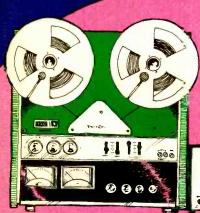
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Popular Electronics

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NOVEMBER 1977/\$1.25





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Tips on making projects attractive

A Field-Disturbance Sensor for Security Systems

Add Voltage Regulation to Color Enlargers

Diracty On The Aircrean

Piracy On The Airwaves

TESTED THIS ISSUE: Dual 1245 Automatic Turntable

Burwen DNF 1201A Naise Reduction

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CIRCLE NO. 8 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

UPWARD MOBILITY.



Pocket CB

New integrated circuit technology and a major electronic breakthrough brings you the world's smallest citizens band transceiver.

Scientists have produced a personal communications system so small that it can easily fit in your pocket. It's called the PocketCom and it replaces larger units that cost considerably more.

MANY PERSONAL USES

An executive can now talk with anybody in his office, his factory or job site. The housewife can find her children at a busy shopping center. The motorist can signal for help in an emergency. The salesman, the construction foreman, the traveler, the sportsman, the hobbyist-everybody can use the PocketCom.

LONG RANGE COMMUNICATIONS

The PocketCom's range is limited only by its 100 milliwatt power and the number of metal objects between units or from a few blocks in the city to several miles on a lake. Its receiver is so sensitive, that signals several miles away can be picked up from stronger citizens band base or mobile stations.

VERY SIMPLE OPERATION

To use the PocketCom simply turn it on. extend the antenna, press a button to transmit, and release it to listen. And no FCC license is required to operate it. The Pocket-Com has two Channels-channel 14 and an optional second channel. To use the second channel, plug in one of the 22 other citizens band crystals and slide the channel selector to the second position. Crystals for the second channel cost \$7.95 and can only be ordered after receipt of your unit.



The PocketCom components are equivalent to 112 transistors whereas most comparable units contain only twelve.

A MAJOR BREAKTHROUGH

The PocketCom's small size results from a breakthrough in the solid state device that made the pocket calculator a reality. Scientists took 112 transistors, integrated them on a micro silicon wafer and produced the world's first transceiver linear integrated circuit. This major breakthrough not only reduced the size of radio components but improved their dependability and performance.

BEEP-TONE PAGING SYSTEM

.

You can page another PocketCom user, within close range, by simply pressing the PocketCom's call button which produces a beep tone on the other unit if it has been left in the standby mode. In the standby mode the unit is silent and can be kept on for weeks without draining the batteries.

NOVEMBER 1977

SUPERIOR FEATURES

Just check the advanced PocketCom features now possible through this new circuit breakthrough: 1) Incoming signals are amplified several million times compared to only 100,000 times on comparable conventional systems. 2) Even with a 60 decibel difference in signal strength, the unit's automatic gain control will bring up each incoming signal to a maximum uniform level. 3) A high squelch sensitivity (0.7 microvolts) permits noiseless operation without squelching weak signals.



EXTRA LONG BATTERY LIFE

The PocketCom has a light-emitting diode low-battery indicator that tells you when your 'N' cell batteries require replacement. The integrated circuit requires such low power that the two batteries, with average use, will last weeks without running down.



The PocketCom can be used as a pager, an intercom, a telephone or even a security

MULTIPLEX INTERCOM

Many businesses can use the PocketCom as a multiplex intercom. Each employee carries a unit tuned to a different channel. A citizens band base station with 23 channels is used to page each PocketCom. The results: an inexpensive and flexible multiplex intercom system for large construction sites, factories, offices, or farms.

NATIONAL SERVICE

The PocketCom is manufactured exclusively for JS&A and is the unit currently used on the hit TV show, Charlie's Angels. JS&A is America's largest supplier of space-age products—further assurance that your modest investment is well protected. The PocketCom should give you years of trouble-free service, however, should service ever be required, simply slip your 5 ounce PocketCom into its handy mailer and send it to our prompt national service-by-mail center.



pocket. The unit can be used as a personal communications link for business or pleasure.

GIVE IT A REAL WORKOUT

Remember the first time you saw a pocket calculator? It probably seemed unbelieveable. The PocketCom may also seem unbelieveable so we give you the opportunity to personally examine one without obligation. Order only two units on a trial basis. Then really test them. Test the range, the sensitivity, the convenience. Test them under your everyday conditions and compare the PocketCom with larger units.

After you are absolutely convinced that the PocketCom is indeed that advanced product breakthrough, order your additional units, crystals or accessories on a priority basis as one of our established customers. If, however, the PocketCom does not suit your particular requirements perfectly, then return your units within ten days after receipt for a prompt and courteous refund. You cannot lose. Here is your opportunity to test an advanced space-age product at absolutely no risk.

A COMPLETE PACKAGE

Each PocketCom comes complete with mercury batteries, high performance Channel 14 crystals for one channel, complete instructions, and a 90 day parts and labor warranty. To order by mail, simply mail your check for \$19.95 per unit (or \$39.95 for two) plus \$2.50 per order for postage, insurance and handling to the address shown below. (Illinois residents add 5% sales tax). But don't delay.

Personal communications is the future of communications. Join the revolution. Order your PocketComs at no obligation today.

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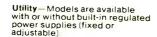
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ANNUAL EDITORIAL INDEX **FOR 1977**

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Editorial

SNIFFING OUT SMOKEYS

Great Britain zapped the Luftwaffe through the use of radar during World War II! In the afteryears, highway police departments adopted the same principle to catch speeding motorists—with better than a 99 percent conviction rate on radar evidence. This was countered, with typical American ingenuity, by radar detectors for the motorist to spot radar signals before they reached him and had time to return to the police for readout. Thus, he was warned to slow down in advance.

As the ownership of these detectors increased (now reported to be more than 500,000), the police increased their radar setups tenfold—to some 50,000 throughout the nation. Furthermore, whereas most police radar uses the X band (10.52 GHz), there is growing use of K-band radar (24.125 GHz), now said to constitute about 5 percent of the total in speed-enforcement work. Radar-detector manufacturers countered with K-band detectors and combined X- and K-band detectors. The police, in turn, introduced radar that's tuned slightly outside the standard bands so that the detectors can't give the alarm. This was followed by the introduction of radar detectors that scan from 9 to 25 GHz (FCC police frequency allocation is actually 9.445 to 24.445 GHz). With all of these moves and countermoves, it's now the police departments' turn to tip the balance.

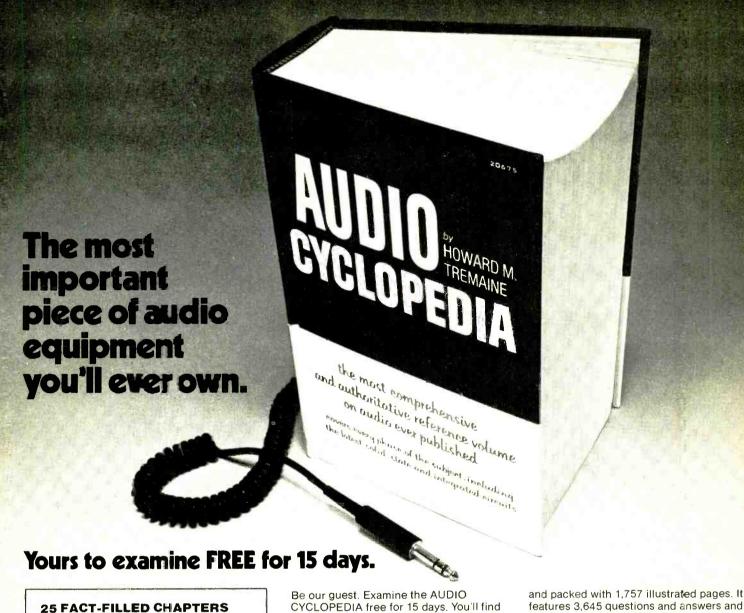
Now if this little game isn't sufficient to make you gasp, consider state laws concerning the use of radar detectors by motorists. Until recently, the use of detectors was illegal in a handful of states, users being subject to fines and/or equipment confiscation. In some instances, there were no laws against use of radar detectors, but state police issued tickets for them anyway. In the past year, nine states voted down bills prohibiting radar detectors. This was not truly surprising since the airwaves are "free" for listeners. Besides, electromagnetic communications is the reserve of the Federal Government, not the states. Nonetheless, there is still one state with an anti-radar-detector law—Virginia. (The state's house and senate voted to repeal it recently, but the governor vetoed the repeal.) Of course, all this doesn't mean that you won't be ticketed in a state other than Virginia. There might be some local statutes that indicate it's illegal to pick up police signals—though they might not hold up in court.

Therefore, the main consideration regarding the use of radar detectors is now one of morality. Is it morally correct to outfox the law (for the purposes of exceeding the speed limit)? That's just what the speeding motorist is doing when he uses a radar detector. He's set up so that he can be alerted to a police radar net lurking ahead, enabling him to slow down before he is caught. Can you think of another reason for having a radar detector mounted in a car?

Proponents of radar detectors can whip up some other justifications, of course. One argument is that the system reminds the driver that he is going too fast and he slows down. Other "pro" views reflect the feeling that no one should rule us: we have highly efficient highway networks so why not take advantage of them? . . . The police are spending too much time on an unimportant matter when other pressing problems are largely ignored . . . An unpopular law is being enforced, so let the people's will reign . . . And so on.

The 55-MPH speed limit was established to decrease the amount of gasoline used, thereby saving a much-needed resource. An important byproduct has been the reduction of automobile fatalities on the highways. Furthermore, we all, I believe, have a social responsibility to obey our laws in order to strengthen our society. If an individual (or group of people) objects to a law, there are legal ways to eliminate it. In fact, that's just what has been done with radar-detector prohibitions! They've been virtually overcome legally, though I must admit that I find this broad interpretation of the Communications Act of 1934 (U.S.C. Title 47) unsettling.

Aut Salsberg



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GETTING MANUFACTURERS' INFO

In the August 1977 Solid State column, it was stated that a lot of good ideas and manufacturers' information can be obtained from

the pamphlets published by manufacturers. What I would like to know is how one goes about receiving these pamphlets. —Kenneth J. Goodnow, Tucson, AZ

Each of the manufacturers mentioned in the Solid State column is accompanied by an address to which you can write to obtain more information (pamphlets, specifications sheets, etc.).

MOS STATIC DAMAGE

In "How to Avoid Static Damage to MOS Devices" (August 1977), a number of companies that market products for safe handling of MOS devices were mentioned. We noted, however, that Walter G. Legge Company,

Inc. (101 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017), one of the oldest firms in this field, was not mentioned. We manufacture very sophisticated "Personnel Grounding Devices." All are insulated and have resistors to protect both the MOS devices and the personnel who handle them.

We also make conductive coatings in various colors that can be used on benches, floors, containers, etc. This product costs about 5¢ per square foot to apply and eliminates tripping hazards from mats and trailing wires. —Ralph C. Ohlbach, Walter H. Legge Co., Inc., New York, NY.

USING LIFT-IT ON GRAPH PAPER

I read with interest "New 'No Camera' Printed Circuit Board Methods" (May 1977). I would like to know whether or not the Lift-It emulsion will remove any of the ruled lines on the graph paper I am using. —Len Buchanan, Scarborough, Ontario, Canada

The Lift-It emulsion works best when lifting the etching and drilling guides for pc boards from printed magazine pages. However, if you use it on home-made guides on graph paper, be aware that the paper must not have a glazed surface or be of "vellum" material. Also, the ink used must be printer's or similar type. You need not worry about lifting the grid lines of the graph paper if the lines are relatively fine and light blue or light green in color. Neither of these colors is opaque to the ultraviolet light used when making exposures.

OPTIMIZING PERFORMANCE

I noticed with great interest the "Portable 60-Hz Clock Oscillator" article in the July 1977 issue. I have design experience using the MM5369 IC used in this application at 3.58 MHz and have found the IC to be unstable at 5 volts $V_{\rm CC}$. We found, after consulting the manufacturer, that the MM5369 is specified for a minimum oscillating frequency of 2 MHz at 6 volts. I recommend applying at least 8 volts for proper operation at 3.58 MHz, rather than the 3 to 15 volts specified in the article. —Stan Apel, Torpey Controls & Engineering Ltd., Toronto, Canada.

I would like to pass on a few hints for adjusting the MM5369 for proper operation. Start off by setting the trimmer to the middle of its range, rather than matching the divided crystal frequency to the 60-Hz power line. While the ac line is very accurate over a 24hour period, it is considerably less accurate over shorter periods of time. If a frequency counter is used to calibrate the circuit, be aware that connecting it to pin 7 of the IC will yield a slight frequency shift, even though the output is buffered. You do not really want the 3.579545 MHz marked on the crystal; you want either 3.579600 MHz for early production MM5369's or 3.579540 MHz for the current MM5369's.

The Parts List is misleading. Capacitors C2 and C3 must be relatively stable. Use NPO (Continued on page 12)

Use Quick-Wedge to wire in panelights, rackmount components, connect a barrier block, fasten circuit modules.









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CIRCLE NO. 24 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

Only NRI 25" designed-

Color TV

Quadraphonic



Two home training schools give you a hobby-kit Color TV to assemble. Two others give you a commercial set right off the shelf. Neither was designed to teach you how to repair Color TV's. Only NRI invested the time and money to design equipment with learning in mind!

No other home training school gives you both a solid state Color TV and SQ ** Quadraphonic Receiver complete with four speakers . . . all in one course. In fact, to even match this kind of thorough training at another school, you'd have to take an extra

"Trademark of CBS, Inc.

course costing hundreds of dollars more. And only NRI courses in Color TV/Audio servicing let you learn on equipment designed specifically for training.

It's the only way you can (1) get the feel of typical commercial circuitry, (2) learn bench techniques while building complete units from the "ground" up, (3) perform over 35 "in-set" experiments during construction, and (4) end up with a 25" diagonal solid state Color TV with cabinet and a 4-channel Audio Center.

NRI passes the savings on to you

NRI engineering eliminates the cost of buying from an outside source. We pay no salesman's commission. Students are enrolled by mail only. The savings are passed on to you in the form of low tuition fees, extras like the TV's console cabinet and the Quadraphonic System; professional test instruments like a 5" triggered sweep oscilloscope, CMOS digital frequency counter, and integrated circuit Color TV pattern generator. You can pay hundreds of dollars more for similar courses and not

gives you this for-learning ...plus complete Audio Center.

get a nickel's worth more in training and equipment.

More know-how per dollar

It all boils down to the quality of training you get for your money. In our 62-year history, more than a million students have come to NRI and we're fully approved for career training under the G.I. Bill. We know the right way to make home training pay dividends for you.

Some of those 'right' things are bite-size lessons to ease understanding and speed learning . . . personal consultation, and prompt grading of all tests . . . a full-time staff of engineer/instructors to help if you need it . . . the right kind of kits and experiments to give you hands-on training . . . and fully professional programs oriented to full or part-time career needs.

Also CB, Computer, & Other Courses

NRI offers not one, but five TV/Audio servicing courses so you can tailor your training to your budget. Or you can study other opportunity fields like Digital Computer Electronics, Citizens Band Radio, Communications, Aircraft or



Marine Electronics,
Mobile Radio and more.
Send for your free catalog and see for yourself that no one gives you more training and equipment for your dollar. There's no obligation and no salesman will call.

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NOVEMBER 1977

In the Black II



Performance, beauty, quality—three attributes that have always been the hallmarks of SAE products. SAE systems in the past have had them, this system's predecessor had them, and the new In The Black system has them and much more.

The 2900 Parametric Preamplifier offers our new flexible parametric tone control system, full dubbing and tape EQ. New phono and line circuitry results in unparalled clarity and definition with distortion of less than 0.01% THD & IM.

The 2200 Stereo Power Amplifier with fully complementary circuitry delivers 100 Watts RMS per channel from 20-20K at less than 0.05% Total Harmonic Distortion, from 250mW to full rated power.

The 8000 Digital FM Tuner has linear phase filters, phaselock multiplex, and of course, our famous digital readout tuning indicator system.

Combine these products together and you have a system that ensures superior performance in all areas, excellent control flexibility, and the sonic quality that is typically SAE.

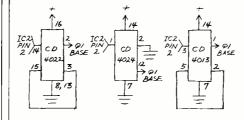
Scientific Audio Electronics, Inc.
P.O. Box 60271 Terminal Annex, Los Angeles, CA 90060

LETTERS (Continued from page 6)

ceramic, mica, or polystyrene. Anything else will cause the frequency to drift with temperature changes. Resistor *R1* need not be rated at 20 megohms and 5% tolerance; any resistor value between 5 megohms and 500 megohms will work fine. Also, *C1* can be an ordinary 0.1-µF ceramic or 10-µF electrolytic capacitor instead of the expensive tantalum capacitor specified. Finally, we recommend at least 5 volts V_{CC}, with 9 volts appearing to be the optimum. Going as high as 15 volts can sometimes cause the crystal to oscillate on its third harmonic. —*Clive Tobin, Tobin Cinema Systems, Seattle, WA*.

ADDENDUM TO "READER CIRCUIT"

Many thanks for publishing my circuit for the calculation/stopwatch adapter in the April 1977 Solid State column. I note, however, that I omitted the connection from pin 13 of IC2 to ground. This connection must be made to enable the chip. Also, the debounce circuitry in some calculators apparently does not respond properly to the commands given at the 10-Hz rate. The solution to this is to put another divider into the circuit so that the switch operates at a 5-Hz rate. Some circuits that can be used to accomplish this are shown below. Using these circuits, it may be



necessary to experiment with the value of C4, which determines the time the switch remains closed; I found 0.033 μF to work best on one of my slow calculators. With the slower rate, naturally, the calculator should be keyed., 2, +, but the rest of the operation is the same. —Will Hobbs, Eugene, OR

GREATER VISIBILITY

Many thanks for the "Morse-A-Letter" (January 1977). When I built mine, I incorporated a matrix of 1/4" (6.35-mm) high-brightness discrete LED's for the seven-segment displays specified. My 5×7 matrix measures approximately 3" \times 2" (7.6 \times 5.1 cm), which is much easier to read and excellent to use in code classes. My display can be read from 20' (6.1 m) away.—Martin J. Forrest, WA6EWC/WB6VPC, San Jose, CA.

GETTING STARTED IN ATV

Your "TV For Radio Amateurs" Editorial in the June 1977 issue interested me enough to want to know more about Amateur TV. Now I would like to know how one goes about finding out if there is an ATV group operating in

his area. Also, is there a magazine published for or by the Amateur TV community?—Melvin D. Carpenter, Virginia Beach, VA.

To locate an ATV group operating in your area, contact the ARRL (American Radio Relay League, Inc., Newington, CT 06111). There is also a bimonthly magazine, "Amateur Television Magazine," available for \$4.00 per year by subscription. (Write: "A5: Amateur Television Magazine," P.O. Box 128, Whitmore Lake, MI 48189.)

IT WORKS!

After reading "Zap New Life Into Ni-Cd Batteries" (July 1977), I decided to give the procedure outlined a try. My grass trimmer's battery had given out just as described in the article. So, I had a good test for the zapping procedure. It works!—Charles DeVoe, Painted Post, NY

WANTS MORE SWL ARTICLES

I am writing this letter to express my pleasure with POPULAR ELECTRONICS, particularly for the seasonal articles on SWL'ing by Glenn Hauser and Dr. Richard E. Wood. I urge you to devote more space to shortwave listening articles; PE is one of two publications that feature regular SWL articles, but it is a long time between such articles. —David Jerard Duke, WDX5DJD, El Paso, TX

The column will be increased to six times a year, as will Amateur Radio.

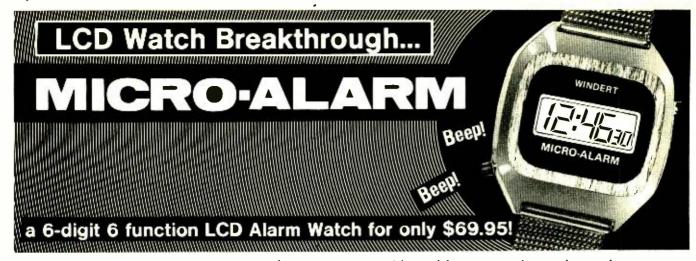
OPENING STATEMENT CONTRADICTED

The opening statement of "Battery Charge Monitor" by W.J. Prudhomme (June 1977) is contradicted by information contained in "Characteristics and Uses of Nickel-Cadmium Batteries," third edition, by the International Nickel Co., Inc. I have, however, seen a number of examples of the failure with shorting described in the article. On the other hand, it is sometimes recommended that the "memory" phenomenon sometimes observed in NiCd cells that are repeatedly charged after only partial discharge can be overcome by complete discharge, then recharging.—Milford S. Brown, Albany, CA.

Out of Tune

In "Build a Digital Camera Shutter Timer" (August 1977), *DIS1* through *DIS5*, DL-04 seven-segment LED displays, are commoncathode types, not common-anode as described in the Parts List.

In "Build 'Cabonga' Part 2" (September 1977), Fig. 6, the anode of *D4* and the cathode of *D2* should not be grounded, but should be connected only to the secondary of *T1*, as in Fig. 7, the guides for the Combiner/Power Pack pc board.



At last, a constant readout (no buttons to push) precision quartz electronic watch with a built-in 24 hour alarm system.

A quiet revolution has been taking place in the electronic watch industry during the last few years. Push-button LED's are being replaced with continuous-display LCD watches; 4-digit displays are being replaced by 6-digit readouts. This year there will be many such LCD watches available.

However, Winthrop-Rogers prides itself on offering not only the most technologically-perfect products available, but also on introducing the most technologically-advanced products on the electronic market before they are readily available. Therefore, we are pleased to announce the most remarkable achievement in electronic watch technology to-date.

By combining the quartz-accuracy precision of the LCD watch with miniaturized alarm technology, we proudly introduce the first CONTINUOUS DISPLAY ALARM WATCH. A watch that may not be available from other sources for years can now be yours at a price hundreds of dollars less than you would imagine.

And now consider the incredible convenience of a portable alarm clock handsomely adorning your wrist at all times!!!

- Never again missing an appointment because you lost track of time.
- · Never again missing a plane or a train because you didn't relize how late it had
- · Never again forgetting to make that allimportant phone call.
- · Never having to worry about forgetting to take important medication on time.
- · Never worrying about waking up from that catnap, or at a hotel if your wake-up call isn't on time.
- Always being aware of when you should be coming or going or doing all that your hectic schedule demands - without de voting your valuable time to trying to remember it all.



SET TO RING AT 7:55 A.M.

THE ALARM

The MICRO-ALARM has a 24 hour Alarm System, allowing you to set your watch to signal at any minute of the day or night (1,440 settings per day are possible). Once set, you need not be concerned about your next appointment or train, plane or phone call. The MICRO-ALARM will remember for you and remind you when you need to be reminded.

SNOOZE/REMIND CONTROL

For your convenience the MICRO-ALARM will give one short beep prior to its full alarm cycle, allowing you to turn it off without disturbing others. If not deactivated after the first short beep, the alarm will then beep for 15 continuous seconds. Push the deactivate button twice and the alarm is off. However, should you want a further reminder, then oush the deactivate button only once and the alarm will go through its cycle again in exactly 5 minutes, allowing you to continue your current activity whether it be a snooze or phone call without fear of forgetting your next commitment.

12:34 AND 56 **SECONDS**

6-DIGIT LCD DISPLAY

The MICRO-ALARM has a 6-digit readout showing hours, minutes and seconds at a glance. Since the readout is by Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) and not by Light Emitting Diode (LED), no button has to be pushed; the time is continuously displayed! A built in night-light functions at the push of a button for reading in darkness.

AUGUST 15th FRIDAY

CALENDAR DISPLAY

Just one push of the control button converts the display into a 3-function calendar; displaying the month, date of the month, and day of the week. The remarkable memory built into the module knows each month and the number of days in that month and resets automatically on the first day of the new month.

QUARTZ ACCURACY

The MICRO-ALARM is extraordinarily accurate. Its module is manufactured by Hughes Aircraft Company, one of the world's foremost manufacturers of microelectronics, and is guaranteed accurate to within 3 minutes a year (averaging less than 15 seconds per month). You can depend on the accuracy year after year. There are no moving parts, so there is nothing to wear out or even require servicing. The result of this accuracy is that you can set your watch to the second.

THINK ABOUT IT!

