

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JOSEPH McCARTHY

PART 19 OF 28

BUFILE NUMBER: 121-23278 (SUB A)

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FILE NUMBER 121-23278-A
SECTION NUMBER

108 pages

Democrat Say McCarthy Case May Be 'Hoax'

w Karsten of Missouri Calls Many Charges Old, Asks Inquiry

By Cecil Holland

Reples ntative Karsten, Demoof Missouri today urged an : (See COMMUNISTS, Page A-3.) tor Tydings Saturday, covered investigation to determine whether a 'boax, a deceit or a fraud" he, been practiced on the Americ people in the charges of Cormunism in the State Departmen

all of them" were investigated t years ago.

and on and hated "the decenterses Senator McCarthy has in the fraud and the intellectual dismind are of recent origin." the nonesty that are inveterate hand Missourian continued. "Any immaider of communism.

Karston to Speak in House.

He as ed-

"But for these very same reasons I would have complete con-Loupt or any one who, through Mr. Karsten added that in view figure and hoodwink the American of "vital importance" to deter-prople with the assertion that the mine whether the McCarthy ernment has harbored or is sata and he said: mated tith Communists."

from Senator McCarthy, who is in ple confused with distrust of their Phoeni Ariz, for treatment of a own Government at a time when uggestion was made in a state-unity of purpose in its history to ment in advance of a speech he meet the world menace of Soviet planner to give on the House floor Russia and the slavery and deairr in the day.

cw totable material" may be tained and disclosed." orlass discon.

he out came f rom Chairman e-man commitquestion Miss iblic session this lwen Lattimore

ar Tomorrow.

Senator McCarthy has accused Mr. Lattimore, Far Eastern affairs expert, of being a Communist and a Soviet agent who has influenced American policy in the Orient. He has indicated Miss a former Communist, will support his charges.

Mr. Lattimore, who has denied all the accusations, is scheduled the Senate group tomorrow.

In his statement, Mr. Karsten policies.

Communists

(Continued From First Page.)

Mr. Varsten said he had exar said many if not all of the cases med the cases cited by Senat cited by Senator McCarthy were Carthy, Republican, of Wiscoi investigated by a House Expendisin in his attacks on the State Ditures Subcommittee, or which he partment. He added that h was a member, and a House apanalysis shows that "many, if no propriations group more than two

Bouse committees two years age "The allegation has either been The Missourian said he demade or the impression conveyed tested communism as much a to the American people that these pression that the American people might have that this is a matter of recent origin is completely erroncous."

Karsten Calls for Facts.

deceit) fraud, would seek to in of strained work conditions it was partment of their Gov charges were rehashing old cases.

1 "I cannot in good conscience sit There was no immediate reply idly by and see the American peondition. Mr. Karsten's our Nation needs the greatest gradation which it would impose It came as the Senate Foreign on all mankind. It is important on all mankind. It is important in the interests of the country alling the McCarthy charges bean a busy week with a hint that! be looked into and the facts ob-

The hint of new material in the inquiry came from Senator Tydings in his weekly broadcast. Saying he had accumulated "a vast amount" of valuable material to be turned over to the committee, the chairman added:

". . . There are some things I happen to know that have never fully come out to the people and to the Senate and even to the committee In view of those things which may come to notice this week, it might be well for everyone to be a เหมือ ฮัลเซรม์, includ-

. ig our quin 4 self, on react conclusions and in this whole i

McCarthy 1

Senator Tydangs gave no hint of the material he has accumulated or on what phase of the committee's investigation of the McCarthy charges that they will ouch.

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ate

Senator McCarthy had a quick! Utley, who he has identified as retort, meanwhile, for the weekend denials by former Secretaries of State Hull, Byrnes and Marshall, and by Dean Acheson, present Secretary, that Mr. Lattimore, for a second appearance before had been "the principal architect" of this country's Far Eastern!

> the period from 1932 except the span when the late Edward Stettinius was secretary between the terms of Mr. Hull and Mr. Byrnes.

"If Mr. Lattimore was not the salesman for the Communist Party," the Associated Press reported Senator McCarthy as saying, "then I ask Mr. Acheson and his friends who did the selling jobs.'

"Almost Gone Bankrupt."

In a separate transcribed radio program broadcast here over the week end. Schator McCarthy renewed his criticism of President Truman and the Democratic members of the committee for the way the inquiry has been conducted.

He said he has "almost gone bankrupt" hiring former Federal Bureau of Investigation agents to develop facts which already are in Government files and which he should not have to develop. He alluded to FBI files which President Truman has denied the com-

"I believe Mr. Truman honestly,

thinks that the real criminal is not the Communist in Government but the man who tries to get him out." Senator McCarthy said.

He also charged that Senators Tydinus and McMahon of Connecticut, another Democratic member of the committee, were playing politics in the incurry. He added that committee investigators under Senator Tydings have "done nothing so far as investiga; ting is concurred." .

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Times-Herald _

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TULK

81 Red' Cases 2½ Years Old, House Is Told

Representative Frank M. Karsten (D., Mo.), vesterday provided documentation to show that the fimous '81 cases" of Senator Mc-Carthy (R. Wis), are two and one half years old and were previously investigated by two House su committees.

Karsten showed further that the second subcommittee inquiring into the question, with a Republican majority in the Eightieth Congress, concluded its investigation did not even warrant a report. bccause 'it was felt the State De philment was handling the situaton in a satisfactory manner."
The 81 cases of individuals a

ligedly employed by the State De-

partment and allegedly pro-Com-vestigation by the FBI and were munist or at a minimum poor approved by the State-Daparsecurity risks, were outlined to the ment. As of March, 1948, Karsten Senate in a speech by McCarthy said, this was true with respect to more than half of the 57. on February 20.

Taken From List of 108

Then, on March 10 and 12, 1948 dent's Loyalty Review Board. the same 108 cases were studied by a House Subcommittee on Expendi"The allegation has either begin tures in Executive Departments.

t) the two House Subcommittees. Karsten's analysis also provided ican people might have that this is the first suggestion of how Mc- a matter of recent origin is com-

present investigation of Commu-the 108 cases investigated. nist infiltration—of "57 card-carry- Would Probe for Hoax ing Communists in the State De-

Hearings Showed 57 Employed

the second House Subcommittee, American people." Karsten said, "hearings developed Karsten said he detested comthat 57 of the individuals were em- munism "as the most sinister, Godployed in March, 1948, and 51 were less concept ever conceived to et not employed. Of the 51 not em-slave mankind," and that he hated ployed. 23 had never worked for "the deceit, the fraud, the intethe State Department but were applicants for positions." The replicants for positions." The reremaining 28 had resigned or were
remaining 28 had resigned or were discharged.

McCarthy was actually talking deceit or fraud would seek to inabout employes or applicants for flame and hoodwink the American State Department jobs as of a date

2½ years ago.

And when he said that there were "now" 57 Communists in the department, he was referring to the fact that two years ago there idly by and see the American partment who, in preliminary investigation by the department's security division, were thought to be poor security risks.

Investigated and Approved

Manu of these, however, were subsequently given a full field in-all mankind."

As of today, The Washington The majority, if not all of them, Post learned yesterday, 40 of the Karsten said yesterday in a state-original 108 (and by the same ment and a House speech, are token, of the 57 and of the 81) are taken from a list of 108 cases con-still employed by the State Desidered during the making of fiscal partment. All have received full year 1949 appropriations for the security clearance through the State Department by a House Sub-State Department's loyalty procommittee on Appropriations cedure, and the postaudit of Presi-

made or the impression conveyed Karsten presented a parallel to the American people that there column analysis on nine of the cases Senator McCarthy has in cases to show similarity and often mind are of recent origin. . . . identity in language between Mc. There is nothing new about the Carthy's statement of the cases and majority, if not all, of the cases their summary in the 108 list given mentioned by Senator McCarthy.

Carthy arrived at a figure-used pletely erroneous. My analysis of in various of his Lincoln Day these cases shows that many, if not speeches that precipitated the all of them, were included among

"If so, inquiry should be made as to whether or not a hoax, a deceit or a fraud has been practiced Of the 108 cases considered by somewhere, by someone, upon the

But, he said, for the same Thus, it appears that in discussing reasons, "I would have complete contempt for anyone who, through people with the assertion that the State Department of their Government has harbored or is saturated

"I cannot, in good conscience, sit when our Nation needs the greates unity of purpose in its history to meet the world menace of Soviet Russia and the slavery and degre-

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"Any impression that the Amer-

with Communists.

dution which it would impose upon

THE WASHINGTON DAILY NEWS, WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1930-3

Amerasia Judge Wasn't Told of Jaffe's Red Ties

(NOTE: Almost five years ago the Amerasia case came to an obscure end in a rare Saturday session of District Court here, remarkable for the fact that the judge learned as little about the case as the public has before or since. Today Scripps-Howard Staff Writer Frederick Woltman, who has investigated the bewildering facets of the case which produced more stolen Government documents than Whitlaker Chambers, tells of this strange legal climax in the third of a series of

By FREDERICK WOLFMAN Scripps-Howard Staff Writer

Philip J. Jaffe's Communist record was not mentioned by the Government in the court hearing that wound up the Amerasia case of the stolen State Department docu-

Not a single reference to it appeared in the 15-page transcript of the court record.

Nor was the judge told that Amerasia magazine, which used confidential data from rifled State Department files on the Far East, was dedicated to the promotion of the Communist Party line on China.

This would have been of the utmost importance to the court. For the punishment to be meted out depended on Mr. Jaffe's motives and the use he made of the hundreds of secret State Department and Military and Naval intelligence records found in his office as editor of the magazine.

The Government recommended against a jail sentence. Consequently the key figure in the Amcrasia case escaped with a \$2500 fine after pleading guilty. the sensational evidence painstakingly dug up by the FBI was kept

from the public.

Mr. Jaffe pleaded guilty here in Washington on Sept. 29, 1945, before Justice James M. Proctor, a respected member of the Federal bench who now sits on the U.S. !Court.of Appeals,

The charge was "violation of Section Title XV888, United States Code, which is conspiracy to embezzie, steal and purloin property, records and valuable things of rec-ord and property of the United

Conduct of Case Was Unusual From Outset



JUDGE PROCTOR Make it brief

guides the court in fixing the penaltv.

When Albert Arent, defense attorney, asked permission to make a statement, Judge Proctor re-

"Please make it brief because I do not expect to hold any extended session here this morning."

Later, when the judge suggested the Government explain where it stood and asked how long that would take, Mr. Hitchcock replied: "Less than five minutes.

Not 'Disloyal Purpose'

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Conduct of Case Was Unusual From Outset

The hearing took place on a Saturday morning, when the District Court rarely sits. It got little attention.

Robert M. Hitchcock, Special Assistant Attorney General, permitted Mr. Jaffe's lawyer to make the "statement of facts." Ordinarily, in a guilty plea, that's the job of the prosecutor since it



MR. HITCHCOCK . Got a new job...



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Not 'Disloyal Purpose' but 'Journalistic Zeal'

Mr. Arent described his client as "for many years a student of Far Eastern affairs"; a graduate of Columbia with A. B. and M. A. degrees; a lecturer at Harvard, Vassar, Yale, Dartmouth and other schools

Among co-founders of his magazine Amerasia, the defense counsel said, "were distinguished academic people, scholars, political scientists like Owen Lattimore, head of the Walter Hines Page School of Di-plomacy and International Relations at Johns Hopkins . .

For eight years, he went on, Mr. Jaffe edited Amerasia "without compensation and at considerable sacrifice.

It circulated "amongst scholars and specialists in Far Eastern affairs and has found a place in the leading libraries and educational institutions of the country.

The Government does not contend that any of this material was used for any disloyal purpose," said Mr. Arent.

"If Mr. Jaffe has transgressed the law, it seems he has done so from an excess of journalistic zeal . .

Judge Proctor, interposing, remarked: "There is no doubt but what he has?

The indictment, declared Mr. Jaffe's attorneys, "charges a rela-

(Continued on Page 46)

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(Continued from Page 3)

tively minor violation which arose out of his anxiety to be accurately informed in the field of his scholarly and journalistic interest."

He urged that Mr. Jaffe's case be disposed of that morning because "the very grave illness of his wife."

Asked by the court if that was "a correct statement," the special assistant attorney general answered: "In substance, yes, Your Honor."

No Probation Officer Saw Jaffee 'Jacket'

Then Judge Proctor proposed that the probation officer investigate and report so that the case "take the usual course of such cases with a view to possible probation . . ."

Had that been done, the probation officer would have access to the Jaffe "jacket" in the United States Attorney's office. This includes the FBI "prosecutive summary report" as well as Mr. Jaffe's wast Communist background and vast Communist background and that of Amerasia.

Here Mr. Hitchcock told the court: "I assume that prior to the imposition of sentence, which I

think counsel hoped to be dispos of today inasmuch as we have t facts pertinent to the subject, th perhaps even a probation office would get not only from this c trict but would have to go to Ne York for, Your Honor may wish hear what the Government has say."

Mr. Jaffe, he went on, charged with conspiracy in taki and removing from Governme files, primarily the State Depa ment, Office of Naval Intelligen Strategic Services and War Info mation, certain documents that t long to these various agencies.

"The use to which they were p was, as I understand it, large background material that Mr. Jaf in the conduct of his Ameras magazine used to assist him in pul lishing articles and preparing arg ments that would lend to its weigh and, perhaps, its circulation. The magazine, we know as a matter of fact, was a losing proposition nancially."

Asked if the documents were used in such a way as to embarra: the Army or Navy in the conduct the war, Mr. Hitchcock sa there was no such evidence.
"To us," he went on, "it was



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Americans Shower McCarthy With Praise for Commie Fight

50,000 Messages of Encouragement
Pour in From All Sections of Nation

(This is the first of a scries of articles disclosing public reaction to the fight waged by Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin against Communists and Communist influence in the State department. The articles are based upon letters and telegrams deluging McCarthy since he began the one-man campaign.)

By JOHN FISHER

From all walks of life, from all sections of the nation, the neople are standing solidly behind Sen McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin in his demand for exposure of Communists in the

State department.

A random examination of the estimated 50,000 letters, cards and telegrams received by McCarthy since he made his charges of Communists in the department reveals a spontaneous upsurge of public sentiment in his behalf.

Most of the writers had no other wish than to give McCarthy encouragement in facing tremendous odds. They told of praying for him. They inquired if there is anything "ordinary citizens can do to help.

Many Contribute Money

Many, hearing that McCarthy was hard-pressed to finance his part of the investigation, and forced to cut his investigating staff, contributed money. The honations aren't large, usually a hollar or two, sometimes 10. They said they gave what they could afford to help him carry on the fight.

McCarthy has acknowledged spending about \$7,500 of his personal funds to date on expenses incurred in connection with his search for evidence to be furnished the Senate investigating committee, which has a staff and \$25,000 for probing McCarthy's charges.

Although McCarthy has made no appeal for help, he has accepted the donations in the spirit in which they were given.

in which they were given.

Following are some of the expianations given by the people who contributed.

Alliant Car

Disabled Vet Helps

A disabled veteran of World War I, described himself as nauper, sent a money order for it from Liberty, Mo., saying "the Democrats are leading us to war," and he would have sent McCarthy more money if not so poor.

From Mount Vernon, N. Y.:

"I'm a Democrat but I'm for you 100 per cent in this effort. The present Democratic leaders don't seem to realize that what's bad for the country is bad for the party. Enclosed please find check for \$0 to help in defraying the express of this very urgent patriotic effort."

From a Chicago couple describ-

From a Chicago couple describing themselves as "Mr. and Mrs. Democrat" came \$10 with the wisn "hope you have a million more converts to your cause."

Enclosed in a United Nations envelope, McCarthy received 22 with the explanation "this is the best I can do at this time; will repeat again in two weeks."

"Yankee Green Buck"

"Here is a Yankee green buck to lick a Communist Red buck," declared a donor from Aberdeen, and.

A government employe in Washington sent a dollar with an unsigned letter, saying "if my name were signed, and through any reason it would become known, my means of making a living would be abruptly terminated." But the letter said: "In my opinion, you and the few on your side of the aisle who have the guts to assist you are performing one of the greatest services to the country ever performed. Keep at it! It is way past time for America to wake up, so keep the alarm ringing."

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Wash. Star

N.Y. Mirror

Twenty-three other persons signed a joint letter, enclosing 23 crumpled dollar bills, "which e hasten to send today, realizing that under Truman's profligacy they may be worth less tomorrow." The letter continued:

"The undersigned, realizing the pressure under which you as a loyal, patriotic American, are laboring to bring to light the subversive activities of traitors and spies on our government pay rolls, consider it a privilege to be able to make this small contribution to help you carry on the fight."

"Token of Appreciation"

One of the most unusual letters ame from Chicago, and read:

"I am sending you herewish hive dollars for your personal use—some good cigars, a box of candy, or anything your pleasure desires. No acknowledgement is necessary.

"I am a poor man, 65 years old today, and since my social security benefits start today, I feel I can afford this little token of appreciation of your splendid service to our country. Your unseen friend."

