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[Report No. 110-59]

To promote accessibility, accountability, and openness in Government by strengthening section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act), and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 13, 2007

Mr. Leahy (for himself, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Specter, Mr. Feingold, Mr. Kerry, Mr. Isakson, Mr. Brown, Mr. Cardin, and Ms. Landrieu) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

APRIL 30, 2007 Reported by Mr. LEAHY, without amendment

A BILL

- To promote accessibility, accountability, and openness in Government by strengthening section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act), and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Openness Promotes
3	Effectiveness in our National Government Act of 2007"
4	or the "OPEN Government Act of 2007".
5	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
6	Congress finds that—
7	(1) the Freedom of Information Act was signed
8	into law on July 4, 1966, because the American peo-
9	ple believe that—
10	(A) our constitutional democracy, our sys-
11	tem of self-government, and our commitment to
12	popular sovereignty depends upon the consent
13	of the governed;
14	(B) such consent is not meaningful unless
15	it is informed consent; and
16	(C) as Justice Black noted in his concur-
17	ring opinion in Barr v. Matteo (360 U.S. 564
18	(1959)), "The effective functioning of a free
19	government like ours depends largely on the
20	force of an informed public opinion. This calls
21	for the widest possible understanding of the
22	quality of government service rendered by all
23	elective or appointed public officials or employ-
24	ees.";

- 1 (2) the American people firmly believe that our 2 system of government must itself be governed by a 3 presumption of openness;
 - (3) the Freedom of Information Act establishes a "strong presumption in favor of disclosure" as noted by the United States Supreme Court in United States Department of State v. Ray (502 U.S. 164 (1991)), a presumption that applies to all agencies governed by that Act;
 - (4) "disclosure, not secrecy, is the dominant objective of the Act," as noted by the United States Supreme Court in Department of Air Force v. Rose (425 U.S. 352 (1976));
 - (5) in practice, the Freedom of Information Act has not always lived up to the ideals of that Act; and
 - (6) Congress should regularly review section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act), in order to determine whether further changes and improvements are necessary to ensure that the Government remains open and accessible to the American people and is always based not upon the "need to know" but upon the fundamental "right to know".

SEC. 3. PROTECTION OF FEE STATUS FOR NEWS MEDIA. 2 Section 552(a)(4)(A)(ii) of title 5, United States 3 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: 4 "In making a determination of a representative of the 5 news media under subclause (II), an agency may not deny that status solely on the basis of the absence of institu-7 tional associations of the requester, but shall consider the prior publication history of the requester. Prior publica-9 tion history shall include books, magazine and newspaper 10 articles, newsletters, television and radio broadcasts, and 11 Internet publications. If the requestor has no prior publication history or current affiliation, the agency shall con-12 13 sider the requestor's stated intent at the time the request is made to distribute information to a reasonably broad audience.". 15 SEC. 4. RECOVERY OF ATTORNEY FEES AND LITIGATION 17 COSTS. 18 Section 552(a)(4)(E) of title 5, United States Code, 19 is amended— (1) by inserting "(i)" after "(E)"; and 20 21 (2) by adding at the end the following: 22 "(ii) For purposes of this section, a 23 complainant has substantially prevailed if 24 the complainant has obtained relief

through either—

1	"(I) a judicial order, an adminis-
2	trative action, or an enforceable writ-
3	ten agreement or consent decree; or
4	"(II) a voluntary or unilateral
5	change in position by the opposing
6	party, where the complaintant's claim
7	or defense was not frivolous.".
8	SEC. 5. DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS FOR ARBITRARY AND CA
9	PRICIOUS REJECTIONS OF REQUESTS.
10	Section 552(a)(4)(F) of title 5, United States Code
11	is amended—
12	(1) by inserting "(i)" after "(F)"; and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(ii) The Attorney General shall—
15	"(I) notify the Special Counsel of each civil ac-
16	tion described under the first sentence of clause (i)
17	and
18	"(II) annually submit a report to Congress or
19	the number of such civil actions in the preceding
20	year.
21	"(iii) The Special Counsel shall annually submit a re-
22	port to Congress on the actions taken by the Special Coun-
23	sel under clause (i).".
24	SEC. 6. TIME LIMITS FOR AGENCIES TO ACT ON REQUESTS
25	(a) Time Limits.—