Even if you have no consistant need for a watch with a built-in electronic alarm, the MICRO-ALARM is a valuable investment for its watch features alone:

- 1. It is the most up-to-date fully-functioning electronic watch available today.
 2. It is accurate to +/- 15 seconds per month, and never
- has to be wound put it on, and the time and date are correct even if it has been in a drawer for a month!
- 3. Its elegant styling will compliment any attire elicit compliments from your associates and friends. 4. At this price you can not find a better buy.
- 5. One day you will have a critical need to be reminded of a vital appointment - and then, having used the alarm function once, you will never again return to any other reminder system.
- Why buy an ordinary watch when you can own a MICRO-ALARM?

ELEGANT MESH BRACELET

Each MICRO-ALARM comes with a 1 year limited warranty. You may order in your choice of goldtone or silvertone case. Each for only \$69.95 plus \$1.99 for shipping and handling. Each MICRO-ALARM comes with a matching, elegant, thin mesh bracelet, more handsome and much more practical than those "pull over-snap" type bracelets. This band adjusts comfortably and easily, eliminating cumbersome link adjustments.

15 DAY TRIAL

Wear the MICRO-ALARM for 15 days to assure yourself that this is no ordinary watch. If at the end of that time you are dissatisfied for any reason you may return it for a prompt refund, no questions asked.

To order by credit card please phone our 24-hour toll-free number:

800-325-6400 ask for Oper. 36

In Missouri: 800-342-6600 ask for Operator 36 or mail the attached coupon with your payment and the MICRO-ALARM will be on its way to you.

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If I am not completely satisfied I may for a full refund. Total amount enclose check or money order. (Illinois reside add 5% sales tax.) No C.O.D.s please. Charge: Master Charge MCBK #	ed \$, nts please mer./Visa
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CIRCLE NO. 64 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD



New Products

Additional information on new products covered in this section is available from the manufacturers. Either circle the item's code number on the Reader Service Card inside the back cover or write to the manufacturer at the address given.

J.I.L. CB/AM-FM STEREO/CASSETTE UNIT

J.I.L.'s Model 615CB CB/car stereo/cassette unit features a 40-channel CB transceiver, an AM stereo FM receiver, and stereo cassette player in a single in-dash package. An easy-to-use control microphone puts all the CB functions at hand: thumbwheel channel selector, PTT control, r-f gain, LED channel readout. Complementing the controls on the mike are front-panel controls for CB/Radio-Tape mode selector, variable squelch, RX and TX indicator lights, and a stand-by con-



trol. The latter monitors CB while listening to cassettes or radio. Whenever a message comes through on a selected CB channel the circuit interprets the program then returns to it automatically at the end of the CB transmission. The cassette section includes controls for fast forward/eject and tape play indicator. The audio section delivers 5 W/ch rms power output at a frequency range of 50-10,000 Hz. \$369.95.

CIRCLE NO 89 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

ASTATIC POWER MICROPHONE

The Astatic Corporation has announced the introduction of its Model 1104C preamplified base-station communication microphone. Available in five colors, the new microphone features base-mounted slide controls for adjusting the gain of the amplifier for the proper modulation level and tone quality for individual voices. An adjustable master gain control is provided for preventing overmodulation and distortion. The mike is powered by a 9-volt battery and has a six-conductor coiled cord that can be wired for virtually any type of switching system in a transceiver. \$83,00.

CIRCLE NO 91 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

MICRO-ACOUSTICS PHONO CARTRIDGE

The new Model 530-mp is the top-of-the-line phono cartridge offered by Micro-Acoustics Corp. Each cartridge is supplied with an individual frequency curve. Rated frequency



response is 5 to 20,000 Hz \pm 1½ dB. Tracking force range is 0.7 to 1.4 grams, and cartridge weight is 4 grams. Claimed channel separation is 30 dB at 1000 Hz, 15 dB at 10,000 Hz. Output voltage is 3.5 mV each channel at 5 cm/s peak recorded velocity. Load requirements and cable capacitance are specified at 10,000 to 100,000 ohms and 100 to 1500 pF, respectively. Each stylus is light-beam oriented under a microscope. \$200.

CIRCLE NO 92 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

SBE MOBILE CB TRANSCEIVER

SBE's new Tahoe 40-channel AM CB transceiver measures only $7.25^{\prime\prime}D \times 4.5^{\prime\prime}W \times 1.4^{\prime\prime}H$ (18.4 \times 11.4 \times 3.6 cm) so that it can be installed in locations where space is at a premium, such as in a minicompact or sports car. The transceiver includes all the standard features and controls available with large rigs, including a large LED channel display. Included in the front panel are volume and squelch controls, channel selector, a PA switch, and a red transmit (Tx) indicator that lights up when the transmitter is keyed. The transceiver includes PLL frequency synthesis and a double-conversion receiver circuit that employs a tiny four-pole bandpass filter.

CIRCLE NO. 93 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

SANSUI STEREO FM RECEIVER

Sansui's Model G-3000 AM/stereo FM receiver has a rated power output of 26 watts per channel minimum rms with both channels driven into 8 ohms from 20 to 20,000 Hz, with a THD of 0.15%. The power amplifier features a differential input, Class A driver, and push-pull OCL output stages. Overall frequency response is said to be 10 to 50,000 Hz, +1, -2 dB. The tuner section includes a PLL differential demodulator, quadrature detector, and a low-pass filter to suppress the



ultrasonic carrier. Harmonic distortion is rated a 0.18% monaural, 0.25% stereo. The phono preamp uses low-noise pnp Darlington transistors. Other features include microphone mixing with level control, signal strength and zero-center tuning meters, AM beat filter, loudness switch, tape monitor, FM muting, headphone jack, and a speaker selector switch. Measures 17 1/16" W \times 13 15/16" D \times 6 1/16" H (43.3 \times 35.4 \times 15.4 cm). \$280.

CIRCLE NO. 94 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

HICKOK DUAL-TRACE 15-MHZ SCOPE

Hickok's Model 517 is a dual-trace, triggeredsweep oscilloscope with 15 MHz response to within 3 dB and claimed fool-proof triggering to 27 MHz (30 MHz typical). Vertical sensitivity varies from 10 mV/cm to 50 V/cm in 12 calibrated steps, and is continuously variable (uncalibrated) from 5 mV/cm to 50 mV/cm. Risetime is said to be 24 ns, and overshoot 3% or less. Input impedance is 1 megohm shunted by 30 pF. Operating modes are channel A only, B only, A and B chopped, A and B alternate, A + B (single trace algebraic sum), and B - A (single trace algebraic difference). The Model 517's time base has sweep rates of 0.5 µs/cm to 0.2 s/cm in 18 calibrated steps. A X5 expander is switch selectable. Among the Model 517's features are internal, line, external, auto, slope, and TV sync triggering, TV sync separators, TTLcompatible Z axis (intensity) modulation, an 8- × 10-cm display, and a regulated power supply. Includes two probes (10:1/direct and 10:1) and vectorscope overlay. Measures 17½" D \times 14-%" W \times 7" H (44.5 \times 37.2 \times 17.8 cm) and weighs 13.5 lb (6.1 kg). \$695.

CIRCLE NO. 95 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

PIONEER PROGRAM SOURCE SELECTOR

The Model U-24 program source selector from Pioneer adds to the number of inputs



and outputs usually available in conventional preamplifiers and integrated amplifiers. It makes available two AUX inputs; three phono inputs; four tape input/output jacks; tape-to-tape dubbing facilities; and three power amplifier outputs. All functions are pushbutton selectable. The switching circuits of the Model U-24 are positioned near the rear panel, adjacent to the actual input/output terminal board, to reduce the use of shielded cable and cut down on high-frequency losses due to stray capacitance.

CIRCLE NO. 96 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

VISONIK SPEAKER SYSTEM

The Sub-1 subwoofer from Visonik of America, Inc., is designed to match the company's David 502 speaker system. The Sub-1 fea-

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Let Walter H. Buchsbaum, one of the nation's leading electronics experts, show you

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When you receive your copy of TESTED ELECTRONICS TROUBLESHOOTING METHODS, you'll learn an easy method that reduces the bulk of electronic repair to the simple application of 4 basic troubleshooting techniques. Four minimum-time, maximum-efficiency procedures that will solve 99% of your electronic repair problems. And with record ease, speed and accuracy.

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 THE SIGNAL-TRACING TECHNIQUE will help you find the stage—amplifier—logic gate—or whatever the cause of the trouhle

 THE VOLTAGE-RESISTANCE TECHNI-QUE will precisely pinpoint for you the defective component.

 THE VOLTAGE-SUBSTITUTION TECH-NIQUE will verify the trouble and, in some types of equipment, find the solution from among the remaining possibilities.

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What's more, you'll discover methods for finding and solving intermittent defects—which are usually hard to find. And for dealing with interference defects—which are often mistaken for component failure.

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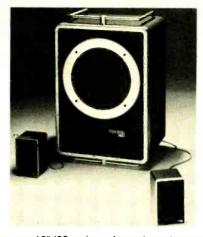
Even we were astounded at how difficult it is to find an adequate other-brand replacement stylus for a Shure cartridge. We recently purchased 241 random styli that were not manufactured by Shure, but were being sold as replacements for our cartridges. Only ONE of these 241 styli could pass the same basic production line performance tests that ALL genuine Shure styli must pass. But don't simply accept what we say here. Send for the documented test results we've compiled for you in data booklet # AL548. Insist on a genuine Shure stylus so that your cartridge will retain its original performance capability-and at the same time protect your records.

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tures a 12" (30-cm) woofer and matrix crossover. The D-502, an improved version of the David 50, is said to have an improved woofer and crossover network. A LED in the D-502 flickers when the tweeter reaches its powerhandling limit to warn the user of an overdrive condition. The Sub-1/D-502 combination is rated to handle up to 200 watts/channel. while minimum driving power is specified to be 40 watts/channel. Frequency response of the system is rated at ±2 dB from 28 to 20,000 Hz. Crossover is nominally at 160 Hz. The Sub-1 is available in a walnut wood cabinet with dark brown grille (\$450) or dark gray cabinet with handles, black foam grille, and bright metal surround (\$500). The D-502 and Sub-1 are available separately.

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HAMMOND AUDIO EQUIPMENT RACK

The Audio-File equipment rack from Hammond Industries, Inc. is designed to house



stereo equipment in a rack that takes up $22'' \times 19''$ (55.9 \times 48.3 cm) of floor space and stands 48'' (121.9 cm) high. The brushed aluminum mainframe is accented with black Plexiglass side panels. The Audio-File is available in kit form for \$350. It is also available in a Decor Matching Kit of aluminum-only design for about \$210, which gives the buyer the opportunity of selecting panels and shelves to color match existing decor. Address: Hammond Industries Inc., 155 Michael Dr., Syosset, NY 11791

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SENCORE CB SCOPE CONVERTER

Sencore's Model CB44 27-MHz CB scope frequency converter allows the display of CB modulation envelopes on any oscilloscope having a 1-MHz vertical bandwidth. In operation, the CB44's input cable is attached to the transceiver's antenna output jack and the scope probe is attached to universal output loops on the converter's enclosure. Power for the converter circuity is taken from the incoming CB signal. An internal dummy load dissipates the transceiver's r-f output. A 1.2-V p-p max. output at the transmitted frequency is also provided for use with frequency counters. The CB-44 can be used on any of the 40 CB channels. \$75.

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HEATH TRI-OUTPUT POWER SUPPLY

The Heath Company's new Model IP-2718 experimenter's power supply kit has three



floating outputs that can be interconnected as the user desires. A fixed 5-volt output at 1.5 A dc and two variable 0-to-20-volt outputs at 0.5 A dc each are available at front-panel binding posts. The two variable outputs can be tracked to "follow" each other at any specified voltage difference. All outputs are short-circuit protected with current limiting. They can be operated independently, in series, or in parallel. A switchable front-panel meter monitors output voltages and currents. The supply is also available factory assembled, Model SP-2718. Prices are \$80 (IP-2718) and \$140 (SP-2718).

CIRCLE NO. 90 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

AUDIO-TECHNICA TONEARM LIFT

The Model AT6005 pneumatic tonearm lift from Audio-Technica is designed to add a built-in cueing feature to turntables not so equipped. The arm operates by air pressure



rather than fluid to eliminate leakage and pressure changes that often occur as a result of changes in temperature. The lift mechanism is said to be easily mounted on most turntable bases and raises the tonearm 9/64" (3.6 mm). For flexible mounting, the lift comes with a 20" (50.8-cm) rubber tube that permits placing the lift actuator on any turntable base location. \$30.

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We make speaker positioning easy by including a cabinet with the look and feel of fine furniture — so the Mach One looks great anywhere!



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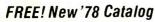
The sturdy grille frame snaps on and off for easy access to the response controls.



Massive 15" woofer

The acoustic suspension, large-excursion cone has an effective radiating area of over 100 square inches—the equivalent of a huge air-pump — for bass you can feel all the way down to 20 Hz. The four-layer voice coil is wound on a brass form for heavy power handling capacity—over 100 watts peak program material.

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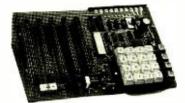
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New Literature

ALLISON SPEAKER CATALOG

Allison Acoustics' new catalog describes its line of loudspeaker systems. An introductory section explains the operating principle of Allison's convex-diaphragm, mid-range and tweeter drivers and how its room-matched speaker systems generate flat power output. Comprehensive mechanical, electrical and performance specifications for each model are included. Address: Allison Acoustics, Inc., 7 Tech Circle, Natick, MA 01760.

UL SAFETY REQUIREMENT SPECS

"How to Specify Products That Meet UL Safety Requirements" is a new brochure from Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Written in a question and answer format, the guide provides information on the specification of products, materials and systems that meet UL requirements. Address: Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Public Information Office. 207 E. Ohio St., Chicago, IL 60611.

CITIZENS BAND BOOKLET

"The ABC's of CB" by Sparkomatic discusses the components of a CB system and what to check before buying them; FCC rules and regulations; and the advantages of owning a CB radio. A glossary of code terms and a list of sample "handles" are also included. Price, 50 cents. Address: Sparkomatic Corp., Milford, PA 18337.

ALEXANDER BATTERY CATALOG

An 8-page catalog from Alexander Manufacturing describes its line of batteries for communications and portable video equipment. Nickel-cadmium and alkaline-mercury batteries are listed, including a line of replacement batteries for ENG video tape recorders and cameras. Comprehensive electrical specifications are provided. A section describing the company's automatic battery chargers is also included. Address: Alexander Manufacturing Co., Box 1645, Mason City, IA 50401.

CONSUMER GUIDE TO METRICS

The Commerce Department's National Bureau of Standards has revised and updated its guidebook "What About Metric?" The new edition includes changes that resulted from the passage of the Metric Conversion Act of 1975, and explains how the metric system will be used on a daily basis with common measures and weights problems. Price, 35 cents. Address: Consumer Information Center, Pueblo, CO 81009.

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Stereo Scene

By Ralph Hodges

NEW TESTS FOR LOUDSPEAKERS

THE MORE I think about it, the more convinced I become that your typical little neighborhood hi-fi test lab is nowhere without—at the very least—a spectrum analyzer. A colleague dropped in the other day with his Hewlett-Packard 3580A, in order to examine a lacquer disc he had just had mastered at a downtown studio. The ease with which he rocketed through a series of tests that would have taken me endless time and interconnecting cables (only to find out, much later, that what I had measured was the hum from some faulty ground) was most depressing.

With practice my friend has become a fair hand with his instrument, so that he was halfway finished with his work before I had abandoned my search for an unused ac wall outlet (not realizing that the H-P has a self-contained battery pack). So now, contemplating my only recently acquired and quite conventional THD and IM analyzers. I know how a modern commando might feel when he must face the world armed only with a stone axe. Furthermore, things have gotten to the point where some people feel that even a spectrum analyzer is primitive equipment. "Your basic spectrum analyzer is okay, to be sure, but it doesn't begin to achieve its full usefulness until interfaced with your basic laboratory computer." And etcetera.

The Well-Tested Speaker. What the new shape of test instrumentation will mean to the development and evaluation of loudspeakers is as yet a little hard to say. Several speaker manufacturers and even a few speaker reviewers have embraced the new technology for its awesome power, particularly in studies relating to loudspeaker performance in the time domain. Here, there appears to be much remaining to be accomplished. To date their work has generally shown that, yes, in the objective sense. the typical loudspeaker's performance is every bit as bad as we all suspected. Thus, we have been left to puzzle out why devices that measure so bad can

manage to sound so good to our ears.

On the other hand, the new measurement techniques have permitted some appreciable (objective) improvements in these areas of speaker performance, and the products embodying them have been marching into the marketplace in steadily increasing numbers. So far, most reviewers have found that the best of these is every bit as good as the best speaker systems designed without benefit of the new techniques. However, they have not as yet had any universally persuasive or consistent reason to declare them any better.

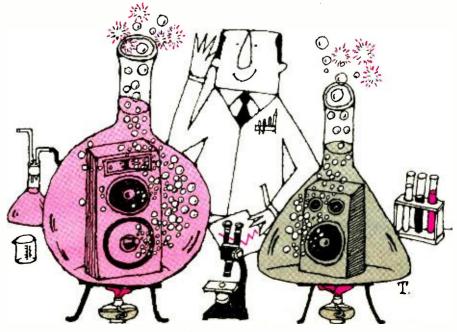
For example, in recent years holography has provided a whole new way of studying the behavior of loudspeaker diaphragms. And, sure enough, coherent-light photographs have shown time and again that speaker cones move as ideally rigid pistons a lot less of the time than we would like. In particular, photographs of tweeter domes have revealed that as frequency increases, there is often a tendency for the central region of the dome to physically decouple from the periphery near the voice coil. In effect, under high accelerations the center

of the dome tries to stand still, turning the diaphragm into a ring radiator instead of an integral piston. Since a ring radiator of this type has undesirable dispersion characteristics, it has been suggested that a cone tweeter with a smalldiameter voice coil is likely to exhibit better dispersion at very high frequencies than a dome. However, the plausibility of this case notwithstanding, you'll notice that the popularity of the dome device has not perceptibly declined with speaker designers. For many applications it apparently remains the best compromise between power-handling ability and acceptable dispersion, and the sophistication with which its misbehavior can be measured has not yet changed the situation very much.

Isolating Meaningful Distortion.

Elsewhere, the new techniques and instrumentation show signs of leading to immediate and meaningful progress. In the August 1977 Stereo Review, Peter Fryer of Rank HI FI in England describes investigations into several postulated loudspeaker faults (Doppler distortion, for example) that no one has yet really succeeded in pinning down. These were all phenomena that are difficult to measure, and hence their effects on the music-listening experience have not been characterized or quantified. Instead of trying to measure them as they exist in available products, Fryer artificially generated these distortions through various means and injected them (in known amounts) into speakers he had reason to believe were acceptably free of them to begin with.

When Fryer was finished, the "mys-



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Another difference is the constant current load and current feedback used in the voltage amplifier to reduce distortion to a minimum. A minimum so low it s barely detectable with the most advanced measuring equipment.

But naucible distortion was not the engineers' only goal. That's why Technics SE-9060 is a DC amplifier. Each amp section and the NFB loop is direct coupled without the use of any capacitors. So the SE-9060 not only has in audible distortion, it also

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tery distortion" that stood out as being most irritating to listeners, even in relatively small amounts, was a rather prevelant distortion that he calls "delayed resonance." Delayed resonance is simply whatever "sound" of a resonance persists after the input signal to the loudspeaker has ceased. Because it persists, it is presumably less subject to psychoacoustic masking than a distortion that cuts off with the input. Fryer reports he confidently expected the sharp. "high-Q" type of resonance to be the most objectionable to listeners. It wasn't. It seems such resonances involve so narrow a band of frequencies that most program material sets them off relatively rarely. Nor were broadband low-Q resonances a problem; they tended to be heard as equalization errors, and could be equalized out effectively. No, it was the intermediate conditions that raised the most objection-something that would not have been obvious without these investigations.

Measuring Delayed Resonances.

From the evidence of Fryer's work, it appears that something quite definite is now known about a rather elusive loud-speaker fault. Where can we go with this knowledge? Very shortly, if not immedi-

ately, we can go into newly instrumented laboratories well equipped to examine complicated acoustic phenomena on a real-time basis. The sort of work done by JVC in computer-derived acousticwave-form representations (as reported in this column last year) has been continuing rapidly. And it happens that Fryer's work largely coincided with the development at Acoustic Research of a computer system that draws frequencyresponse plots of a loudspeaker's output at time intervals as closely spaced as fifty millionths of a second (as shown in the diagrams). AR refers to this process as the "fingerprinting" of a speaker system, and the result as a transient decay plot. It begins with the speaker's stimulation by an impulse—a "gunshot" type of input, well-defined in duration and involving all audio frequencies. The test microphone's pickup then undergoes spectrum analysis which goes to a computer to evolve the frequency-response plots shown, advancing along a time axis that extends into the paper and begins at the top of the diagrams.

Part A of the figure shows the poorer loudspeaker, and the response irregularities are precisely those delayed resonances studied by Fryer. Note that they occupy small-to-medium band-

widths, tending to confirm Fryer's view that moderate-Q resonances are the worst degraders of audio quality.

Interestingly, the AR computer will provide these graphical data in three dimensions (using the overlaid red and green lines once employed by 3-D comic books), so that a sort of landscaped profile of response plots receding into the page can be viewed. Our editorial budget does not provide for this kind of printing (or for the red- and green-lensed goggles that would have to be bound into the magazine in order for you to see it properly), so you'll have to take my word for it.

Doppler Distortion Revisited. After all these years there seems still to be no agreement about Doppler distortion. Can it be heard? If so, under what circumstances? And is it likely to be troublesome with real program material played on real audio systems? While Fryer's investigations were busy disproving the importance of Doppler distortion as an audio "problem," other voices were raised to indict it once again.

Doppler distortion is a frequency modulation of a high frequency or frequencies by a low frequency, taking place



Introducing the Technics ST-9030 tuner. Purists would feel better if it cost over \$1,000.



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That's quite a feat for a tuner. But then the ST-9C30 is quite a tuner. It has two completely independent IF circuits: A narrow band, for ultra-sharp selectivity. And a wide band, for ultra-high separation and ultra-low distortion. It even selects the right band, depending or reception conditions, automatically.

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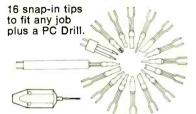
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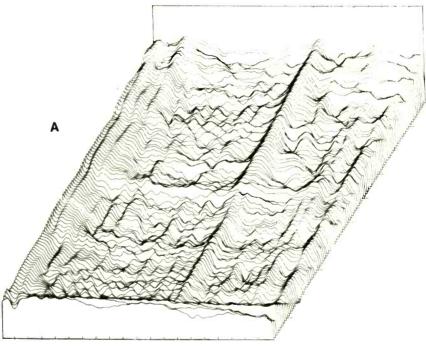
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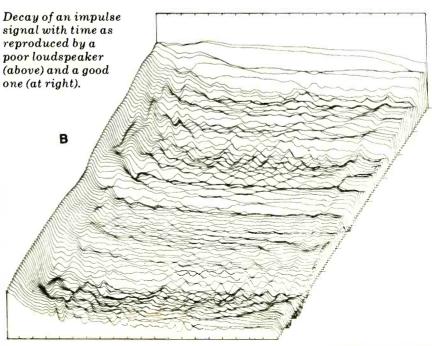
when a single loudspeaker diaphragm is called upon to reproduce both. Woofers are usually the accused agents when Doppler distortion is cited, because theirs are the only diaphragms making large enough in-and-out excursions to make the effect possible at all.

Fryer used frequencies within the audio range in experiments that seemed to prove that Doppler effects virtually never achieve sufficient magnitude to be audible with typical hi-fi speakers. Now, Tomlinson Holman of Apt Corporation reports that it is precisely those frequencies *outside* the audio range that are going to cause the trouble: specifically, frequencies from record warps and deformations, which peak in energy around 4 to 6 Hz on many record players (as a re-

sult of arm-cartridge resonance). It happens that the ear's sensitivity to flutter also peaks at about 4 Hz. Moreover, it is certain that the woofer of an air-suspension or ported speaker system will be undergoing very large excursions if it is being stimulated by any significant amount of 4-Hz energy.

