorities List

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection

Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice of intent to delete flowood site from the National Priorities List (NPL): Request for comments.

SUMMARY: EPA, Region IV (EPA) announces its intent to delete the Flowood Site from the NPL and requests public comment on this proposed action. The NPL constitutes Appendix B of 40 CFR Part 300 which is the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), which EPA promulgated pursuant to Section 105 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980

(CERCLA). EPA and the State of Mississippi (State) have determined that all appropriate CERCLA actions have been implemented and that no further cleanup by responsible parties is appropriate. Moreover, EPA and the state have determined that remedial activities conducted at the site to date have been protective of public health, welfare, and the environment.

**DATES:** Comments concerning the proposed deletion of this Site will be accepted until July 17, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be mailed to: Lt. Mark A. Marshall, USPHS, Remedial Project Manager, South Superfund Remedial Branch, Waste Management Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV, 345 Courtland Street, NE., Atlanta, GA 30365.

Comprehensive information on this Site is available through the EPA Region IV public docket, which is located at EPA's Region IV office and is available for viewing by appointment only from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. Requests for appointments or copies of the background information from the regional public docket should be directed to the EPA Region IV Docket Office.

The address for the Regional Docket Office is: Ms. Debbie Jourdan, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV, 345 Courtland Street, NE., Atlanta, Georgia 30365, Telephone No.: (404) 347–2930.

Background information from the regional public docket is also available for viewing at the Site information repository located at the following address: Pearl Public Library, 3470 Highway 80 East, Pearl, Mississippi 39208, telephone No.: (601) 932–2562.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lt. Mark A. Marshall, USPHS, Remedial Project Manager, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IV, 345 Courtland Street, NE., Atlanta, Georgia 30365, (404) 347–2643 ext. 6271.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## Table of Contents

I. Introduction
II. NPL Deletion Criteria
III. Deletion Procedures
IV. Basis for Intended Site Deletions

#### I. Introduction

EPA announces its intent to delete the Flowood Site in Rankin County, Mississippi from the National Priorities List (NPL) which constitutes Appendix B on the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), and requests comments on this

proposed deletion. EPA identifies sites that appear to present a significant risk to public health, welfare, or the environment and maintains the NPL as the list of those sites. Sites on the NPL may be the subject of remedial actions financed by the Hazardous Substances Superfund Response Trust Fund (Fund). Pursuant to § 300.425(e)(3) of the NCP, any site deleted from the NPL remains eligible for Fund-financed Remedial Actions in the event that conditions at the site warrant such action. EPA will accept comments concerning this Site for thirty (30) calendar days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register.

Section II of this notice explains the criteria for the deletion of sites from the NPL. Section III discusses procedures that EPA is using for this action. Section IV discusses how the Site meets the deletion criteria.

#### II. NPL Deletion Criteria

The NCP establishes the criteria that the EPA uses to delete sites from the NPL. In accordance with 40 CFR 300.425(e), releases may be deleted from the NPL where no further response is appropriate. In making this determination, EPA will consider, in consultation with the State, whether any of the following criteria have been met:

- (i) Responsible parties or other persons have implemented all appropriate response actions required; or
- (ii) All appropriate Fund-financed response under CERCLA has been implemented, and no further response action by responsible parties is appropriate; or
- (iii) The remedial investigation has determined that the release poses no significant threat to public health or the environment and, therefore, taking or remedial measures is not appropriate.

Pursuant to § 300.425(e)(3) of the NCP, any site deleted from the NPL remains eligible for Fund-financed Remedial Actions in the event that conditions at the site warrant such action.

### **III. Deletion Procedures**

EPA will accept and evaluate public comments before making a final decision to delete. Comments from the local community may be the most pertinent to deletion decisions. The following procedures were used for the intended deletion of this Site:

- (1) EPA has recommended deletion and has prepared the relevant documents.
- (2) The State has concurred with the deletion decision.
- (3) A local notice has been published in local newspapers and has been distributed to appropriate federal, state, and local officials, and other interested parties.