(1) In General.—Section 552(a)(6)(A)(i) of 1 2 title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting 3 ", and the 20-day period shall commence on the date 4 on which the request is first received by the agency, 5 and shall not be tolled without the consent of the party filing the request" after "adverse determina-6 tion". 7 8 (2) Effective date.—The amendment made 9 by this subsection shall take effect 1 year after the 10 date of enactment of this Act. 11 (b) AVAILABILITY OF AGENCY EXEMPTIONS.— 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 552(a)(6) of title 5, 13 United States Code, is amended by adding at the 14 end the following: "(G)(i) If an agency fails to comply with the applica-15 ble time limit provisions of this paragraph with respect to a request, the agency may not assert any exemption 17 under subsection (b) to that request, unless disclosure— 18 19 "(I) would endanger the national security of the 20 United States; 21 "(II) would disclose personal private informa-22 tion protected by section 552a or proprietary infor-23 mation; or "(III) is otherwise prohibited by law. 24

1	"(ii) A court may waive the application of clause (i)
2	if the agency demonstrates by clear and convincing evi-
3	dence that there was good cause for the failure to comply
4	with the applicable time limit provisions.".
5	(2) Effective date and application.—The
6	amendment made by this subsection shall take effect
7	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act and
8	apply to requests for information under section 552
9	of title 5, United States Code, filed on or after that
10	effective date.
11	SEC. 7. INDIVIDUALIZED TRACKING NUMBERS FOR RE-
12	QUESTS AND STATUS INFORMATION.
13	(a) In General.—Section 552(a) of title 5, United
14	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
15	Lovena
	lowing:
16	"(7) Each agency shall—
16 17	
	"(7) Each agency shall—
17	"(7) Each agency shall— "(A) establish a system to assign an individual-
17 18	"(7) Each agency shall— "(A) establish a system to assign an individual- ized tracking number for each request for informa-
17 18 19	"(7) Each agency shall— "(A) establish a system to assign an individual- ized tracking number for each request for informa- tion under this section;
17 18 19 20	"(7) Each agency shall— "(A) establish a system to assign an individual- ized tracking number for each request for informa- tion under this section; "(B) not later than 10 days after receiving a
17 18 19 20 21	"(7) Each agency shall— "(A) establish a system to assign an individual- ized tracking number for each request for informa- tion under this section; "(B) not later than 10 days after receiving a request, provide each person making a request with

1	request to the person making the request using the
2	assigned tracking number, including—
3	"(i) the date on which the agency origi-
4	nally received the request; and
5	"(ii) an estimated date on which the agen-
6	cy will complete action on the request.".
7	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION.—The
8	amendment made by this section shall take effect 1 year
9	after the date of enactment of this Act and apply to re-
10	quests for information under section 552 of title 5, United
11	States Code, filed on or after that effective date.
12	SEC. 8. SPECIFIC CITATIONS IN EXEMPTIONS.
13	Section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code, is
14	amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by
17	statute (other than section 552b of this title), pro-
18	vided that such statute—
19	"(A) if enacted after the date of enactment
20	of the Openness Promotes Effectiveness in our
21	National Government Act of 2005, specifically
22	cites to this section; and
23	"(B)(i) requires that the matters be with-
24	held from the public in such a manner as to
25	leave no discretion on the issue; or