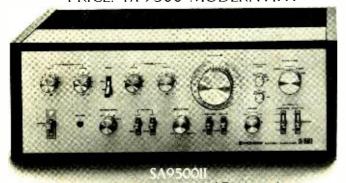
Holman confidently claims that he has heard and demonstrated Doppler effects produced by infrasonic signals any number of times, and that this is the primary reason for the steep low-cut filter he builds into his phono preamplifiers. I cannot yet report on this matter from first-hand experience, but I can at least pass along the information for the benefit of those readers who would like to look into it themselves.





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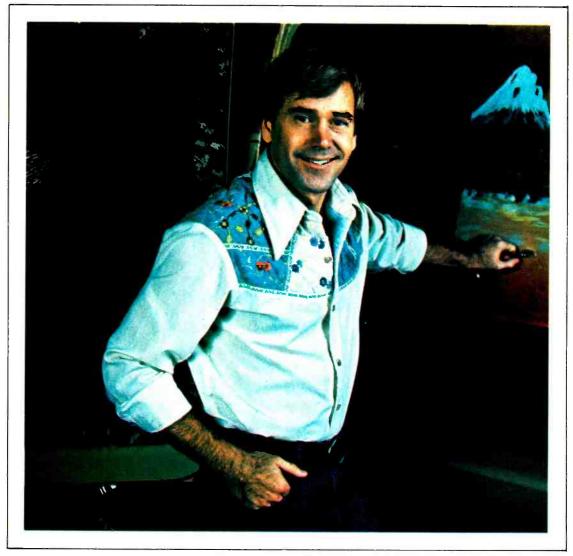
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Audio Reports

DYNAMIC CROSSTALK

TO ANYONE who remembers when 1% distortion was considered to be "negligible," the refinement of modern amplifiers is nothing less than amazing. Conventional distortion measurements, either of harmonic or intermodulation components, can now be made only with the aid of the most sophisticated test instruments, and few people would seriously claim that a total harmonic distortion measurement of 0.002% implies a better sounding amplifier than one of 0.02%.

Nevertheless, amplifier designers continue to search for ways to improve the performance of their products. Admittedly, the audible benefits of most recent "improvements" are quite subtle, and in some cases debatable. Usually, the "improvement" is not measurable by established techniques, necessitating the creation of new measurement methods or instrumentation. A case in point is the so-called "dynamic crosstalk" effect, which has received attention from a number of amplifier manufacturers. This is a very-low-frequency phenomenon in which a powerful transient at a low audio or subaudible frequency is present in one stereo channel but influences the output of the other channel. It is the result of a common power supply impedance, where a large current drawn by one channel causes a temporary shift of the operating voltages in the other channel. In an extreme case, it is claimed, this can modulate the program in the second channel with the low-frequency transient in the first channel.

One might ask, how does this differ from ordinary intermodulation distortion? As I see it, it differs in two basic respects: First, the low- and high-frequency signals are not present in the same program channel, so that the intermodulation occurs only through interactions via the common power supply impedance. Second, the IM effect is not caused by a direct modulation of one waveform by another, but rather by the envelope of a low frequency transient affecting higher-frequency signals. This being so, no IM would be detectable in a conventional steady-state measurement, but only when a low-frequency transient occurs.

If this effect exists, the most logical way to eliminate it is by separating the power supplies for the two channels (assuming that the amplifier circuits have already been designed to minimize the effects of transient supply voltage changes). This can be done at

minimum expense by using separate rectifier and filter systems with a common power transformer. A more complete isolation results from using separate power transformers as well for the two channels.

This was the approach taken by the designers of the Mitsubishi Model DA-A15 amplifier reviewed here. Of course, this use of separate power supplies and transformers is not new. Harman-Kardon has employed separate power transformers for some years in its receivers and amplifiers and, more recently, this feature has been used in amplifiers from Kenwood, Pioneer, and other well-known manufacturers.

Two questions naturally come to mind. Can the effect of separate power supplies (or the lack thereof) be measured, and can it be heard? Dynamic crosstalk can be measured by applying a low-frequency transient signal (such as a pulse, square wave, or tone burst) to one channel and a high-frequency continuous signal, or no signal at all, to the other channel. The magnitude of low-frequency output in the second channel, compared to that in the first, is a measure of the crosstalk between channels, and the modulation imposed on the high-frequency signal, if any, is a measure of the probable effect of such crosstalk on program material.

In our laboratory tests, the crosstalk on amplifiers with dual power supplies has been too low to measure, and the tests were not applied to enough conventional amplifiers to provide a basis for comparison. Another test, potentially more sensitive, is to drive one channel with a low-level, high-frequency signal (we used 10,000 Hz at 0.1 watt) and the other channel with a 10-Hz square wave at full power, such as 100 watts. When the high-frequency signal is displayed on a spectrum analyzer, using a narrow, high resolution scan, it should be possible to see the sidebands resulting from even very low modulation percentages. (Our Hewlett-Packard Model 3580A analyzer can reveal such sidebands down to a -90dB or lower level, corresponding to less than 0.003%). Even with this technique, no modulation effects have been visible on dual power supply amplifiers.

Much more pertinent is the second question, however. If it cannot be heard on conventional amplifiers, "dynamic crosstalk" can hardly be considered a serious problem in sound reproduction, and its elimination, however praiseworthy, is of secondary importance. I have never heard anything that could be identified as "dynamic crosstalk." To me, amplifiers lacking such crosstalk sound exactly like others that presumably are not immune to the effect.

This is not to say that dynamic crosstalk does not exist. Under laboratory measurement conditions, with the appropriate test signals, it certainly does (or can) exist. However, a little thought will reveal why it is not, and cannot be, a significant effect from the listener's viewpoint. Stereo channel separation at very low frequencies is drastically degraded compared to the midfrequency separation in stereo discs (and sometimes in FM tuners). This is of little importance, since real music has little or no separation (directionality) at very low frequencies. Thus, a low fre-

quency transient, should it exist, will be present in both playback channels at the same time, at nearly the same level. Any direct crosstalk will be masked by the high-level signal already present in the other channel, and intermodulation of higher frequencies will be masked by the high level of those signals. It is difficult to imagine any "real world" condition, as opposed to contrived laboratory conditions, in which dynamic crosstalk might be heard (unless it were of extraordinary amplitude).

As things stand, I must conclude that "dynamic crosstalk" is one of the lesser aberrations with which we have to cope in sound reproduction and is hardly worth the effort and expense lavished by some manufacturers on its elimination.





MITSUBISHI MODEL DA-P10 PREAMPLIFIER AND MODEL DA-A15 BASIC POWER AMPLIFIER

Preamp and power amplifier can be combined for 150 watts/channel integrated amplifier.





Mitsubishi, a major manufacturer in Japan, has entered the U.S. market with a line

of unusual deluxe high-fidelity components. Two of these, tested here, are the Model DA-P10 preamplifier and Model DA-A15 basic power amplifier. They are sold as separate components but are physically and electrically designed so that they can be joined to form a single integrated amplifier. The power amplifier is rated to deliver 150 watts/channel into 8 ohms at 20 to 20,000 Hz with less than 0.1% harmonic and IM distortion when driven by a 1-volt input. The preamplifier has a nominal 1-volt output but can actually deliver up to 9 volts output to drive any amplifier on the market.

The handles supplied with the amplifier can be installed at the user's option. When in place, they permit the preamplifier to bolt into place to form a single

rigid and heavy unit. Another option, not tested here, is a peak-indicating power meter in place of the preamplifier. In this case the latter must be used as a separate component.

The Model DA-P10 preamplifier measures $1634''W \times 8''D \times 634''H$ (42.5 \times 20.4 \times 17 cm) and weighs 13 lb (15.8 kg). The Model DA-A15 power amplifier has the same width and height dimensions and is 1134'' (28.5 cm) deep and weighs 40 lb (18 kg). The nationally advertised value of the preamplifier is \$290; the power amplifier is \$590.

General Description. The most interesting feature of the two units is their complete separation of the two signal channels. Mitsubishi calls this design approach "Dual Monaural" construction. The Model DA-P10 is literally two independent monaural preamplifiers that share only a common transformer (separate regulated power supplies are used

for the two channels), function selector, volume control, and chassis. In the power amplifier, the separation is even more complete, since each channel has its own power transformer as well.

The controls for each of the preamplifier's channels are arranged in a horizontal row. They include a switch for a subsonic filter with a 12-dB/octave rate below 18 Hz, 11-position BASS and TREBLE tone controls (with center DEFEAT Settings), and a LEVEL control. The large ATTENUATOR knob, common to both channels, is lightly detented at 2-dB intervals over much of its range, with the steps increasing in magnitude as the control nears its -60-dB setting. In the final counterclockwise position, the ATTENUATOR control shuts off the signal entirely.

Lever switches along the bottom of the control panel permit selection of stereo or mono MODE, activating and deactivating the TAPE MONITOR function, and turning on and off the POWER. The input SELECTOR at the upper right of the panel has positions for two magnetic phono cartridges and two high-level sources (TUNER and AUX). There is a PHONES jack that is designed to drive low-impedance (8-ohm) phones from a separate amplifier stage within the preamplifier.

At the upper left of the panel is a SPEAKERS switch that can connect either of two pairs of speaker systems but not both to the power amplifier or silence all speakers for headphone listening. To accomplish this, the power amplifier's speaker outputs are not brought into the

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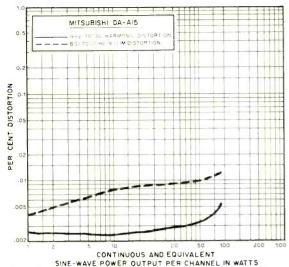
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DC volts in 5 ranges: $100\mu V$ to 1000V AC volts in 5 ranges: $100\mu V$ to 1000V DC current in 6 ranges: 100nA to 2A AC current in 6 ranges: 100nA to 2A Resistance: 0.1Ω to $20M\Omega$ in 6 ranges AC frequency response: 40Hz to 50KHz 9mm (.36") LED display Input impedance: $10M\Omega$ Size: $8"W \times 6.5"D \times 3"H$ ($203W \times 165D \times 76H$ mm)

Power requirements: 4 "C" cells (not included)

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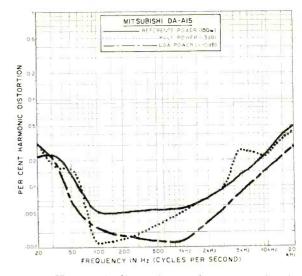
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Total harmonic distortion and 60/7000-Hz distortion

The power amplifier has no operating

preamplifier as is sometimes done. Incontrols other than a pair of screwdriverstead, the switch controls relays within adjustable input level controls near the input connectors and a speaker selector the power amplifier. The relays then control speaker switching and are part of slide switch that is used when the amthe amplifier's protective system that plifier is driven by preamplifiers other disconnects the outputs in the event of a than the Model DA-P10. Two pairs of inmalfunction and provides a few seconds sulated screw-type speaker terminals are provided. The large heat sinks for of delay when power is initially applied. The signal connectors are recessed the output transistors occupy the two into the right side of the preamplifier. sides of the chassis, while the two power



Harmonic distortion at three power levels

pacitors occupy the space between the heat sinks.

When the power amplifier and preamplfier are joined together, a remote-control cable links their speaker selector sockets and a short cable joins the preamplifier outputs to the power amplifier inputs. The power cord of the power amplifier plugs into one of the switched ac receptacles on the preamplifier. The various cables can be folded



transformers and power supply filter ca-

NOT ALL THREE-HEAD CASSETTE DECKS ARE CREATED EQUAL.

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The KX-1030 also has a Variable Bias Adjustment

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and concealed in special channels along the side of the power amplifier. The channels are styled to resemble the heat sink fins above them.

The electrical performance specifications of the amplifier and preamplifier are impressive. In addition to being rated to deliver 150 watts/channel at very low distortion, the amplifier's specified channel separation is 90 dB at 1000 Hz and 80 dB at 20,000 Hz, while the unweighted hum and noise in the output is rated at less than 0.3 mV with a shorted input. The preamplifier's specified 1-volt output is actually rated to deliver a maximum of 9 volts. Depending on the frequency and input source, its channel separation is rated at 80 to 100 dB, and its phono input overload level at 1000 Hz is specified as 270 mV.

Laboratory Measurements. We laboratory tested the power amplifier and preamplifier separately, but for listening tests, we joined the two and used them as an integrated amplifier. The tone controls of the preamplifier had a variable bass turnover frequency. The bass boost or cut began at frequencies from 100 to 400 Hz, depending on how far the control was moved from its center position. The treble response curves were hinged at about 2000 Hz. The maximum range of the tone controls was about ±12 dB, which is more than sufficient for their purpose but not so great as to invite the possibility of misuse. At their DEFEAT settings, the tone controls produced a completely flat response. within ± 0.5 dB from 20 to 20,000 Hz.

The RIAA equalization was equally accurate, well within the normal limits of measurement error. It measured within ± 0.5 dB from 20 to 20,000 Hz, including the effect of the response of the basic amplifier with tone controls defeated. It did not change detectably when measured through the inductance of typical phono cartridges. The subsonic filter dropped the output by 2.3 dB at 20 Hz and 14 dB at 5 Hz.

The rated 1-volt output of the preamplifier was developed with a high-level input of 145 mV or a phono input of 1.95 mV. The phono overload point was an excellent 310 mV. The unweighted noise output of the preamplifier was below our measurement capability of 100 μV (80 dB below 1 volt) through the high-level inputs and measured -79.2 dB through the phono inputs. This is the lowest phono preamplifier noise level we have yet measured.

The outputs of the preamplifier clipped at 10.3 volts. At the rated 1-volt

level, the THD was 0.0025% at 1000 Hz (approximately the instrument residual distortion level), 0.0056% at 15,000 Hz, and 0.047% at 20 Hz. At 3 volts output, which is more than sufficient to drive any power amplifier to its full output, the distortion at these three frequencies was 0.0063%, 0.01%, and 0.05%. The IM distortion rose from 0.012% at 1 volt to 0.03% at 3 volts output.

The power amplifier passed the one-hour preconditioning period at one-third rated power without difficulty. A novel feature is the use of temperature sensors on the amplifier's heat sinks that change color from red to black at 140° F (60° C). This alerts the user to the fact that the heat sinks should not be touched with the bare hand. This is all academic because at no time during our tests did the sensors change color.

The outputs clipped at 178 watts/ channel into 8-ohm loads at 1000 Hz. The 4- and 16-ohm outputs measured 267 and 112 watts, respectively. The distortion of this amplifier was among the lowest we have yet measured and, under most conditions, it was apparently less than the residual of our test instruments, which is approximately 0.002%. At 1000 Hz, the measured THD was 0.0022% to 0.0027% from 0.1 watt to 10 watts output. It rose to 0.0036% at 100 watts and to 0.0056% at 180 watts, just at the clipping point. The IM distortion was 0.004% to 0.008% up to 10 watts and 0.013% at 180 watts. Unlike almost every other amplifier we have tested, the distortion of this amplifier did not rise at very low power levels. Although the IM measurements indicated an apparent rise from 0.004% in the vicinity of 1 watt to 0.032% at a few milliwatts, this proved to be the random noise within the intermodulation analyzer.

At the rated 150-watt output, the THD was about 0.02% between 20 and 30 Hz and about 0.005% from 100 to 1000 Hz. It rose smoothly to 0.04% at 20,000 Hz. At lower-power outputs the shape of the distortion curve was similar, although the percentages were generally less. The amplifier was driven to a reference output of 10 watts by a 0.27-volt input, and the unweighted noise output was a very low $-87~{\rm dB}$ referred to 10 watts. The square-wave rise time of 0.7 μs was exactly as rated, and the measured slew rate of 20 V/ μs was slightly better than the rated 15 V/ μs .

We also measured the interchannel crosstalk, since it is claimed to be a special quality of the amplifier. With the aid of our Hewlett-Packard Model 3580A spectrum analyzer, we were able to veri-

fy that the crosstalk was -120 dB at 20 Hz, -110 dB at 1000 Hz, and -80 dB at 20,000 Hz. These figures not only meet or surpass the manufacturer's claims, they are well-nigh unmeasurable without the use of sophisticated and expensive test equipment.

User Comment. Both the power amplifier and the preamplifier are handsomely finished in semigloss black, and the latter has a satin-finished aluminum front panel with matching metal knobs. The power amplifier's major components—power transformers, filter capacitors, and heat sinks—are exposed to view instead of being hidden by a dust cover or cabinet, resulting in a most attractive piece of equipment. When the two units are joined together, they form an integrated amplifier system of exceptional power and performance, with a combined depth of only 16 ¾" (42.4 cm).

In its S/N, distortion, flatness of response, and interchannel isolation, the system is far above the norm. A few other amplifiers can match one or more of its individual characteristics, but none we have yet tested show the overall perfection of performance exhibited by this preamplifier/power amplifier system.

In the quest for certain levels of electrical performance, Mitsubishi engineers have chosen to eliminate some functions commonly found on lesser amplifiers. We concur with the omission of "loudness compensation," although the separate level controls on each preamplifier channel, in addition to their channel balance functions, would also have made it possible to add a well-designed loudness compensation system to its maximum effectiveness. Similarly, the absence of a high-cut filter is hardly a drawback, in view of the ineffectiveness of most such filters. On the other hand, we were surprised to see an amplifier of this quality and price with provision for only one tape recorder, since even medium-priced receivers often can control two tape decks, thus providing crossdubbing capability.

No stereo program will have more than 30 dB or so of midrange isolation between channels (considerably less at the frequency extremes), which would make the 100-dB isolation of the Mitsubishi amplifier a case of "overkill." However, if normal crosstalk levels are a source of audible signal degradation, as it is sometimes claimed, the Mitsubishi amplifier certainly sets a standard for the industry. Interestingly, the channel isolation is so great here that it would be possible to use the DA-P10/DA-A15 com-

bination as two independent mono amplifiers with completely different programs and have no audible interaction or crosstalk between them.

We have said nothing about the sound of the Mitsubishi preamplifier/

amplifier for the simple reason that, like other fine amplifiers, it has no sound. The special appeal of this system lies in its superb construction, uncompromising quality standards, and general aura of elegance. For those who have no

need for the full power of the Model DA-A15, the company's Model DA-A10 is available at a lower price. Except for its 100 watt rating, it is identical to the Model DA-A15.

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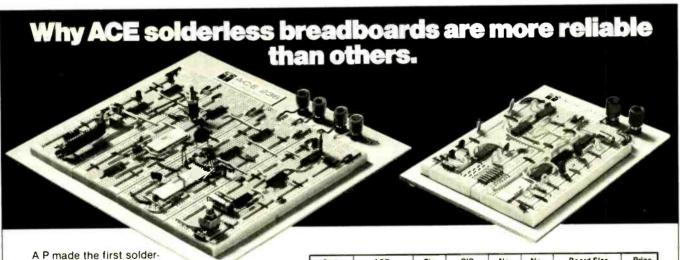


The Dual Model 1245 is a twospeed, belt-driven automatic player. It boasts features

such as the improved tonearm used on the company's expensive Model CS721. The tonearm is 8.7" (22.1 cm) from stylus to pivot and has a dual counterweight structure, with an inner mass suspended elastically from the outer shell. This reduces the effect of the bass resonance of the mass of the tonearm and cartridge compliance, lowering its amplitude and distributing it over a wider frequency range.

The player is supplied installed on a wood-trimmed plastic base, with a hinged clear plastic cover that remains open at intermediate angles. Even the platter is mounted in place, leaving only the cartridge to be installed to make the player ready to be put into service. The record player in its base measures 14¾"W × 14½"D × 57%"H (37.5 × 36.8 × 15 cm) and weighs 14 pounds (6.4 kg). Nationally advertised value is \$230.

General Description. The tracking force dial, located on the side of the tonearm's gimbal pivot structure, is calibrated from 0 to 3 grams at 0.1-gram intervals over the lower half of the range. On the motorboard, next to the base of



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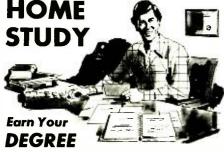
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the tonearm, is an antiskating dial that has separate scales for conical, elliptical, and CD-4 styli. The cueing lever raises and lowers the pickup with a slow. damped motion in both directions. A small knob can be set to play a record only once or to repeat it indefinitely until the player is manually shut off.

The operation of the record player is initiated and controlled by a single lever near the front of the motorboard. When moved to START, it turns on the motor and causes the pickup to index to the lead-in groove of a 12" (30.5-cm) record if the player is set for 331/3 rpm. When the 45 rpm speed is selected, the tonearm indexes to a 7" (17.8 cm) diameter. After playing the record, the pickup automatically returns to its restpost and the motor shuts off. This action can be initiated at any time by moving the control lever to stop. Alternatively, the pickup can be lifted from its rest by hand, which starts the motor, and placed on the record manually.

For multiple play operation, the short single play spindle, which rotates with the record, is removed and replaced with the multiple-play spindle supplied. Up to six records of the same size and speed can be loaded and will be played automatically and in sequence.

The 3-pound (1.3-kg) cast nonferrous platter is driven through a soft belt by an eight-pole (900-rpm) synchronous motor. The speed selector, located at the left front of the platter, shifts the belt to a different diameter of the pulley on the motor shaft, and a concentric knob expands the pulley slightly to vary each speed over a nominal ±3% range.

A single ring of stroboscope marks is cast into the edge of the platter, with an unconventional pattern that allows a single set of markings to be used with either 50- or 60-Hz power sources. (The drive pulley must be changed to match the line frequency). The marks are illuminated through a small window near the edge of the platter and are stationary only when the turntable is operating at 331/3 rpm when that speed has been accurately set. Switching to 45 rpm will also produce the correct speed.

Laboratory Measurements. The record player uses the same easily removable cartridge mount that has been part of every Dual record player for a number of years. We installed a Pickering Model XV-15/750E cartridge in the tonearm for our tests. With the arm balanced according to instructions, the calibrations of the tracking force dial were exact. The tracking error of the tonearm

was less than 0.4° per in. of radius at all playing diameters. The measured arm mass without cartridge was 19.4 grams. which is typical of the better automatic record players we have tested recently. The resonance of the tonearm mass and cartridge compliance combination was at 10 Hz, at an amplitude of 6 to 7 dB.

The unweighted rumble of the turntable was typical of medium-priced beltdriven record players, measuring -32 dB, essentially all in the lateral plane. With ARLL audibility weighting, the rumble was -53 dB, which is also a satisfactory and typical figure for a player of this type and price range. The wow and flutter were respectively 0.03% and 0.04%, giving a very good combined reading of 0.045%.

The turntable speed could be varied over a +5.5% to -4.7% range at 331/3 rpm. When it was set to exact speed, changing the speed selector to 45 rpm resulted in a negligible error of 0.2%. At 45 rpm, the turntable could be varied over a +2.4% to -1.3% range. The speed was unaffected by line voltage changes from 95 to 135 volts.

The calibration of the antiskating dial was reasonably accurate, although we found the best compensation, to produce equal distortion on both channels, occured when the dial was set 0.5 to 1 gram higher than the tracking force. The cueing device operated with exceptional smoothness and freedom from lateral pickup drift. In multiple-play operation, the change cycle required 14 seconds, a typical figure for record changers. However, automatic single-play operation required considerable patience on the part of the user, since it took 16 seconds from the time the lever was moved to START to the time the pickup touched the record. At the end of play, another 14 seconds was required to return the arm to its rest and shut off the motor.

The capacitance to ground of the tonearm wiring and signal cables was 168 pF/channel. Although the manual states that the record player is compatible with CD-4 cartridges, it evidently refers only to the internal wiring of the tonearm. A special low-capacitance cable should be obtained from the importer (United Audio) and substituted for the standard cable if CD-4 operation is planned for the future.

The entire record player is suspended from its mounting base by soft spring mounts, which proved to be very effective in isolating it from subsonic vibration conducted through the mounting surface. In fact, the entire unit could be jarred rather violently wihout causing

groove jumping. However, the transmission of vibration in the region of 50 to 60 Hz was observable. It was about the same as we have measured on other record players from Dual and most competitive manufacturers. Hence, the Model 1245 should not be placed too near speakers systems to avoid acoustic feedback problems.

User Comment. Because of the continuity of basic design and performance that has characterized Dual products over the years, we noted little difference in operation between the Model 1245 and earlier Dual record players we have tested and used. It is not necessary to make comparisons between the measured performance of the Model 1245 and its predecessors to appraise its worth. The Model 1245 is a first-rate record player, judged objectively on its own

merits. It was also mechanically one of the quietest automatic record players we have used.