"I heard last night on the radio program that you are having financial trouble after all the good you have done this country," said another letter from "working family of three." "I therefore pledge \$1 to help fight the elements that threaten this country and hope that more of my fellow-countrymen shall do the same."

Acheson Criticized

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A Connecticut man sent a dollar in behalf of his grandson, saying: "Sent in the hope that what you are attempting to do will succeed, and that my grandson may grow up in the same sort of a country that I grew up in. A man that will stick by Alger Hiss and permit a convicted Russian spy to return t Russia should not be Secretary of State—we need comeone about thom there is not the slightest doubt of his loyalty and love of this country."

A terse penciled note on white

wranning paper said: "A humble contribution for expense connetted with your excellent effort." It was unsigned and enclosed a dollar.

"Kindly accept this small contribution of \$3 that you can use to help pay the private investigators on your pay roll." said a man from Staten Island, N. Y. "I wish it could be more," he added. "God bless you and keep you in good health. Please keep of fighting for what you believe is worth while."

D. C. Woman Contributes

A Washington woman sent \$10 "as a slight token of appreciation of what you are undergoing it your patriotic, courageous efforts in behalf of our beloved country. If the Reds win it will mean not only we of this generation, but our children's children's grand-children will be under the Soviet

yoke."
"Another group of five local citizens sent \$35, saying: We wish to express to you our congratulations and deep appreciation for your courageous efforts in behalf of all real American citizens." A Wisconsin couple said "hur-rah for McCarthy—the people of Wisconsin sure must be proud of you. Keep up the good work. They enclosed a dollar.

Iruman Release 81

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Probe to Get Information Demanded By M'Carthy

Sees No Precedent Set by Action; Bielaski Testifies tOn Amerasia Case

By Alfred Friendly Post Reporter

The State Department loyalty files on Senator McCarthy's "81 cases" will be made available to Senate investigators, it was announced yesterday.

Senator Tydings (D., Md.), chairman of the investigating subcommittee, said that President Truman finally had agreed to let the subcommiffee examine the files

Mr. Truman felt, Tydings &plained, that because of the past history of the 81 cases-the data in those files were examined two years ago by four Congressional committees-no precedent will be violated by letting a fifth committee look at the information.

The agreement applies only to the Sate Department loyalty files, and not to the FBI files, which McCatthy has also demanded be disclowed to the investigating

Rut since a full FBI "field investigation" had been run on most, if not all of the 81 persons, and since the data from those investigations are included in the State Department files, presumably all the pertinent FBI information will thus be included. The main omission will be only the actual names of the informants, contained in the FBI "raw files."

Some Not Included

The files that will be opened to the subcommittee, being confine to the 81 cases McCarthy discussed . on the Senate floor the night of Føbruary 20, will not include those relating to persons he later named publicly.

There were ten of these, including the "key case" of Owen Lattimore, and the important cases of John S. Service and Haldore Han-

McCarthy has repeatedly demanded that the files be made available, and insisted that if they were, his charges of Communist infiltration of the State Department would be proved.

f He has further insisted, again nd again, that one could be sure that if the files proved him wrong Ir. Truman would have made them available long since.

Bielaski at Closed Session

Earlier in the day, before Tydings' unexpected announcement, his subcommittee heard in closed, session its first witness on the 1945 Amerasia case, allegedly involving the "wholesale theft" of secret Government documents, and linking the theft to a man since de-

scribed as a Communist

The witness was Frant Sielasti,
former Office of Strategic Selvces employe who led a raid bu the Amerasia magazine offices. McCarthy, barred from the sub-

committee session, reteased statement giving what he asserted were to be the highspots of Bielaski's testimony. Of these, the most startling was that six months before the A-bomb drop on Hiroshima, "the people who operated Amerasia, with the assistance of State Department personnel, were collecting and transmitting to Soviet Russia the secrets of the atomic bomb."

Bielaski, caught by reporters between sessions of the hearing, and shown that statement, commented:

"I can't say that. That word, 'transmitted' — there are some words there I should have to qual-

He said, however, "there was something to the atomic aspect.' Last night the Department of

Justice said in a statement: "When the FBI made their investigation and their search of the Amerasia headquarters there was no information contained in any documents or otherwise relat-

ing to the a-bomb." And if the OSS had gotten any such information, it was "never made available to the FBI or the criminal division of the Department of Justice."

Hitherto, the President has refused to release the files on the persons McCarthy accused, on imes-Herald grounds that disclosure of FBI mes-Herald data would breach promises made by FBL agents to persons who in-formed them Mait, meir identities. Post would be kept secret.

Might Hamper FBI Further, the Chief Executive argued, release of the files might smear the reputations of innocent ash. Star men, hamper the FBI in future work and open up the possibility of irresponsible interpretation of .Y. Mirror the scontents of the files.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoove and Attorney General J. Howard McGrath was adamant on their points in testimony before til Tydings subcommittee.

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| lsh. News

But earlier this week, heptesectories. Harsten (D., Mo.) disclosed that all of McCarthy's 81 cases were taken from a list of 108 cases, compiled more than two years ago by an investigator from a House Subcommittee on Appropriations.

At that time, for reasons unexplained, the State Department permitted the investigator to examine its loyalty files, and to abstract them. The list he brought back to the Capitol caused a small

furore.

The summary of the investigator, Robert Lee, ultimately was seen by the members of four Congressional Committees, in 1948. State Department personnel officials were called on to explain and did presumably, to the satisfaction of the Congressman. No further action was demanded, and no adverse reports were given to Congress.

Subsequently, the President established the Loyalty Review procedure and ordered that never again should departmental loyalty files be opened to Congress.

From the Administration's point of view, an ample illustration of the damage that comes from letting a congressional agent see the files is the fact that McCarthy apparently got hold of the dld Lee list, whittled it down, and made his charges from it.

In the cases he cited, he repeated the 108 list, allegation for allegation and often word for word.

Why Truman Agreed

Tydings said yesterday that when Mr. Truman learned the facts that four committees and their attaches had seen the files two years ago, he agreed to make them available to the present subcommittee feeling that no precedent would be set thereby.

Hut for the time being, at east, he will not make available any

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other files, for that, presumably, would set a precedent.

niready been given what was de- McCarthy said in the letter. scribed as a complete and detailed He said Biclaski conducted the for another session in the aftersummary of the FBI file on Latti- first night raid on Amerasia maga- noon. more, prepared by Hoover.

dozen White House conferences to stepped into the case—and found ment was an "enlargement. files could be made available. He uments allegedly stolen from the he continued: added that the agreement was State Department. reached Thursday.

In his statement he said:

imade his charges on the radio, the three indicted. through the newspapers and on the Senate cor.

the coming week the committee may begin its examination of the ment employe, pleaded no defense files in connection with its other and was fined \$500. work and in due time make a full and was fined \$500. report to the Senate and the country about their contents.'

McCarthy himself could not be would testify as follows:

Wherry (R., Nebr.) jibed that Presi- atomic bomb was dropped on dent Truman was forced by public Hiroshima the people who operated opinion to make the files available. Amerasia, with the assistance of and that he should have done it State Department personnel, were tong before.

face the people with his argument atomic bomb. or secrecy.

he files available on the other persons named, and also all those of moral perverts" in the State Department.

Members of the Tydings Subcommittee were close-mouthed yes- in the Amerasia office. Bielaski, the former OSS direct the Amerasia office showing that tor of investigations.

Before the hearing began, McCarthy made public a copy of Relations were undermining the a letter he wrote to Tydings. He Chinese Nationalist government wrote that he felt compelled "to and were collecting minute degive the Senate and the American tails of the anti-Communist arpeople a brief resume of the high- mies. ligh's of what yesterday's testi-mony" by Bielaski would be.

waited to long to hear the evisueh testimony as McCarthy had the subcommittee however, has dence in the Amerasia case," predicted would be forthcoming.

zine headquarters in June, 1945-Tydings said he had had half a three months before the FBI mented first that McCarthy's statework out a procedure by which the a vast number of "top secret" doc-

Six persons were arrested in the Six persons were arrested in the mittee, of my own knowledge Amerasia case, but only three there something to it." "I am happy, therefore, at the were indicted by a Federal grand outcome which will permit the jury. The charge was conspiracy the evidence in the case "closely committee now to see the very files to illegally remove Government shows a wholesale, well-established which Senator McCarthy asked the documents. The Government later theft of Government secrets.' committee to examine when he dropped the charge against one of

Philip Jaffe, editor of Amerasia, pleaded guilty and was fined \$2500. been warned by the Senate inquiry if is to be hoped that during Another defendant, Emmanuel committee against disclosing any

In his letter to Tydings, Mc-Carthy declared that Bielaski

reached for comment last evening.
in the Amerasia office which cializing in investigations and pub-The minority leader, Senator showed that six months before the lie relations. collecting and transmitting to foubless because "he could not Soviet Russia the secrets of the

"2. That top secret State Depart-Now he must make the rest of ment reports were found in the

"3. That an extremely secret reficer-messenger only to director of naval intelligence' was found

"4. That reports were found in the interlocking directors of Amerasia and the Institute of Pacific

6"5. That reports were found in the Amerasia office which dealt with the intimate family relationships of the family of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

"6. That the immensity of this espionage operation was so great and the number of stolen secret documents so large that Mr. Bielaski took away 15 copies which were never even missed by Amerasia personnel before the FBI came back to conduct the raid three months later.

munt Mr Bielsski had diffismogeZ med ya '

To Consider Proposale Meeting of Producers Commissioners Call

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merican people have quiry committee did

However, Bielaski was recalled

Emerging later, Bielaski com-

Then, in carefully chosen words,

"Without regard to McCarthy or the evidence I've given the com-

The witness said, however, that

"The evidence is serious, very serious," he said.

Bielaski made it clear he had

He said he didn't know McCarthy and had been called before the committee by subpena. He is now

, president of the Research and Se-"1. That reports were discovered curity Corp., New York, a firm spe-

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Secs No Precedent Sei by Action: Biclaski Testifies On Amerasia Case

By Affred Friendly

out Reporter

The State Department loy-

alty files on Senator McCarthy's "81 cases" will be made available to Senate investigators, it was announced yes-

Senator Tydings (D., Md.), chairman of the investigating subcommittee, said that President Truman finally had agreed to let the

man finally had agreed to let the slibcommittee examine the files.

Mr. Truman felt, Tydings exitained, that because of the past history of the 81 cases—the data in those files were examined two years ago by four Congressional committees—no precedent will be committees—no precedent will be committee lock at the information.

The agreement applies only to the State Department loyalty files, and not lot the FBI files, which also demanded be disclosed to the investigating Senators.

But since a full FBI "field investigation" had been run on most, if not all of the 81 persons, and since the data from those investigations are included in the State Department files, presumably all the iertinent FBI information will tus be included. The main omistius of the informants—contained in the FBI "ray tiles."

Some Not Included

The files that will be opened f e subcommittee, being confined the 81 cases McCarthy discussed on the Senate floor the night of February 20, will not include those relating to persons he later named. publicly.

publicly.

There were ten of these, including the "key case" of Owen Lattimore, and the important cases of John S. Bervice and Haldore Hanson.

McCarthy has repeatedly demanded that the files be made available, and insisted that if they were his charges of Communist infilitation of the Slate Department would be proved.

would be proved.

The has further insisted, again and again, that one could be surthat if the files proved him wrong Mr. Truman would have made ther available long since.

Biclaski at Closed Session

Earlier in the day, before Ty-dings' unexpected announcement, his subcommittee heard in closed session its first witness on the 1945 Amerasia case, allegedly involving the "wholesale theft" of secret Government documents, and linking the theft to a man since described as a Communist.

The witness was Frank Bieliski a former Office of Strategic Services employe who led a raid on the Amerasia magazine offices. McCarthy, barred from the sub

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committee session, released state-thing what he asserted were to be the highspots of Biclaski's testimony. Of these, the most startling was that six months before the A-bomb drop on Hiroshima, "the people who operated Amerasia, with the assistance of State Department personnel were collecting and transmitting to Soviet Russia the secrets of the

Blelaski, caught by reporters between sessions of the hearing, and nown that statement, commented: "I can't say that. That work ransmitted' - there are some ords there I should have to qual

He said, however, "there was something to the atomic aspect." Last night the Department of

Justice said in a statement.
"When the FBI made their investigation and their search of the Amerasia headquarters there was no information contained in

was no information contained in any documents or otherwise relating to the a-bomb."

And if the OSS had gotten any such information, it was "never made available to the FBI or the calminal division of the Department of Justice."

Hitherto, the President has refised to release the files on the persons McCarthy accused, on grounds that disclosure of FBI data would breach promises made by FBI agents to persons who if formed them that their identifies would be kept secret.

Might Hamper FBI

would be kept secret.

Might Hamper FBI

Further, the Chief Executive argued, release of the files might smear the reputations of innocent men, hamper the FBI in future work and open up the possibility of irresponsible interpretation of the contents of the files.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover and Altorney General J. Howard McGrath was adamant on the file of the files in testimony before the fivelings subcommittee.

But earlier this week, Representative Karsten (D. Mo.) disclosed that all pf McCarthy's Breakes were taken from a list of the cases, compiled more than the propriations.

At that time, for reasons an explained; the State Department permitted the investigator to examine its loyalty files, and to abstract them. The list he brought back to the Capitol caused a small furore.

The summary of the investigation, Robert Lee, ultimately was seen by the members of four Congressional Committees, in 1948. Stafe Department personnel offcials were called on to explain and did presumably, to the satisfaction of the Congressman. No farther action was demanded, and no adverse reports were given to Con-

Subsequently, the President established the Loyalty Review pro-sedure and ordered that never again should departmental loyalty illes be opened to Congress.

From the Administration's point d view, an ample illustration of the damage that comes from letting a congressional agent see the files is the fact that McCarthy apparently got hold of the old Lee list, whittled it down, and made

his charges from it.
In the cases he cited, he repeated the 108 list, allegation for allega-tion and often word for word. Why Truman Agreed

Tydings said yesterday that when Mr. Truman learned the facts that four committees and their attaches had seen the files two years are the agreed to make them available to the present subcommittee, regiment that no precedent would be actificably.

But for the time being, at least he will not make available any other files, for that presumably would set a precedent.

The subcommittee however, has already been given what was described as a complete and detailed summary of the FBI file on Lattle more, prepared by Hoover.

Tydings said he had had half a down White House conferences.

dozen White House conferences to work out a procedure by which the files could be made available. He added that the agreement was reached Thursday.

In his statement he said:

"I am happy, therefore, at the outcome which will permit the committee now to see the yery files which Senator McCarthy asked the committee to examine when he mide his charges on the radio through the newspapers and or the Senate floor.

"It is to be hoped that during the coming week the committee may begin its examination of the files in connection with its other work and in due time make a full report to the Senate and the coun-irg about their contents."

McCarthy himself could not be reached for comment last evening.

The minority leader, Senator Wherry (R., Nebr.) jibed that President Truman was forced by public opinion to make the files available.

and that he should have done it long before.

If edd it. Wherry went on, do bless because "he could nit fac the people with his argument of the people with his argument.

for secrecy."

New he must make the rest of the files available on the other persons named, and also all those of "moral perverts" in the State De-

partment.
Members of the Tydings Sub committee were close-mouthed yes-terday on what they heard from Bielaski, the former OSS direc-

Before the hearing began,
McCarthy made public a copy of a letter he wrote to Tydings. He wrote that he felt compelled "a we the Senate and the America people a brief resume of the his lights of what meeterday's test miony" by Bielaski would be.

"The American people have wanted ten Jong to heer the evidence in the American case," McCouthy said in the letter.

He said Bielaski conducted the first night raid on Americals magazine headquarters in June, 1945—these months before the FR

internight raid on Amerasia magazine headquarters in June, 1945—
three, months before the FBI stepped into the case—and found a vast number of "top secret" documents allegedly stolen from the State Department.

Bir persons were arrested in the Amerasia case, but only three particled by a Federal grand my. The charge was conspiracy filegally remove Government becaments. The Government later dropped the charge against one of the three indicted.

Pauli Jaffe, editor of Amerasia pleaded guilty and was fined \$2500.

In his letter to Tydings, McCartby declared that Biclaski would testify as follows:

"L. That reports were discovered that Amerasia pressure of the follows:

"L. That reports were discovered to the Amerasia pressure of the Ameras

Carrby declared that Blelaski would testify as follows:

"I That reports were discovered in the Amerasia office which showed that alx months before the atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima the people who operated Amerasia, with the assistance of State Department personnel, were collecting and transmitting to Syviet Russis the secrets of the burde bomb.

"That for secret State Department reports were found in the Amerasia office.

"I, That an extremely secret report marked for delivery by officer-messenger only to director of naval intelligence was found in the Amerasia office showing that he Interlocking directors of Amerasia office showing that he Interlocking directors of Amerasia office showing the Chinese Nationalist government and were collecting minute desired of the anti-Communist ministry. That reports were found in the Amerasia office which de it of the intimate family-relating the Amerasia office which de it of the intimate family-relating the other intimates family the other intimates family-relating the other intimates fa

be Ameralia office which delt ith the intimate family relation-hips of the family of General imp Chiang Kai-shek.

