use of best information available (BIA) is appropriate for Taekwang Bend Ind. Co., Inc. (Taekwang), the South Korean company which accounts for more than 60 percent of all exports of the subject merchandise to the U.S. during the POI. Because Taekwang did not respond to the Department's questionnaire, we find that it did not cooperate in this investigation.

Our BIA methodology for uncooperative respondents is to assign the higher of the highest margin alleged in the petition or the highest rate calculated for another respondent. Accordingly, as BIA, we are assigning the highest margin among the margins alleged in the petition and subsequent amendments to the petition, adjusted for methodological errors as explained in the Department's initiation notice. See Final Determination of Sales At Less Than Fair Value: Antifriction Bearings (Other Than Tapered Roller Bearings) and Parts Thereof From the Federal Republic of Germany (54 FR 18992, 19033, May 3, 1989). The Department's methodology for assigning BIA has been upheld by the U.S. Court of Appeals of the Federal Circuit. (see Allied Signal Aerospace Co. v. United States, 996 F.2d 1185 (Fed. Cir. 1993)); see also Krupp Stahl, AG et al. v. United States, 822 F. Supp. 789 (CIT 1993)). The assigned BIA margin is the same margin that was assigned for the preliminary determination.

## Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d)(1) of the Act, (19 U.S.C. 1673b(d)(1)), we are directing the U.S. Customs Service to continue to suspend liquidation of all entries of pipe fittings from South Korea, as defined in the "Scope of Investigation" section of this notice, that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register. The Customs Service shall require a cash deposit or posting of a bond equal to the estimated amount by which the foreign market value of the subject merchandise exceeds the United States price as shown below. The suspension of liquidation will remain in effect until further notice.

Manufacturer/Producer/Exporter	Weighted average margin percent
All Companies	207.89

International Trade Commission (ITC) Notification

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we have notified the ITC of our determination. As our final determination is affirmative, the ITC will determine whether imports of the subject merchandise are materially injuring, or threaten material injury to, the U.S. industry within 45 days.

If the ITC determines that material injury or threat of material injury does not exist, the proceedings will be terminated and all securities posted as a result of the suspension of liquidation will be refunded or cancelled. However, if the ITC determines that such injury does exist, we will issue an antidumping duty order directing Customs officers to assess an antidumping duty on pipe fittings from South Korea entered or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of suspension of liquidation.

### Notification to Interested Parties

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) in this investigation of their responsibility covering the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 353.34(d). Failure to comply is a violation of the APO.

This determination is published pursuant to section 735(d) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673d(d)) and 19 CFR 353.20(a)(4).

Dated: February 16, 1995.
Barbara R. Stafford,
Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.
[FR Doc. 95–4719 Filed 2–24–95; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

## [A-549-809]

# Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Carbon Steel Butt-Weld Pipe Fittings From Thailand

**AGENCY:** Import Administration.

International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: February 27, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Vincent Kane or Julie Anne Osgood,
Office of Countervailing Investigations,
Import Administration, International
Trade Administration, U.S. Department
of Commerce, 14th Street and
Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington,
DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–2815 or
482–0167, respectively.

#### Final Determination

We determine that certain carbon steel butt-weld pipe fittings exported by Awaji Sangyo (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (AST), from Thailand are being sold in the United States at less than fair value, as provided in section 735 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the "Act"). The estimated margin is shown in the "Suspension of Liquidation" section of this notice.

### Case History

Since the publication of the preliminary determination in the Federal Register on October 4, 1994 (59 FR 50568), the following events have occurred:

On November 14, 1994, we published in the Federal Register a notice postponing the publication of the final determination in this case until February 16, 1995 (59 FR 56461). From October 20 to October 26, 1994, we verified the sales information of AST at its offices in Samutprakarn, Thailand. From December 2 to December 6, 1994, we verified AST's cost of production and constructed value data. On January 23 and January 30, 1995, petitioner and respondent submitted case and rebuttal briefs to the Department. A public hearing in this investigation was held on February 6, 1995.

We note that all other producers and exporters of the subject merchandise in Thailand, which export to the United States, are subject to an antidumping duty order currently in effect for this merchandise. (See 57 FR 29702, July 6, 1992.) AST was excluded from this order because in the previous investigation, the Department found its margin of sales at less than fair value at that time to be *de minimis*.

## Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are certain carbon steel butt-weld pipe fittings having an inside diameter of less than fourteen inches (355 millimeters), imported in either finished or unfinished condition. Pipe fittings are formed of forged steel products used to join pipe sections in piping systems where conditions require permanent welded connections, as distinguished from fittings based on other methods of fastening (e.g., threaded, grooved, or bolted fittings). Butt-weld fittings come in a variety of shapes which include "elbows," "tees," "caps," and "reducers." The edges of finished pipe fittings are beveled, so that when a fitting is placed against the end of a pipe (the ends of which have also been beveled), a shallow channel is created to accommodate the "bead" of