The convenience of buying an almost ready-to-play package such as this cannot be overstated. Many record players, including some previous Dual models, required the removal of numerous screws, cable ties, and plastic shipping restraints before the player mechanism could be installed on its base. Then, the belt (if it was a belt-driven unit) and platter had to be installed. Finally, after installing and adjusting the cartridge, cover, and cables, the record player was ready for use.

When the Model 1245 is unpacked, only the installation of the cartridge and the counterweight is needed to put it into service. Of course, there is still the balancing of the tonearm and the overhang adjustment of the cartridge position to

be done, but these apply to any record player that does not include a factoryinstalled cartridge. Dual makes these tasks as easy and foolproof as possible, and in our experience, when the directions are followed, the result is a properly set up record player.

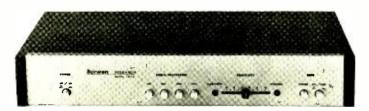
We should point out, however, that the instruction manual lacks clear information on the channel orientation of the cartridge wiring and the color coding of the cartridge wires in the mounting slide. An illustration does show the cartridge connections; but with no clue as to whether it is a top or bottom view, there is only a 50% chance of the left-right channel orientation's being correct. (We were lucky in our guess.)

Aside from this minor inconsistency, the Dual Model 1245 is as good a record player as one can find in its price range.

CIRCLE NO 102 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

BURWEN MODEL DNF 1201A NOISE REDUCER

"Swishless" dynamic low-pass noise filter is very effective in reducing hiss.





The Burwen Model DNF 1201A dynamic low-pass filter is designed to reduce the highfrequency noise

(hiss) in any program with little or no effect on the audible frequency response. Unlike the Dolby and ANRS systems, it does not require that the program material be previously processed.

The Model DNF 1201A is basically similar to the Model DNF 1201 sold by Burwen before the company was acquired by KLH, but the time constants and other characteristics in the new model have been modified to make the filter more effective and less obtrusive. In the 1201A, the bandwidth of the filter varies between 500 and 30,000 Hz, depending on the level and frequency content of the program. The rated cutoff slope is 9 dB/octave.

The filter comes in a physically flat package that measures $17\frac{1}{2}$ "W \times $8\frac{1}{4}$ "D \times $2\frac{1}{8}$ "H (44.5 \times 21 \times 7.3 cm) and weighs 8 lb (3.6 kg). The walnut finished wood cabinet is complemented by a silver-colored front panel. Nationally advertised retail value is \$379.

General Information. Like any "open-ended" noise reducing system, the Model DNF 1201A is faced with the seemingly impossible task of determining whether the high-frequency energy in the program is part of the recorded material or is noise. Having made the determination, the bandwidth of the filter must be reduced as much as possible without sacrificing the higher-frequency program components. The variation of the bandwidth must also be done at such a rate that it cannot be audibly detected by the listener. That this can be accomplished successfully is due to the phenomenon of "masking," means that certain frequencies can be rendered inaudible by the presence of others, even though by themselves they can be plainly heard. Hence, the presence of the program is used to mask noise, leaving the filter with the task of removing the noise during quiet intervals in the program.

In the Model DNF 1201A, if the program has significant amounts of high-frequency energy, the bandwidth of the filter opens up to pass it. If there are no highs present, or if the overall level of the program drops, the bandwidth of the

filter reduces to decrease the noise. The four variables that control the operation of the Model DNF 1201A are the level and frequency distribution of the incoming signal and the attack and decay times (rates at which bandwidth increases and decreases).

Front-panel controls on the filter give the user considerable latitude in his selection of its operating parameters. Hence, the action of the filter can be optimized for any program. The basic operation of the filter is controlled by four pushbutton switches and a slide-type control. The buttons are labelled OFF, MAX, MED, and MIN. With the OFF button pressed, the incoming program bypasses all the circuitry in the filter and is delivered directly to the outputs. Operation of any of the three remaining buttons adjusts the manner in which the bandwidth controller circuit, which supplies the control voltage to the filter circuits, responds to signals of different frequency and attack times. MAX is used for very noisy programs, such as 78-rpm discs and poor quality broadcasts and tapes. It provides a slow response time to minimize the "swish" of noise that can accompany a rapid change in bandwidth with a noisy background. MED provides a shorter attack time, and MIN gives the fastest filter response and the least severe filter action, making it suitable for relatively high quality program material.

At low program signal levels, the bandwidth changes rather sedately, tracking the signal without introducing excessive background noise modulation. However, a sudden transient can open up the filter in as little as $600 \mu s$.



DiscTraker...

-a revolutionary tonearm damper from Discwasher

Disctraker is a precision damping device that improves the performance of tonearm/ cartridge systems by adding a protective cushion between the record and the tracking stylus.

- reduces low frequency resonance that colors the sound of even the best tonearm/cartridge systems on all records.
- reduces record-warp resonance-as witnessed by a dramatic reduction of wooferflutter
- permits accurate tracking of even badly warped records.
- reduces record wear and stylus damage from warps.
- reduces distortion caused by high velocity groove overload, mistracking and intermodulation.
- adaptable to most tonearms.



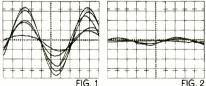


Figure 1 shows the amplitude of low frequency resonance in a typical tonearm/cartridge system using a "flat" record. Figure 2 shows the identical conditions with the Disctraker damping system on the tonearm.



The decay time, during which the bandwidth closes down, is determined by the dynamic characteristics of the program and can vary between 50 ms and 1.5 seconds

Proper use of the SENSITIVITY slide control is vital to the successful operation of the filter. At its left limit is a red SUPPRESSION LED and at the right limit is a green WIDEBAND LED. The LED's glow in accordance with the instantaneous condition of the voltage controlled filter. When the green LED is on, the program passes with its full bandwidth; when the red LED is on, the bandwidth reduces. In use, the control is adjusted until the two LED's flash alternately or if the program is highly complex, until both LED's appear to be illuminated simultaneously.

The filter normally connects in the tape monitoring path of an amplifier or receiver. The tape recording input and output jacks are duplicated in the rear of the filter, activated by a pushbutton MONITOR switch on the front panel, so that none of the tape monitoring flexibility of the system is lost. In addition, there is a PRE/POST button that places the filter in the signal path either ahead of the tape recorder or in its playback output. This permits the program to be "denoised" before it is recorded, and (if desired) again upon playback. In addition, other noise-reduction systems, such as Dolby or ANRS, can be used in the tape recorder itself.

The filter operates on both channels. Its control voltage is derived from a mixture of the two channels. This assures that there will not be any interchannel bandwidth variations.

The filter is a unity-gain device (screwdriver adjustment on the rear panel permits some variation about gain). It has nominal rating of 1 volt in/1 volt out. The filter can handle signal output levels up to 6 volts without distortion. The internal noise is rated at 100 μV, or 80 dB below 1 volt. The total harmonic distortion (THD) is rated at less than 0.2%. The amount of noise reduction can be from 5 to 14 dB above 400 Hz, and as much as 30 dB above 5000 Hz.

Laboratory Measurements. Very few conventional measurements can be made on the Model DNF 1201A, because the presence of a test signal itself affects the filter bandwidth. At the factory, the dc control loop is opened and the filter characteristics are measured with an external control voltage.

We made frequency-response measurements with different signal levels at a fixed setting of the SENSITIVITY control and at a fixed signal level with different settings of the SENSITIVITY control. The results in general confirmed the manufacturer's ratings. (Since they were static measurements, they did not reveal anything about the dynamic properties of the unit.) We noted, however, that although the "full-cut" filter response had the rated 9 dB/octave slope, beginning at about 500 Hz, when the filter was partially activated by the swept input signal the apparent slope was much steeperabout 24 dB/octave.

Distortion was measured with a 400-Hz input signal at a level of 1 volt. With the OUT button pressed, the THD was 0.014%. With full suppression (MAX) maximum distortion was only 0.11%. And when the SENSITIVITY control was moved to turn on the WIDEBAND LED, the THD was only 0.031%.

User Comment. Since the measurements we were able to perform can do little more than suggest the performance of the filter, we depended largely on use tests for its evaluation.

We tested one of the original Burwen Model 1201 filters several years ago and found a tendency for a noise "swish" to be audible. Thus, we were curious to learn if this problem had been solved in the 1201A. It has! Only by the most obvious misuse of the new filter, on very hissy programs, could a swish be heard. Such incorrect operation of the filter is unlikely in practice, since its controls are meant to be adjusted to provide the maximum possible noise reduction without unacceptable side effects.

When the two LED's flashed alternately, the filter operation was almost never detectable, but the hiss reduction was quite impressive. Like any openended noise reduction system we have used, the technique employed by Burwen is most effective with a relatively noise-free program. But though a good, quiet program might seem to be an unlikely candidate for noise reduction, the filter can usually convert it from merely quiet to dead silent.

Neither did the 1201A produce any dulling of the highest frequencies when properly adjusted. Here, too, the end result is under the user's control.

In conclusion, we feel that Burwen has proved the worth of its basic concept. The redesigned filter has eliminated all of our former reservations about the original filter. In its present form, the DNF 1201A is a highly useful adjunct to any good music system.

CIRCLE NO 103 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

POPULAR ELECTRONICS

ization.



The Basic Bcx (left) and the Periphera Flate.

With no-nonsense organizers from the Digital Group.

Not so long ago, the microcomputer domain belonged to a special group of creative, inventive folks — the inveterate hardware hackers who delighted in making a thing work and didn't really care all that much about how it looked.

The Digital Group was a part of it. Our original microprocessor systems were designed not to require any cabinets at all — they simply worked well.

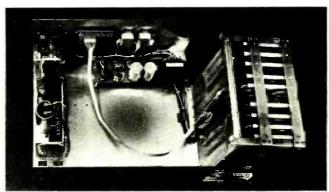
Of course, along the line we couldn't resist making a good thing look good too . . . and we added our complete line of custom, deluxe cabinets to cover up.

Well, we haven't forgotten those no-nonsense computer builders who just want a way to organize their systems. So the Digital Group has taken a step back to come up with a basic answer: The Organizers the Basic Box and the Peripheral Plate.

Beautifully simple. No paint. No anodizing. No frills. Just exactly what you need.

The Basic Box houses your CPU, power supplies, fan, switches and I/O connectors in one tight little 16" by 17" package. It's available completely naked — a metal box with a card rack so you can add to it from your own parts supply; or we'll spiff it up for you with optional equipment.

The Peripheral Plate is a piece of bent metal with room for your keyboard, video monitor, two Phidecks or an audio cassette recorder. All at your fingertips. For organization.



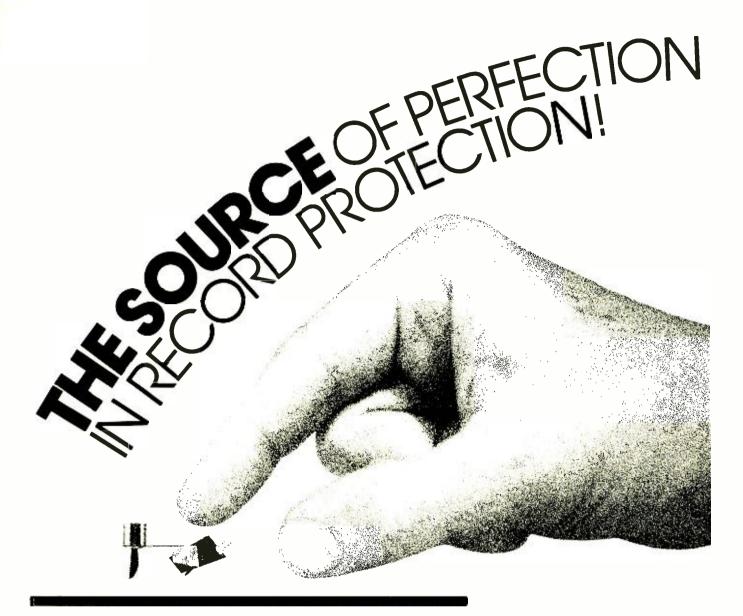
Card rack swings out for service

Naturally, our basics have down-to-earth prices, too. The Peripheral Plate is a mere \$19.50 . . . the basic Basic Box goes for \$45 (a little more depending on options).

Want to up your organization? It's simple. Just call or write the Digital Group for details.



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Why take a chance?

Why accept counterfeits in place of Genuine Pickering Replacement Styli?

No other manufacturer is licensed to copy or duplicate the genuine Pickering product: Bogus styli made by others can't be very good because they were created by "reverse engineering" . . . meaning, of course, that attempts to copy the exacting dimensional tolerances can only approximate the original.

Here are some things to remember:

1. A Pickering cartridge is a precision instrument. A genuine Pickering replacement stylus assures a proper fit and perfect performance.

- 2. The attempts of others to duplicate the genuine product are by definition illegitimate and/or illegal, and probably won't work up to expectations.
- 3. The Dustamatic Brush, which cleans the record's grooves in advance of the stylus, is also covered by Patents issued only to Pickering.
- 4. Always look for the on the stylus handle. It identifies the genuine Pickering replacement stylus.

Genuine Pickering Replacement Styli are covered by one or more of the following patents: Patent #3146319; 3297831; 3546399; 3572725.

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For further information write to Pickering & Co., Inc., Dept. PE 101 Sunnyside Blvd., Plainview, N. Y. 11803



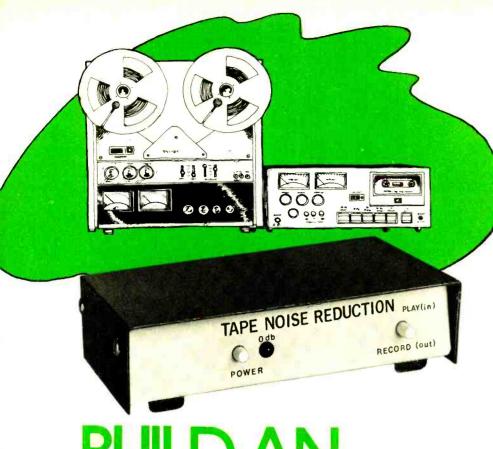
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panding it in a complementary fashion when it is recovered. This is typically accomplished by inserting a fixed-slope (2:1) compressor in the signal path before the tape deck's record preamp and a fixed-slope (1:2) expander at the output of the deck's playback preamp. The process is shown graphically in Fig. 1. Practicalities of electronic circuitry in preamps and power amplifiers limit their dynamic range to 100 to 120 dB. However, this approaches the dynamic range of live music and (comfortable) human hearing, easily attainable by a good tape deck working with a 2:1/1:2 compander.

The improvement in S/N becomes apparent when we look at a specific example. Let's assume that we have a tape deck with a noise floor of -45 dBm and that we want to record a piece of music with passages as low as -50 dBm. In the absence of any processing, the soft passages would disappear into the hiss. However, if we pass the signal through a 2:1 compressor before recording it, the minimum amplitude recorded is -25 dBm, a full 20 dB above the noise. On playback, passing the tape output through a 1:2 expander restores the -25-dBm signal to its original -50 dBm. Simultaneously, the noise drops by the same $-25 \, dB$ to $-70 \, dBm$.

Improvements are also realized in the upward direction. That is, headroom is increased. A tape that previously saturated (causing distortion) at +10 dBm can now handle a +20-dBm signal at the compressor input. Although compansion increases S/N and headroom, it places more stringent requirements on the medium's frequency response and amplitude stability. Because the expander's gain depends on the level of the compressed signal applied to it, any amplitude errors will be magnified. In the case of a 2:1/1:2 compander, any frequency response errors or amplitude anomalies will be doubled.

A Compander IC. Signetics Corporation has recently developed an IC called the NE570. It is a dual-channel linear IC, and either section can be used independently of the other as a compressor or expander. A block diagram and pinout of the NE570 is shown in Fig.



BUILD AN AUDKO COMPANDER

Provides greater dynamic range and reduces noise.

BY JOHN ROBERTS

ERHAPS the last frontier yet to be crossed by high-fidelity program sources is dynamic range. For example, the best consumer tape decks have a dynamic range of about 65 dB when used with premium tape formulas. Compare that to the 115-dB range of music produced by a symphonic orchestra at a live performance.

This project—a 2:1/1:2 compander—will allow you to record live music on your existing tape deck and later play it back without losing its original dynamic range. Other benefits of compansion are

increased tape headroom during record and noise reduction during playback. These advantages can be realized whether the program material is being recorded live or transcribed from another format. The compander is easy to build and use, employs a new Signatics IC, and has a low parts count. A stereo compander is available in kit form as described in the Parts List.

Compansion involves compressing a signal's amplitude before it is committed to the recording medium, and then ex-

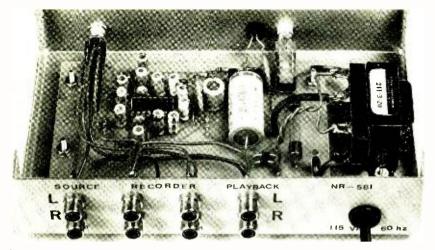


Photo shows prototype assembled on pc board and mounted in metal chassis.

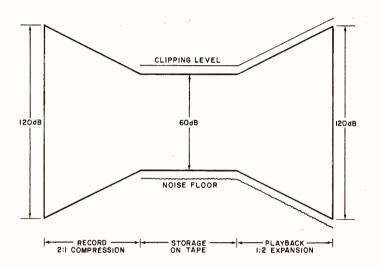


Fig. 1. Compression is used during recording, expansion on playback.

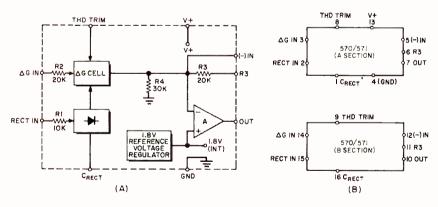


Fig. 2. Block diagram (A) and pinout (B) of the NE570 IC.

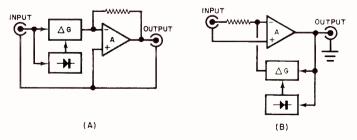


Fig. 3. Using the NE570 as an expander (A) and compressor (B).

2. Packaged in a 16-pin DIP, only the power supply and ground connections and an internal 1.8-volt bias regulator are shared by the two companders.

Each compander comprises a ΔG (variable gain) cell, a full-wave rectifier, and an output amplifier. The ΔG cell governs compander gain. Its control voltage is developed by rectifying an input signal. The output signal is generated by the op amp, which is driven by a scaled current supplied by the ΔG cell. Whether a section of the NE570 functions as a compressor or expander depends on how the basic blocks are interconnected. Typical specifications for the NE570 are in table on next page.

A 1:2 dynamic range expander (Fig. 3A) is formed by placing the ΔG cell at the input of the op amp. Its control signal is generated by sampling the input signal, rectifying and filtering it. The fixed feedback impedance sets the overall gain at unity when the input signal is 0 dBm or 0.775 volt. As the input increases or decreases from this level, the gain increases or decreases proportionally. For example, if the input level increases by a factor of two (+ 6 dB), the output level is quadrupled (+12 dB). If the input decreases by one half (-6 dB), the output drops to one quarter (-12 dB) of its previous value.

Rearranging the blocks to form the network shown in Fig. 3B results in a 2:1 dynamic range compressor. Here, the ΔG cell is connected as a feedback impedance, and its control signal is derived from the op amp output. The fixed input network sets overall gain at unity for a 0-dBm signal. If the input signal level increases by a factor of four (+12 dB), the output amplitude is doubled (+6 dB). If the input amplitude is decreased by a factor of four (-12 dB), the output signal decreases by a factor of two (-6 dB).

About the Circuit. The schematic diagram of the compander is shown in Fig. 4. A conventional full-wave rectifier and RC filter supply the required operating voltages. Note that only one compander channel is shown. The components with the suffix "A" are for the channel A compander only. Integrated circuit pin numbers in parenthesis are the corresponding inputs and outputs of the channel B compander. For example, pin 1 is connected to *C4A*, and pin 16 should be connected to *C4B*.

Diodes *D3* and *D4*, *LED1*, transistors *Q1* and *Q2*, and their associated components form a level indicator. The LED glows when input signal peaks exceed 0 dBm. Switch *S2* interconnects the

TYPICAL SPECIFICATIONS NE570 COMPANDER

Maximum input/output level:	+12 dBm
Maximum output current:	±20 mA
Unity gain level:	$0 dBm \pm 1 dB$
Tracking error:	±0.2 dB
Gain change with temperature	
(0° to 70° C):	±0.1 dB
Output slew rate:	±0.5 V/μs
THD* (compressor or expander only):	0.3%
Expander noise output (measured	
with input shorted):	-96 dBm "A" weighting

with input shorted):

Frequency response; Compressor: 20 to 20,000 Hz, ± 0 , -1.5 dB at 0 dBm Expander: 20 to 20,000 Hz, +0.5, -1 dB at 0 dBm

*—Harmonic distortion is caused primarily by ΔG cell offsets and modulation of the cell by control voltage ripple. When the recorded signal is expanded by the same ΔG cell that compressed it, the distortion cancels out, leaving tape noise or tape distortion dominant. Note—a phase inversion in the record/playback path will affect the accuracy of this cancellation.

blocks of each section of the NE570 so that the IC functions as a compressor on record and an expander on playback. Pulsating dc from the full-wave rectifier is smoothed into the AG cell's control signal by capacitor C4A. Capacitors C5A, C6A, C8A, and C9A provide ac coupling between various parts of the compander circuit.

Construction. The compander is best assembled using a printed circuit board. Suitable etching and drilling and parts placement guides are shown in Fig. 5. When mounting electrolytic capacitors and semiconductors, be sure to observe polarity and pin basing. An IC socket or Molex Soldercons are preferable to soldering the compander IC directly to the circuit board. Use the minimum amount

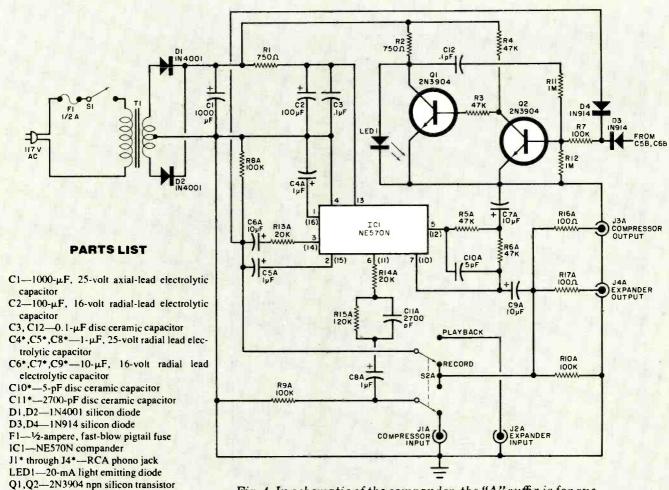


Fig. 4. In schematic of the compander, the "A" suffix is for one channel only. Duplicate components are needed for "B" channel.

The following are 1/4-watt, 5% tolerance carbon composition resistors:

R1, R2-750 ohms

R3,R4,R5*,R6*-47,000 ohms

R7,R8*,R9*,R10*-100,000 ohms

R11,R12-1 megohm

R13*,R14*-20,000 ohms

R15*-120,000 ohms

R16*,R17*-100 ohms

S1-SPST switch S2-4PDT switch

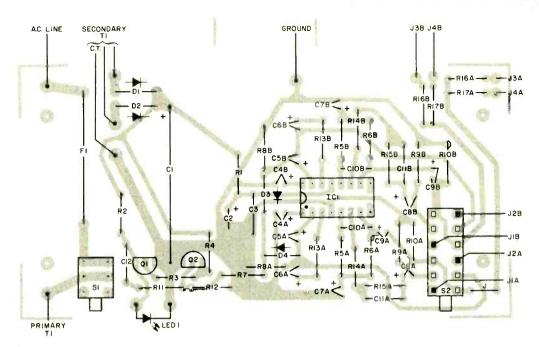
T1-34.5-volt, 50-mA center-tapped trans-

former (Signal Transformer Co. No. 241-3-28 or equivalent)

Misc.-Line cord, strain relief, suitable enclosure, hookup wire, printed circuit board, metal spacers, machine hardware, solder,

Note-The following are available from Phoenix Systems, 375 Springhill Road, Monroe, CT 06468: complete kit of parts including case (No. P-518-S), \$59.00; NE570N compander IC (No. P-518-C), \$12.50; power transformer T1 (No. P-518-T), \$5.00; etched and drilled pc board (No. P-518-B). \$4.50. Connecticut residents please add 7% sales tax. Canadians please add \$2.50 handling and shipping charges.

