judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements (see section 307(b)(2)).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hydrocarbons, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone.

Dated: February 28, 1995.

Carol M. Browner,

Administrator.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, part 52, chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 52—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.

Subpart O-Illinois

Section 52.741 is amended by adding a new paragraph (x)(7) and revising paragraph (z)(4) as follows:

§ 52.741 Control strategy: Ozone control measures for Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties.

(x) * * * * *

- (7) The control, recordkeeping, and monitoring requirements in this paragraph apply to the aluminum rolling mills at the Reynolds Metals Company's McCook Sheet & Plate Plant in McCook, Illinois (Cook County) instead of the control requirements and test methods in the other parts of paragraph (x), and the recordkeeping requirements in paragraph (y) of this section. All of the following requirements must be met by Reynolds on and after July 7, 1995.
- (i) Only organic lubricants with initial and final boiling points between 460 degrees F and 635 degrees F, as determined by a distillation range test using ASTM method D86-90, are allowed to be used at Reynolds' aluminum sheet cold rolling mills numbers 1 and 7. All incoming shipments of organic lubricant for the number 1 and 7 mills must be sampled and each sample must undergo a distillation range test to determine the initial and final boiling points using ASTM method D86-90. A grab rolling lubricant sample shall be taken from each operating mill on a monthly basis and each sample must undergo a distillation range test, to determine the

initial and final boiling points, using ASTM method D86–90.

- (ii) An oil/water emulsion, with no more than 15 percent by weight of petroleum-based oil and additives, shall be the only lubricant used at Reynolds' aluminum sheet and plate hot rolling mills, 120 inch, 96 inch, 80 inch, and 145 inch mills. A grab rolling lubricant sample shall be taken from each operating mill on a monthly basis and each sample shall be tested for the percent by weight of petroleum-based oil and additives by ASTM Method D95–83.
- (iii) The temperature of the inlet supply of rolling lubricant for aluminum sheet cold rolling mills numbers 1 and 7 shall not exceed 150 °F, as measured at or after (but prior to the lubricant nozzles) the inlet sump. The temperature of the inlet supply of rolling lubricant for the aluminum sheet and plate hot rolling mills, 120 inch, 96 inch, 80 inch, and 145 inch mills shall not exceed 200 °F, as measured at or after (but prior to the lubricant nozzles) the inlet sump. Coolant temperatures shall be monitored at all the rolling mills by use of thermocouple probes and chart recorders or electronic data recorders.
- (iv) All distillation test results for cold mill lubricants, all percent oil test results for hot mill lubricants, all coolant temperature recording charts and/or temperature data obtained from electronic data recorders, and all oil/water emulsion formulation records, shall be kept on file, and be available for inspection by USEPA, for three years.

* * * * * (z) * * *

(4) 40 CFR 52.741(e), only as it applies to Riverside Laboratories Incorporated, is stayed from June 12, 1992, until USEPA completes its reconsideration for Riverside.

[FR Doc. 95–6002 Filed 3–9–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

40 CFR Part 63

[FRL-5170-1]

Approval of Delegation of Authority; National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants; Coke Oven Batteries; Utah

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Direct final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is granting delegation of authority to the State of Utah to implement and enforce the National

Emission Standards for Coke Oven Batteries. The Governor of Utah requested delegation from EPA Region VIII in a letter dated August 18, 1994. EPA has reviewed the application and has reached a decision that the State of Utah has satisfied all of the requirements necessary to qualify for approval of delegation. The effect of this action allows the State of Utah to implement and enforce Clean Air Act standards for coke oven batteries. **DATES:** This action is effective May 9, 1995 unless adverse comments are received by April 10, 1995. If the effective date is delayed due to comments, timely notice will be published in the **Federal Register**. ADDRESSES: Written comments should be submitted to Patricia D. Hull, Director, Air, Radiation & Toxics Division, Environmental Protection Agency, Region VIII, 999 18th Street, Suite 500, Denver, Colorado 80202-2466 and concurrently to Russell A. Roberts, Director, Division of Air Quality, Department of Environmental Quality, 1950 West North Temple, Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4820. A docket

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: T. Scott Whitmore at (303) 293–1758.

containing State of Utah's submittal is

available for public inspection during

normal business hours at the above

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

locations.

The 1990 Amendments to the Clean Air Act provide a congressional mandate to establish emission standards regulating coke oven emissions. Under section 112(d)(8), the EPA must promulgate standards based on specified minimum requirements and work practice regulations. On October 27, 1993, the EPA met this requirement by promulgating in the Federal Register (58 FR 57534) the national standards for coke oven emissions. The standard applies to all existing coke oven batteries, including by-product and nonrecovery coke oven batteries, and to all new coke oven batteries constructed on or after December 4, 1992.

On August 18, 1994 the Governor of Utah requested delegation of authority to implement and enforce 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart L, National Emission Standards for Coke Oven Batteries. Prior to this request, the State of Utah implemented the criteria for delegation as described in 40 CFR 63.91(b), *Criteria common to all approval options*. Criteria for approval to delegate include a written finding by the State Attorney General that the State has the necessary legal authority to implement and