"6. That the immensity of thi operation

and the number of the secret documents so large that Mr. Bielaski took away in copies which were never even missed by Ameraila personnel before the FBI came back to conduct the raid three months later.

"In That Mr. Bielaski had difficulty gaining entrance to the Ameraila office because crews were working all night in its huge photo working all night in its huge photo in the photographing secret Government documents.

"In That the scope of this operations was such that when the FBI fents raided the office three months later, the documents seen tiere by Mr. Bielaski were no linger there, they having been copied, removed, and replaced by officers."

A Senator in a position to be the secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a secret of the senator in a position to be a senator in a senator in a position to be a senator in a secret of the senator in a senator in a secret of the senator in a senator in a senator in a secret of the senator in a se

others."

A Senator in a position to know what happened told newsmen that during its forencon session, the figury committee did not reach always such testimony as McCarthy had predicted would be forthcoming.

However, Bielaski was recalled for another session in the afternoon.

for another session in the afternoon.

Emerging later, Bielaski commented first that McCarthy's statement was an "enlargement."

Then, in carefully chosen words, his continued:

"Without regard to McCarthy or the evidence I've given the committee, of my own knowledge there's something to it."

The witness said, however, that the evidence in the case "closely shows a wholesale, well-established theft of Government secrets."

"The evidence is serious, very serious," he said.

Bielaski made it clear he had been warned by the Senate inquiry committee against disclosing any of the evidence he presented.

He said he didn't know McCarthy and had been called before the committee by subpens. He is now it is now if the said to the Research and finderical corp. New York, a firm signalizing in investigations and pro-

McCarthy Drafts Blast at Partial Release of Fi

President Truman's decision nd over some Government loyity files to Senate Comm yestigators but Senator Carthy to work today on a

enough" protest... In another develope tice Department said o' Siralegic' Beryl ort charges that Amerasia azine officials and State Deent employes were shipping atomic accrets to Russia in 1945

Senator McCarthy, Wisconsin Republican, has said a former OSS would testify that A-bom is did find its way to the Sovi on in the Amerasia case.

with did find its way in the Shirle Inion in the Amerasia case. The spent, Frank Bielaski, said yesterday there is some substance to what Senator McCarthy asserted but he did not entirely back up the Senator.

Mr. Bielaski made if clear him had been warned by the Senator inquiry committee against disclosing any of the evidence he presented.

He said he didn't know Senator McCarthy and had been called before the committee by subpoena. He is now president of the Research and Security Copp. New York, a firm specialising in investigations and public relations. Lodge, Calls Pictura "Berlows" Senator Lodge, Republican, of Massachusetts, who heard Mr. Rielaski testify at a secret session.

Reversing his earlier refusal to reverse Covernment loyally files to let a Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee examine secret State Department files on 81 persons cited by Senator McCarthy in his charges on communism in the

stigating committee said in an nouncing the President's decision that the approval does not apply the PBI's so-called "raw" file nator Tydings added, however there will be PBI material

Seminar Machan the department is ith Communists and Red ava thizers. He has contended a dong that to obtain proof of b lave access to the FBI files

orter "I'm going to hold my fire on a Nation-wide radio network

to blast the administration for n naking the FBI files available and for confining ate Department, records to the cases he outlined in a Senat eech February 20.

Mr. Truman refused in March ilMr. Truman refused in March to turn over any loyalty files on the ground it would cripple the FBI, smear innocent people and wreck the Federal loyalty program. He took that position diadvice of FBI Chief J. Edgar Hoover and Attorney General McGrath, JIZICE

Senator Tydings said the President Changed his mind about the

dent changed his mind about the 61 State Department files after learning that those records were xamined 21/2 years ago by four ther congressional committees

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himself temporarily under wraps on the files ssue, Senator Wherry of Nebraska, the Republican floor leader, spoke out promptly in sharp criticism of the President.

Senator Wherry demanded that the committee be given access to the FBI files. He said Mr. Truman was afraid to face the people on his forthcoming Western tour without permitting the committee to get at the State Department documents.

"Public opinion is beginning to blow the lid off the scandals of the Truman administration," Senator Wherry declared.

The Nebraska Senator complimed that a Senate Appropriations subcommittee of which he is a member had been denied the files of State Department and other employes alleged in police records to be moral between lattimere Case Net Included.

The Si cases Senator McCarthy out ined to the Senate do not induce the major one he later presented to the inquiry committee that of Owen Lattimore.

Senator McCarthy—has argused Mr. Lattimore, Far Eastern and specialist and Johns Hopkins University professor, of being Russia's No. 1 spy in the United States. Mr. Lattimore has denied that under oath. Ha also swors he never was a Communist—as charged by ex-Communist Louis Budens.

Senator McCarthy has said he

Senator McCarthy has said he is willing to care all of his charges against the State Department stand or fall on the Lattimore case. He has demanded to peatedly that the committee given a look at the FBI's raw file on Mr. Lattimore. So far the committee has seen only an FBI

denimittee has seen only an FBI sminary.

JAISO not included in the Bi cases are Senator McCarthy's becusations against John S., Service, career diplomat. Senator McCarthy said he does not believe Haldore Hanson, State Department official, was among the Si either.

Both Accused by McCarthy.

Both Mr. Service and Mr. Hanson have been accused by Senator McCarthy of having Communist sympathies. Hoth men have denied the charges.

Two days ago a group of Senate Hemocrats headed by Majority Lader Lucas launched an attack of Senator McCarthy.

Senate officials in a position to know said round two of the Democratic counter-attack probably will get underway Monday with alternative of Senate speeches Meanwhile the Civil Service Loyalty Review Board reveal. Loyalty Review Board revealed that a total of 202 persons have een released from Government ervice on lovalty grounds during

he last three years.
Approximately 2 million persons re employed by the Gavecament A total of Will cases have be finally passed upon by lovalty oards. Of those, 7,258 resulted in clearances.

Some 451 persons were ruled in-Pille Os Government serv those the au -- dismiss were restored to service a peals, and the balance of ases are still pending.

Flood of Telegr sters McCarthy in Anti-Red Battle

Public Response Includes Contributions To Meet Expense of Senate Crusade

This is the second of two articles on public reaction to Sen. Mc-Carthy's fight against Communist influence in the State department.

Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin has been bolstered in his fight against Communist influences in the State department by whole hearted support of people "back home"

The scnator is urged "to keep up the light no matter how strong the opposition.

Many persons sent contribu-tions of a dollar or two to help defray his personal investigation a Milwaukee wire. One from Jop-

these people has been tremendous

"God love you," wired a Balti-

more doctor.

amans.

Please Carry On'

"Keep belting them," said a Los
Angeles wire. "Please carry on,"
said another from Abbeville, La.
"The people are behind you,"
assured a wire from St. Paul. "The
Democratic voters are on your
Democratic voters are on your
side," wrote a Wisconsin man.
"We need a man like you for wired former Sen, Revercomb (R)

of West Virginia.

"Give them heck; millions are with you," said a telegram from Madison. Wis. "Don't get discouraged," read one from Boston.

"The Halls of More randers of the comments of the read of the comments of the read of the comments of the read of t with your praise," a resident of Bellevue, Wash., told the former Marine officer.

Carthy to demand the resigna his service as defense counsel in State Scoretow. State Sccretary Acheson, declar-ing "I charge them with incompetence and with giving inspira-tion and consolation to sworn enemies of this government,"

expenses after they heard he lin, Mo., read: "American people was hard-pressed financially." extend gatitude for your coura-Apart from the contributions, geous defense of Americanism ver-the moral support expressed by sus Truman arrogance."

McCarthy also received encour-agement from such groups as Presbyterian women in California, Seme of the letters are long.

Seme of the letters are long.

The telegrams cary a pointed message Here are a few samples of the wires:

"Congressive"

"Congressive"

"Congressive"

"Congressive"

"Such groups as such groups as the Elks, clizens committees. American Legion posts and Vetters of Foreign Wars.

A former FBI agent was his expected to the wires:

"Congratulations on being an has become infiltrated by radicals, American and not a politician," Socialists, Communists, crackpots wired a Pittsburgh couple. and warped-minded intellectuals." wired a Pittsburgh couple.

"Real Americans are all for He urged McCarthy to "Garry on you," said a wire from Sacrather from S

A Baltimore couple wrote: "As registered Democrats in Mary-"Your fearless courage renews land, we want to commend you our confidence in the govern- for your courageous fight against ment." said a group of Ala- communism in the State department. Although we have the ut-most respect for our Sen. Tydings, we do not agree with the way he has whitewashed your charges."

side," wrote a Wisconsin.
"We need a man like you for
"Democrat from

on your campaign . . . More power to you. The people, I'm sure are with you."

A Texan offered financial help

in case of a libel suit. From Port Carbon, Pa., a 16year-old girl wrote that: "I say a prayer for you every day so you win." From Urbana, Ill., came this one: "I am just an old lady but you are a young man and so I hope I can encourage you in your present ellorts to prove a few 'salts of the earth' still remain, to try to regain some of our

lost dignity and honor in the eyes of the world. God and his people are with you."

"The writer is ill and barely able to write but wanted you to know she is 100 per cent for you and it is a scandal the way our so-called representatives soft-pedal the investigation," wrote a Phoenix, (Ariz.) woman in shaky scrawl.

A Brooklyn woman wrote: "It just burns the women up to think with all the 'big men' there are in the United States, the President has to pick so many for high office who are so red."

"It seems mighty good to think someone has gumption enough to keep this United States of ours a decent place to live and not give it over to dictatorship," wrote a Minnesota farmer.

Keep Pounding Away

A naturalized citizen here told McCarthy: "Keep up the good fight and with God's help true Americanism will win out." An Oklahoma minister cautioned Mc-Carthy against possible Communist attempts on his life, but said: "Keep pounding away along the same lines and even harder because it is not possible to accuse those Pendergast plunderers down in Washington of anything too dirty and too dishonest for any-body to commit."

"We ordinary people are not so easily fooled as the 'higher-ups' claim they were." said a Brooklyn woman. "We believe you are honestly working for our best interest," wrote a Milwaukee secretary, as "one of the working girls."

as "one of the working guille."
"We need more men like you,"
citizens. wrote 29 Philadelphia citizens. A man in Exeter, N. H., said: "I assure you that the man on the street feels as I do that you are doing a big job. The lack of support the Republican senators have given you is appalling."

"It's a shame that more Repub-licans and southern Democrats in the Senate aren't backing you," wrote a Los Angeles man. "You are so right, go after them, urged a woman in New Orleans.

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State Dept. Morale Hurt By McCarthy

Milwauker. May 5 (NYHT).—George E Kennan, counselor of the State Department, warned tonight that the department might lose most of its "quiet, sensitive and gifted" top officials if the present atmosphere of "abuse and derision" continues.

Speaking in the home State of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy, Republican, who has charged that there are Communist, sex perverts and poor security risks in the State Department, Kennan told a meeting of the institute on United Nations Foreign Policy that the mental strain of fighting the cold war left ton officials with very slender margin of physical and spiritual energy to absorb ridicule. "I must tell you," he said, "that

"I must tell you," he said, "that the atmosphere of public life in Washington does not have to deteriorate much further to produce a situation in which very few of our more quiet and sensitive and gifted people will be able to continue in Government."

He warned that unless the United States could mobilize its best brains for prosecution of the cold war there could be no promising assurances of the outcome

Ising assurances of the outcome. It was "not fair" to these men, he said, to make them scapegoats of whatever dissatisfaction and bewilderment the country might feel concerning its international position. Neither was it fair to the great body of citizens, he added.

Perhaps only those who have lived many years in totalitarian countries can feel how vitally important it was to preserve "the spirit of tolerance and liberality in our relations with each other and the readiness to give the other fellow the benefit of the doubt, where doubt exists," Kengan said.

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Small Business Aid Causes Rift

By Drew Pearson

trying to get a final decision on the Jake, which would you ruther go other Atlantic Pact countries, the sage before he left on his western

trip. A highly important is-* tie - W a s involved with advisers split wide open over it.

The issue was whether to promote G overnment loans to small business through the



Pearson

RFC, or to set up new private banks for loans to small business.

Stephen Springarn, White House some parts of the Far East, where ment and opposition to the North assistant, and Senator Taft, who, the public is not well informed. Atlantic pact has grown more as ranking GOP member of the that the United States is near than ever. Joint Committee on the Economic revolt. Report, was consulted.

year money. Furthermore it can't and that the United States would Copyright, 1950, The Bell Syndicate, Inc. borrow from most insurance companies, which frown on speculative ventures and also want to deal in large amounts. In addition, the private capitalists of the old days are gone, and the investment bankers won't undertake to float stocks or bonds unless the issue runs into several millions.

To remedy this, it was proposed to put the RFC in the Commerce Department and let it specialize on loans to small business. However, Secretary of Commerce Sawyer, Senator O'Mahoney and others felt that Government should not subsidize business; also should not be in the position of having life and death loan powers over business.

Therefore a plan was worked out with shie Chairman Tom Mc-Care in the Kaleral Reserve Board whereby private banks could be act ap, with the backing of Federal Reserve Government money, for the express purpose of lending money to small business.

It was admitted that this plan would be more complicated, but in the leng run would be better than out ight coursement leans to mall Business

looking lady and a dog moseying soon come over to the Communist down the street. A curious passer-Albanian side. White House advisers sat up late by noted this attention and asked,

President to the Senate aide, "Is grown to new heights. People in the reason why I'll go out in the these once Nazi-occupied counlobby to see my friend."

Few people realize how badly American foreign policy has been undermined by the McCarthy-Communist campaign. Here are a few samples of what's happening abroad:

In China: The name "McCarthy"

State Department, which is neutrality to propose the model.

Lined up against RFC loans were is pronounced exactly as if it were informed Europeans means that Secretary of Commerce Sawyer, "MacArthur," and the impression the United States is likely to go Secretary of Commerce Sawyer MacArthur, and the impression over to Russia leaving western and Federal Reserve Chairman was waging a near-revolt against Europe out on a limb.

Tom McCabe.

Therefore, it's not difficult to the State Department. In fact, the Lined up for RFC loans were impression has been created in understand why neutrality senti-

In Albania: The Communist Report to Senate Both sides, however, agreed on government, after long pressure Prior to his departure for Eu what's happening to small busi-from the West, was expected to rope, Secretary of State Acheson ness. It's can't borrow long-term do a Tito. But it hasn't. And a told the Senate Foreign Relations risk capital. Small business can get plenty propaganda that the State Depart- that the United States is prepared of short-term money from com-ment was full of Communists—to fight rather than retreat from mercial banks, but not 10-and 12-"an American Senator says so"—Berlin.

In France, Italy, Belgium and "Well, do you know," continued reaction has been most harmful the Vice President, "O' Jake, he of all, For some time these counsaid, 'the dog, of course. I can tries had experienced a wave of always get away from him.' "And that," concluded the Vice "neutrality," which has now tries have argued that they did not want to get in the middle of

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The 81 Files

The President's decision to let the Tydings Subcommittee see State Department loyalty files reflects, no doubt, a conviction that these files will show no carelessness in respect of security and a hope that they will at last silence Senator McCarthy's howling. Even assuming, as we do, that the President is right in his conviction, the hope is unlikely to be realized. If Senator McCorthy and the little clique of colleagues that has rallied to his dubious standard were open to reason, he would have been silenced long ago. Whatever the files contain, they will not satisfy Scnator McCarthy. He will invent new charges and new excuses for being unable to substantiate pem

The files to be made available to the ubcommittee are not the so-called "raw files of the FBI; they do, however, include FBI reports. Disclosure of them is therefore open to many of the same objections that the President expressed so vigorously less than a fortnight ago in his address to the Federal Bar Association. "The preservation of the strictest confidence with respect to loyalty files is the single most important element in operating a loyalty program which provides effective security for the Government and justice for the individual employe," he said . . . "Opening these files would reveal FBI procedures and methods. It might reveal highly secret information vital to our national security and of great value to foreign nations, Disclosures of these files would result in serious injustice to the reputation of many innocent persons."

All this might be said in a slightly smaller degree of the FBI reports contained in the State Department files. Information conveyed in them could well be of such a nature as to make the source apparent or to reveal the techniques by which it was procured. It does not seem to us that this danger is appreciably altered by the President's belated discovery that the files in question were shown to four congressional committees two years ago. The more they are shown, the greater is the risk of leakage.

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The strictest confidence will be incumbent on the members of the subcommittee. If this is observed, Senator McCarthy will not? be privy to the contents of the files. Before this appears in print he will doubtless have complained that the President's action deprives him of the means to prove his points. He has already raised a clamor that he be given access to FBI files. And this in spile of the fact that he himself declared in his Senate speech of February 20: "When call for a disloyalty file I do not mean tha I am calling for the source of information. do not think any intelligence agency can work and do a good job if the Senate or the House or any other body is entitled to make public the source of the information." The only hope that the President's surrender of the vital State Department documents can prove genuinely effective lies in the possibility that the Senate of the United States, including members of Senator Mc Carthy's own party, will decide to put an end at last to his exceedingly dangerous buffconery,

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McCarthy's Victims By Joseph Alsop

An Open Letter To Senator Tydi<u>ngs -</u>

AFTER long hesitation, I am impelled by the appalling effects in Europe of the McCarrhy witch hunt to oner my lestimony to your committee, for what it may be worth.