One component required for each compander channel.



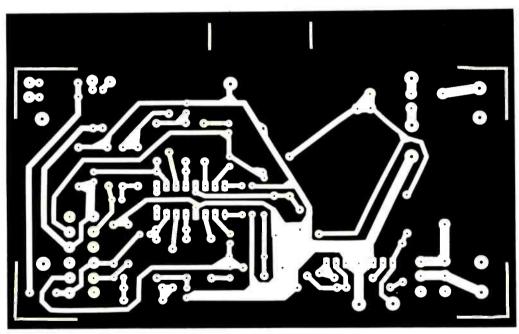


Fig. 5. Etching and drilling guide (left) and component placement (above) guides for the pc board.

of heat and solder consistent with the formation of good solder joints at each pc board pad.

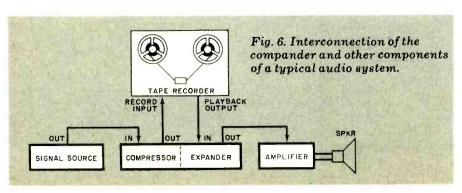
If an alternate construction technique is used, care must be taken to keep all signal leads, especially those to switch S2, as short as possible. In any event,

the circuit should be mounted in a metal enclosure that is connected to the audio system ground.

Using the Compander, Interconnect each channel of the compander and your system's tape deck and amplifier

as shown in Fig. 6. Place S2 in the RECORD position and adjust the deck's record preamp level controls for a reasonable record level. With the added dynamic range supplied by the compander, you can afford to trade a few dB of the deck's S/N for reduced distortion levels. (Some tape machines are set to run very close to saturation to get the highest S/N possible.) Indicator LED1 is included not to alert you of clipping, but as an aid in setting record levels. The compander has at least 10 dB of headroom above the threshold at which the LED glows.

To play back a compressed tape, simply place *S2* in the PLAYBACK position and put the deck in its playback mode. You will then retrieve the recorded program with its original dynamic range. \diamondsuit





BY CRAIG STARK

T'S not easy to pick the best cassette tape for your recording needs from the dozens of "name brands" and hundreds of unknowns on the market today. Naturally, there is some correlation between price and performance, reflected not only in the tape itself, but also in the plastic shell containers and their assembly. These can affect performance more than the differences between oxide formulations of the same type. But high price alone will not guarantee satisfaction if your tape deck has not been adjusted for the cassette you select.

Almost all high-fidelity cassette recorders have "bias and equalization" switches designed to accommodate at least two basic tape types: ferric oxide and chromium dioxide. Unfortunately, there are at least *four* major cassette types on the market, and very few cassette decks have switch positions for all. Let's look at their characteristics.

Ferric Oxides. All pure gamma ferric oxide cassettes today use the same playback equalization (often identified as "120 microseconds"). In terms of their recording needs, however, they tend to fall into two different categories. The first are tapes designed to use "standard," "LN," or "DIN" bias, and include almost all American and European ferric oxides (e.g. 3M, Capitol, Ampex, BASF), as well as such Japanese tapes as Sony, Maxell LN, and TDK SD and

TDK D. This is the largest group of ferric oxides, and includes all quality levels.

The other major ferric group is designed to use about 5% to 10% more record bias current than the DIN standard. This group consists almost entirely of premium-quality Japanese tapes (Maxell UD and UD XL I, TDK AD, Nakamichi, and Fuji FX and FL). A recorder that is properly biased for a tape in this latter group will be over-biased for tapes requiring DIN-standard bias, while recorders set up for DIN-standard tapes will be under-biased for Japanese tapes in the "high-bias" group. Figure 1 shows the effects of such mismatching.

Under-biased tapes have exaggerated treble response; over-biased ones

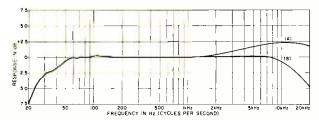


Fig. 1. Results of improper bias vary: (A) DIN bias settings used with typical Japanese ferric tape over-emphasize highs due to underbiasing. (B) Correct bias for same tapes over-biases DIN ferric tapes.

suffer unnecessary treble loss. If you've found the upper frequencies a little "soft" when using a top-quality domestic or European cassette tape on a high-priced Japanese deck, or found the treble too "hot" when using Japanese tapes on European or U.S. recorders, mismatched bias is almost certainly the reason. And while there are many fine tapes in the DIN group, the trend is toward higher-bias ferrics.

Chromium Dioxide. All CrO₂ cassettes use a "70-microsecond" playback equalization curve, which provides about 4.5 dB less treble boost in playback than the 120-microsecond equalization used for ferric oxides. This is made possible by CrO₂'s inherently greater treble output. The decreased treble boost makes possible, in turn, a 4.5-dB reduction in tape hiss.

However, this distinct advantage is partially offset by CrO2's lower output in the rest of the frequency range, as well as higher distortion levels compared to the performance of top-grade ferrics. A better known CrO2 disadvantage—rapid head wear—is actually a myth at cassette speeds and pressures. Believe it only when you find someone who has actually worn out a cassette head using any kind of tape.

Ferrichrome. When ferrichrome cassettes were introduced several years ago, they seemed to offer the best of both worlds: high overall output (provided by a relatively thick layer of ferric oxide) and abundant high-frequency energy (provided by a thin, top layer of CrO₂). The drawback is that there is no standard for ferrichrome; Sony and 3M make radically different FeCr tapes. So even when a recorder has a "ferrichrome" switch position, the only way to find which tape it matches is to consult the instruction book. To add to the confusion, some machine makers recommend that you record ferrichromes with "ferric" bias and equalization and

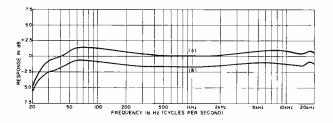
"chrome" playback, while others recommend exactly the opposite. (Neither is really optimum.) Nonetheless, when ferrichrome tapes *are* correctly biased and equalized, they yield spectacularly good results, as the test section of this survey shows.

Cobalt-Treated Ferrics. Another attempt to combine the virtues of two different magnetic materials is represented by the cobalt-treated (or "cobalt-doped") ferric oxides. Here, the two materials are not layered, as ferrichromes are. Instead, each ferric oxide particle is enriched with cobalt ions through a complex molecular-binding process. The result is a tape with much greater overall output than chrome, but with equal high-frequency energy. These new tapes also take advantage of the standard bias and equalization settings used for chrome tapes; that's why they're referred to in our test table as "CrO2equivalent" ferrics. TDK's SA ("Super Avilyn") was the first of these tapes, and was followed by Nakamichi SX and Maxell UD XL-II. (3M's Master II is another tape in this category, but was not available for test at this writing.)

What Makes a Tape "New and Improved?" Improvements to a tape's performance can take many forms. Two of them are shown in Fig. 2a and b. Figure 2a shows the frequency response of Maxell's now-venerable UD and its new UD XL-I, both recorded with the same signal. Both tapes have the same frequency response, but the higher curve for the UD XL I indicates greater output at all points in the audio spectrum—with a correspondingly improved signal-tonoise ratio.

A second kind of improvement, and one you're likely to see more and more of these days, is an increase in tape coercivity. This raises high-frequency response, as illustrated by the outputvs-frequency curves of Fig. 2b (which compares TDK's older Audua with its brand new "AD" tape). This rising highend response can be accepted as a "brighter" sound, if you prefer, but it's really intended to be traded off for other benefits. Decks with adjustable equalization and bias let you trade it off for reduced distortion and a slight reduction in noise by diminishing treble boost in the recording. Also, the rising high end can compensate for the drooping treble of an inexpensive system's speakers. (It won't compensate for playback-head limitations, though.) In other stereo systems, turning down your amplifier's treble control will at one stroke restore proper frequency balance and reduce audible tape hiss.

Test Results. The results obtainable



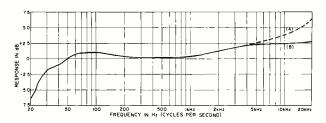


Fig. 2a and b. In (a), at top, Maxell gave its new UD XL-I tape (A) more output than older UD (B), but same response. In (b), below, new TDK AD tape has more high-end response (A) than earlier Audua (B).

CASSETTE TAPE TEST RESULTS

	Sensitivity: (333 Hz "0 VU")	Distortion: (3rd Harm. Dolby level)	Maximum Output: (3% HD 333 Hz)	Signal-to-No Unweighted	ise Ratio Weighted	Saturation: (db below "0 VU" 10kHz)	Frequency Response (see text for code)
DIN bias ferrics DIN Std. cass. Ampex 20/20+ Ampex Plus Ampex 370 BASF Studio BASF Performance Capitol "Music" Capitol 1 Memorex MRX ₂ Maxell LN Scotch Master I Scotch LN/HD Scotch Highlander Sony UHF Sony Plus 2 TDK SD TDK D	±0.0 ±0.0 +0.4 -1.8 ±0.0 -1.8 +0.5 -1.1 -0.7 -1.8 +0.1 -0.5 -2.3 -0.9 -0.5	0.44% 0.32% 0.39% 2.35% 0.38% 1.22% 0.25% 1.9 % 1.95% 0.6 % 1.75% 1.65% 0.72% 2.28% 0.65% 0.8 %	+2.5 +4.1 +4.6 -0.8 +4.4 +1.1 +3.9 +0.4 +0.8 -0.1 +2.8 +1.2 +0.4 +2.7 -0.7 +2.8 +1.6	51.3 53.0 53.4 49.0 53.4 50.3 52.8 49.3 49.7 48.8 51.9 50.4 49.5 51.4 48.1 51.7 50.1	52.9 55.3 55.2 50.9 55.7 53.0 55.4 51.2 52.1 50.9 54.2 52.9 52.0 53.3 50.2 53.6 51.4	-11.2 -12.8 -11.3 -18.2 -13.3 -14.5 -13.6 -19.8 -11.6 -14.5 -10.2 -13.8 -17.5 -10.1 -13.0 -12.8 -12.5	ABADBCBDABADDABCB
"High" bias ferrics Fuji FX Fuji FL Maxell UD Maxell UD XL-I Nakamichi EX Nakamichi EX-II TDK Audua TDK "AD"	-0.1 -2.4 -0.8 +1.0 -0.6 +0.9 -0.8 -0.7	0.28% 2.5 % 1.1 % 0.35% 0.74% 0.28% 1.15% 0.37%	+4.0 -1.7 +2.5 +6.1 +2.6 +5.7 +1.5 +3.7	52.4 47.9 51.1 54.7 51.2 54.3 49.7 52.4	53.4 49.9 52.8 56.3 52.8 55.8 50.7 54.2	- 9.8 -12.8 -10.4 - 9.8 -10.2 -10.2 - 8.7 - 7.2	A C A A A A' A'
CrO ₂ BASF CrO ₂ Capitol CrO ₂ Fuji FC Memorex CrO ₂ Scotch Chrome Sony CRO ₂	-1.5 -1.0 -1.4 -2.2 -1.9 -1.9	1.9 % 1.85% 2.2 % 3.2 % 2.4 % 2.45%	+0.2 +0.2 -0.2 -2.1 -0.8 -0.7	52.6 52.6 52.4 50.3 51.9 51.5	54.8 54.6 55.5 52.5 54.4 53.3	- 9.2 -10.5 -10.5 -11.5 -11.1 - 8.4	A A B B
CrO ₂ Equivalent ferrics Maxell UD XL-II Nakamichi SX TDK SA	+1.9 +1.3 +1.0	0.6 % 0.85% 0.9 %	+4.0 +2.8 +2.3	55.6 54.5 53.7	57.4 55.7 55.6	- 8.2 - 8.7 - 8.8	A A B
FeCr bias & eq Scotch Master III Sony FeCr	-1.7 -2.6	0.45% 0.71%	+4.9 +3.2	57.2 55.5	59.4 57.5	-11.2 - 9.4	A A
Ferrichromes, DIN* Scotch Master III Sony FeCr	+0.8 -1.2	0.64% 1.52%	+3.0 +1.2	51.8 49.8	53.9 52.2	- 6.5 - 5.4	*
Ferrichromes, "High"* Scotch Master III Sony FeCr	+1.2 -0.8	0.52% 1.03%	+4.5% +2.9	53.2 51.5	55.5 53.7	- 6.8 - 5.0	*

^{*}Neither ferrichrome tape is designed for this bias/equalization, but it may be all the consumer has to use with them. Frequency response, however, rises from 1 kHz to 19 kHz, to between +10 and +12 dB.

from any tape depend as much upon the recorder and its settings as upon the tape itself. Differences between my test recorder and your recorder make it almost inevitable that the cassettes I tested would produce somewhat different results if tested on your deck. Where differences between tapes are small, a slight adjustment of bias or equalization can turn the scale in favor of one or the other. So ignore small differences in the

results. Only the larger ones give grounds for definitely judging that one tape has a higher performance potential than another, regardless of the machine used.

Selecting a Tape. The test results here can be used as a starting point in selecting the right cassette for your own use. A glance at the table will reveal which tapes are of the same type as the

tapes your recorder's instructions recommend. The table will also help you weed out those tapes whose requirements differ significantly from that of the factory-recommended tape.

In the last analysis, the most significant tests are those you make on your own machine. To check frequency response for yourself, the interstation hiss from an FM tuner is an excellent and handy test signal. Record and play back

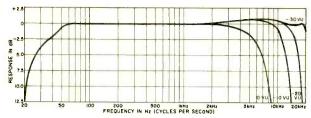
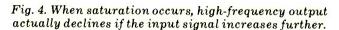
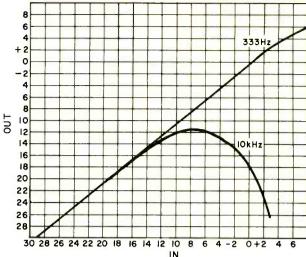


Fig. 3. Measured at low recording levels, modern cassettes are capable of extended frequency response.





a few moments of it, flipping between "source" and "tape;" see which tape comes closest to matching the original sound. If you try this, however, remember to maintain the record level 10 to 20 dB below 0 VU on your recording meters. The high-frequency energy in the hiss signal would otherwise drive the

HOW TESTS WERE MADE

In making these tests, three C-60 samples of each cassette were checked, and an average of the two more similar samples is reported. In most cases, where the thickness of the oxide coating is the same, C-90 versions of the same tapes should perform essentially identically. Where a manufacturer chooses to use a thinner oxide layer in his long-play length, however, low-frequency sensitivity and distortion figures may suffer.

The tapes in this survey were tested on a new Technics RS-9900US cassette deck. In addition to its three-head design (a practical necessity where machine-run frequency response curves are to be made), this deck offers continuously variable bias and equalization controls on the front-panel, as well as the usual fixed bias and EQ switch positions. It would thus have been possible to "optimize" the deck for every tape tested; but since this would represent an unrealistic picture of the performance to be expected from typical home cassette decks, a practical compromise was employed. For the tapes listed in the charts as "DIN bias and equalization," the machine was optimized for the new DIN Standard Blank Cassette (TP 18 LHS), a special cassette made for test purposes. For the "high bias" Japanese ferrics, the deck was set up using Maxell UD XL-I. For CrO2 and the cobalt-treated "chrome equivalent" ferrics, the set-up tape was Fuji FC:

tape into saturation and thereby invalidate the test.

Note that the "best" cassette is not always the best choice for every application! As the results in the chart show, several low- and mid-priced tapes have been improved (some very recently) to the point where they can challenge the premium tapes for anything that doesn't require the full sizzle of a cymbal. But avoid cheap, unbranded cassettes, unless you really enjoy cleaning up the loose oxide they so often shed.

How to Interpret Test Results.

Because tape test results are so dependent upon the equipment used to make the tests, you won't find final full specifications listed for tape as often as you will for components. So, many of the specifications listed below will be unfamiliar, while others may seem unfamiliar in their current form. Here is what the numbers in our table mean:

Sensitivity: Here we compare the output of each tape with the output of the DIN Standard Blank test cassette, with each fed an identical input signal. This signal is a mid-frequency tone (333 Hz) of sufficient strength to record a magnetic flux level of 250 nanoWebers per meter on the DIN tape. This particular flux level, higher than the "0 VU" of most (but not all) home cassette decks, is an internationally accepted comparison level. All else being equal, the larger the number in this column, the better.

Distortion at Dolby Level: This is a comparison of the harmonic distortion levels of the various tapes at a standard level of recorded signal. Since tapedeck manufacturers are free to set their "0 VU" point at any level of recorded flux they choose, a measurement made at

any one deck's "0 VU" point would not be too meaningful. But as the "Dolby level" marks found on nearly every manufacturer's VU meters is a standard level (200 nWb/m), we used that as our reference point for this test. Since this is only 1.9 dB less than DIN "0 VU" level, it's at least *near* most manufacturers' "0 VU" markings.

The distortion levels may look lower than you're used to seeing for tape. That's because conventional "total harmonic distortion" meters measure everything that isn't signal-which includes not only all harmonics, but also hum and noise. Since the hum and noise on the tape are often greater than the distortion at this recording level, you will rarely see THD measurements of less than 1%. But since tape produces only odd harmonics, of which the 3rd harmonic is the lowest (and hence most prominent), a General Radio 1900-A Wave Analyzer was used to read only the tape's output at 999 Hz, the 3rd harmonic of the 333-Hz input signal.

Maximum Output Level: It is standard practice to consider a tape's Maximum Output Level (MOL) to be, for all practical purposes, the point at which its third harmonic distortion just reaches 3%. Beyond this level, moderate increases in input signal lead to very rapid increases in distortions. Consequently, saturation—at which point the tape's output will increase no further in spite of increases in input—is only a few dB away.

The number shown in this column is the "signal" part of each tape's signal-to-noise ratio, in decibels above the 250 nWb/m reference level. The higher the number, the better.

Unweighted S/N Ratio: This column indicates the ratio, in decibels, between

POPULAR ELECTRONICS

the Maximum Output Level (MOL) of the tape and the output from a section of the tape which has been recorded with no input signal at all. The higher this number, the better, too.

Weighted S/N: Since the frequency response of the human ear at the low volume levels of tape noise is not "flat," a more meaningful measure of noise audibility is obtained by weighting its various frequency components according to the ear's sensitivity to each.

There are several weighting filters for this purpose. The most common is the NAB "A" weighting curve, which is derived from the famous Fletcher-Munson "equal-loudness" curves. More recent studies, however, suggest that a slightly different weighting curve, the CCIR curve, corresponds more closely to the perceived obtrusiveness of noise such as tape hiss. This weighting system, widely adopted abroad (and used by Dolby measurements of noise-reduction effectiveness), was used for our measurements in this column. The larger the number, the less perceptible tape hiss will be. This makes it a slightly more significant measure of tape performance than the unweighted S/N in the preceding column.

Saturation (10 kHz): Tape saturation level varies with signal frequency. At high frequencies, saturation occurs much earlier (Fig. 3). For this reason, and because the high-frequency content of most program material is far below the "0 VU" level, frequency response (next column) is usually measured at a level far below "0."

While dramatic in itself, Fig. 3 does not tell the whole story about high-frequency saturation. Although a tape's middle- and lower-frequency output will not increase past saturation even if input level increases, its high-frequency output actually *declines* when input levels are increased beyond the saturation point (Fig. 4).

Consequently, the figure shown in the "10-kHz Saturation" column represents the tape's absolute peak response and the onset of saturation. Distortion occurs long before this point (by about 10 dB), but is difficult to measure because the third harmonic generated (30 kHz) is outside the recorder's passband. The audible distortion products caused by high-end saturation are all too obvious, however, so the closer the negative number (in decibels below DIN "0" level) is to zero, the better.

Frequency Response: Individual frequency-response charts were made for each tape tested; but since the response patterns were so similar, they have been summarized in five categories here. An "A" curve indicates a response within ±1 dB over the 100 to 20,000-Hz range. Three tapes (Sony CRO2, TDK Audua, and TDK AD) showed a response that rose gradually above 1 kHz, reaching a maximum between +3 and +5 dB at approximately 19 kHz. Because, as explained previously, this may be looked upon as an advantage rather than as a defect, these tapes have been given an "Ar" (A, rising) denomination. Category "B" covers a span of ±2 dB over the same range. With only minor adjustments of the bias and/or equalization, any of these tapes could have been made to show an "A" characteristic. Class "C" encompasses a ±3 dB variation over the 100-to-20,000-Hz range, but would certainly be suitable for all but very critical applications. Class "D" tapes are definitely "limited performance" products whose response (even at the -30 VU test level employed on all the frequency response measurements) was typically down by about 5 decibels at 10 kilohertz.

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The Property of the project you value block are the ones you built from search without are the ones you built from search without using a kit, binfortunately, they are also usually the projects that have an clow-bush bone-made look. You probably took great pains to make the printed or curt occars. You so, "and then had to make do with available utility boxes are printed marking equipment. The result is most likely a grain metal or wood grain view control panel with the controls and inputs and outputs tabelled with a Dymotape marking.

In this article, we will as place sume terminates your carry use to residuate a from onte provides from onte president by our projects. With a nitial president that so a greation should have you designing and from outing control panels that look a very off as good as those turned out by industrial designors for commercial products.

The Proliminaries The best appropriate to dissigning control panels is to do the layout work at the same time you design the printed circuit bours. In lant, in wany crees, it is often advantageous to do fire control panel byout first and then design the circuit board, accordingly. This is especially true if you are using polyon switches and controls.

By resigning the control panel and circuit or aid at the same time, you will rave a groot ide to the size and share of the case in which to house your project, and you will know now much panel propositional telegraphs and sixe to are said the united to the various or mines sufficiently as pales in dicators, no you will also be able to arrange the various namel-mounted thems according to the resont a visually pleasing appearance.

the your project mertines electrical or reshrelding or that the continuous electrical as a ground conductor, you can use a sheet of son eluminum to the paner. For my great majority of only cits, no veryon the best material couse is acrylic plastic sheets that are easy to cut, dall, and shape with ordinary wood tools. White translucions acrylic with oldok lettering and granning are a dood choice. Of ourse, you can also use observing transparent or translucion acrylic sheets with complementary-color lettering, and graphics for special visual effects.

In this article, the emphasis is in a serylic plustic sheets for front penels. The sheets are available in thicknesser arging from 1/16" (1.6 mm) on up but the minimum recommended thickness for a front parel that minasure reports 12" × 12" × 12" × 12" (3.5 mm).

You can use thicker sheets, but they are not becessary, they will also increase cutting, drilling, and shaping ames.

ac ylic plastic sheets come with protockye paper or hold sides. Do not e meyer this paper until you have completed alterilling and outing. The paper ittely serves as convenion inexas or sendifice mall cutting and bonding lines and only incle centers (Fig. 1). (If you must use an aluminum paner, it is a good do a coplabe over it a layer of protestive masking lape. The rape also proindes a sonvenient draving surface similar to that provided to the puper or an activity sheets.)

Properting the Painel Surface After our panel has been diffled and out to see, peel of the wordective paper if it is a complicated panel, by to over away the paper on which you grow the utting lines and drill hales without teating it is a most you have a reference from which to you when it comes time to mount the various items on the panel.

pleasant to look at and is the free from tily residue.

Verking Up a Pared Design. Fart of your arsenal of tools for electronics with should be a minimum drafting instrument so that contains a ruling pen and an inking compass. To master the proper use of these tools, all you have to design the proper use of these tools, all you have to design the proper use of these tools.

First, fill the pen with India ink using the filler/stopper that comes with the britie to a depth of only 3/16" (4.8 mm). Next, use the thumbscrew on the side of the pen to adjust the worth of the line. When you use the pen and a straightedge to draw lines, hold the pen flat against the straightedge and perpendicular to the surface of the panel as shown in Fig. 2. Finally, lean the pen slightly in the direction of the line you are drawing; 15°té 30°ts sufficient (Fig. 3).