1	"(ii) establishes particular criteria for
2	withholding or refers to particular types of mat-
3	ters to be withheld;".
4	SEC. 9. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
5	(a) In General.—Section 552(e)(1) of title 5,
6	United States Code, is amended—
7	(1) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by inserting after
8	the first comma "the number of occasions on which
9	each statute was relied upon,";
10	(2) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "and av-
11	erage" after "median";
12	(3) in subparagraph (E), by inserting before the
13	semicolon ", based on the date on which the requests
14	were received by the agency";
15	(4) by redesignating subparagraphs (F) and
16	(G) as subparagraphs (N) and (O), respectively; and
17	(5) by inserting after subparagraph (E) the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(F) the average number of days for the
20	agency to respond to a request beginning on the
21	date on which the request was received by the
22	agency, the median number of days for the
23	agency to respond to such requests, and the
24	range in number of days for the agency to re-
25	spond to such requests:

1	"(G) based on the number of business days
2	that have elapsed since each request was origi-
3	nally received by the agency—
4	"(i) the number of requests for
5	records to which the agency has responded
6	with a determination within a period up to
7	and including 20 days, and in 20-day in-
8	crements up to and including 200 days;
9	"(ii) the number of requests for
10	records to which the agency has responded
11	with a determination within a period great-
12	er than 200 days and less than 301 days;
13	"(iii) the number of requests for
14	records to which the agency has responded
15	with a determination within a period great-
16	er than 300 days and less than 401 days;
17	and
18	"(iv) the number of requests for
19	records to which the agency has responded
20	with a determination within a period great-
21	er than 400 days;
22	"(H) the average number of days for the
23	agency to provide the granted information be-
24	ginning on the date on which the request was
25	originally filed, the median number of days for

1	the agency to provide the granted information,
2	and the range in number of days for the agency
3	to provide the granted information;
4	"(I) the median and average number of
5	days for the agency to respond to administra-
6	tive appeals based on the date on which the ap-
7	peals originally were received by the agency, the
8	highest number of business days taken by the
9	agency to respond to an administrative appeal,
10	and the lowest number of business days taken
11	by the agency to respond to an administrative
12	appeal;
13	"(J) data on the 10 active requests with
14	the earliest filing dates pending at each agency,
15	including the amount of time that has elapsed
16	since each request was originally received by the
17	agency;
18	"(K) data on the 10 active administrative
19	appeals with the earliest filing dates pending
20	before the agency as of September 30 of the
21	preceding year, including the number of busi-
22	ness days that have elapsed since the requests
23	were originally received by the agency;

"(L) the number of expedited review re-

quests that are granted and denied, the average

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1	and median number of days for adjudicating ex-
2	pedited review requests, and the number adju-
3	dicated within the required 10 days;
4	"(M) the number of fee waiver requests
5	that are granted and denied, and the average
6	and median number of days for adjudicating fee
7	waiver determinations;".
8	(b) Applicability to Agency and Each Prin-
9	CIPAL COMPONENT OF THE AGENCY.—Section 552(e) of
10	title 5, United States Code, is amended—
11	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through
12	(5) as paragraphs (3) through (6), respectively; and
13	(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(2) Information in each report submitted
16	under paragraph (1) shall be expressed in terms of
17	each principal component of the agency and for the
18	agency overall.".
19	(c) Public Availability of Data.—Section
20	552(e)(3) of title 5, United States Code, (as redesignated
21	by subsection (b) of this section) is amended by adding
22	after the period "In addition, each agency shall make the
23	raw statistical data used in its reports available electroni-
24	cally to the public upon request.".