I do so for two reasons. First, I have already sharply criticized the conduct of our affairs in China on several occasions. Second, I was intimately involved in the events which led to the loss of China, whereas Senators McCarthy, Wherry and Taft and their informants are offering second-hand evidence This evidence is so obviously corrupted by political and other pressures that it is a duty to cor fect the impression conveyed. Stating the case as briefly as possible, I think it fair to say that the really crucial years in China were those when Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell commanded the China-Burma-India theater, from 1942 to 1944. In this period, Professor Lattimore, who was always at best a fringe figure, played his most important role in our China policy, as a personal adviser to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek. In this rather brief assignment, he accomplished nothing, but he was quite obviously loyal both to the American Government and to Generalissimo Chiang.

Professor Lattimore had no part whatever in the real debale about China policy, in which the different points of view have been fantastically misrepresented by Senator Mc-Carthy and his friends. No informed person ever supposed that offering blank checks to the National government of China would accomplish anything. Those who advocated a strong policy of aiding the National government only did so with the proviso that the aid given would be closely controlled by Americon representatives on the spot ad it was during the short and saccessful period of General ' Wedemeyer' command. It should be noted that the congreemenel advocates of postwar aid to China specifically rejected the responsibility involved in this sort of local, on the spot control, in the first major bill appropriating funds for the purpose during General Marshall's Secretaryship of State.

RETURNING to the vastly more important war period, the other school of thought was comosed primarily of General Stilvell and his political advisers. General Stilwell, so far as one ould judge, was chiefly an mated by his personal detestation of Generalissimo Chians, arising from their disagreements His political advisers, among whom was Mr. John Stewart Service were operating on a more reasoned theory, however.

They asserted! first, that the National government was too feeble and corrupt ever to be reformed, even with direct American help and under direct American pressure. They said, second, that the Chinese Communists were therefore bound to win in the end, no matter what measures might be taken by the United States. In the hird place, they argued that the Soviet Union, insofar as it had intervened in China at all, had given all its assistance to the regime of Generalissim Chiang Kai-shek rather than te the Communists, who received no tangible Russian aid whatever until the war was over. Fourthly, they suggested that the Chinese Communists might be induced to declare their independence of the Kremlin if they were treated as friends and allies by the United States.

Opening friendly relations and offering aid to the Chinese Communists was frankly admitted, at the time, to be a bold gamble. The gamble now looks better than it did then. On the one hand, the Yugoslav Communists whose experience was precisel that the experience of the Chil mese Communists would have Belmont i Tele. Room

been if they had received American aid, have www belled against the Kremlin, On the other hand, the recent behavior of the Japanese Communist leader, Nosaka, a wartime refugee at Yenan and intimate friend of Mao Tse-tung, clearly suggests that the idea of independence of the Kremlin must have been in the air in Communist China in wartime.

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MY RIGHT to speak, if I may be said to have a right to speak, ferives from the fact that in wartime I was one of the chief merican opponents of the school of thought I have sum marized above. As a member of the staff of the American Volunteer Group, as chief of the Lend-Lease Mission to China. and finally as an assistant to Dr. T. V Soong, I did everything in my power to present the pro-Nationalist point of view in influential quarters in Washington.

Those who wished to develop an American policy of friendship gloward, and aid to, the Chineso Communists were finally and decisively defeated with the dis missal of General Stilwell, in October, 1944. This occurred

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many months after I had finally sugmested in getting into uniform, as a member of Gen. C. L. Chennault's staff in the Fourteenth Air Force. But although I had long before become a mere junior officer in the Air Force, the effect of my letters to Harry L. Hopkins and the other representations I had made was acknowledged by implication in General Marshall's first instructions to General Wedemeyer.

These are, so to speak, my credentials. Having known the situation in wartime China fal there intimately than any of the pro-McCarthy witnesses you have yet heard. I think it my duty to say that while I disputed the judgment, I never had the faintest doubt of the loyalty of any of the American officials or others whom Mc-Carthy has attacked. They were serving the United States to the best of their ability, with courage and fidelity. This should be sufficient to protect them from the kind of vulgar attack Mc-Carthy has made, even if their judgment was incorrect.

⇔

ALTHOUGH our views clashed sharply, I was particularly well acquainted with Mr. Service. To the best of my knowledge, although I thought then, and think now, that he was gravely in error, he was a most conscientious and decent Americal public servant. It is difficult, of course, to offer hard evidence to support such contemporary impressions. But I may cite one fact, at least, to show how erreneous it can be to judge situtions from the viewpoint of a later time.

Former Vice President Henry A. Wallace has been, in effect, a pliable stooge for the American Communist Party for more than two years. From this, many people have inferred that Wallace was a Communist stooge in wartime. In fact, however, nothing could have been more contrary to the party line in wartime than to urge the dismissal of General Stilwell: yet Wallace recommended the dismissal of Stilwell and his replacement by Wedemeyer in a telegram from China to President Roosevelt in the late spring of 1944. lucidentally, the telegram was sont with the full knowledge of Mt. John Carter Greent, who estered no protest whatever, al though he too has been under at tack as a Communist stooge.

In conclusion, there are two points which I feel I Brast make. First, I do not think I was wrong. in opposing the policy of gambling on winning the friendship of the Chinese Communists and inducing them to declare their independence of the Kremlin. I do not think I was wrong, simply because I, and the others who took the same view, could not possibly foresee that when this policy of winning the friendship of the Chinese Communists hall been defeated with the dismissal of General Stilwell, there would be a long period after the wat during which we had no China policy at all.

None of the men now under attack by Senator McCarthy had any important responsibility, to my knowledge, for this singular hiatus. Speaking for myself, if I could have foreseen that the only alternative to a policy of gambling on the friendship of the Chinese Communists was a kind of vacuum of policy. I should have been on the other side in the struggle in Chinal The gamble on the Chinese Communists, although unnecessary in my opinion, was at least a

reasonable gamble, such as could, be reasonably advocated by entirely loyal Americans.

SECOND, I should like to suggest to your committee that, If the test of loyalty is following the line of the Communist Parly, you had much better launch investigation of Senators. Mcc Carthy, Wherry and Taft, thur an investigation of Messrs, Lattimore. Service and Vincent. Let the test be a tabulation of the key votes of the three Senators above mentioned on the grant postwar measures of foreign policy, and especially of their

votes on key amendments by which bills can be nutlified.

Unless I am gravely mistaken, such a tabulation will show that these three Senators, and most of The others who have joined them in the present clamor, have voted the straight Communist Party line on every major issue of foreign policy, as laid down in the Daily Worker, ever since the end of the war. If temporary agreement with the party line is to be made the test of loyally, let these men be called to the bar to explain their records.

In summary, I do not attempt to excuse or palliate the grave American mistakes in China, which I have often before denounced. But I submit that we may as well abandon all hope of having honest and courageous public servants, if mere mistakes of judgment are later to be transformed into evidences of dilioyalty to the state. And I submit further that the members of the Senate who are now persecuting these men who made, as I think mistakes in China, have far more to explain, excuse, and rationalize in their own records. I still believe that the loss of China was unnecessary. But I hink it far more important that we should not destroy the decept raditions of American political life. These now seem to be esdangered.

Employe Under Suspicion To Separate From Job

The extent of the victory for Sen. the FBI and to omit any information Joseph McCarthy and others fighting not completely verified. As a man of Communism in the government, by probity and judgment, we think most reason of the agreement last week by committees would be willing to accept the President to turn over to the Tyd-inga Committee loyalty files on 81 em-ployes, can be easily over estimated.

e are loose-leaf files, it has been pointed out, from which the removal of damaging data would present no problem. It is entirely likely that nothing of any great importance will found in them. Truman was probibly assured of that before he agreed to make them available to the com-

What is really ne ded is to have information in the files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation made available to the Tydings committee or any other which may later become engaged upon an investigation like the one in hand. Section 15

The country is mindful of FBI Dictor J. Edgar Hoover's position that turning over the files of his bureau to ny committee would shortly destroy he usefulness and effectiveness of his ency. Respecting Mr. Hoover as post of us do, we are willing to take his word that his position is justi-

However, it does appear to be a tragic situation if one agency of the government is at any time in posses-sion of information sorely needed by enother, with national security as the stake, and yet the one fears it would destroy its own usefulness by turning ven that information to the other.

Silvely, there prist he notethe erma

committees would be willing to accept such a summary from Mr. Hoover without question.

It has already been established to the satisfaction of most Americans that through procedures established by Congress and methods followed throughout the government service, the scales are loaded altogether in favor of any employe suspected of disloyalty. .

Where any question of doubt exist as to the lolyalty of an employe, h rather than the nation, gets the bene fit of it. So deeply ingrained is the conviction of all of us that a citizen is to be presumed innocent, until he is proven guilty that unquestionably in Beiliaway MANABER many instances in the past, where matters of loyalty were concerned, the nation has been imposed upon unconscionably.

In a private business, if the question is raised as to an employe's honesty and there is substantial, even though not positive, evidence to support the suspicion, the employer usually finds a way to rid his organization of the individual. Nobody blames him for so doing, because honesty is one of the fundamental requirements of most em ployment.

Where the question of loyalty to one's country is in question, however, the government employe under suspicion, even though well justified, is surrounded by such safeguards -that the proceedings one would take in air

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Rublic Means Public

By Ted O. Thackrey

President Truman's belated agreement to make "public" the loyalty board files on 81 persons under fire by Senator McCarthy does not mean quite what it seems to mean.

The files are not to be made "public," but are to be made available to the Senate Judiciary subcommittee so that the committee may make public what portions of the files it chooses to make public.

committee may make public what portions of the files it chooses to make public.

This is a whale of a difference.

It will serve only to deepen the mystery and the hokuspocus atmosphere in which McCarthy is given a chance to make suspicion and slander substitute for fact and evidence; where a half truth, or no truth at all, is clothed in the garments of truth.

The only completely healthy means of cleaning at the contraction.

The only completely healthy means of cleaning out the fifthy files is to make them really available to the public; to open these and FBI "loyalty" files completely to the public gaze, so that the public record can be made in individual

In many cases — and at present no one knows how many except that the list is large—the only thing significant in these files is that there has been a file made and tabbed with

the name of some citizen.

The McCarthy lovers thus can join him in alleging that the FBI or the loyalty board has a "file" on So and So; and Since the "file" is secret—so secret that the last person able to look

the "file" is secret—so secret that the last person able to look into it and thus discover the charges against him if any is the victim of the attack—the innuendo stands.

If it were possible to drag out the mess of gossip, rumor and plain unsubstantiated guess which fills a large number of these files, it would be easier to make hash of the implication and easier, also, to come to the sensible conclusion that we are paying out far too much tax money for hog wish in brib's to our citizens to spy on their fellow citizens and come up with the wildest and most profitable bunk.

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to remember in these furid witch-hunt days! Senator McCarth! has thus far not been able to produce one single pied of remable evidence to back up a single defamatory state and he has made since his witch-hunt began to hit the front pages. Lattimore is not his only smeared victim: the Lattimore case served only to prove that McCarthy is a weicher as well as a liar—if that's news. McCarthy promised to "stand or fall" on the Lattimore case—to get out of public life if his charges should prove in error. They stand exposed as wholly false. But McCarthy blithely continues to pursue his scandalous, slanderous way.

McCarthy is a liar, tax-dodger, welcher and a cheat. These words are written by me without benefit of the immunity under which McCarthy hides to smear his fellow man. Moreover, they are provable fact. If McCarthy will accommodate mowith a sit for libel, I shall be pleased to prove these assertion in cent. It would be a pleasure.

Senators Hope to Start Study of Files Today; McCarthy Hits Delay

Field Denies Contempt In Spurning Questions, Asks Reconsideration

By Cecil Holland

Schate investigators today hoped to begin a study of State Department loyalty files on 61 persons accused of being Communists, fellow travelers or security risks.

The files are those of persons

The files are those of persons accused by Senator McCarthy. Republican, of Wisconsin in a February 20 Senate speech.

Chairman Tydings of the Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee making the investigation said he hoped the files would be available during the day.

The committee had expected to start the study yesterday after President Truman had directed that these, and only these files, be made available to the investigators. But the State Department said it had not yet assembled the records for examination.

McCarthy "Not Surprised."

"I'm not surprised." Senator Mc-Carthy said through an aide. "I knew they had not yet finished their spring housecleaning of the files."

Meanwhile, Frederick Vanderbill Field, wealthy New Yorker, denied that he was in contempt of Congress in refusing to answer some of the questions asked him by the Senate investigators of the McCarthy charges.

The denial was made through his attorney, Harold I. Cammer of New York, in a letter made public by the committee.

Mr. Cammer, asking that Mr. reid be given a chance to reconsider the questions, said a contempt challon would be incon-

sistent with observance of the privilege against self-incrimination guaranteed by the fifth amendment to the Constitution."

Contempt Action Considered.

The investigating committee is considering a recommendation by its chief counsel. Edward P. Morgan, that Mr. Field and also Earl Browder, former Communist leader, be cited for contempt in refusing to answer committee questions

Both men were called as witnesses as the committee looked into the Owen Lattimore case as art of its investigation.

They denied testimony of Louis F. Budenz. a former Communist, that they told him Mr. Lattimore was to be considered a Communist. However, they refused to answer many other questions about their associations and activities, and Mr. Field refused to say whether he is or was a member of the Communist Party.

Mr. Lattimore, widely known Far Eastern affairs specialist, has been accused by Senator Morarthy of being a Communist and Itussia's top spy in this country. He ha sdenounced those charges

as "lies" as well as the testimony of Mr. Budenz.

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Tydings Uncertain of Action.
Senator Tydings said he did not know when the committee would act on Hr. Morgan's recommendation.

As the committee prepared to look into the loyalty records, two committee members - Senators Green, Democrat, of Rhode Island, and Lodge, Republican, of Massachusetts, began a study of the State Department's loyalty and security procedures. They interviewed five department dedurity officials and said they would pursue their inquiry, a part of the overall investigation, to Europe, where, Senator Green explained, security operations are somewhat different from those in this country.

As the investigation went on, the Senate had a request from Senator Flanders, Republican, of New Hampshire, that the committee be instructed to hold no more public hearings. He said they were doing "much harm" at home and abroad.

Senator Tydings said no furher public hearings are planned and doubted if there would be any. But he pointed out there was "no har dand fast ruld" against them.

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Today and Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

McCarthy And The Constitution.

THE McCARTHY affair has nosed the question whether Senators and Representatives are above all the laws which



regulate the freedom of speech of other American citizens. The question has been posed before, never however in so extreme a form.

MR. McCAR

Lippmann THY, being 5 mater, enjoys the privilege which are described in Article I. Section 6, Clause 1 of the Constitution. During his attendance at a session of the Senate, and while he is going to or returning from the Capitol, he cannot be accested except for treason, telony, and breach of the peace. Furthermore, as a member of Congress he enjoys the privilege that "for any speech or debate in either House they shall not be questioned in any other place.

I have put the word "other" to italies, because it is the key word both to our understanding of this great and historic privilege by Senator McCarthy and his senatorial assistants.

THE LANGUAGE of this sentence was at least a hundred years old when the Founding Fathers used it in the American Constitution. It is taken from the English Bill of Rights which was enacted by Parliament after the revolution of 1689. Section 9 of this famous English statute declared that freedom of speech and debate or proceedings in Parliament "ought not to be impeached or questioned in any court o rplace out of Parliament."

Neither the American Constitution of 1789 nor the English Bill of Rights of 1689 says that a legislator shall not be questioned—that is to say held accountable—for what he says in the Congress or in the Parlament. The American document says he cannot be questioned "in any other place" and the English document says he cannot be questioned "out of Parlament."

THE MEANING of these words becomes quite clear when we look into the events which preceded them. During the struggle between the Stuart kings and their Parliaments, the King often attempted to intimidate members of the House of Commons. The great test case came in 1629 when three leaders of the opposition—Sir John Eliot, Denzil Hollis, and Benjamin Valentine—were arrested, brought before the Hing's Bench, and given severe ppnalties for their speeches in the House of Commons. For the next 60 years Parliaments fought the precedent established in this case. Nearly 40 years later, in 1667, the House of Commons passed a resolution, and then had a conference with the House of Lords which resulted in reversing formally on a writ of error, the judgment of 1629. Twenty-two years after this reversal another Parliament in the Bill of Rights reaffirmed the principle of parliamentary immunity from prose-cution in the courts or in any other place outside of Parliament.