If you have never used a draffing pay or inking compass before, practice with them on paper and scrip acrylic sheet (surface finished as above to get the

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BY ROBERT DEVOE

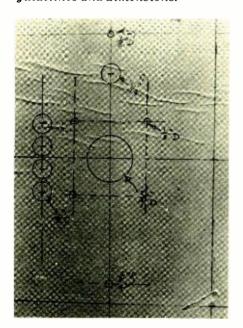
Sand the panel with vary fire tarifulabe. Sand it only end singular, prefer ally basellel to the land singlension, to give the surface of the pariel a "tooth for the lettering and graphics how scrub the sanded panel with start work and scounds powder, again working in inly one direction. This scrubbing gives the panel of releasy matter finish that is tice!" of the tools. Be sure to clean the pen and conlines, the before each filling. Brain in mind that a light touch is all that is required when drawing ink lines with a draking pen or or meass. If you must press down, you are doing something!

In addition to drafting tools; you should have on liand a dry-transfer lef-

tering kit. There are generally two types of dry-transfer kits—the type that you cut out and stick down and the type that you rub down directly from the carrier sheet. The latter is recommended. Dry-transfer type can be obtained from art supply, office supply, and drafting equipment stores in a wide range of type styles, sizes, and colors. Some manufacturers of printed circuit materials also offer transfer sheets of electronic symbols, pc patterns, and control-labelling kits with commonly used legends.

When you use a dry-transfer lettering kit, do the following. First, draw a light pencil line on the panel about 1/8" away from the bottom of the letter line you want to produce, as shown in Fig. 4. You

Fig. 1. Protective paper on acrylic sheets is used to draw guidelines and dimensions.



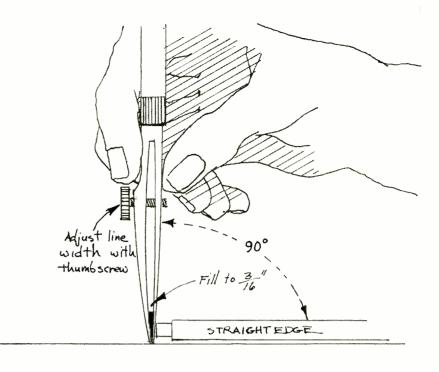


Fig. 2. When you use a pen and straightedge to draw lines, hold pen perpendicular to panel as shown here.

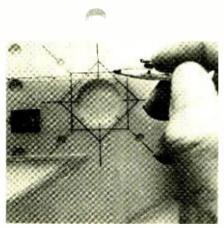


Fig. 3. To make a final line, hold the pen slightly in the direction of the line drawn.

After all letters for a given panel legend have been transferred, carefully erase the guide line.

When labelling your control panel, keep it simple. Shown in Fig. 6 are examples of the right and wrong ways of labelling panels. If one word will do to convey the function of a control, switch, jack, etc., never use two words. Also, group related items together by boxing them in. Use arrows or other graphics to indicate signal or traffic flow—but only if they are necessary to clarify things. A well-designed and properly labelled con-

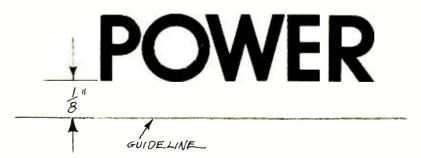


Fig. 4. In using dry-transfer letters, first draw a light line \(\frac{1}{8}'' \) from bottom of line you want to produce.

should be able to see through the transfer sheet clearly enough to line up your letters parallel with the guide line. As each letter is properly positioned, transfer it by rubbing with a soft, blunt pencil over the area of the letter to be trans-

ferred, as shown in Fig. 5. Practice transferring letters on scrap to determine the optimum rub pressure to use to assure a good transfer. Do not press too hard, or the letters will spread, crack, and flake.

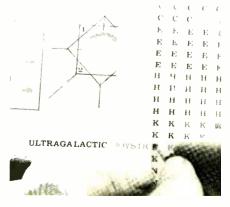
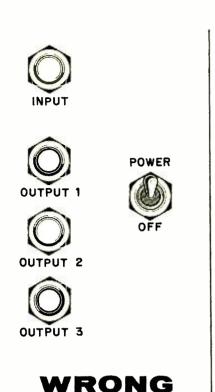


Fig. 5. Transfer each letter by rubbing with a blunt pencil. Too much pressure may ruin the letter.

POPULAR ELECTRONICS



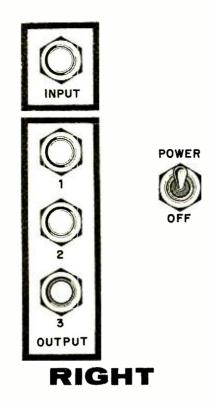




Fig. 7. In using plastic film for protecting a panel, peel the paper from the film slowly. It can't be lifted, once it is down.

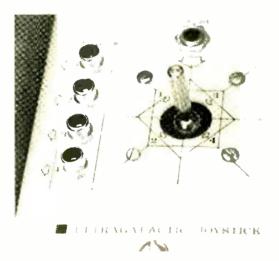
Fig. 6. Examples of the right and wrong ways to label a panel. Group related items, and if one word will describe a group, never label each unit separately.

trol panel is not only pretty to look at, it is functional and completely lacking in confusion and ambiguity.

Finishing Up. Transfer lettering and inked lines scratch easily and very quickly deteriorate if they are not protected. While it may at first appear that a couple of coats of clear spray lacquer will provide the required protection, its use can be very tricky. For example, you cannot be assured of perfectly even coating over the entire panel surface. Also, if the first coat of lacquer is too thick, it will in all likelihood lift up or even dissolve the lettering.

The best protection for a control panel's lettering and graphics is clear transparent ConTact plastic film, obtainable from most hardware stores. To use this film, cut it about ½" (12.7 mm) longer and wider than the panel to be covered with it. Do NOT remove the entire paper backing from the film. Instead, peel it back gradually as you apply the film to the panel. Bear in mind that you cannot put the film down, change your mind, lift it again, and reapply it. If you do this, you will dislodge the transfer lettering and graphics.

The best technique to use in laying down the clear film is to work very slowly, peeling away only enough of the paper backing to assure that the work progresses at a manageable rate (see



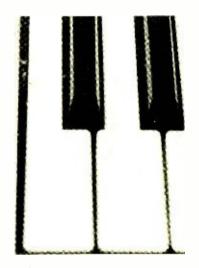


Fig. 8. An example of a completed control panel. The film has been cut away from all holes and the various components have been mounted in proper locations.

Fig. 7). Small air bubbles should be chased to an edge or a hole; larger bubbles should be lanced with a razor blade or X-acto knife. When the film is down, go over every square inch of it with the back of a table spoon, tongue depressor, or other blunt instrument to burnish it down solidly. Then cut the film away from all holes and mount the various components on the panel. An example

of a completely assembled control panel is shown in Fig. 8.

Closing Remark. We have given only the basic techniques to use for designing and fabricating professional-quality control panels. By applying these techniques and gaining some experience in design, you can make projects you will value and be proud to display.

THE Federal Communications Commission is having problems these days with pirates. No, the FCC isn't taking over the duties of the Navy and Coast Guard. These pirates are known as WCPR, WHGC, "Radio King Kong," "Wild Turkey Radio," and even "Radio Clandestine." More and more adventurers, either ignorant or contemptuous of the law, are taking to the airwaves and setting up their own broadcasting stations.

Bootlegging is not a new development. Even in the early days of radio, band (540 to 1600 kHz) is fair hunting ground for pirate broadcasters. However, recent years have found pirates to be more commonly using frequencies in the upper end and just above the standard broadcast band, say from 1550 to 1650 kHz. This range is becoming popular with pirates because many old AM phone transmitters which cover the 160-meter ham band (1800 to 2000 kHz) can be easily retuned to cover 1550 to 1650 kHz. Much of the available surplus AM gear will cover this range as well.

A second favorite place for pirates is

their limited range, we will not deal with them in this article.

Strictly Hobby Pirates. The major portion of pirate activity in the United States falls into the category of "hobby" activity. These stations are operated solely for the amusement and diversion of the pirates, who have no political cause to advocate. A typical example was WHGC, operating on a varying frequency around 1610 kHz, in Charlottesville, Virginia. This station first popped up in late 1975, and was reported by

Piracy on the Airwaves

The state of illegal broadcasting is explored.

BY Harry L. Helms

when communication was by Morse code and spark transmitters, an occasional wireless enthusiast would "borrow" another callsign, usually of rare or distant locations, to attract more replies. Amateur radio in the 1930's jokingly had what was called the "bootlegger" class of license, which allowed the holder to use all the power and bands he pleased, plus select his own call—at least until he was caught! Such bootlegging continues today on the amateur bands, with rare DX station callsigns often used by other stations, and operation taking place from countries (such as Turkey) where amateur radio is frowned upon.

The new breed of radio pirates is interested in broadcasting, but not in communicating with other stations. Indeed, there is no shortage of perfectly legal avenues for communication if your desire is to talk with other people by radio. However, if you want to broadcast, you're limited to a mere 100 milliwatts of power in the AM and FM broadcasting bands under Part 15 of the FCC rules. For a growing number of pirates, that simply isn't enough power. Note that neither the author nor POPULAR ELEC-TRONICS advocates that anyone set up a pirate station. The FCC rules provide for a maximum penalty of \$10,000 fine and/ or a year imprisonment for those caught broadcasting illegally.

Where Pirates are Found. Almost any frequency in the standard broadcast

the 49-Meter international shortwave broadcasting band (5900 to 6200 kHz). The upper end of 49 meters, around 6200 kHz and just above, has long been favored by pirate broadcasters in Europe. A big advantage of this band is that much wider range can generally be obtained than on the broadcast band, particularly since fully resonant antennas are generally more feasible on 49 Meters than on the standard broadcast band.

A final good place to look for pirates is in the 41-Meter amateur/international-broadcast band (7000 to 7300 kHz and just above). This range is populated by both broadcasters and amateur operators. A big advantage of this band for pirates is that plenty of AM equipment is available for the band ready to use without any further modification. A big disadvantage is that interference is often tremendous, and the relatively flea-powered pirates often can't cut the mustard.

Those readers in urban areas might also want to keep an ear on the 88-to-92-MHz segment of the FM broadcast band. This portion of the band is normally reserved for educational stations, some of which use powers as low as 10 watts. Quite often, a "pirate" station of sorts will pop up here, generally for a day or two. These are almost always the result of students at a school using a legitimatey licensed transmitter in an unauthorized manner. Due to the highly sporadic nature of such operations, and

members of the National Radio Club as far away as Delaware. Programming consisted of gospel music and religion (quite a contrast from the rock music and obscenities that many pirates put out). When the station was contacted by members of the National Radio Club. the operator claimed that it was operated on a limited-radiation carrier-current basis that was legal under FCC rules Part 15, and that he couldn't imagine how the station was being heard so far. One resourceful NRC member even managed to extract a verification from the station that specified power as 100 milliwatts.

On March 4, 1976, however, FCC agents from the Commissions's Norfolk office raided and shut down WHGC. Far from being a mere 100 milliwatts, the station was actually operating at 50 watts. The gospel music programing was explained by the fact that the station was built and run by the son of a minister, with the station itself being located in the back of a church in Charlottesville! Luckily for the young operator, the FCC merely issued a warning, suspending further action on the condition that no more illegal operation take place.

A bizzare operation was the "WDRC-FM" relay that operated on 1630 kHz. This station did nothing more than relay the programs of station WDRC-FM in Hartford, Connecticut. In late December, 1974, various BCB DX'ers noted a station on 1630 kHz that identified as

WDRC-FM. In fact, the station itself got a report from a frequency monitoring and checking service in Cleveland, Ohio about the strange signal. An NRC member and WDRC's chief engineer used direction-finding techniques to determine that the illegal transmitter was in Meriden, Connecticut. In mid-January, 1975, Federal Communications Commission agents, alerted by DX'ers and the WDRC staff, shut down the illegal transmitter. The station operator turned out to be a former employee of WDRC. WDRC-AM, by the way, transmits on 1360 kHz—and the pirate used 1630 kHz

The grandaddy of all hobby pirates, however, has to be the WCPR operation. WCPR used a varying frequency of around 1620 kHz from its location in Brooklyn, New York. The station was first noted in late December 1975 and was quickly reported over a wide area from the Southeastern states to the Midwest. Station programming consisted of rock music and listener phone-ins weekend nights from approximately 0430 to

0700 GMT. The station announcer called himself, somewhat unoriginally, "John Doe."

Callers to WCPR's announced numbers were given an address to which to send reports. Unfortunately, reporters only received "thank you for tuning in" letters instead of detailed verifications. Meanwhile, some DX'ers noted that the numbers that WCPR announced were some of those that the telephone company uses for internal purposes, and speculation arose that someone inside the telephone company was aiding in the operation, because when the WCPR numbers were called when the station was not operating, nothing happened—no busy signal, no dial tone.

WCPR continued along, featuring calls from DX'ers and casual listeners from all over the eastern half of the United States, until it was raided and closed by the FCC on February 7, 1976. Transmitter power was only 100 watts, and FCC agents expressed amazement that it had been heard in the Midwest. As is usually the case, the operators of the

station turned out to be rather young, in their late teens and early twenties. Although the FCC apparently decided not to prosecute the persons involved for operating a transmitter illegally, problems still remain. Prosecution may still result from the tampering with telephone company circuits.

A glance at our "sampler" of pirate activity will show similar operations scattered throughout the three main pirate bands. Of particular note, however, is the "Radio King Kong" operation reported around 6025 kHz in February and March of 1974. Many pirate broadcasters over the years have called themselves "Radio King Kong," as one of the "pioneer" pirate broadcasters used that name. However, it is not believed that any of the various "King Kong" operations are related. Don't be too surprised if another "Radio King Kong" pops up sometime in the future!

Political Pirates. Political pirate broadcasters are much more common in Europe than here. Much of the political pirate broadcasting activity is government run. Relatively little such activity has occurred in the United States.

In the early Spring of 1975, an illegal station showed up on 1580 kHz near Keshena, Wisconsin. Operated by sympathizers of the Menomonee Indians, the station billed itself as the Menomonee Warriors' Station and announced its frequency as 1600 kHz, despite its actual frequency. It was strong enough to interfere with reception of WAPL, Appleton, Wisconsin on 1570 kHz.

The most recent political pirate was WCPU on 1629 kHz, which appeared in mid-February 1976 shortly after the FCC closure of WCPR. The announcer urged listeners to write the FCC and Congress urging them to open up frequencies above 1610 for hobby broadcasters. WCPU claimed to be the most powerful pirate broadcaster ever, and its signals gave credibility to that claim. Location was believed to be somewhere in the Midwest.

"DX" Pirates. Many DX'ers and SWL's get a big kick out of hearing a pirate. Do they ever get the urge to put a pirate station on the air themselves?

Many members of various radio clubs who are known to have somewhat sympathetic "live and let live" views toward pirate broadcasting have at times received advance notification that a pirate was about to take to the air. But since many DX clubs publish membership lists, complete with addresses, such

SAMPLER OF RECENT PIRATE BROADCASTING ACTIVITY

Frequency (kHz)	Comments
850	WHBL, Bayonne, New Jersey (announced location), rock music and identifications as "The Music Machine, WHBL, Radio 86, Bayonne." Active mid-January 1975, poor technical quality.
1580	Menomonee Warriors' Station, near Keshena, Wisconsin, active during unrest in area, early Spring 1975.
1610v*	WHGC, Charlottesville, Virginia, gospel music and religion, pretended to be carrier current, 50 watts of power, run by son of a minister, active late Autumn 1975 until closed by FCC March 4, 1976.
1620v	WCPR, Brooklyn, New York, used rock music and telephone call-ins, widely heard from December 1975 until closed by FCC in early February 1976. Transmitter was 100 watts.
1629	WCPU, location unknown but believed to be in the Midwest, announced 1615, urged listeners to write FCC and Congress to open up frequencies for hobby broadcasters, excellent signals, active mid-February 1976 following WCPR closing.
1630	"WDRC-FM Relay," Meriden, Connecticut, relayed WDRC-FM programming from late December 1974 until closed by FCC in mid-January 1975.
5035v	"Wild Turkey Radio," location unknown, English talks, much profanity, DX items from radio club bulletins. Even verified reports of its reception in club bulletins! Active December 6 through 10, 1973.
6025v	"Radio King Kong," announced as being 20 miles off coast but believed to be in middle Atlantic states, rock music and obscenities, February and March, 1974.
6030	"Radio Clandestine," announced as being on a ship but believed to be in New York-Pennsylvania area, rock and political commentary, requested reports to NYC address, active mid-December 1973.
6158v	Unidentified station, believe USA location, programs against telephone and other excise taxes (a favorite target of anti-Vietnam War groups), active early autumn 1972.
7229	Unidentified, believed to be in Philadelphia area, rock music and dedications, active early September 1973.
7415	WTIT, location unknown, "The Sound of Young America," rock music, announced 50 watts, mid-February 1973.

^{*}v=frequency varies somewhat

advance notification did not prove that any DX'ers or SWL's were guilty of pirate activity.

Many pirates show a surprising knowledge of DX'ing. One example is the case of "Radio Clandestine." which showed up in mid-December 1973 on 6030 kHz. Reception was good throughout the Northeast, with programming consisting of rock music and political jokes. The host gave his name as "R.F. Burns," claimed to be operating from a ship off the Atlantic coast, and requested reports to a New York City address in care of the "SINPO code foreman." Quite obviously, the operators of this station were aware of clandestine activity (a favorite subject with many DX'ers) and were well aware of that favorite SWL reporting code, the SINPO system.

The "clincher" to link some SWL's and DX'ers to pirate activity came in December of 1973. From December 6 through 10, a station was heard around 5035 kHz announcing as "Wild Turkey Radio, the Voice of the Pilgrim Underground." Programming consisted of English language talks spiced with much profanity. One feature was a "DX corner" that featured items straight out of "FRENDX," the monthly DX bulletin of the North American Shortwave Association. A DX'er in Ottawa, Canada heard the station and reported reception of it to the January, 1974 issue of "FRENDX." He did not send a report to the station because no address was given.

A surprise arrived a few months later for the Canadian DX'er. It was a verification letter for "Wild Turkey Radio," signed by "Pullet" and "Gobbler," and airmailed from Turkey! Despite the postmark, Canadian government monitors believed the station to be located somewhere in the Winnipeg, Manitoba area. Quite clearly, though, the operators of "Wild Turkey Radio" had connections with the SWL community and access to "FRENDX." More probable, in the opinion of many people, was the notion that "Pullet" and "Gobbler" were members of NASWA!

Hearing Them Yourself. Most broadcast-band pirate activity takes place on weekends, usually after midnight, and many DX'ers scan 1600 to 1650 kHz every weekend night in the early hours. Activity on the 49- and 41-Meter bands tends to be concentrated in the afternoon hours, as heavy interference from legal broadcasters often makes evening and night reception on these frequencies difficult for low-power stations.

Making Digital Electronic Clocks Immune to AC Flicker

BY ANDREW FRASER

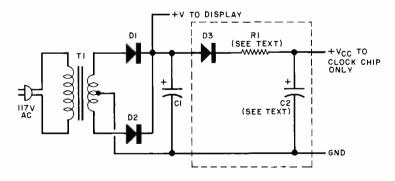
N OCCASIONAL "flicker" on the ac line can interrupt power to a digital clock for up to a second. This can cause the filter capacitor in the clock's power supply to discharge through the displays to the point where the clock must be reset for accurate time. If you have encountered this problem, the circuit we present here can correct it.

A typical power supply for a digital clock consists of transformer T1, diodes D1 and D2, and filter capacitor C1. The flicker-eliminator modification in this circuit consists of the components inside the dashed-line box. Now, power for the clock chip is obtained via D3, R1, and C3. When the ac line flickers, the current drawn by the displays will begin to discharge C1 but the charge on C2 will not go to the displays because under this condition D3 will be in reverse bias.

MM5316 clock chip that draws 5 mA and can operate down to 8 volts, *C2* can keep the clock chip (but not the displays) operating for several minutes. Most line flickers do not last this long. Also, this means that you can unplug your clock and move it to another location without having to reset it.

Resistor R1 in the add-on circuit limits the current flow to C2 during the charge cycle. If the power supply delivers 12 volts, a value of 100 ohms at 12 watts for R1 will limit charging current to 120 mA. This allows C2 to become fully charged in several seconds. If you use a lower-value capacitor for C2, R1's value and power-handling capabilities can be reduced proportionately, or R1 can be eliminated altogether.

This flicker-eliminator technique can also be used with low-power RAM's in



This circuit provides power to a clock chip to prevent flicker.

Hence, while the charge on C1 might be quickly drawn off by the displays, the power delivered to the clock chip from the charge on capacitor C2 will remain relatively constant.

If a power supply normally delivers 12 volts and capacitor *C2* is a very high value (say 10,000 μF) and you are using an

computer memory systems to prevent loss of stored data when a transient flicker occurs. The amount of "safety" time again depends on the value of C2 and the current demands of the memory system. Therefore, the higher the value of C2 and the lower the current demand, the longer the safety time.

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FOR SECURITY

Inexpensive alarm device detects light changes in its field of view.

BY KEN POWELL

The Field Disturbance Sensor presented here is a useful security device wherever a reasonable amount of ambient light exists, such as in an office supplies area or a store showroom. Since it does not radiate an r-f or ultrasonic signal, it cannot be easily detected. Featuring a quasi-memory, it can detect removal of an object as well as the addition of one within its field of view.

Thus, the Field Disturbance Sensor is difficult to defeat, versatile and easy to build owing to a low parts count, and readily available components can be used. Initial adjustments require only a multimeter.

Theory of Operation. The Field Disturbance Sensor functions like a simple camera, with two light-dependent resistors (LDR's) or photocells taking the place of film. A lens projects the image or field of view onto the sensitive surfaces of the photocells. The resistance of each cell is determined by the amount of light reaching it. When the field of view is normal (that is, when desired conditions in the field exist), the cell resistances will assume specific values. If an object passes through, is added to, or removed from the field, the intensity of light impinging on the cells, and thus their resistance values, deviates from the chosen norm. Any change in the ambient light level also changes the photocells' resistances.

Two IC comparators monitor the LDRs' resistances and activate an audible alarm if they vary by more than a

predetermined amount. The alarm will continue to sound as long as the field is disturbed. Thus, if a person is moving through the field, the comparators activate the alarm as long as he is in view. If an object is added or removed from the field, the alarm continues to sound until the object is withdrawn or replaced, respectively.

About the Circuit. The schematic diagram of the Sensor is shown in Fig. 1. Cadmium-sulfide photocells LDR1 and LDR2 are connected in series to form a voltage divider and placed behind a lens (see Fig. 2). As the field of view is altered, the resistances of the photocells vary inversely in proportion to the amount of light striking their sensitive surfaces. An object entering the right side of the field of view produces a greater effect on the left photocell, and vice versa. A change in resistance of either cell causes a variation in the voltage at the junction of the two cells. This voltage is called VIN.

A second voltage divider comprising R2, R3, and R4 provides reference voltages for comparators IC1 and IC2. These references are designated VUT and VLT. The upper threshold (VUT) is applied to the noninverting input of IC1 and the lower threshold (VLT) is applied to the inverting input of IC2. Voltage from the junction of the photocells (VIN) is applied to the inverting input of IC1 and the noninverting input of IC2.

Potentiometer R1 is placed in parallel with LDR1 so that VIN can be trimmed to one

POPULAR ELECTRONICS

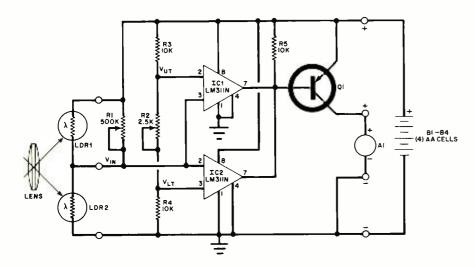


Fig. 1. Light hitting LDR's determines inputs to op amp comparators.

PARTS LIST

A1-Mallory SC628P Sonalert, or similar B) through B4-AA cells

IC1, IC2-LM311N comparator

LDR1. LDR2-Cadmium-sulfide photocell (Radio Shack 276-116)

Q1-Pnp silicon switching transistor (Radio Shack 276-2024)

R1 - 500,000-ohm trimmer potentiometer (Radio Shack 271-221)

R2-2500-ohm trimmer potentiometer (Radio Shack 271-228)

R3, R4, R5-10,000-ohm, 1/4-watt, 5% tolerance resistor

Misc.—Bi-convex 50.8 × 50.8 mm lens (available for \$19.50, No. 01 LDX 115, from Melles Griot, 1770 Kettering Street. Irvine, CA 92714); rubber "O" rings; cement: suitable wood, plastic or metal stock and tubing; IC socket or Molex Soldercons; battery holders (Radio Shack 270-1433); printed circuit board (available from J. Oswald, 1436 Gerhardt Ave., San Jose, CA 95125, for \$3.50); hookup wire, etc.

