

**PART 404—FEDERAL OLD-AGE,  
SURVIVORS AND DISABILITY  
INSURANCE (1950— )**

**Subpart J—[Amended]**

1. The authority citation for subpart J of part 404 is revised to read as follows:

**Authority:** Secs. 201(j), 205(a), (b), and (d)—(h), 221(d), 225 and 702(a)(5) of the Social Security Act; (42 U.S.C. 401(j), 405 (a), (b), and (d)—(h), 421(d), 425 and 902(a)(5); 31 U.S.C. 3720A.

2. New § 404.943 is added under the undesignated center heading "Hearing Before an Administrative Law Judge" to read as follows:

**§ 404.943 Responsibilities of the adjudication officer.**

(a)(1) *General.* Under the procedures set out in this section we will test modifications to the prehearing procedures we follow when you file a request for a hearing before an administrative law judge in connection with a claim for benefits based on disability where the question of whether you are under a disability as defined in § 404.1505 is at issue. These modifications will enable us to test the effect of having an adjudication officer be your primary point of contact after you file a hearing request and before you have a hearing with an administrative law judge. The tests may be conducted alone, or in combination with the tests of the modifications to the disability determination procedures which we conduct under § 404.906. The adjudication officer, working with you and/or your representative, identifies issues in dispute, develops evidence, conducts informal conferences, and conducts other prehearing proceedings as may be necessary. The adjudication officer has the authority to make a decision wholly favorable to you if the evidence so warrants. If the adjudication officer does not make a decision on your claim, your hearing request will be assigned to an administrative law judge for further proceedings.

(2) *Procedures for cases included in the tests.* Prior to commencing tests of the adjudication officer position in selected site(s), we will publish a notice in the **Federal Register**. The notice will describe where the specific test site(s) will be and the duration of the test(s). We will also state whether the tests of the adjudication officer position in each site will be conducted alone, or in combination with the test of the modifications to the disability determination process which we conduct under § 404.906. The individuals who participate in the test(s) will be assigned randomly to a

test group in each site where the tests are conducted.

(b)(1) *Prehearing procedures conducted by an Adjudication Officer.* When you file a request for a hearing before an administrative law judge in connection with a claim for benefits based on disability where the question of whether you are under a disability as defined in § 404.1505 is at issue, the adjudication officer will conduct an interview with you. The interview may take place in person, by telephone, or by videoconference, as the adjudication officer determines is appropriate under the circumstances of your case. If you file a request for an extension of time to request a hearing in accordance with § 404.933(c), the adjudication officer may develop information on, and may decide in wholly favorable decisions that you had good cause for missing the deadline for requesting a hearing. To determine whether you had good cause for missing the deadline, the adjudication officer will use the standards contained in § 404.911.

(2) *Representation.* The adjudication officer will provide you with information regarding the hearing process, including your right to representation. As may be appropriate, the adjudication officer will provide you with referral sources for representation, and give you copies of necessary documents to facilitate the appointment of a representative. If you have a representative, the adjudication officer will conduct an informal conference with the representative, in person or by telephone, to identify the issues in dispute and prepare written agreements regarding those issues which are not in dispute and those issues proposed for the hearing. If you decide to proceed without representation, the AO may hold an informal conference with you. If you obtain representation subsequent to the AO's conclusion that your case is ready for a hearing, your case will be returned to the AO who will conduct an informal conference with you and your representative.

(3) *Evidence.* You, or your representative, may submit, or may be asked to obtain and submit, additional evidence to the adjudication officer. As the adjudication officer determines is appropriate under the circumstances of your case, the adjudication officer may refer the claim for further medical or vocational evidence.

(4) *Referral for a hearing.* The adjudication officer will refer the prepared claim to the administrative law judge for a hearing when the development of evidence is complete, and you or your representative agree that a hearing is ready to be held. At this

point, the administrative law judge conducts all further hearing proceedings, including scheduling and holding a hearing and issuing a decision or dismissal of your request for a hearing, as may be appropriate.

(c)(1) *Wholly favorable decisions issued by an adjudication officer.* (i) If, after a hearing is requested but before it is held, the adjudication officer decides that the evidence in your case warrants a decision which is wholly favorable to you, the adjudication officer may issue such a decision. For purposes of the tests authorized under this section, the adjudication officer's decision shall be considered to be a decision as defined in § 404.901.

(ii) If the adjudication officer issues a decision under this section, it will be in writing and will give the findings of fact and the reasons for the decision. The adjudication officer will evaluate the issues relevant to determining whether or not you are disabled in accordance with the provisions of the Social Security Act, the rules in this part and part 422 of this chapter and applicable Social Security Rulings, which are available from the Superintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. For cases in which the adjudication officer issues a decision, he or she may determine your residual functional capacity in the same manner that an administrative law judge is authorized to do so in § 404.1546. The adjudication officer may also evaluate the severity of your mental impairments in the same manner that an administrative law judge is authorized to do so under § 404.1520a. The adjudication officer's decision will be based on the evidence which is included in the record and, subject to paragraph (c)(2) of this section, will complete the actions that will be taken on your request for hearing. A copy of the decision will be mailed to all parties at their last known address. We will tell you in the notice that the administrative law judge will not hold a hearing unless a party to the hearing requests that the hearing proceed. A request to proceed with the hearing must be made in writing within 30 days after the date the notice of the decision of the adjudication officer is mailed.

(2) *Effect of a decision by an adjudication officer.* A decision by an adjudication officer which is wholly favorable to you under this section, and notification thereof, completes the administrative action on your request for hearing and is binding on all parties to the hearing and not subject to further review, unless—