THE PRINCIPLE of congressional immunity then is not that Senator may not be "questioned"—that the laws of libel is any other laws, for example, becenty, do not apply to him. Here is not the fainlest indication that the English Parliament or the American Founding Fathers ever imagined or intended that legislators should be above and beyond the laws of the land. The great principle is that or what a legislator says or desin the Legislature only the Legislature, not the courts or the executive, may judge him.

The manifest intent of the English Bill of Rights and of the American Constitution was not to make Senator McCarthy immune to the laws of the land. He is subject to all the laws of the land—the traffic laws, the income tax laws, the libel laws, the obscently laws, and all the rest. He himself has no special privileges whatsoever. The special privileges whatsoever. The special privilege is in the Senate-loope the only body which can senator for a speech which vidales the law.

The Constitution does not suspend any of the laws for the benefit of a Senator. The Constitution says that when the alleged offense is a speech in the Senate, the Senate and not the courts have jurisdiction of the offense.

THE PROOF that the Senate has jurisdiction in regulating the speech of Senators is to be found in the Rules of the Senate. Rule XIX says that "no Senator in debate shall, directly, or indirectly, by any form of words impute to another Senator or to other Senators any conduct or motive unworthy or unbecoming a Senator" and also that "no Senator shall refer offensively to any State of the Union."

It is true that in Rule XIX the Senate has limited the freedom of speech of Senators only to protect Senators—that under the rules as they now stand Senators may say anything they like about anybody on earth except only about another Senator.

BUT IT CANNOT be the claim of the Senate, or the intention of the Senate, to make of Senators a race apart, unbound by the laws of the land, or the rules of justice, or the canons of decency. If that were to become the practice, if McCarthyism were to become recognized as legitimate or even tolerable senatorial behavior, then the great principle of the Constitution would be in jeopardy.

Liberty, having degenerated into license, would again bring orth tyranny, "where blind and laked ignorance delivers brawling judgments unashamed on all lings all day long."

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Senators May See — Some of Files Today

By Alfred Friendly ' Post Reporter

The State Department loyalty files on 81 persons accused by fire against McCarthy continued Schator McCarthy (R., Wis.) will he was a "hit and run" propaganprobably be made available to dist "of the Soviet type. Senate investigators at the White House, it was learned last night. (D., Conn.). In a speech urging

ready for examination some time today, it is hoped. Delay in getting "McCarthy doesn't argue be all fof them, it is believed, comes doesn't answer, he doesn't reason. from the fact that most were in He hits and runs," Benton said. the hands of the President's Loy-

Party Zeal Threatens Prestige, Says Jackson

Supreme Court Justice Jackson, in his opinion Monday on the Taft-Hartley non-Communist oath, discussed at length the role of political parties in the United States. At one point he said:

"All parties, when in opposition, strive to discredit and embarass the Government of the day by spreading exaggerations and untruths and by inciting prejudiced or unreasoning disconten, not ven hesitating to indure the Nation's prestige among the family of nations.

with an order of Mr. Truman for that body to give them a postaudit.

that one or more officers of the April 28.

State Department and the FBI will

Through his attorney, Harold I. be available to aid in the exam-cammer of New York, Field asked ination, which will be made by the for a chance to reconsider the special Senate Foreign Relations queries which he had turned aside Subcommittee.

McCarthy has charged that the ing on his constitutional rights.

State Department has "raped" one Cammer said a contempt act

The subcommittee, however, can Amendment to the Constitution."

call on FBI personnel during the Committee Counsel Edward F

that agency are still included in the files.
Meantime,

Democratic drum-

The accuser was Senator Benton The first of the files will be approval of a part of the contro-

"Senator McCarthy knows alty Review Board, in accordance can count on a vague distrust of the State Department and, like the Communist propagandist, he is doing his best to exploit it by any and every means."

In another development vesterday, wealthy Frederick Vanderbilt Field asked Senate loyalty investigators for another chance to answer questions in the McCarthy inquiry and thus save himself from a possible citation for contempt of Congress.

Field's unusual request for a refiearing to avoid contempt charges was made in a letter to the Senate Subcommittee.

The New Yorker, a reputed millionaire, has been described by McCarthy as an avowed Communist and an important link in Mc-Carthy's chain of evidence against his No. 1 case, Owen Lattimore

Field denied he was in contempt when he refused to answer a numidit.

ber of questions in testimony

t was also indicated yesterday before the Tydings inquiry group

with the reply that he was stand-

Cammer said a contempt action of the files and is engaged in against Field would be "incon-"spring housecleaning" on the sistent with observance of the rest, to remove derogatory mate-privilege against self-incrimination guaranteed by the Fifth

While these examination to deter- Morgan recommended citations Committee Counsel Edward P. mine whether all the data from against both Field and Earl Brow der, former United States Com munist Party chief, after they te tified in the current probe.

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McCarthy Threatens To Name 'Spy' Envoy From Senate Floor

Says He Will Put Case Before Members Unless Subcommittee Acts

BULLETIN

Chairman Tydings announced that a Senate subcommittee today will begin its study of State Department loyalty files on 81 persons accused of being Communists, fellow travelers or security risks. He declined to say immediately where the files would be examined.

By Cecil Holland

Senator McCarthy. Republican. of Wisconsin, today threatened to take the Senate floor and name an American envoy he has accused of being a foreign agent.

He said he would do this if the Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee investigating his charges of communism in the State Department fails to go thoroughly into the case.

VII I get resistance from the committee," the Wisconsin Republican said, "I will present the case as best I can on the Senate floor and name the man."

His charge of "foreign agent" against the unidentified envoy was made Sunday in a speech at Janesville, Wis. Previously, Sen ator McCarthy said, he had outlined "only a minor part of the case" in a February 20 Senate speech.

Subcommittee to Meet.

In that speech Senator McCarliny discussed the envoy as a top ease in a total of 81 persons he Accused of being Communists, fellow travelers or security risks. He said the envoy had supplied material to Russian agents and getting rid of him would "help to break the back of the espionage ring within the State Depart-ment."

Benator McCarthy's statements were made on his return yester day afternoon from a Midwest trip and as the Senate investigating group prepared to look into the State Department loyarty files on the 81 persons accused by the Wisconsin Republican.

The subcommittee, headed by meeting today to plan for the aganda purposes." study of the files that President Truman ordered made available to the investigators.

McCarthy Answers Benton. President Truman last week reversed a stand he had taken previously and agreed to let the committee see the State Department filles. He acted after being informed that four other congressional groups looked into the same files more than two years ago.

Senator McCarthy also had a sharp retort for Senator Benton, Democrat, of Connecticut who said in a Senate speech yesterday that the Wisconsin Republican was "a very talented propagandist of the Soviet type."

Senator Benton departed from the text of a prepared speech on the Fair Employment Practices bill to attack the McCarthy charges of communism in the State Department.

He said Senator McCarthy knows he can count "on a vague distrust of the State Department and, like the Communist propagandist, he is ding his best to exploit it by every means."

'Voice of America' Attacked.

"He doesn't argue, he doesn't answer, he doesn't reason," the Connecticut Senator said. "He hits and runs.'

Senator McCarthy said that Senator Benton would be doing the people "a great favor if he would stop sniping at those of us who are trying to get rid of those who endanger this Nation.

He noted that Senator Benton, former Assistant Secretary of State in charge of the Voice of America broadcasts, had recently called for a big expansion in that rrogram.

"Therefore," Senator McCarthy

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added, "he should be interested in the names of two voice of America employes whose names (L recently gave the subcommitted. Senator Tydings, Democrat, of Those individuals have been using Maryland, scheduled a closed the program for Communist prop

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Capitol Hill Hears Tydings Will Get Whitewash Payoff

By WALTER TROHAN

fast in the Capital on the reward associates that he has reached an Sen. Tydings (D) of Maryland understanding with the White will receive for his services in at House. tempting to whitewash the Administration in general and the State department in particular of of chief justice of the Supreme splotches of communism.

old Marylander has sold out to the presidential nomination in 1952.
White House for an ambassador.
Still others believe Tydings has

suggestion that Tydings has made a deal. These Administration mem-bers believe, however, that Tydings will be rewarded for his protection of the Administration.

Tydings is chairman of the Senate foreign relations subcommittee which was named to investigate charges of communism in the State department. Many members feel that Tydings is more intested in protecting the Admin-istration than in investigating sabotage of foreign policy by the

The senator is a candidate for re-election next fall. He has received many letters from Maryland constituents criticizing him for defending the Administration. The heavy protest mail, according to Capitol Hill reports, has

prought some concern among his supporters that he may be deleated. Tydings has snown no

concern over this possibility. Rumors are flying thick and which has convinced some of his

Some congressmen believe Tydings has been promised the post court.

Many congressmen make no Other members say Mr. Trumen secret of belief that the 60-year. has promised Tydings the vice Other members say Mr. Trumen

ship, the Supreme court or the been offered an ambassadorship ice presidential nomination in possibly to Moscow, where his 952.

Others are indignant over the once represented this country.

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26 Documents in Amerasia Case Listed

Seized by OSS Agents

(See editorial, Page 52.)
By FREDERICK WOLTMAN Scripps-Howard Statt Writer

A list of 26 Government documents recovered by agents of the Office of Strategic Services (OSS) in their wartime raid on Amerasia magazine came into possession of The News and other Scripps-Howard Newspapers today.

The list was presented last week to an executive session of the Tydings Senate Foreign Relations sub-commutee investigating charges of Communism in the State Department. It has never been made public by the Government.

The very titles refute claims that the Amerasia documents

stolen from the State Department, mostly contained inconsequential gossip.

These claims have been advanced by spokesmen for the Justice Department to explain its failure to press the prosecution of Philip J. Jaffe and his associates on Amerasia.

Many of the reports are marked "restricted," "confidential" or "se cret" and deal with political and economic conditions in the Fallerst.

In the hands of Mr. Jaffe, a

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Communist, they gave him inside knowledge of Government wartime and postwar policies not available to any but top Government officials. Mr. Jaffe used this data in his magazine which was dedicated to promoting Communist aims in Asia.

The contents of the 26 documents were not learned. But their titles follow.

· Policy Toward Japan." Secret.

No. 2796 Regarding T. Y. Soong and H. H. Rung Secret

Plan to Permit Overseas
Japanese to Organize for Political
Worlare Against Japan, 3/8/45."
Secret.

Secret. Policy Toward Secret.

Japan, 1/6/45." Secret.

"Report to Secretary of State No. 2761 Regarding Relations Between Chiang Kai-shek and Madain Chiang Kai-shek." Se

cret. "India, April, 1944." spricted.

"Report No. 2730 Regarding

a Speech Delivered by Dr. Huang Yin-pei on 5/29/44." Restricted.
• "Chinese Views Regarding the Postwar Treatment of Japan,

2/22/45." Secret.

• Transportation Conditions in China." Confidential.

• "The Hot Springs Institute of Pacific Relations Conference, 1/25/45." Confidential.
• "An OSS Report Regarding References to Activities of Indo-

References to Activities of Indonesia, Japan and Occupied Areas Confidential.

memial. "Preliminary Survey of the Economy of French Indo-China State Department.

• "Preliminary Survey of Indus-try" and Mining in China." State Department.

· "Preliminary Survey of the Economy of Thailand."

· "Preliminary Economic Survey of Korea."

 "OSS Report Re Gen. Fang hien-chuch." Stamped by State Chien-chuch." Department.

· "Report No. 1486 to Secretary of State from American Ambas-sador at Chungking."

• "Report of OSS Regarding the PPC as Viewed by a Chinese Liberal."

• "Importance of Reconstruction of Agriculture China."

"Military Intelligence Summary Europe."

 "State Department Policy."

· "Personal Intelligence - Far

East." • "Personal Intelligence-Near

and Middle East." • "China's First Public Opinion Dovis

Poll with Source as the OSS, Research and Analysis Branch, Report No. 78."

· "Report to Secretary of State No. 2914."

· "Official Japanese Broadcasts, North American Affairs."

HUNDREDS OF OTHERS

The Feb. 22, 1945 secret report on the post-war treatment of laps was dated just 17 days before it was found in Mr. Jaffe's office by the OSS raiders.

Frank Brooks Biclaski, OSS chief investigator who led the raid, found hundreds of similar documents, some of a military character. Frankli his superiors in Washington might doubt the magnitude of his ring his served the 26 as a sampling. It was OSS's discovery of the documents that led to the subsequent FBI investigation and raid of Amerasia which uncovered 1500 to Frank Brooks Bielaski, OSS chief

Commie Probers Split on Worth Of Loyalty Files

Senate investigators of State department Communism, studying loyalty files under guard at the White House, yesterday split concerning the future course of the inquiry.

Four members of the Senate foreign relations subcommittee eided a second day of perusing State department records on 8 employes named as security risks by Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin.

This preliminary investigation convinced the Republican minority, Sens. Hickenlooper of Iowa and Lodge of Massachusetts, that the files alone could not form a basis for conclusions.

Tydings Wants Quick Report

But chairman Tydings of Maryland and his Democratic colleague, Sen. Green of Rhode Island. expressed the opinion that the records could be examined in a two-week period and a report rushed through.

Sen. Hickenlooper, absent Wednesday, joined the White House study group and looked through three files. He later told reporters that he disagreed with the state department records would prove the truth or falsity of McCarthy's charges.

This matter goes far beyond the McCarthy charges, he said. The resolution under which we are acting, demands that we examine the broad question of whether disloyal employes, past or present, were employed by the State department. I am being sent much information which is independent of the material furnished by Sen. McCarthy.

Study Favored_

"We are just beginning on these 81 files and it will be a number of weeks, at least, before we can make a thorough study of them."

them."

"You cannot get a complete picture of an employe just by studying a file on him," agreed Lodge. "You must summon witnesses who can be questioned about information in the records."

Both Republican senators complained of the "strings" attached to President Truman's opening of the files which reversed his previous stand. The barring of committee staff members was protested. And the refusal to permit senators to take notes, made during the file examination, out of the White House, was criticized as making an adequate study impossible.

Files Called Incomplete

No State department records are available, it was charged on spine of the most important officials accused by McCarthy. Among these are Ower-Lattimore, a consultant on Far East policy; John S. Iservice, a foreign office executive, now under investigation by a loyally board; and Haldore Hanson, chief of the staff making plans for Mr. Truman's "Point 4" program for spreading American dollars in far corners of the earth.

In the House, the un-American activities committee recommended citation of 39 witnesses for contempt in connection with the recent inquiry into communism in Hawaii.

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Lattimore and Jessup

and Dr. Philip C. Jessup, both charged by Schator McCarthy Republican, of Wisconsin, with Communist leanings, as "deliberate, true servants of American reactionaries.

In a New York dispatch, headlined "Total Hysteria," Pravda ridiculed American reaction to apnator McCarthy's charges communism in the State Depar

Of course," said Prayda, "fo McCarthy and the section of the

Republican Party backing him, is no secret that the persons selected by him for scapegoats, such as Jessup, Lattimore and others are deliberate, true servants of American reactionaries."

"The fact of the matter," the paper added, "is that regular elections to Congress are going to be held this autumn. Therefore, a group of Republican Senators staged this comedy in Congress against the Democratic party."

Mr. Lattimore, expert on the Reactionary, Reds Say Far East, was accused by Senator McCarthy of being the No. 1 So-Far East, was accused by Senator

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Committee Surprised at FBI Data Found in Loyalty Fillowing the selves available to the investigated selves available to the investigated stigators today but tigators are tigators and the selves available to the investigator and the files of any obtained from the files study of such procedures abrounded in the files of the first the investigation said they were amazed by the extent and televant to the investigation said they were amazed by the extent and televant to the files of the files of the files of the subcommittee investigating the subcommittee investigation to the files of the

flies and were reported as getting much more FBI information from records than they had ex-

The files, being studied in strict secrety at the White House under presidential restriction, cover the persons accused by Benktor MiCarthy, Republican, of Wisconsin of being Communists, fellow travelers or security fisks.

Senator Tydings, Democrat, of Maryland, said the records con-

Maryland said the records con-alg a vast amount of informaon collected by the Rederal Buof those the FBI every-J. Egar Hoover has got." I il "Raig" Malerial Excluded This however, does not include One One go sailed FBI "raw" material Senate in Which this agency compiled to on reports to the State Departto the State Departwould take two or thre weeks at used to make the FBI files themtest to complete the check of

can.

However, Senator Hickenlooper, Republican, of Iowa, a committee member, indicated the examination may not give a final answer.

Files May Produce Leads.

He said the files may produce leads which the investigating

leads which the investigating group may want to pursue further by questioning some of the FBI

One thing seemed certain: The enate investigation likely will

to complete

others.

Still another phase includes study of the State Department' loyalty and security procedures. This is being conducted by Benators, Green, Democrat, of Rhode Island, and Lodge, Republican, of Massachusetts, members of the investigating group.

Question Officials.

The two Senators have been questioning State Department officials in charge of the loyalty and security programs. They plan to

the check of security programs. They plan to

fronting the subcommittee senator Hickenlooper to sugar some more practical approar for examining the files and car ing on other phases of the inqui

Mr. Truman in making the i available, only members of subcommittee are permitted examine them. They have bearred to the committee staff.