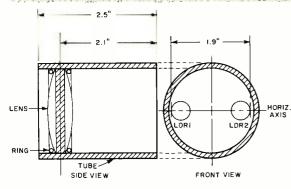


Fig. 2. Dimensions for cutting PVC pipe to make lens assembly

half the supply voltage (3 V). Potentiometer R2 adjusts the reference voltage divider so that VIJT will be slightly greater than VIN and VLT will be slightly less than VIN. When this occurs, the outputs of both comparators (uncommitted collectors on-chip) are high and Q1 is cut off. No current flows through alarm A1.

Any change within the field of view will cause variations in the resistances of LDR1 and LDR2 and in the magnitude of VIN. If the change decreases the resistance of LDR1 or increases the resistance of LDR2, VIN will exceed its initial value. When VIN is greater than VUT, IC1 will change state and its output will go low. This will forward bias Q1 and energize the alarm. If the photocells are affected in the opposite manner, VIN will drop below its initial value. When VIN is less than VLT, the output of IC2 will go low, forward biasing Q1, which in turn sources current for the alarm.

In effect, we have set up a voltage window by adjusting R2. This window is centered around VIN. Any variation in VIN which exceeds this voltage window activates the alarm. The window can be made very narrow-on the order of a few millivolts at the maximum sensitivity of the Sensor.

Construction. The project comprises a lens assembly, a printed circuit board, and a base. The lens is 2" in diameter and has a focal length of 2" (50.8 imes 50.8 mm). A lens tube can be fabricated from a cardboard mailing tube, aluminum or PVC pipe. Two-inch I.D. PVC pipe is easily cut to size and cements readily to other plastics and wood. Dimensions for the lens tube are shown in Fig. 2. The lens is mounted in the tube with a pair of rubber "O" rings (available from hardware stores). When the rings and lens are properly positioned in the tube, the rings should be secured in place with a few drops of cement.

The base assembly can be constructed from plastic, wood or metal. Suggested dimensions are shown in Fig. 3. The prototype has a hole centered on the bottom side of the base tapped for 1/4" × 20 threads. This facilitates mounting the project on a camera tripod. A small "L" bracket to hold the alarm can be formed from a 2" \times 3" (5.1 \times 7.6 cm) piece of steel or aluminum stock.

Photocells LDR1 and LDR2 are mounted on the base assembly after a preliminary test. Place the cells side by side on a flat surface about 6" (15.2 cm) from a light-colored wall which is il-

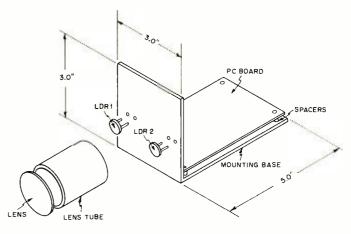


Fig. 3. Instructions and dimensions for assembling the base. A hole in the bottom can be used for tripod mounting.

luminated with normal ambient light. Measure the resistance of each cell and denote the one with the higher resistance *LDR1*. Then mount the LDR's on the base assembly, securing them with cement. The photocells should be spaced as far apart as possible, but be sure they can be encompassed by the lens tube. Then cement the lens tube to the base assembly.

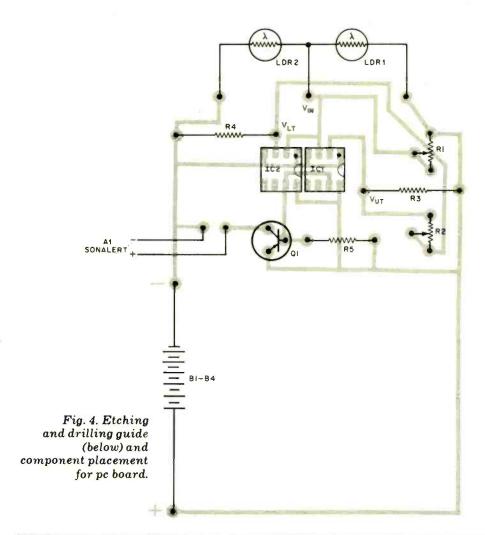
Suitable etching and drilling and parts placement guides for the printed circuit board are shown in Fig. 4. Both IC's can be mounted in a single 16-pin socket, or Molex Soldercons can be used. Connect lengths of hookup wire to the pc pads for the LDR's and the Sonalert. Be sure to leave enough wire for the leads to reach their respective components when the printed circuit board is installed. Battery holders for the four AA cells can be mounted directly on the board. When all components and leads are in place, the pc board is mounted on the base assembly with 1/2" (1.27-cm) spacers and No. 4 hardware. Double check your wiring and orientation of semiconductors. Then install the batteries in their holder. The project should start beeping loudly.

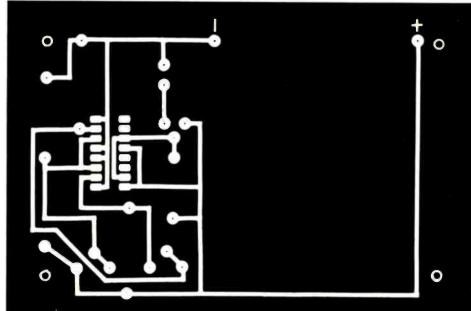
Adjustment. Place the Sensor in position to cover the desired field of view. (Remember that adequate ambient light is required for correct operation of the project.) Apply the positive probe of a voltmeter to point V_{IN} and the negative lead to ground (battery negative). Adjust R1 for a reading of approximately 3 volts. Then move the negative probe to point V_{IN} and the positive probe to V_{UT}. Adjust R2 for the smallest voltage possible without activating the alarm. When these adjustments are performed, V_{UT} will be slightly positive with respect to V_{IN}, and V_{LT} slightly negative.

The sensor is now operational. Have some fun trying to outwit it!

Use. Keep in mind that the project operates on ambient light. Accordingly, adequate lighting must be maintained where the Sensor is to be used. Under good lighting conditions, as found in most offices and showrooms, the Sensor functions over a distance of 25 feet (8 m) or more if the intrusion or change provides a moderate contrast to the existing background. Closer in, the project will detect such changes as smoke or fire.

To alter the pattern of the field or to gain greater light-gathering power, different lenses could be used. Also, more sensitive photocells could be employed. The audible alarm could be supplemented or replaced by a relay for intercon-





nection with an existing alarm system. There are obviously many possibilities for those inclined to experiment!

Battery life will depend on the number and duration of alarms. Quiescent current drain is only four milliamperes, so long life can be expected from the AA cells, especially if alkaline batteries are used. Of course, you could also use NiCd cells or a line-powered, regulated low-ripple dc supply with back-up batteries. No matter how you power the Sensor, you will find it fun to build, even more fun to attempt to defeat, and in proper applications, a very good and useful security device.



Allows color enlargers to give

consistent quality in spite

of line-voltage fluctuations.

only to discover that the resulting color print's color quality was imperfect? This is often due to fluctuations in line voltage, which occur when high-power appliances turn on or off.

AVE YOU ever matched your color enlarger's filter pack to a negative,

This problem can be solved by using an inexpensive voltage regulator, such as the one presented here.

The project to be described will maintain dc voltage for the enlarger's lamp at line level within \pm 1%, even if the ac line voltage varies \pm 10%. The regulator circuit uses readily available parts and can be built for approximately \$20.

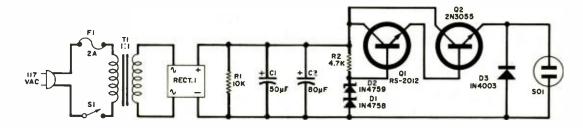
About the Circuit. The voltage regulator is shown schematically in Fig. 1. Isolation transformer T1 applies 117 volts rms ac to modular bridge rectifier RECT1. Pulsating dc from the bridge is filtered by electrolytic capacitors C1 and C2 into a fairly smooth 160-volt dc level. Zener diodes D1 and D2 together with resistor R2, form a voltage regulator. The series zener combination produces a regulated output of 118 volts dc. Resistor R2 limits zener current to a safe value and provides base current for Q1.

The voltage at the base of Q1 is governed by the zener action of D1 and D2, and is thus substantially independent of variations in line voltage. Even if the line voltage drops 10 volts, the filtered output of the rectifier is greater than the combined zener voltages. This is so because the filter output is approximately equal to the peak value of the ac line's waveform, not its rms value. Unless the line voltage decreases greatly, there will always be enough current in the zener diodes to keep them operating in the avalanche region. The zener voltages will therefore remain constant within ± 1% or so.

Most enlargers use incandescent

BY D. W. SCHNEIDER

ADD VOLTAGE REGULATION TO A COLOR PHOTO ENLARGER



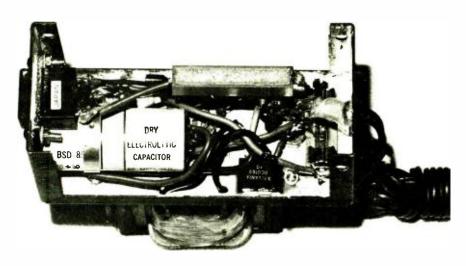


Fig. 2. Photo shows how prototype was made with point-to-point wiring.

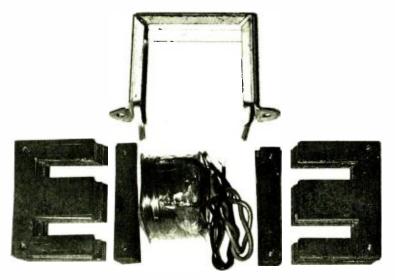


Fig. 3. Transformer T1 can be made by modifying a readily available model. This shows the parts of the transformer disassembled and ready for re-winding.



Fig. 4. Photo of assembled prototype shows transformer. mounted on heat sink.

Fig. 1. Circuit has zener diode regulation and amplifier pair.

PARTS LIST

- C1, C2—Dual (80- and 50-µF, 250-volt) electrolytic capacitors or equivalent.
- D1-IN4758 56-volt, 1-watt zener diode
- D2-1N4759 62-volt, 1-watt zener diode
- D3-1N4003 silicon diode
- F1-2-ampere fuse
- Q1—RS-2012 (Radio Shack) npn silicon transistor
- Q2—2N3055 npn silicon power transistor (Radio Shack 276-1634. See text.)
- R1—10,000-ohm, 10-watt wirewound resistor R2—4700-ohm, ½-watt carbon composition resistor
- RECT1—400-PIV modular silicon bridge rectifier (Radio Shack 276-1173 or equivalent)
- S1—SPST switch
- SO1-Ac power socket
- T1—25.2-volt, center-tapped, 2-ampere transformer (Radio Shack 273-1512) or 117-volt isolation transformer (Stancor No. 6410). See text.
- Misc.—Suitable enclosure, TO-3 heat sink, mica washers, and transistor socket, zinc oxide silicone heat sink compound, line cord, strain relief, terminal strips, fuse holder, magnet wire, solder, insulated sleeving, machine hardware, fiber shoulder washers, flat black paint, etc.

lamps drawing 75 or more watts. If zener diodes alone were used as voltage regulators, they would have to have very large power dissipation ratings. The cost of such diodes is prohibitive. However, the Darlington amplifier composed of Q1 and Q2 allows the use of small (1-watt) zener diodes. The diodes present a regulated voltage which drives the Darlington pair. Two diode voltage drops (approximately 1.2 volts) cause the output voltage at the emitter of Q2 to be slightly less than the combined zener voltages.

The voltage regulator as shown has been successfully used with enlargers containing 75-watt incandescent bulbs. If your enlarger has a lamp that requires more than 100 watts, output transistor *Q2* should be a premium 2N3055 rather than the hobby-grade component specified in the Parts List.

Construction. The regulator can be POPULAR ELECTRONICS

assembled using point-to-point wiring and terminal strips. The project should be housed in a 5" x $2\frac{1}{4}$ " x $2\frac{1}{4}$ " (12.7 x 6.4 x 6.4 cm) aluminum utility box. When you have procured all necessary parts, lay them out in the box as in Fig. 2. Drill mounting holes for those parts which are directly attached to the box (fuseholder, terminal strips, power switch, retaining band for the electrolytic capacitor, etc.) Holes must also be drilled for Q2's heatsink and isolation transformer T1. Make a cutout in the box to allow clearance for the socket used with Q2.

Mount all components in the utility box except for *T1* and the transistor/heat sink assembly. Wire the components according to the schematic diagram. (Use insulated sleeving liberally.) Be sure to observe polarities of *C1*, *C2*, *D1* through *D3*, and *Q1*. Next, mount *Q2* on the heat sink in the following manner. Spread a layer of zinc-oxide silicon heat sink compound on the bottom of *Q2*'s case, on each side of the two TO-3 mica washers, and on top of the heat sink where *Q2* will sit. Pass the two washers over the pins of *Q2*, and position the transistor on the heat sink.

Holding the transistor in place, turn the heat sink over and lay two fiber shoulder washers on the holes drilled in the heat sink for the transistor's retaining screws. Then mount a TO-3 socket by pushing it down over the protruding transistor pin leads. Secure the assembly with 6-32 machine screws. (It might be necessary to enlarge the threads in the transistor socket with a 6-32 tap to accommodate the machine screws.) Be sure that the shoulder washers isolate the machine screws from the heat sink.

Mount the transistor/heat sink assembly on the utility box with machine hardware. Wire the transistor socket according to the schematic. To maximize the project's ability to dissipate heat, all exterior surfaces of the utility box and heat sink should be coated with a layer of flat black enamel spray paint.

Transformer T1 can be made by modifying a Radio Shack 25.5-volt, centertapped power transformer. Separate the transformer mounting bracket from the laminated iron core by bending the two metal tabs on the bottom of the bracket outward. This will allow the core to slip out. The "E" and "I" shaped laminations can then be removed one at a time from the plastic bobbin on which the transformer windings are wound. Tapping the laminations with a small hammer will loosen the varnish between them, allowing the end laminations to be slid out. A

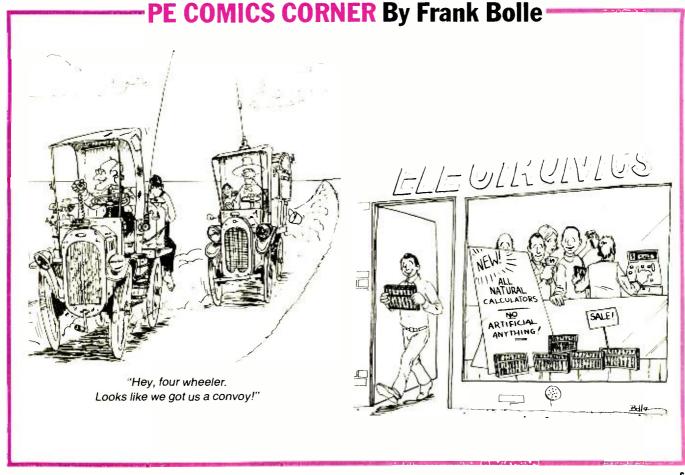
photo of the disassembled transformer is shown in Fig. 3.

When the wound plastic bobbin is free, remove the outer, larger diameter (approximately No. 20) copper secondary winding. Do not disturb the inner primary winding or its insulated leads. Wind approximately 670 turns of No. 26 or 28 enamelled magnet wire in place of the secondary just removed. Scrape some enamel from the new secondary wires and solder insulated leads to them. If desired, seal the windings with coil dope. Wrap a few turns of vinyl electrical tape (Scotch No. 33 or equivalent) over the windings. Then paint the transformer bracket with flat black enamel and reassemble the transformer.

In the prototype, the transformer was mounted on the heat sink over Q2, as shown in Fig. 4. If preferred, a more expensive and slightly larger isolation transformer such as the Stancor No. 6410 can be used in place of the modified 25.2-volt transformer.

Use. Plug the line cord from the regulator into the power socket on the exposure timer. Then plug the power cord from the enlarger into power socket SO1. The voltage regulator is now ready for use in the production of prints.

◊



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it means that [] is programmed as step 26. If step 26 should have been ±, all you have to do is press



puts machine into 'learn' mode.

the correct step

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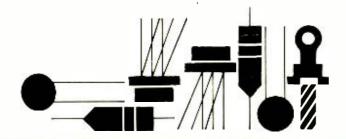
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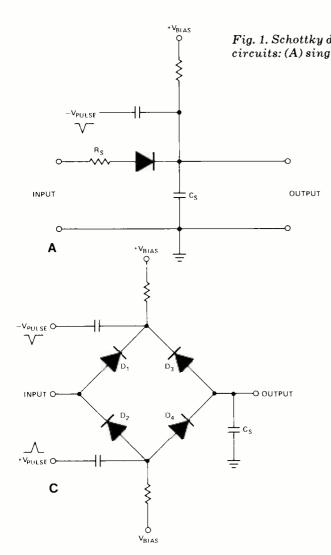
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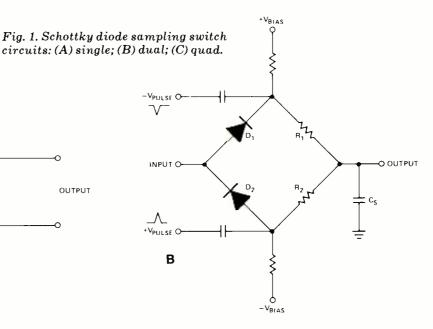
By Lou Garner

BACK TO THE (CIRCUIT) MINES

EADER response to my prospecting trip among the circuit mines of manufacturers' literature in the August issue (A Circuit Medley) has been so gratifying that I've decided to pay a return visit to the "diggings." The results of my latest expedition are shown in Figs. 1 through 4. Like the circuits discussed previously, these nuggets are, of course, but a minuscule sampling of the thousands of designs suggested in manufacturers' periodicals, product bulletins, catalogs, application notes, data sheets, brochures, and reference handbooks. The major sources for circuits, naturally, are the publications released by the semiconductor manufacturers, but other component manufacturers—particularly those offering more expensive components such as transducers, transformers, and relays—are excellent secondary sources of information.

Intended for use as sampling gates, the Schottky diode switching circuits in Fig. 1 were abstracted from Application Bulletin 16, published by Hewlett-Packard Components (640 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304). Sampling is essentially a time-stretching technique by which a high-frequency, repetitive signal is duplicated at a lower frequency to permit observation and/or measurement with standard test instruments, such as an oscilloscope or vector voltmeter. The gates sample the instantaneous amplitude of the test signal at different points on successive cycles until the original waveform can be reconstructed. Depending on the sampling rate, as compared to the frequency of the test source, the reconstructed waveform may have an equivalent frequency one-tenth or less than that of the original.





The basic sampling gate, Fig. 1A, uses a single diode. The diode normally is reverse biased by a steady dc voltage and thus acts as an open circuit. During the sampling period, a negative-going pulse is applied to the cathode, momentarily cancelling the reverse bias and allowing the diode to conduct. Sampling capacitor, C_S , then charges up to the instantaneous amplitude of the test signal through isolating resistor R_S .

During each successive sample, the voltage across the capacitor changes to reflect the new amplitude of the test signal. However, since the capacitor acts to hold the signal voltage level between samples, it "stretches out" and effectively reconstructs the original waveform at a much lower frequency. Naturally, the sampling pulse width must be quite narrow compared to the input signal so that the sample corresponds to a specific portion of the applied waveform. Also, the capaci-

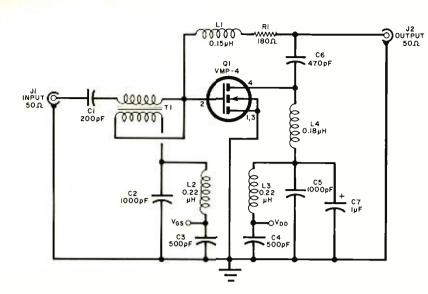


Fig. 2. This broadband vhf amplifier circuit, using a VMP-4 FET has a reasonably flat freaquency response from 40 to over 200 megahertz.

tor's charging time must be short enough to charge or discharge during this interval.

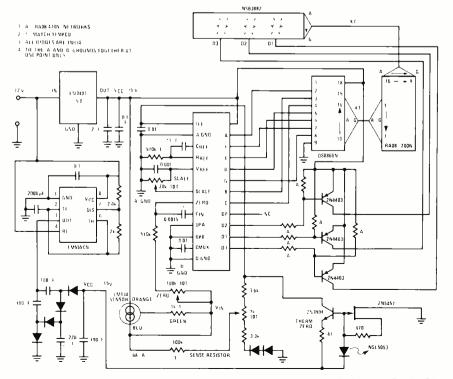
Although the basic single-diode sampling gate provides acceptable performance in some applications, it has a number of limitations. If the isolation resistor, RS, is made too small, it is relatively ineffective. If it is too large, it reduces efficiency by introducing an excessive voltage drop and increasing the charging time constant. There is always the problem of the reverse bias developing a steady charge on the sampling capacitor. These limitations can be reduced somewhat by using a symmetrical dual diode sampling gate, as shown in Fig. 1B. Here, the diodes are arranged to form a bridge in conjunction with two fixed resistors, R₁ and R₂. Equal, but opposite, reverse bias voltage sources are required and both positiveand negative-going sampling pulses must be used to initiate operation. Superior to the single diode sampling gate, the dual diode design is also relatively inefficient due to the voltage drops across the bridge resistors.

The most efficient design as well as the most common in commercial equipment is one using four diodes arranged in a full-wave bridge, as illustrated in Fig. 1C. For optimum performance, the four diodes must have matched characteristics, the two reverse bias voltages must be equal and opposite, and the control signals must be identical in waveform except for polarity. The value of the reverse bias voltage is somewhat critical in that it must be large enough to prevent input signals from driving the diodes into conduction, yet small enough to permit the gating control pulses to forward bias the diodes during the sampling interval.

Typical Schottky diodes suitable for use in these circuits are the 1N6263 and HSCH-1001, or, for the bridge circuit, the HSCH-1004, 5082-2805, and 5082-2813 diode arrays. In practical systems, the sampling gate generally is placed between the input signal source and the following amplifier's input capacitor.

Included in the 4-page technical data bulletin for the VMP 4 MOSPOWERTM FET manufactured by Siliconix, Inc. (2201 Larelwood Road, Santa Clara, CA 95054), the broadband vhf amplifier circuit shown in Fig. 2 offers a reasonably flat response from 40 to over 200 MHz. With power gains approach-

Fig. 3. Digital thermometer circuit uses an LM134 programmable current source as temperature sensor, a 2½-digit DPM chip for A/D conversion and display decoding, and an NSB3882 readout driven by a DS8866N and three 2N4403 pnp transistors.



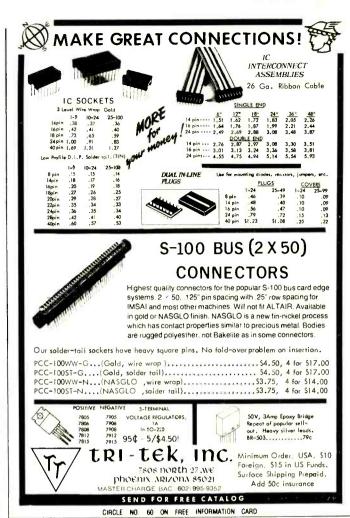
ing 15 dB, it can deliver from a few milliwatts to several watts output, depending on the dc supply voltage and drive signal amplitude.

Standard components are used in the design, with all capacitors good-quality ceramics or micas except for C7, which is a 50-V tantalum unit. The broadband input r-f transformer, T1, consists of 4 turns of #22 AWG twisted pair on an Indiana General type F625-902 core. Naturally, layout and lead dress are somewhat critical and good vhf wiring practice must be followed for optimum performance. A 24-volt dc source is used as the amplifier's power supply, with the gate bias voltage (VGS) adjusted for the minimum drain current to meet power output requirements within Q1's maximum ratings. Supplied in a four-terminal, flange-mounted strip-line package, the VMP4 transistor (Q1) is an n-channel, enhancement-mode MOSFET with a maximum drain-source breakdown voltage rating of 60 volts, a maximum drain current rating of 1.6A, and a maximum power dissipation (at 25°C) of 35 watts.