1	SEC. 10. OPENNESS OF AGENCY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY
2	A PRIVATE ENTITY.
3	Section 552(f) of title 5, United States Code, is
4	amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"(2) 'record' and any other term used in this
7	section in reference to information includes—
8	"(A) any information that would be an
9	agency record subject to the requirements of
10	this section when maintained by an agency in
11	any format, including an electronic format; and
12	"(B) any information described under sub-
13	paragraph (A) that is maintained for an agency
14	by an entity under a contract between the agen-
15	cy and the entity.".
16	SEC. 11. OFFICE OF GOVERNMENT INFORMATION SERV-
17	ICES.
18	(a) In General.—Chapter 5 of title 5, United
19	States Code, is amended—
20	(1) by redesignating section 596 as section 597;
21	and
22	(2) by inserting after section 595 the following:
23	"§ 596. Office of Government Information Services
24	"(a) There is established the Office of Government
25	Information Services within the Administrative Con-
26	ference of the United States

1	"(b) The Office of Government Information Services
2	shall—
3	"(1) review policies and procedures of adminis-
4	trative agencies under section 552 and compliance
5	with that section by administrative agencies;
6	"(2) conduct audits of administrative agencies
7	on such policies and compliance and issue reports
8	detailing the results of such audits;
9	"(3) recommend policy changes to Congress
10	and the President to improve the administration of
11	section 552, including whether agencies are receiving
12	and expending adequate funds to ensure compliance
13	with that section; and
14	"(4) offer mediation services between persons
15	making requests under section 552 and administra-
16	tive agencies as a non-exclusive alternative to litiga-
17	tion and, at the discretion of the Office, issue advi-
18	sory opinions if mediation has not resolved the dis-
19	pute.".
20	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
21	The table of sections for chapter 5 of title 5, United States
22	Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section
23	596 and inserting the following:

[&]quot;596. Office of Government Information Services.

[&]quot;597. Authorization of appropriations.".

1	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
2	this section shall take effect 1 year after the date of enact-
3	ment of this Act.
4	SEC. 12. ACCESSIBILITY OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE
5	INFORMATION.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than January 1 of each
7	of the 3 years following the date of the enactment of this
8	Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall
9	submit to Congress a report on the implementation and
10	use of section 214 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
11	(6 U.S.C. 133), including—
12	(1) the number of persons in the private sector,
13	and the number of State and local agencies, that vol-
14	untarily furnished records to the Department under
15	this section;
16	(2) the number of requests for access to records
17	granted or denied under this section;
18	(3) such recommendations as the Comptroller
19	General considers appropriate regarding improve-
20	ments in the collection and analysis of sensitive in-
21	formation held by persons in the private sector, or
22	by State and local agencies, relating to vulnerabili-
23	ties of and threats to critical infrastructure, includ-
24	ing the response to such vulnerabilities and threats;
25	and

1	(4) an examination of whether the nondisclo-
2	sure of such information has led to the increased
3	protection of critical infrastructure.
4	(b) FORM.—The report shall be submitted in unclas-
5	sified form, but may include a classified annex.
6	SEC. 13. REPORT ON PERSONNEL POLICIES RELATED TO
7	FOIA.
8	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
9	of this Act, the Office of Personnel Management shall sub-
10	mit to Congress a report that examines—
11	(1) whether changes to executive branch per-
12	sonnel policies could be made that would—
13	(A) provide greater encouragement to all
14	Federal employees to fulfill their duties under
15	section 552 of title 5, United States Code; and
16	(B) enhance the stature of officials admin-
17	istering that section within the executive
18	branch;
19	(2) whether performance of compliance with
20	section 552 of title 5, United States Code, should be
21	included as a factor in personnel performance eval-
22	uations for any or all categories of Federal employ-
23	ees and officers;

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- (3) whether an employment classification series specific to compliance with sections 552 and 552a of title 5, United States Code, should be established;
 - (4) whether the highest level officials in particular agencies administering such sections should be paid at a rate of pay equal to or greater than a particular minimum rate; and
 - (5) whether other changes to personnel policies can be made to ensure that there is a clear career advancement track for individuals interested in devoting themselves to a career in compliance with such sections; and
 - (6) whether the executive branch should require any or all categories of Federal employees to undertake awareness training of such sections.

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A BILL

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April 30, 2007

Reported without amendment