The tight restrictions also quire that the files be exa nin only in the White House. O member said the committee who even permitted to take not on the cases.

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State's Reply Full of Error, McCarthy Says

Senator Finds Facts 'Misstated' in Letter To Nation's Editors

New York, May 14 (U.P.),-Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) said tonight the State Department's "white paper" implying he is a premeditated liar "contains at least several glaring and apparently deliberate missialements of

He said he had not seen the department's document on his recent speech before the American Society of Newspaper Editors. But he added, "from the brief reports in the newspapers, however, I note that it contains . . . a number of deceitful attempts to play upon words.

McCarthy disputed the department's statement that Ambassador-at-Large Phillip C Jessup was "merely one of 50 trustees" and never chairman of the research advisory committee of the Institute of Pacific Relations.

He said Jessup in 1944 was its "chairman of the research advisory NDEXED - 40 committee (which controlled the publication in question)." Carthy said the department is "painfully aware" of "Jessup's syorn testimony" about his connection with the institute and the advisory committee,

The State Department also states that Jessup belonged to no Communist-front organizations."
McCarthy said. "I gave photostatic proof to the (Senale Foreign Relations subcommittee) committee that he was affiliated with five organizations listed by the Attorney General or congressional committees as fronts for the Communist

McCarthy said the department's remarks about George Wheeler were another example of the department's playing upon words in an attempt to deceive." McCarthy had asserted that Wheeler, who renounced democracy to live behind the Iron Curtain, had been cleared department's This the department

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Disaster in Asia\

By E. FATOMPKINS
1—THE McCARTHY DISCLOSURES.

O MATTER WHAT THE Tydings Committee says, Senator McCarthy's indictment of the State Department has been a very successful "fishing expedition."

It demonstrated to the American people the furtive way in which our "foreign policy" is concocted and conducted.

It showed that much of this "policy" has hewn to the Communist Party line; yet that—in order to obtain the facts—it is not necessary, nor perhaps relevant, to detect Communist Party members at work.

The expose compelled publication of A SECRET STATE DEPARTMENT DOCUMENT which has made OTHER documents comprehensible, and has clearly indicated that the United States is being decoyed into global disaster.

Senator McCarthy himself delved up the significant names of PROF. OWEN J. LATTIMORE and of the "career man" JOHN STEWART SERVICE revealing—AND INTERRUPTING—their latest activities.

THE FOREGOING DEVELOPMENTS, which have hardly been exploited, apparently contain the key to several post-wer Oriental mysteries; among them being—

1—The incredible fall of China to the Communists.

- 2—The persistent embarrassments of General MacArthur in Japan.
- 3—The withdrawal of our occupation forces from Korea.
- 4—The impending Bolshevization of India and Southeast Asia.

There is now available a mass of PRINTED EVIDENCE

bearing son these precarious situations.

Much of this evidence has actually been assembled in the. State Department's own White Book on China, issued in August, 1949.

Mr. Lodd
Mr. Clevy
Mr. Clevy
Mr. Clevy
Mr. Clevin
Mr. Phola
Mr. Force
Mr. Force
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LASS Internal Security - C TOTA Journal american

5-15-50 The evidence includes:

(A)—The indignant letter written to President Trum n by Gen. Patrick J. Hurley in resigning as our frustrated Ambassador at Chungking.

(B)—The repressed reports on the defense of China submitted by Lieut. Gen. Albert C. Wedemeyer.

(C)—The Pauley report on Far Eastern reparations.

(D)—Vice President Wallace's defeatist report on China—probably written by Owen J. Lattimore and John Carter Vincent, a State Department "career man."

(E)—Sundry reports by John Stewart Service and other diplomatic "career men" whom General Hurley denounced.

(F)—Lattimore's secret report on Asian policy, which coincided in time and tone with the White Book and was obviously an instruction to Prof. Philip C. Jessup, the State Department's "Ambassador-at-Large."

PATRIOTIC INQUIRY INTO the McCarthy charges should NOT be merely another "Red hunt."

It should be a drastic investigation of the tragical failure of our Far Eastern policy.

A genuine inquiry would show that American agents—whether "Communists" or not—have COLLABORATED IN A PROGRAM FOR THE COMMUNIST MASTERY OF

The inquiry would show that the program has been divided into two phases.

The first phase culminated in the loss of China.

The second phase is now commencing in South and South-eastern Asia.

The record will show that OWEN J. LATTIMORE and JOHN STEWART SERVICE were "present" during the first phase—IN CHINA.

And SENATOR McCARTHY has shown that, when the second phase was getting started IN SOUTH ASIA, Owen Lattimore and John Stewart Service were already there.

(To be continued.)

Myers Denounces— McCarthy Call for Acheson's Ouster 5

By the Associated Press

Senator McCarthy's demand that Secretary of State Acheson be fired drew a counter blast today from Senator Myers of Pennsylvania who said the Wisconsin Republican is just talking politics.

Senator Myers, the assistant Democratic leader of the Senate denounced Senator McCarthy's demand as a "deliberate and malicious attempt to undermine America's leadership in foreign afters.

He accused Senator McCarthy of being "more interested in the next election" than "in the future well being and peace of the world."

Senator Brewster, Republican, of Maine, on the other hand, gave support to Senator McCarthy's criticism.

Brewster Sees Loss of Confidence.

"For the good of the country," Senator Brewster said in an interview, "it ought to be possible to secure men (as Secretary of State) who would command more general confidence and do the job that is required in this very critical time."

Senator Brewster, chairman of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee, said he thought both Republican and Democratic Senators had shown a lack of confidence in Mr. Acheson's foreign holicies.

Senator Myers' statement was dictated to reporters in answer to an Atlantic City (N. J.) speech yesterday in which Senator Mc-Carthy called on President Truman to fire the Secretary of State as "the headmaster who betrays us in Asia."

Lincoln White Attacks McCarthy.

Senator McCarthy said the President also should relieve United States Roying Ambasador Philip Codessup of his duties and oust "those prancing mimics of the Moccow party line in the State Department."

incoln W IcCarthy rape of he facts, hat Dr. never "sponsor" of an-Russian institute Carthy charges In a second b night, Mr. White revived the f Senator McCarl ly's con WisconmcCarl is sin jude in 18 3 porter in o'partment Rosen pery of the destruction of the d a court case.

"Acheson-Lattimore Axis."

Mr. White said Justice Rosenberry referred to Sen. McCarthy's action as "destruction of evide / ce" and a highly improper "abuse of judicial power."

In his speech before a convention of the Sons of the American Revolution, Sen. McCarthy linked Mr. Acheson with Owen Lattimore it what he called a "Acheson-lattimore Axis" in shaping American policy in the Orient.

Sen. McCarthy has charged Mr. Lattimore, a Johns Hopkins University professor, with being the "top Soviet espionage agent" in the United States. Mr. Lattimore has sworn before a Senate investigating committee that Sen. McCarthy is a liar, and that he is not and never has been a Communist. The committee is looking into charges by Sen. McCarthy that the State Department harbors Communists.

Dr. Jessup, too, has been under attack by Sen. McCarthy as in "unwitting but very willing stoogs" of Mr. Lattimore, and as friendly to the Communists. He has denied the allegations.

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Disaster in Asia

By E. FATOMPKINS

II-The Lattimore Program

CENATOR McCARTHY "LOCATED" Owen J. Lattimore De, and "career man" John & Service in South Asia just as the Tydings Committee was about to squelch his charges of Communist influence in the State Department.

Consequently, the inquiry had to continue.

Lattimore was in Afghanistan, a strategic area—reportedly not as a U. S. employe.

He was there for the United Nations, which this country supports, on behalf of President Truman's "Point Four," which this country will finance.

Service was on his way to India as a Consul General when Senator McCarthy divulged that Service was being quietly recalled to undergo a fourth inspection of his loyalty record.

Before either of them could appear before the Tydings Committee, Senator McCarthy compelled Lattimore to "release" the secret statement made by him last August to "guide" Ambassador-at-Large Jessup in formulating American policy in South Asia-THE NEW ZONE OF COMMU-NIST INTRIGUE AND EXPANSION.

BECAUSE OF THE ASSIGNMENT of these two "Far Eastern experts" to South Asia at such a time, the Lattimore statement is of major importance.

ment is of major importance.

For not only is it a prospectus for Jessup to follow in India and Southeast Asia; it is also a lineal continuation of our Left-Wing "policy" in China.

Superficially, the Lattimore document deplores Soviet aggrandizement.

Beneath the camouflage, it is a doctrine of American

surrender in the "cold war."

It implies that we must yield to Communism in the in because we are confronted by Communism in Europe.

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Mr. Haibo Mr. Belmont .

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Mr. Nease _

Miss Gandy

It was the period in which Vice-President Wallace an ideological captive of the Left-Wing—was sent to China to re-write our policy.

lu his report, made in 1944, Wallace followed the Communist Party line.

"Chiang," he said, "at best is a SHORT TERM invest-

The Vice-President's advisers in China were Owen J. Lattimore, John Carter Vincent, State Department "career man," and John Hazard, the State Department's Chief Liaison Officer for its Division of Soviet Supply.

Some other activities of Lattimore's merit cursory attention.

On October 15, 1945, Lattimore became a member of the Pauley Reparations Mission to Japan.

Also detailed were John Carter Vincent and John Hazard.
On October 30—after protests—Commissioner Pauley
announced Lattimore's demotion, BEFORE THE MISSION
HAD DEPARTED.

In an interview published in September, 1945, Lattimore opposed MacArthur's policies in Japan, proposing that the Emperor be interned in China—among the Communists, presumably

In an article in *The Nation* on September 2, 1949, Lattimore condemned U. S. "intervention" in China, praised Soviet "non-intervention" and ADVOCATED RECOGNITION OF THE COMMUNISTS.

Lattimore also opposed the Truman Doctrine in Greece and Turkey, and wanted the United Nations to operate the Marshall Plan, with Russia "assisting."

In conclusion, it may be noted that two of Lattimore's recent books—one especially anticipating A SOVIET ASIA—have been cuthusiastically praised in the Moscow press.

(To be continued)

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Accordingly, it calls for-

1—Complete desertion of Nationalist China.

2 Admission of the Chinese Communist Government to the United Nations.

3-Withdrawal of our last interest in Korea.

4—Abandonment of Japan—with a suggestion that Japan become allied with the Chinese "Reds."

5—A benevolent attitude—including "economic support"—toward the Communists in Indonesia and Indo-China, and even in Mongolia.

Undoubtedly, if the Lattimore chart be followed, COM-MUNISM will soon command the boundless populations and the vast resources of all Asia.

AS A CONGRESSIONAL WITNESS on his own behalf, Owen Lattimore has testified under oath that he has never been a Communist spy, a Communist Party member or a Communist sympathizer.

Accusations that he ever was are not the subject of this discussion.

This is simply a review of American foreign policy, of which Lattimore has undoubtedly been an effective architect.

The report made last August for Ambassador Jessup, and Lattimore's recent assignment in Afghanistan, were merely THE LATEST EPISODES in his public activities.

For background on these affairs, it is necessary to refer to Lattimore's previous record in the Far East.

(To Be Continued)

Ex-Boss of Lattimore Wields State Dept. Lash on McCarthy

By WILLARD EDWARDS

The "master mind" of the State department's revenge cam-paign against Sen McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin was identified of Capitol Hill vesterday as Assistant State Secretary Edward W. Barrett a veteran once o war in ormation propagandist.

Barrett was wooed from his post as an editorial director of Newsweek massazine three months ago to accept the State department post. He had served in high OWI posts from 1942 to 1946 and was for a time the superior of OwenLattimore, China policy consultant named as a Communist agent by McCarthy Louis F. Budenz, former Com-munist editor. Communistic in fiftration of the OWI was repeatedly exposed in Congress.

Attacked by Brewster

Soon after he took office, Barsenators.

McCarthy replied that such evi
McCarthy replied that such evi McCarthy replied that denote the McCarthy replied that the Maine for an apparent attempt to intimidate a Newsweek editor whose attitude on the McCarthy replied that the McCarthy whose attitude on the McCarthy replied that the charges of State department communism was questioned by Bar-

The 39-year-old Barrett, it was learned, with the co-operation of sens. Tydings (D) of Maryland and Lucas (D) of Illinois, is stage managing the Senate attacks on McCarthy and his witnesses, which began May 3 but have

eady-made orations.

Sen. Chavez (D) of New Krexico, his immunity.

a Catholic, like Budenz, who was induced to read a speech May 12. attacking the "depravity" of Budenz, is under severe attack in his home State, it was learned. Thousands of women are writing to Chavez and to the Catholic bishop of New Mexico, it was reported, protesting against Chavez' charge that three of Budenz' children were born out of wedlock. The women assailed this assault upon "innocent children."

As members of the Senate foreign relations subcommittee headed by Tydings continued their White House study of loyalty files relating to 81 individuals accused by McCarthy, an exchange of letters between committee counsel Edward Morgan and McCarthy was made public.

Morgan asked McCarthy supply him with evidence backing up a charge that the files had been stripped of damaging data before they were shown to the

the files.

Immunity Assailed

Atty. Abe Fortas, representing Lattimore, told an American Veterans' committee meeting that Congress should take teps to dis solve the congressional immunity from libel which its members en-joy under the Constitution. He which began May 3 bill have bogged down recently.

Three Democratic senators delivered speeches prepared by a state department corps of 30 high-solarited experts but the repercus.

John May 3 bill have been speeches prepared by a against Lattimore as "a victous and dangerous" threat to "free expression of ideas."

Fortas suggested that Senate land House rules be revised to per-

ional spokesmen have been found and House rules be revised to pero read a number of additionar mit either chamber by majority vote to require a member to waive

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Date: MAY 1 9

Letter to Editors

Taft Denies ${\it Urging Steps}$ By McCarthy

in a form letter to Ohio newspapermen has flatly denied that he ever usged Senator Joseph R. McCarthy Wis.) to keep on presenting names of alleged Communists in the State Department "no mafte how little evidence he had."

"Apparently this story orthinated in a column by Mr. Drew Pearsort and it is not true," Taft said in his letter to the Ohio press.

Asked for comment on denial Pearson told The Post-

"When my column about Senator Taft's encouragement of Senator McCarthy appeared the Senator substantiated the general facts as I reported them. Apparently he has since had a change of heart Very bad public reaction may have been the reason.

Senator Taft's letter denying the story inclosed two copies of Taft's own column, "Washington Report," released for publication April 12 and April 19, Taft said these showed "my exact position on the McCarthy investigation.

You will note that I never and of Senator McCarthy charges before he made them, and that he had never received or sought advice from me; but that I think the committee should thor oughly investigate those Taft's letter continued,

"Should the matter arise again, I should be glad if you would correct any misapprehension which still exists." the letter said.

Pearson's column of March quoted Tall as felling other Re-publican Senators at luncheon. I tdd Joe to ke p talking den't think he's got anything. But the longer he talks the more people will think he has something

Pearson told The Post that when: his column appeared the New York Times of March 23 quoted Talt as saying that while Senator Mc-Carthy's charges were not a malter of party policy he (Mr. Taff) had personally urged the Wisconsin Senator to press his charges.

Senator Taft's April 19 "Washington Report" column, to which newsmen were referred in his Ohio letter, had this to say on his

position:

"I notice that some commentators credit me with being back of the McCarthy charges and advising Senator McCarthy. As a matter of fact, I never heard of the charges until he made them. He has never consulted me about his churse, and I have given him no allvice. It does seem to me that he should present his evidence to the committee and that, if the committee considers evidence on Mr. A inadequate, he should present his evidence on Mr. B. In my opinion the committee should receive this evidence in secret and only call for public hearings if it NDEXEO - 40 feels that the case is substantial."

Taft's April 12 "Washington

Report" said:

Senator McCarthy did not consult the Republican Policy Committee before making his charges, and the evidence in the individual cases has not been available to But we have insisted that in accordance with the Senate reson fution a complete investigation is justified and should be made with out prejudice and with a sincer of fort to obtain the real facts.

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Date:

Sen. McCarthy—— Misquoted Data, Says State Dept.

The State department charged last night that Sen. McCarthy had deliberately misquoted a congressional report to imply falsely that loyalty files were wide open to anyone in the depart-

Actually access to the files is "strictly limited," the department said. It accused McCarthy of a "crude misquotation" in which he substituted the name of the de-partment itself for the name of its security division.

This was done in a Chicago speech May 6, the department said. It made public its second point-by-point analysis of an address by the Wisconsin Republican senator who has carried on a running attack against the department as a hotbed of communism.

14 Points Cited

The department statement picked the speech apart in an attempt to show McCarthy wrong on 14 points. These included a number of previously denied and "refuted" charges, which drew a new broadside of replies.

It led off with a blow aimed at McCarthy's assertion that State department loyalty files furnished to a Senate committee investigating his charges "phony."

The Senate investigators now are going through these records which deal with the cases of 81 persons whom McCarthy has labeled as Communists or fellow travelers. The records were re-leased to Congress by President Truman. McCarthy immediately charged the files had been "raped" and "purged."

To get the truth about his charges, the senator said, Congress needs the files of the FBI, the Army and Navy intelligence services, the secret service and the central intelligence agencies. Files Declared Complete

The State department observed that "the facts" about its files given the committee are that they are "full and complete . . . current as of the date transmitted. They contain all information relevant to the determination of employe loyalty or security.'

It noted that under the federal loyalty program the FBI is the agency which conducts loyalty investigations of State department personnel. It added:

"The files made available to the committee contain the ma-terial collected by the FBI and transmitted to the State department."

The department analysis said that McCarthy's "misquotation" of a Congressional report in his Chicago speech dealt with one made by House appropriations committee investigators dated Jan. 27, 1948. This report accommited a list of the committee of t panied a list of cases forming the basis for McCarthy's original blast against the department in the Senate Feb. 20, the statement added.

McCarthy Is Quoted

It quoted McCarthy as saying at Chicago:

"Now from page 37 of the House report I quote the following: . . . Almost anyone and everyone in the State department had access to the files . . . "

But what the report actually

said, according to the State de-

partment, is:

"... Most everyone and anyone in the division has access to the files..."

The department added:
"The division that the House investigators were talking about was the division of security . . . charged with the physical and personnel security program of the department and the foreign service, and it is therefore essential that its staff have access to the files when needed." Harbo Belmont GC Tele. Room

Times-Herald

Wash. Post

Wash. News

Wash. Star

N.Y. Mirror

Herman Aright

the Government service since July 1942, the Government service since July 1942, the Government service since July 1942, the glothis is pretty much the same as in the last case, except that he is in a high-salaried position at the present time in the Office of Information and Education. This man, I know definitely, is in the Office of Information and Education of the State Department. He signed an affidavit in 1940 that he was a member of the Communist Party. He has been in the Government service since 1942. Apparently no check was made of him as to his other Communist activities and I have no further information about him.

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THESE DAYS

By George Sokolsky

To understand the present confusions concerning Mc-Carthy-Lattimore-Tydings-Budenz, et al one must go back far into the record.

I have before me the proceedings of the special committee of the committee on military affairs of the Home-of-Renresentatives, dated Feb. 27, 1945. It is a record of confusion. Here is a desire, during actual war, to discover subversive elements in our armed forces.

The witness is John Li Mc-Cloy, then assistant secretary of war, now our representative in Germany, a man of brilliant mind and devotion to his country.

IN this testimony is an in-struction from Brig. Gen. Robert H. Dunlop which states:

" . . . No action will be taken . . . that is predicated on membership in or adherence to the doctrines of the Communist party unless there is a specific finding that the individual involved has a loyalty to the Communist party as an or-ganization which overrides his loyalty to the United States. No such finding should be based on the mere fact that the individual's views on various social questions have been the same as the views which the Com-munist party may have ad-

This instruction does two things:

TIRST, it eliminates any consideration of the history of the Bolshevik movement since 1903, which proves that no Communist can place his country above his party. No person in the world can be a member of international communism who does not accept party above country.

To eliminate that from consideration of a Communist's affiliation is to give the case

Secondly, it eliminates proof by association. As usually no other proof is available, it bemmes hopeless in most cases to lestablishing fact by rules of evidences.

> MR. McCLOY commented: "In dealing with individhals suspected of communism or communistic beliefs, obvious

difficulties confronted the Army. In the first place, it was necessary (assuming the Hatch act to apply) to prove membership in the Communist party (which the attorney general found administratively to advocate the overthrow of our government by violence) in order to bar service in the Army. There is some doubt whether the Hatch act does apply.

"Experience demonstrated the virtual impossibility of developing actual legal proof of such membership on the part of persons desiring to conceal the membership . . ."

Precisely. As long as proof by association was eliminated. there could be no evidence. All a man had to say was, "it ain't so." That established his position. Mr. McCloy further said:

'. .'. There was evidence that the Communist party took action to prevent the application of the Hatch act to its members in the Army by giving them leaves of absence in such manner as to constitute at least a suspension, if not an annulment, of membership . . ."

UNDER this curious and weak procedure, all a man had to do was to withdraw from active membership for a 24-hour period and during that time, he could swear that he did not belong

Communists rarely do things that are crimes under our laws no matter how harmful then the may be. For instance, slanting a textbook to corrupt the minds of our children is neither a felony nor a misdemeanor.

THINK the entire subject was summed up in the colloouy between Congressman Thomason and Mr. McCloy:

"Mr. Thomason: Then if a man said he was a Communist, or there was some evidence that he was affiliated with the so-called Communist party, you would not necessarily hold that that man belongs to a political party that favors overthrow of our present form of government?

Mr. McCloy: We cannot take that position in the light of the great confusion that exists in the judicial tribunals of the country as to whether that is tenet of the Communist party or not."

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Date:

Ex-OSS Agent Links Big Shot To Amerasia

Raider Discloses Memo on 'Bomb'

By International News Service ank Bielaski, who made

Frank Biclaski, who made the original Amerasia raid, charged yesterday that the case involves an "infernationally famous" figure who "towers head and shoulders" above any individual yet named in the affair.

Bielaski, former agent of the Office of Strategic Services, declared that the "Hiss-Chambers affair is mere chicken feed compared with Amerasia."

Dafa on "New Bomb"

Scores of secret government documents were found by Bielaski in the office of the magazine Amerasia, which has been charged with supporting the Communist line.

The ex-OSS official declared, in a televised "Meet the Press" interview, that among documents he found in Amerasia's office at the time of the raid, was a typewritten memorandum on the "new bomb."

He said this memo was unsigned and on regular rough copy paper, along with two others—one describing the bombing pattern for tapan and the other outlining the coeffice of the battle of Leyte.

Six persons, including career diplomat John S. Service, were at rested as a result of the Amereci case, but only editor Philip Jaff and his assistant, Emanuel Laracte were convicted. Jaffa was lined \$2,500. Larsen \$504

ann Stalen Papers

Service, who is currently undergoing a new federal loyalty check, was arrested but was not indicted.

Bielaski said he found 3,000 stolen documents in the Amerasia magazine office, and they had been stolen in a period of three months. He said:

"At that rate, it was posssible for Amerasia to have a copy of every document the State wrote in connection with the Far East."

The former OSS official said the "internationally famous" individual he described as linked with Amerasia "does not work for the government." Bielaski de-

(Turn to Page 2, Col. 2)

Ex-OSS Agent Links Big Shots To Amerasia

(Continued from First Page)

clined to say whether the individual ever had been a government official.

Bielaski has appeared at a closed-door session of the Tydings Senate committee probing the charges of Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin that Communists have infiltrated the State department.

Infiltrated the State department. He declined yesterday to divulge any of his testimony before the Tydings group, which at the time shed no light upon what he told the committee, although McCarthy—not a committee member—said the testimony dealt with the atom bomb.

Bielaski said that if the Amerasia case were reopened in a congressional investigation or otherwise it would "expose and drive" Communists out of the State department.

FBI Agents Not Called

Bielaski listed six active and former G-men he said were not called before the grand jury when it probed Amerasia. He said that all would be "glad" to testify at any time.

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Those he listed were J. Lewis Ames, William Dunne, of New York; Joseph Garvey, Robert Brownell, of Washington, Eugene Calder, of Ypsilanti, Mich., and Daniel O'Connor.

Bielaski was asked why the Amerasia case was "hushed up" by the government at the time it was broken. He replied:

it was broken. He replied:
"There are too many people who believe a pledge of silence to a government department is more important than the oath of allegiance to the government."

Bielaski said that 40 stolen FBI documents were found in the Larsen's apartment.

Cites Fingerprints

He also stated that fingerprints on at least one of the Amerasia documents were enough to convict a government official of perjury."

In discussing the "new bomb" memorandum, Bielaski said he did not remember its contents too clearly, but could recall no reference to the ators bomb, which at the time of the raid had not yet blasted Nagasaki and Hiroshima.

Bielsaki was askai whether convicted perjurer Alger Hiss had any connection with the Amerasia case.

He replied that Hiss was not connected with this case but added:

"I had determined for myself that he was a Communist, however, about the time of the United Nations charter meeting in San Francisco in 1945."

Hiss was secretary of the conference which drew up the charter of the United Nations. Tolson_Ladd
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N.Y. Mirror ___

Date: 5-22-50

Why Not A REAL Investigation?

TILL, the Tydings committee shows no inclinaion to investigate properly Senator McCarthy's charges against the State Department.

Instead, we see Administration supporters —including New Deal members of the committee participating in a vindictive vendetta against Senator McCarthy on the floor of Congress.

But their intimidatory effort DISCREDITED ITSELF when Senator Chavez of New Mexico impugned his own religious faith—which is also Senator McCarthy's—in a refuted attempt to damage an important witness.

CTUALLY, there is not much mystery behind the McCarthy charges.

The Wisconsin Republican alleged that the State Department continues to harbor Communist sympathizers, and that the FBI files contain documentary evidence thereof.

The State Department, and the White House,

too, derided this charge.

Rut the public remembered Alger Hiss—and was not impressed.

President Truman, withholding the FBI data, gave the committee some old files of the State Department itself.

Plainly, the New Deal tactic is to BELITTLE THE McCARTHY CHARGES as merely an ill-

informed and futile "Red hunt."

What the Tydings committee seems to ignore is that such a maneuver WOULD LEAVE THE REAL INDICTMENT UNANSWERED.

Moreover, it would leave the nation exposed to A MORTAL DANGER with which Congress should be gravely concerned.

The Baltimore News Post Baltimore, Md. Mry 23,1950

QENATOR McCARTHY'S real charge is not just the persistent employment of left-wingers by the Government.

Mr. Tolson Mr. Ladd

Mr. Glavin Mr. Nichols Z

His real charge is that a pro-Communist policy contrived our diplomatic defeat in China and the military adversities of the Nationalists; that consequently our defensive position in the Pacific has been jeopardized; and that a prespective Communist conquest of South Asia will deprive us of strategic materials and isolate us from natural allies.

Senator McCarthy alleged that Prof. Owen Lattimore has been a "chief architect" of this de-

featist policy.

He alleged that others in and around the State

Department collaborated in our undoing.

These are matters that can be readily investigated.

Documentary evidence is PUBLICLY AVAILABLE in the State Department's "White Book" on China and in other official papers.

The requirement is a drastic inquiry into the State Department's Far Eastern methods.

And the Tydings group, belonging to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, has jurisdiction to conduct A GENUINE INVESTIGATION.

TO FAR, the subcommittee has made HARDLY A GESTURE in this direction.

This is not the way for a committee of the

United States Senate to demean itself.

It is certainly not the way for the representatives of the sovereign state to safeguard the security of THE UNITED STATES.

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Hobbs Sees Link to Russia

Secret Record of 1946 Probe Of Amerasia Case Made Public

By The Associated Press

The seals were ripped off the alleged to be a fellow-traveler"disputed Amerasia case of 1945 in Congress yesterday. It came amid disputed talk of a "cover-up" in the case that prompted Representative Brown (R., Ohio) to declare there were House rumors that "the fix has been put in again."

Brown speke out of the hotly-but Ross was "commissioned in spite of that."

2. Testimony that documents found cached in Amerasia magazine headquarters in New York included secrets from British Intelligence, U. S. Naval Intelligence, the State Department and other Government sources.

Brown spoke out after Reprea connection between the now-Espionage Act."

episode, including:
If Testimony by a Naval Intellage Act violation was "stamped all ligence officer that Naval Lieut.

Andrew Roth, one of the principals

Andrew Roth, one of the principals

Tydings (D., Md.) insisted that the later cleared, was "suspected or See LOYALTY, Page 2 Cal 3"

investigation record of the hotly- but Ross was "commissioned in

And that "every one of them sentative Hobbs (D., Ala.) told bore the stamp that possession of the House he believes there was the documents is a violation of the

defunct magazine Amerasia and The latter testimony, given by a Russia. Hobbs made public the long-secret record of a 1946 House investigation into the Amerasia opisode, including:

The latter testimony, given by a witness named "Brooks," the undercover name used by former OSS Agent Frank Bielaski, declared the warning about Espion-

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secret Record of 1945 Probe Of Amerasia Case Made Public

investigated, and he declared:

pertinent question which has been security. Dondero later denied asked about this case is going to this to newsmen. be answered fully."

subcommittee investigating State Department would have been charges by Senator McCarthy (R., in up to its head. Wis.) that the State Department In related developments: is infested with Communists and that the Amerasia case is the key to a Red network in the Government.

alleged illegal removal of State ately" falling down on its assigned garded as poor security risks besequent arrest of six persons in municis in the Government for blackmail. Senator Wherry cluding two State Department of As alternatives, he proposed R. Nebr. said impounded records sequent arrest of six persons, in-munists in the Government. ficials and editor Philip Jaffee of either a Federal investigation di- of the Washington Police Departthe magazine Ameraisia.

fee paid \$2500. The other four koetter, head of the United States tion's Capital, will be available for were cleared.

Some Statements "Unwarranted"

asia and Russia. Hobbs did not Amerasia case. elaborate. He did say that when his subcommittee investigated the made in a broadcast yesterday by case, none of the material brought Bielaski, chief investigator for the to its attention appeared signifi- wartime Office of Strategic Serv-

For the first time, the Alabama Amerasia's headquarters: legislator made the record of the Bielaski said the name of one House investigation a matter of man involved in the Amerasia case public record. He did so by throw-"up to his ears" had not been made ing on the table a thick file of public. He said the individual was photographed typewritten pages of greater fame nationally and for the official House record. the official House record.

Amerasia hearing," Hobbs said. But Tydings told newsmen that Representative Brown inter-Bielaski had given the name of rupted Hobbs to declare:

recently there have been dirty, sly tion with the Amerasia case.

little rumors floating through the "We asked Bielaski if he was thing will be covered up once said. more, and the whole thing white-washed again."

Probe to End in Three Weeks

No Attempt to Hide Facts

'go to the bottom of this—let the inquiry may be completed in chips fall where they may." chips fall where they may."

by his subcommittee in 1946 to Expenditures Committee consider

Amerasia case is being thoroughly was sealed at the request of Represenative Dondero (R, Mich.) to "When a report is made, every avoid endangering the national

e answered fully."

Representative Cox (D., Ga.) told the House that "if the case had been properly developed, the

The Wisconsin Senator said the denied it. The wartime case involved the Senate inquiry group is "deliber- Perverts of both sexes are re-Department renntles and the sub-task of exposing alleged Com-cause they are potential targets

rected by FBI Chief J. Edgar ment, listing about 3750 homo-Two of the six were fined; Jaf-Hoover and Admiral R. H. Hillen-sexuals in Federal jobs in the Na-Central Intelligence Agency; or, study. an independent inquiry guided by The committee is expected to On the House floor, the Amer- such men as former President assign the investigation to a subasia incident cropped up when Herbert Hoover and Federal Judge committee headed by Senator Hoey

spoke out in reply to what he called "a large number of unwar-ranted statements which won't bear the light of day."

In declaring he believes there was a connection between Amerwas a nonection between Amerasia and Russia Make and Russia Russ

Tydings disputed statements ices, who led the first raid on

"This is the sealed record of the has been mentioned in this case."

the "famed" person in secret testi-"There is a feeling throughout mony behind closed doors, and he the Nation there has been a cover-said Bielaski replied "No" when up in the Amerasia case. More asked if the man had any connec-

cloakrooms that the fix has been suggesting that we investigate this put in again and that the whole man and he said 'No,'" Tydings

The Maryland Senator said the committee's investigators are work-Brown demanded that Congress ing on the Amerasia case now and

Hobbs said he agreed, but he 3. Vice President Barkley disaid there had been no attempt rected that the Senate Executive facts. He said the record an inquiry into charges that hun-

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dreds of sexual perverts are hold-

(D., N. C). Senator McCarthy is

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Tydings Promises Full Report When/Amerasia Probe Ends

Sen. Tydings (D) of Maryland, Had Bombing Plan assured uneasy legislators today that he plans to tell "the full and complete story" of the mystery shrouded Amerasia case.

i It became apparent that the Senate itself must decide if it is to investigate sex perversion as well as communism in govern-

As for the Amerasia case, Tydings told newsmen that "a lot of people are drawing conclusions people are drawing conclusions included a memorandum on "the about things they know nothing new bomb," testified in 1946 that

Promises Complete Report

"I will tell the full and complete story as soon as my committee completes its investigations," he said

Tydings is chairman of a Senate foreign relations subcommittec investigating charges by Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin, that the State department is riddled with Communists.

The Amerasia case has been a cause celebre since 1945 when six staff members of the magazine of that name were arrested on charges of stealing top secret gov-ernment documents. In most instances, the charges were dropped.

Rumors of 'Fix' Heard

Rep. Brown (R) of Ohio de-manded in a House speech yesterday that an investigation be made of rumors that a "fix has been put on." He said that "high officials of the government" may be involved in the alleged attempt to prevent reopening the case.

