location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. App. 1354(a), 1421 and 1423; 49 U.S.C. 106(g); and 14 CFR 11.89.

§39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

British Aerospace Airbus Limited (Formerly British Aerospace Commercial Aircraft Limited, British Aerospace Aircraft Group): Docket 94–NM–184–AD.

Applicability: All Model BAC 1–11 200 and 400 series airplanes, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must use the authority provided in paragraph (d) to request approval from the FAA. This approval may address either no action, if the current configuration eliminates the unsafe condition; or different actions necessary to address the unsafe condition described in this AD. Such a request should include an assessment of the effect of the changed configuration on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. In no case does the presence of any modification, alteration, or repair remove any airplane from the applicability of this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To ensure the structural integrity of the wing, accomplish the following:

(a) Prior to the accumulation of 12,000 total landings or within 1,500 landings after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, perform a close visual and dye penetrant inspection to detect cracks in panel number 1 at rib 6 and in panel number 2 at rib 10 of the lower skin of the wing, in accordance with British Aerospace Alert Service Bulletin 57–A–PM5992, Issue 1, dated October 14, 1992.

(1) If no crack is detected, repeat the inspections thereafter at intervals not to exceed 8,000 landings.

(2) If any crack is detected at rib 6, prior to further flight, repair panel number 1 in accordance with the alert service bulletin. Accomplishment of this repair constitutes terminating action for the repetitive inspections of panel number 1 as required by this paragraph.

(3) If any crack is detected at rib 10, prior to further flight, repair panel number 2 in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate.

(b) Prior to the accumulation of 30,000 total landings or within 1,500 landings after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, perform an eddy current inspection to detect cracks in the rebate radius of panel number 2 at the joint between panels 1 and 2 of lower skin of the wing, in accordance with British Aerospace Alert Service Bulletin 57–A–PM5992, Issue 1, dated October 14, 1992.

(1) If no crack is detected, repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 8,000 landings.

(2) If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, repair panel number 2 in accordance with the alert service bulletin. Accomplishment of this repair constitutes terminating action for the repetitive inspections of panel number 2 as required by this paragraph.

(c) Prior to the accumulation of 30,000 total landings or within 1,500 landings after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later, perform a close visual inspection to detect cracks in the top and bottom flanges of fixed ribs 6, 10, and 14 of the leading edge of the wing, in accordance with British Aerospace Alert Service Bulletin 57–A– PM5992, Issue 1, dated October 14, 1992.

(1) If no crack is detected, repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 8,000 landings.

(2) If any crack is detected, prior to further flight, replace the cracked rib with a new rib, in accordance with the alert service bulletin. Prior to the accumulation of 30,000 total landings on the newly installed rib, perform a close visual inspection to detect cracks on the newly installed rib in accordance with the service bulletin. Repeat the inspection thereafter at intervals not to exceed 8,000 landings.

(d) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Standardization Branch, ANM–113.

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on June 5, 1995.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 95–14169 Filed 6–8–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 94-NM-232-AD]

Airworthiness Directives; Fokker Model F28 Mark 0100 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT. ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Fokker Model F28 Mark 0100 series airplanes. This proposal would require modification of the rear spar-tofuselage attachment. This proposal is prompted by a report indicating that, during full-scale fatigue tests on a Model F28 Mark 0100 test article, cracking was found in the coupling plate and web plate of the rear spar end fitting at the attachment to the main frame at fuselage station 17011 due to fatigue-related stress. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent fatigue-related cracking in the rear spar-to-fuselage attachment which, if not detected and corrected in a timely manner, could result in reduced structural integrity of the wing.

DATES: Comments must be received by July 21, 1995.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 94–NM– 232–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Fokker Aircraft USA, Inc., 1199 North Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia 22314. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tim Dulin, Aerospace Engineer, Standardization Branch, ANM–113, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton,