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equivalent system to achieve a sufficient level of pollutant reduction. Facilities must demonstrate that the appropriate pollution control technology is properly maintained and operated.

For Direct Dischargers

Pollution prevention allowable discharge (for PFPR/Manufacturers) means: the quantity of/concentrations in all PFPR process wastewaters that remain after a facility has demonstrated that it is using the specified practices of the Pollution Prevention Alternative as listed and that have been treated using appropriate pollution control technologies which can be used individually or in conjunction with Manufacturer's treatment systems or one another as listed in Appendix C, or an equivalent system to achieve a sufficient level of pollutant reduction. Facilities must demonstrate that the appropriate pollution control technology is properly maintained and operated.

The following provisions apply to existing and new indirect discharge PFPR and PFPR/Manufacturers:

Pretreatment Standards for Existing Sources (PSES) for Subcategory C

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, any existing source subject to this subpart which introduces pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works must comply with 40 CFR part 403 and achieve the pretreatment standards for existing sources as follows: There shall be no discharge of process wastewater pollutants.

(b) Any pesticides formulating, packaging and repackaging facility may use the Pollution Prevention Alternative when it demonstrates that it has met the requirements of the Pollution Prevention Alternative listed on Table B-1 and Table B-2 (or received a modification for requirements on Table B-2) and has notified the pretreatment authority of their intent and has made a written statement of certification to be kept on-site concerning these practices and has kept any necessary paperwork on-site and readily available for pretreatment authorities. This paperwork shall: (1) Describe the facility specific practices which are to be practiced as part of the Pollution Prevention Alternative; (2) describe any justification allowing modification to practices listed on Table B-2; (3) include a written discussion demonstrating that the treatment system being used contains the appropriate treatment technologies for removing PAIs; (4) establish a method for demonstrating to the pretreatment authority that the treatment system is well operated and maintained; and (5) include a discussion of the rationale for choosing the method of demonstration. Any wastewater from the formulating, packaging and repackaging of pesticides at any existing facility which has been described in this paragraph and which introduces pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works must comply with 40 CFR part 403 and achieve the pretreatment standards for existing sources as follows: There shall be allowed a pollution prevention allowable discharge of wastewater pollutants, as defined in the Specialized Definition Section.

Pretreatment Standards for New Sources (PSNS) for Subcategory C

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, any new source subject to this subpart which introduces pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works must comply with 40 CFR part 403 and achieve the pretreatment standards for new sources as follows: There shall be no discharge of process wastewater pollutants.

(b) Any new pesticides formulating, packaging and repackaging facility may use the Pollution Prevention Alternative when it demonstrates that it has met the requirements of the Pollution Prevention Alternative listed on Table B-1 and Table B-2 (or received a modification for requirements on Table B-2) and has notified the pretreatment authority of their intent and has made a written statement of certification to be kept on-site concerning these practices and has kept any necessary paperwork on-site and readily available for pretreatment authorities. This paperwork shall: (1) describe the facility specific practices which are to be practiced as part of the Pollution Prevention Alternative; (2) describe any justification allowing modification to practices listed on Table B-2; (3) include a written discussion demonstrating that the treatment system being used contains the appropriate treatment technologies for removing PAIs; (4) establish a method for demonstrating to the pretreatment authority that the treatment system is well operated and maintained; and (5) include a discussion of the rationale for choosing the method of demonstration. Any wastewater from the formulating, packaging and repackaging of pesticides at any new facility which has been described in this paragraph and which introduces pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works must comply with 40 CFR part 403 and achieve the pretreatment standards for new sources as follows: There shall be allowed a pollution prevention allowable discharge of wastewater pollutants, as defined in the Specialized Definitions Section.