Hundreds of official documents were discovered in the offices of Amerasia magazine in a raid in 1945. Philip Jaffe, editor, and Emmanuel Larsen. State depart-ment official, paid fines then for illegal possession of official papers, but nothing was done about any espionage charges. Four others arrested in the case were freed.

The uproar in the House came chairman of a judiciary subcomwhen Rep. Hobbs (D) of Alabama, mittee which investigated the Amerasia grand jury, filed a heretofore secret report of his committee's findings. Hobbs denied any whitewash or coverup. He said the bulk of the case

was based on evidence seized without a search warrant and which could not be used in court. He waded there was "not enough evidence to sustain a charge of espio-

had a copy of a U. S. plan for tombing Japan and that an allabar to a commission." He did leged "fellow traveler" arrested in not state that Roth was a Comthe case had been "forced" on munist. naval intelligence.

The testimony included sworn statements of Frank Bielaski, former OSS employe who conducted the raid on Amerasia.

Bielaski, who said Sunday they the documents contained one detailing in substance, "the bombing pattern for Japan."
Bielaski in 1946 "knew nothing"

of the atom bomb and could not recall any other information no reference to the mystery fig-which might link his find with ure he described as of "greater atomic material.

"Forced" on ONI

Also entered in the testimony was a statement by Capt. J. W.

. Whitfield, a naval intelligence offigur that Lt. Andrew Roth one of the six arrested in the Amerasia case, was "forced" on ONI. Whitefield testified that Roth was "suspected or alleged to be a fellowitraveler" but was "commissioned in spite of that."

The report said the magazine was an ally and "the fact that an officer was a Communist was not a bar to a commission." He did

Bielaski also testified in 1946:

1. Documents found in the Amerasia office were from "British intelligence, naval intelli-gence, G-2, State department, of-fice of censorship, OSS and probably others."

2. Shortly after the OSS raid, another OSS officer named Van Buren went to a meeting "where the stuff was shown to the Secretary of State."

Bielaski's secret testimony made fame" than anyone yet named in the case, and as "an international figure."

Over in the Senate, McCarthy denounced the Tydings committee for "doing a foul job" of investigation. He demanded creation of an independent commission of "high-minded men" to probe his charges.

This commission, McCarthy said, should be appointed by Congress and should have complete access to all government personnel files, including those of the FBI, to get at the facts.

McCarthy made this suggestion informally while the Tydings sub-committee was at the White House, going over more of the 81 State department loyalty files made available by Presidential crder.

Wisconsin senator has claimed 81 departmental employes are bad security risks. The committee probably will need several more weeks to finish its work an the files.

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Times-Herald

Wash. Post

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Wash. Star

McCARTHY: "A_REAL ONE" GOLLY! HEARSAY EVIDENCE

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The Washington Merry-Go-Round

Mystery Man S<u>tor</u>y Fizzles Out "

Ry Drew Pearson

by trank Ble- mos Jaski, former 🕆 OSS agent, this week.

H minde headlines all right, but Sonator Tydings of Maryland immediately counfered tout the n 400 mintolia to be nothing to do with the case.



rearson

In order to clear up the mystery, this column has investigated exactly what Bielaski testified behind closed doors, also has done some checking upon Bielaski him-

international celebrity. v hom Biclaski claims "towers haad and shoulders" above anyone else in the Amerasia case, is John Hersey, author of the book upon which was based the famed war picture, "A Bell for Adano" and the graphic story "Hiroshima." However, Bielaski's total recollection was that he had seen Hersey's name scribbled on an envelope in the Amerasia office, and he admitted to Senators that no link could be found between Hersey and the Amerasia magazine.

Hersey, incidentally, was never employed by the State Department or any other Government agency. It is also only fair to report that Bielaski himself was formerly an investigator for the Republican National Committee, that he now operates his own private detective agency, which is thriving on the Amerasia publicity, and that he was also involved in the famous Rhode Island wire-tapping scandal of 1940.

Finally, it is important to note that the newspaper chain which that the newspaper count amount that book contained and proper selfice and proper selfice applications of the first part for th sedimport is being sued for libel. by black Gayn of the Chicago bun, one of those originally involved in the Amerasia case.

With this background in mind, A mysterious "internationally here is Bielaski's closed-tioor restifamous" figure supposed to be in- mony before the Tydings Subcomvolved in the Amerasia case was millee. First, he described his iltossed to newsmen as heartifue half legal rold on the American magarine offices, told how he broke into the library and saw the table covered with documents.

"This is something I have never repeated in public or anywhere, but which I think must be told here." Bielaski confided. "An envelope in the middle of the table was there, and written across the top of it estercornered was the name John Hersey."

Di das not su envelope to my muid that was addressed to him, but as you might write your name on an envelope belonging to you, continued Bielaski.

The former OSS agent estimated that the "Hersey envelope" contained 12 to 15 documents.

"Did your investigation show that Hersey was connected in any way with the (Amerasia) magazine?" inquired Tydings.

"No, sir," Bielaski admitted.

"Or that he contributed to the magazine?" pressed the Maryland Senator.

"No. sir, not a thing that showed the had any connection with the magazine at all except for dochments in the envelope with his name on it," repeated Bielaski.

the private detective also backed down when Tydings asked him for information on the "disloyalty of persons in the State Department."

"Well, as to that," hedged Bielaski, "I have no firsthand knowledge of disloyalty of persons in the State Department in connection with the Amerasia case."

It was also pointed out that the Justice Department couldn't prosecute the Amerasia case, because Bielaskí seized the documents illegally. This led to a clash between Republican Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and Democratic

Senator McMahon of Connecticut.
Lodge brought it up by asking
Britaski: "Under what authority

din you enduce the raid on the probably in this war it would be

Amerasia office?" Tright to suspend them for "I didn't ask for authority at the security of the country?" sugges moment, Senator," confessed Bie-the Massachusetts Senator. laski. "But since, I have thought "I realized we were at war, sor

over the legal position, and I un-one had stolen valuable secr derstand that the OSS was created from us, and I had to try to by executive order (which) pro-them, and I did," Bielaski read vided that it should take care of its agreed. own security."

This appeared to be a weak ex-tution in time of war," counter cuse and Lodge tried to be more Tydings. helpful.

the past the normal safeguards of it," shot back Lodge. "I would ha search and seizure and habeas done it myself," he added.

"You can't set sside the Cons

"I think they did it in time "Did you realize that in wars in war. He did it and got away wi

corpus had been suspended, and Copyright, 1950. The Bell Syngicate, in

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Kaps Probe Report on McCarthy

Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.), named in the memorandum. charged yesterday that the report on the McCarthy Communist-in-Government investigation was the most "intemperate and abusive" such document ever filed in the including the memorandum.

"In addition, I expect to take action on two more cases within the next few days." Peurifoy wrote.

"Of the remaining 55 cases of individuals employed in the de-Senaie.

niscent of Joseph Goebbels, Nazi made, three are either resigning

week the Republican criticism of been made in eight cases, which the report, which called the are still being considered. The charges by Senator McCarthy (R., remaining 44 cases will be investables.), a "hoax and a fraud" and gated further." said McCarthy had utterly failed Touches on Alger Hisa to prove his allegations. McCarthy will talk today.

by the Democratic majority of a he did not turn over secret gov-Foreign Relations Subcommittee, ernment data to a Soviet courier. "used soft words to shield those Hiss is at liberty pending action who have been careless with naon his appeal.
tional security." He wondered Ferguson presented a confidenaloud who wrote it, saying it could tial memorandum written March not have been written by Senator 7, 1946, by J. Anthony Benuch. Tydings (D., Md.), subcommittee State Department security officer. chairman, or his two Democratic associates, Senators McMahon of a departmental reorganization. Connecticut or Green of Rhode plan attributed to Hiss. He said Island. (All three signed it.)

Asks Probe of Staff

thy's charges. Ferguson said there gation to the United Nations. not only ought to be a new inves- "The security hazard of such a tigation of communism in the Gov-setup, if eventually accomplished, ernment, but also an investigation would seem to warrant the conof the Tydings subcommittee staff, tinuing interest of the FBI and

He disclosed that in 1947, a Sen-other security intelligence agenate Appropriations subcommittee cies." Panuch wrote. informed Gen. George C. Marshall. Ferguson said he fears the Mcthen Secretary of State, of a "de-Carthy investigation report is apt liberate, calculated program to to "lull the State Department into protect Communist personnel in Senator Lodge (R., Mass.), one bigh places" in the State Departbigh places" in the State Departof the two Republicans on the investigating committee protested that another purpose of the asserted intrigue was "to reduce kecurity and intelligence protection to a nullity."

Replying to the memo on June has been sense of security."

Senator Lodge (R., Mass.), one of the two Republicans on the investigating committee protested that the printed record of the hearings omitted 45 typewritten pages of questions which he thought the committee should ask,

Replying to the memo on June but which it didn't.

Senator McKellar (D., Tenn.)

Law of State John E. Peurifov tried fruitlessly to get the Senate told the subcommittee that 10 em-headed back to debate on the \$34.
playes, regarded as security risks, 700,000,000 single-package appropriate the subcommittee that the subcommittee had been fired, including five priation bill.

partment, concerning whom de-Its phrasing, he said, was remi- rogatory allegations have been propaganda minister, or Andrei or are being terminated by a re-Vishinsky, Soviet foreign minister, duction in force, and recommenda-Ferguson carried into the second tions for security clearance have

Ferguson touched on Alger His ill talk today.

Ferguson said the report, issued convicted of lying when he swore

it would give Hiss "working con-trol" over documents moving to Attacking dismissal of McCar- and from the United States dele-

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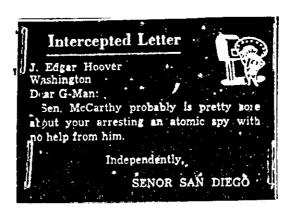
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Amerasia Case Fell Apart, Says Ex-Federal Prosecutor

By JERRY GREENE

Robert M. Hitchcock yesterday testified before a Senate investigating committee that the government's Amerasia spy case fell apart at the seams and he was lucky to get two of six defendants State department official, were to pay nominal fines.

a fair way to beat the rap completely.

Defense Finds Loophole

Philip Jaffe, editor of Amerasia magazine, and Emmanuel Larsen, fined \$2,500 and \$500 respectively Hitchcock, Buffalo lawyer who for illegal possession of classified was in charge of the prosecution government documents. An inwas in charge of the prosecution government documents. An inof the Amerasia case in 1945, said
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Larsen found the loophole in the government's case when he filed a motion to suppress evidence obtained in a search of his apartment without a warrant. Hitchcock said the government hastily got an agreement for Jaffe to plead guilty before he or his attorney learned of the Larsen move.

Thinks Sentence Inadequate

"I have never believed that Jaffe's sentence was adequate," Hitchcock told the committee headed by Chairman Tydings of Maryland. "I know that had we not disposed of Jaffe's case as we did, there would have been no conviction of Jaffe, and, of course, no punishment, even to the extent of a fine."

Hitchcock candidly told the committee how the FBI tapped telephones of the suspects for weeks and how the Amerasia offices and Larsen's home were searched several times. The Justice department hoped the defendants would not learn of these activities, he said, but Larsen's landlord inadvertently tipped him off and the motion to suppress the ewidence was filed at onde.

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Senator Robert A. Taft (R. Ohio) vesterday said a special Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee has failed to conduct a "complete investigation" of Senator McCarthy's charges of communism in the State Department.

Taft was asked on the "Meet the

Taft Says Tydings Unit Falls Short in Inquiry 4

Taft was asked on the "Meet the Press" television show what he thought of the Wisconsin Republican's allegations and the investigation of them by the subcommittee headed by Senator Tydings (D., Md.).

"There is a prima facie case arising out of the [Alger] Hiss conviction, the [Julian] Wadleigh confession, the Amerasia case and Secretary [Charles] Sawyer's request for [William W.] Remington and [Michael] Lee to quit." he said.

Taft said he has "no way of knowing whether the McCarthy charges are right or not." He said that McCarthy "never asked my advice and I never advised him."

"There ought to be a complete investigation," he said. "I don't think the Tydings committee has dene it."

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'Amerasians' Can Be Tried

By International News Service
Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin told the Senate today that
cofendants in the 1945 Amerasia
ase still can be prosecuted under

federal espionage law which provides penalties up to and induding death.

McCarthy's assertions were made during debate marking a meech by Scn. Knowland (R) of California, who demanded that ill documents seized in the Americia case be made public immediately.

McCarthy contended that the tatute of limitations has not run out on the Amerasia case. He said the case comes under section 794 of the U.S. criminal code, under which wartime violations may still be prosecuted.

(Earlier Story on Page 4)

Hull's Amerasia Cable Reveals •• Pro-Red Slant

By WILLARD EDWARDS

A secret wartime cable, one of the top exhibits in the Amerasia stolen documents scandal, came to light last night. Dated July 28, 1944, and hidden for six years by the Truman administration for obvious reasons, the document bares pro-Soviet influence in the State department at top levels.

The cable is marked "Hull to

The cable is marked "Hull to Chungking" and is a confidential message to the American ambassador in China. Cordell Hull, then state secretary, resigned in November 1944. Now ailing, he was not available for comment on whether he authorized the dispatch, which bore his name, with its startling implications.

At the time the message was sent, John Carter Vincent, now minister to Switzerland, was head of the office of Chinese affairs. Alger Hiss, convicted reinformation from Chinese Communists which he passed on to the late President Roosevelt.

The message also shed light on testimony before a House committee in 1946 that Amerasia was circulated in the State and other departments as "an important textbook."

The Hull message was one of 1,700 secret government papers locked from the public gaze since they were seized by the FBI in 1945 in the offices of Amerasia in New York City. A huge photostating apparatus was discovered and investigators reported there was no doubt that the magazine was being used to funnel a constant stream of confidential papers to Soviet Russia.

Jaffe and five others, including two State department officials, John S. Service and Emmanuel Larsen, were arrested in what the FBI termed an "airtight" case. Seven months later, all six were free. Two had been fined and the four other cases were dropped by the Justice department.

This paper learned the text of the Huil document shortly after James M. McInerney, chief the Justice department's criminal division, told reporters he had studied all the documents in the Amerasia case and denied they included one, bearing the signature of Hull, plugging Amerasia cently of perjury to conceal espionage, was deputy director of special political affairs. Dean Acheson was assistant secretary of state.

The dispatch quoted the pro-Soviet magazine, Amerasia, in outlining policy for China and Japan. Earl Browder, then head of the Communist party, had a hand in the founding of Amerasia. Philip Jaffe, its editor, was arrested less than a year later for the theft of hundreds of secret documents from government departments. He finally pleaded guilty but received the light penalty of a \$2,500 fine in a deal with the Justice department into which an investigation was recently reopened.

The contents of the cable supports Communist leader Browder's boast before a congressional committee recently that he was a war time White House agent, securing as an authoritative policy source. The "Hull to Chungking" calle

follows:
"July issue of Amerasia suggests possibility of using Japanese Susomo Okano in the rule of 'Tito of Japan' to help Japanese people to establish a government which will discard aggression and the present ruling oligarchy.

"The magazine however voices uncertainty as to whether the United States State department will support the program advocated by Okano and his followers or will prefer to favor the so-called liberal elements in Japan's present ruling class.

Red Tieup Plan Cited

"The same issue proposed that the opposition to Japan throughout eastern China should be atrengthened by the Allies through establishing a close working relationship with the guerrilla Communist forces now operating behind the Japanese lines and to bolster the activities with material and financial aid.

"Amerasia advocates that the allies follow the policy adopted toward the guerrilla group of Yugoslavia where political considerations were eventually superseded by military necessity.

"Amerasia claims to have information proving the northern guerrilla forces (Communist) have carried on their resistance

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to the Japanese and keve persistently contributed to the work of educating the people to participate in that resistance.

"Amerasia contends the time has passed when internal political considerations can be allowed to supersede military necessity and insists the immediate reformation of the potential strength of the guerrilla (Communist) forces, involving the dispatch of liaison of ficers, technical aid, and munitions, has become of primary importance for the success of the United States future offense against the Japanese."

The effect of this message, backed by the prestige of Hull's name, veteran diplomats said, would have been to impress upon the recipient that the policy advocated by Amerasia was one which was receiving favorable consideration. There were no comparable messages, quoting any other publication, in the file of confidential dispatches.

Asst. Atty. Gen. McInerney also denied that the secret Amerasia documents disclosed the wartime disposition of U.S. submarines in the Pacific. On of the documents in the file is dated November, 1944, and discloses the contents of a "confidential talk by Grew to State department personnel." (Joseph C. Grew was then State undersecretary.)

This paper, apparently copied for espionage use, states definitely that the Navy would continue blocking a certain Japanese strait (named in the document) and that "25 submarines" were stationed there. Grew also disclosed, according to the document, that "island-hopping for bomber bases" was continuing and discussed the use of the Japanese emperor after the war as "an instrument for orderly peace."

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Both the military and policy information in this document would have been of invaluable aid to Russia at the time. It was noted.

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Text of Hull's 44 Pro-Soviet Note Revealed

Truman and Aides Kept Secret 6 Years

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