Suitable for use either in hobbyist or commerical designs, the digital thermometer circuit in Fig. 3 is one of a number of items in a recent issue of the National Anthem, a publication issued periodically by the National Semiconductor Corporation (2900 Semiconductor Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95051). Using an LM134 programmable current source as its temperature sensor, the instrument features an ADD2500 21/2-digit DPM chip for analog/digital conversion and display decoding and an NSB3882 readout driven by a DS8866N and three 2N4403 pnp transistors. Two RA08 resistor networks are used in the circuit in addition to quarter-watt fixed resistors and small potentiometers. Requiring a single unregulated 12volt dc source, the design includes an LM340 3-terminal, 5volt regulator and a dc/dc converter consisting of an LM555 and a four-diode rectifier network. The converter drives a negative current regulator comprising an NSL-5053 LED, a 2N3904 npn transistor, and a 2N5457 FET. Although neither parts placement nor wiring dress are critical, good layout and wiring techniques should be observed when duplicating the circuit. If desired, the LM134 may be used for remote sensing.

Described by Hans Palouda in Volume 4, Number 2, of Progress, a bimonthly journal published by the Marketing Services Department of the Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corporation's semiconductor operations (464 Ellis Street, Mountain View, CA 94042), the complementary audio power amplifier circuit in Fig. 4 features inexpensive, TO-220 monolithic Darlington transistors (types SE9301 and SE9401) in its output stage. Because of the inherent high gain of the Darlington units, only one other transistor, Q1, is needed to complete the design. Designed for operation on a 40-volt single-ended supply, the circuit offers an input impedance of 10,000 ohms. Requiring an input signal of only 1.2 V rms to deliver a full 20 watts output to a matched 8-ohm load, it can be used with any standard preamplifier. According to Fairchild, the amplifier's frequency response is essentially flat within 1 dB from 30 Hz to 200 kHz, while its harmonic distortion is typically less than 0.2%. In operation, Q1's base serves as the tie point for both ac and dc feedback as well as for signal input. A bootstrap circuit is used to boost Q1's effective collector voltage, insuring an adequate drive signal for Q2 and developing a constant voltage across R7, which acts as a current source and, in conjunction with diodes D1, D2, and D3, serves to reduce low-level crossover distortion.

While any standard construction technique can be used, a suitably designed etched circuit board is easiest, provided reasonable care is exercised in developing a clean layout. De polarities must be observed, of course, and heat sinks should



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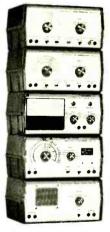
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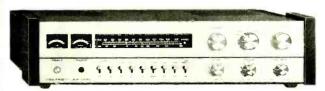
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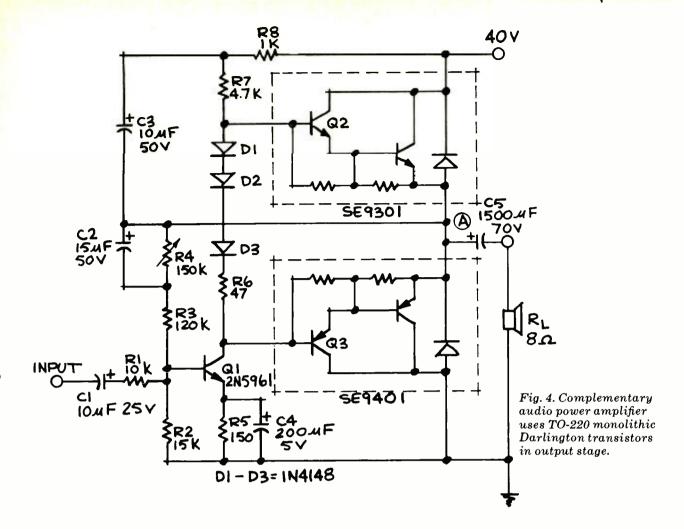
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be provided for the output Darlingtons, Q2 and Q3. After checkout, the center voltage at test point A is set by adjusting potentiometer R4. If desired, the basic design can be modified to provide output powers of up to 60 watts by using different output Darlingtons. More complete details are furnished in Fairchild's Application Note 334.

Readers' Circuits. The readily available 555 timer is among the most versatile of the special-purpose integrated circuits. It seems to have more applications than the proverbial dog has fleas. Hardly a week passes that one doesn't learn of some new application for this inexpensive and interesting device. The digital thermometer circuit discussed earlier (Fig. 3) had a 555 timer in its dc/dc converter and a number of readers have submitted circuits using this intriguing IC.

As an example, the dual-purpose timer circuit shown in Fig. 5 can be used either to energize or deenergize an external device for a preset, but adjustable, time interval, depending on which pair of output terminals is used. Contributed by reader A. R. Goldsworthy (14 Edgemont Rd., Braintree, MA 02184), the design requires a minimum of components. It can be assembled on either a perf or etched circuit board and can be operated on virtually any 6-volt dc power source, including series-connected flashlight or penlight cells. In operation, output 1 is energized and output 2 is deenergized when power is first switched on by S1. Depressing and releasing momentary contact pushbutton switch S2 will deenergize output 1 and energize output 2 for an interval proportional to the R1-C1 time constant. At the end of the time interval, output 1 will be reenergized and output 2 deenergized.

The current available from either output is adequate to trig-

ger an external control circuit, actuate a sensitive relay, power a small incandescent lamp (such as a #47 bulb) or LED. A 330-ohm current-limiting resistor should be used in series with standard LED's to prevent damage. With the component values specified, the maxiumum time delay is approximately 15 seconds, according to reader Goldsworthy. If desired, the timing interval may be increased by replacing C1 with a 25- μ F, 50- μ F, 100- μ F, or even larger capacitor. The lower (minimum) time limit is determined by R1's adjustment and component characteristics.

A valuable accessory for both amateur and professional photographers, the automatic remote (slave) flash control circuit illustrated in Fig. 6 utilizes a 555 timer, a phototransistor, operational amplifier, and silicon controlled rectifier to achieve

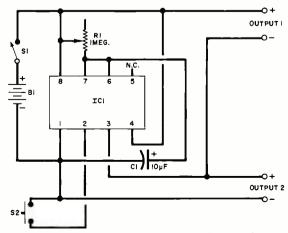
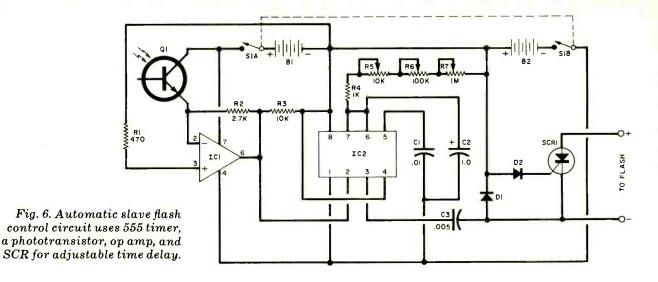


Fig. 5. Dual-purpose timer has preset interval.



an adjustable time delay. Submitted by Richard C. Gribble (220 East First St., Kannapolis, NC 28081), who has employed several identical units for "stop motion" multiple-flash photography, the control can be used with any standard flash blub or electronic flash assembly. Light from the main flash striking phototransistor Q1 delivers a pulse to op amp IC1. Amplified by IC1, this pulse is used to trigger the 555 timer, IC2. After a time delay determined by the R4/R5/R6/R7-C2 time constant, IC2 triggers the silicon controlled rectifier, SCR1, through coupling capacitor C3, switching this device to a conducting state and activating the external flash assembly. Circuit operating power is supplied by a pair of 9-volt batteries, B1 and B2, controlled by dpst switch S1. Transistor Q1 is a type FP100 or FPT100 phototransistor; IC1 a 741 op amp; IC2, of course, a "555" timer; diodes D1 and D2 type 1N4005, and SCR1 any standard 400-V, 1.5-A unit. Except for potentiometers R5, R6 and R7, all resistors are quarter- or half-watt types, while C1 and C3 are ceramic disc; and C2 a 10-V tantalum capacitor. Although Richard assembled his original models on perf board, other construction techniques can be used for duplicating the circuit provided all dc polarities are observed and professional assembly and wiring procedures are followed. With the parts values indicated, the time delay can be adjusted from (approximately) 1 millisecond to 1.1 seconds, with R5, R6 and R7 used to set the delay in thousandths, hundreths, and tenths of a second, respectively.

Where several controls are used simultaneously for multiple exposure stop-motion flash photography, each unit is adjusted for successively longer delays. Naturally, the photographer must take the flash duration into account which, although relatively short for electronic units, can range up to several milliseconds for flashbulbs. If flash units with different guide numbers are used, the distances to the subject must be adjusted to achieve the correct illumination for the f-stop employed. With a little practice and experimentation, however, quite professional results can be achieved, even using relatively inexpensive cameras and flash assemblies.

Device/Product News. With an eye on the booming home security market, Siliconix, Inc. (2201 Laurelwood Road, Santa Clara, CA 95054) has recently introduced a pair of smoke detector integrated circuits. Designated as types SM110 and SM120, the new units are monolithic bipolar-PMOS devices packaged in standard 14-pin DIP's. With low standby supply current requirements to insure long battery life (typically, 1 year), the two units feature on-chip MOSFET in-

put comparators and will interface directly with ion chamber as well as photoelectric detectors. Both include low battery detection and reverse polarity protection circuits, adjustable trip points, provision for either latching or nonlatching alarm modes, and can supply output currents up to 30 mA to external discrete horn drivers. The SM110 is designed primarily for operation on 9-volt dc sources while the SM120 is designated for operation on 10-to-13-volt supplies.

If you'd like to be in tune with electronic musical instruments, then you'll be be interested in a new 7-stage counter integrated circuit announced by Fairchild's Linear Division (464 Ellis St., Mountain View, CA 94042). The new device, type F4727, is designed to generate all of the tones of the chromatic scale across eight octaves of the musical spectrum. Based on a primary chromatic scale, the IC can generate each of the twelve flats, sharps and natural notes of the seven additional octaves of the primary scale. Twelve type 4724 devices can cover the entire musical spectrum.

For CB enthusiasts, The Exetron Division of Fairchild (3105) Alfred St., Santa Clara, CA 95050) is now offering an IC citizen's band radio controller that combines channel selection with automatic scanning and a drive for 7-segment displays. The new unit, type FCB8010, is programmable for use with domestic 40-channel CB transceivers and can furnish either serial or parallel BCD coding for channel selection, eliminating the need for a BCD-coded rotary switch. It also can provide externally selectable search and scan modes, as well as increment up or down modes. The search mode is selectable for either busy or vacant channels, while the scan mode will remain on a busy channel for three seconds before advancing to the next busy channel. Slow up or down operates at two channels per second, increasing to six channels per second starting with the third channel. Emergency channel 9 is externally selectable for immediate reception, but transmitting on channel 9 is inhibited unless specifically selected.

Teledyne Semiconductor (1300 Terra Bella Ave., Mountain View, CA 94043) has expanded its line of monolithic data conversion products with the addition of three new A/D converters featuring three binary outputs. Type numbers are 8703CJ, 8704CJ, and 8705CN for the 8-, 10-, and 12-bit devices, respectively. All three devices utilize low-power CMOS technology and are fully self-contained in single 24-pin DIP's, requiring only passive support components. Conversion speed is 1 to 20 ms. The three-state binary output (latched) makes the units ideal for direct microprocessor interfacing and for multiplexing the outputs of multiple A/D converters.

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By Forrest M. Mims

PROGRAMMABLE READ-ONLY MEMORIES

EMICONDUCTOR memories are among the most important electronic circuits. They are found in almost all digital devices, ranging from pocket calculators to computers. Besides their obvious application in the storage of information, these memories can be used in the synthesis of unusual waveforms, music, and even human speech.

There are two basic types of semiconductor memories. Read-only memories (ROM's) are those from which data is normally only retrieved. Read/write memories (R/WM's) or Random-access memories (RAM's) are those into which data can be loaded or from which information can be retrieved, each with equal facility. ROM's are factory programmed with fixed data which cannot be changed.

Some ROM's, called PROM's, can be permanently programmed by the user. Others, called EPROM's, can be programmed by the user and then erased by exposure to ultraviolet light. After

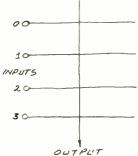


Fig. 1. PROM grid that can be used to simulate a NAND gate.

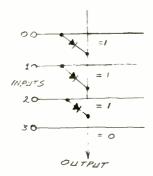


Fig. 2. 4X1 PROM programmed for 2-input NAND gate.

erasure, EPROM's can be reprogrammed. RAM's can be loaded with information, read, or reloaded electronically, depending on the logic states of the memory cell's READ and WRITE control lines.

Both types of semiconductor memories store information in the form of binary digits, abbreviated as bits, which have two possible states—logic 0 or logic 1. The stored data can be arranged as hundreds or even thousands of bits or combinations of bits called words. Words comprising four bits (nibbles) or eight bits (bytes) are the most common, but many other word lengths are also used.

Programmable Diode ROM's. An excellent way for the novice to learn more about ROM's is to assemble a programmable ROM or PROM that uses diode memory elements. A PROM of this type consists of a grid or array of input and output wires called *lines*. A logic 1 is loaded into the ROM by bridging the intersection of an input and output line with a diode. The absence of a diode at an intersection yields a logic 0.

You can use a simple diode PROM to simulate logic gates and combinational logic networks. The first step in designing a PROM for this purpose is to write

the truth table for the gate you want to simulate. The truth table for a two-input NAND gate, for example, is

	Inputs		Output
	Α	В	
0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
2	1	0	1
3	1	1	0

This truth table has four possible input combinations and only one output for each set of inputs. Therefore, our PROM will be a 4 by 1 grid of lines as shown in Fig. 1. The truth table is loaded (programmed) into the PROM by placing a

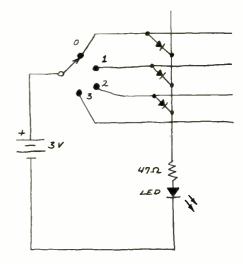


Fig. 3. Circuit to demonstrate the PROM in Fig. 2.

diode at the intersection of the output line and the line for each input, which results in a logic-1 output. The programmed array is shown in Figure 2. Figure 3 shows how to demonstrate the operation of the PROM with the help of a

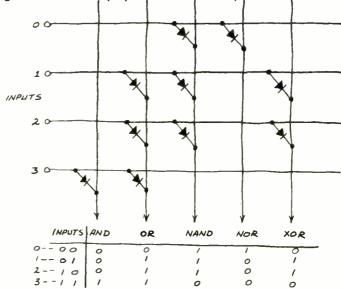


Fig. 4. Multiple function diode PROM.

battery, a LED, and a four-position switch.

Of course, our simple PROM version of the NAND gate is a trivial example of a read-only memory application. This is particularly true because the diodes aren't even necessary! Logic 1's can be represented simply by connecting the appropriate input lines to the output line. However, diodes are essential when the PROM becomes more sophisticated. For example, Fig. 4 shows a diode PROM that simulates the AND, OR, NAND, NOR, and EXCLUSIVE OR gates. Mass confusion would result without diodes because electrical current would thread its way through the wrong sections of the PROM via sneak paths. Diodes eliminate sneak paths because they pass current in only one direction.

Diode PROM Character Genera-

tor. Do you want to gain some handson experience with PROM's? Then invest some spare time and about three dollars building the diode PROM shown in Fig. 5. This simple PROM is connected as a seven-segment character generator. It allows you to generate up to ten characters including the digits 0 through 9, many letters of the alphabet, and a variety of unusual symbols.

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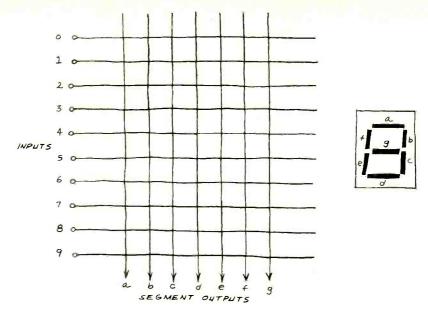


Fig. 5. Seven-segment display character generator diode PROM.

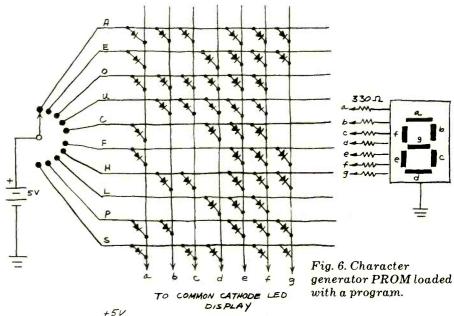


Fig. 7.

decode

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15 | 5 | 5 | E |

8 | 0 |

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15 | 5 | 5 |

8 | 0 |

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15 | 5 |

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Fig. 7. Adding a decoder to the PROM.

NOTE: 1. REVERSE POLARITY OF DIODES IN PROM

2. USE COMMON ANODE LED DISPLAY

SO-53: SWITCH ON = LOGIC O SWITCH OFF = LOGIC /

Even if this is your first experience with a PROM, you'll find programming very easy. Suppose you want a display that can flash words made from the characters A, E, O, U, C, F, H, L, P, and S. This assortment of vowels and consonants can generate a surprising number of words—HELP, POLE, PULL, HOLE, COOL, SELL, CAP, etc. First, you write a truth table that shows the segments of

the display that must be illuminated to produce each character.

Character	Segments						
	а	b	С	d	е	f	g
Α	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
Ε	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
U	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
С	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
F	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
Н	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
L	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
P	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
S	1	0	1	1	0	1	1

This prom has ten input and seven output lines, so it requires a grid of 10 by 7 wires. The PROM is programmed by inserting a diode at the intersection of each character and segment line where a logic 1 exists in the truth table (Fig. 6). Simple, isn't it? If you're not convinced, try designing the same character generator with logic gates!

We can improve the character generator PROM by replacing the manual selector switch with a BCD-to-decimal decoder. True, this adds an IC, but reduces the number of input lines from ten to four and makes it possible to interface the PROM with other circuits. Figure 7 shows how the decoder is connected to the PROM.

You can assemble a working version of this diode PROM on a perforated board. Insert flea clips at each bit position and run the input and segment lines on opposite sides of the board to prevent shorts. The flea clips will allow you to insert and remove diodes. If you want to go first class, permanently wire a diode in series with an spst toggle switch at each bit position. Turning the switch on will load a logic 1. Placing the switch in the off position will load a logic 0. If you choose to do this, you'll need seventy switches, so be sure to shop around for a good price.

In any event, I hope you'll build a working diode PROM if you're interested in learning about the practical aspects of ROM's and PROM's. You'll learn something about hardware (the PROM and decoder), software (the truth table you plan to load into the PROM), and firmware (the truth table loaded in the PROM in the form of diodes). You'll also learn about addressing (the 4-bit character select word applied to the input of the decoder). All of these topics are fundamental to an understanding of advanced digital logic devices like microprocessors, calculators, and hobby computers.

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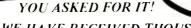
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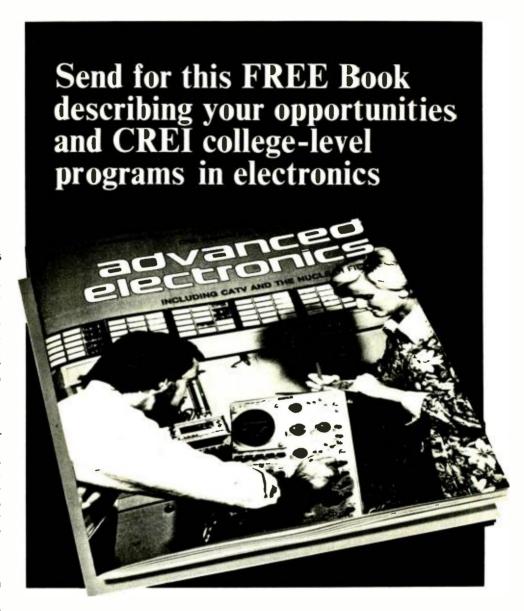
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NOVEMBER 1977 83

Hobby Scene

By John McVeigh

SHORTWAVE DIRECTORY

Q. I'm an SWL'er and would like to know where I can obtain a book listing the addresses of shortwave broadcasting stations in the U.S. and foreign countries. —Todd Gerard, Scarsdale, NY.

A. One of the most complete shortwave directories I've seen is the *World Radio TV Handbook*. It is published by Gilfer Associates, Box 239, Park Ridge, NJ 07656, is updated annually, and is available for \$10.95 postpaid. The Handbook not only lists the addresses of shortwave broadcasters, but also contains data on station power, antennas, etc.

MUSICAL CALCULATOR

Q. Recently, I made an accidental discovery. When I placed my calculator near the rod antenna of my AM receiver, I found that I could produce tones by pressing the keys. Can you tell me what I was doing?—Robert Morog, Jr., Lorain, OH.

A. Inside the calculator are all kinds of switching waveforms from a clock oscillator, counters, flip-flops, etc. These waveforms (usually square waves) con-

tain many harmonics. What you heard were harmonics that were high enough in frequency to be within the AM broadcast band. If you have a programmable calculator, and some patience, you can probably write program sequences to play "melodies."

DRY TRANSFER LETTERING

Q. Where can I buy the lettering that is often used on the projects in your magazine?—Dennis Glatting, Cincinnati, OH.

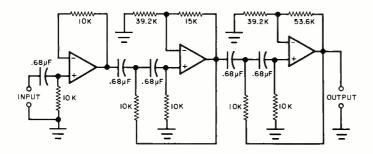
A. The lettering you refer to is called "dry transfer lettering." It is not a decal, and transfers from the sheet it is supplied on by burnishing the face of the transfer sheet with a pencil or similar object. Once it is transferred to the project panel, it should be sprayed with a lacquer fixative to prevent it from wearing off. One line of dry transfer lettering, produced by the Datak Corp., 65 71st Street, Guttenburg, NJ 07093, is available at many electronics supply houses. A mail order source of dry transfer lettering (available in two sizes, and in black or white for \$3.50 a pack) is Amidon Associates, 12033 Otsego Street, North Hollywood CA 91607.

SUBSONIC FILTER

Q.I need a subsonic filter for my stereo system. I would like to insert it in the tape monitor loop or between the preamp and power amp. A very sharp cutoff below 20 or 25 Hz is required.—Joseph Hance, Richmond, IN.

A. A fifth-order, high-pass filter is shown

in the figure. It has a cutoff frequency of 25 Hz and a rolloff of 30 dB (!) per octave. I hope that's steep enough for your application. Passive components should have tight tolerances—no more than 5%. Op amps such as the 741 or LM318 are suitable. Be sure to connect the op amps to a low-ripple, regulated bipolar dc supply at about ± 9 volts.



Q. I have a serious problem with static interference on my CB radio (a mobile used with a line-powered supply). It's not there all the time, but close to it. The interference usually comes on around 6:45 AM, increasing the ambient noise level from about S2 to S8. I think the source is on the ac line, because it is on or off at regular intervals. It's not caused by any of the appliances in my house. Can you recommend a filter that I can use to block the signal?—Jeff Brown, Akron, OH.

A. First, try powering your transceiver from a 12-volt battery. If the noise is no longer present (which I doubt), it is reaching the transceiver via the ac line. This can be prevented by installing a "brute force" filter such as those manufactured by Sprague, J.W. Miller, Cornell Dubilier, etc.). If the interference persists, it is being radiated by the ac power line. There is no filter you can install between the antenna (which is picking up the noise) and the transceiver that will eliminate the noise but not the desired signal. The way to cure this problem is to sniff out the source of the radiation, which can be anything from a brush-type motor to an aquarium heater thermostat. Use the CB transceiver or a small AM radio to locate the source. A directional antenna like a small loop or ferrite loopstick can help isolate the offending appliance. If the interfering unit can be located, bypass capacitors or a line filter, (or even shielding) should be used to suppress the noise.

Sometimes, noise is generated by a component in the power line itself-a leaky insulator, intermittent contact, or loose hardware. Noise sources can be hard to locate, because the noise can travel along the line for some distance. Many power companies have interference-tracking programs, and will follow up complaints from hams, SWL's, and CB'ers. This type of interference can be continuous or intermittent, sometimes linked to the weather. Your problem suggests not a power line disorder but an electrical component drawing power from the line. However, your local power company might be able to offer more detailed information or some assistance.

Have a problem or question on circuitry, components, parts availability, etc? Send it to the Hobby Scene Editor, POPULAR ELECTRONICS, One Park Ave., New York, N.Y. 10016. Though all letters can't be answered individually, those with wide interest will be published.



REALISTIC MODEL TRC-449 MOBILE AM/SSB CB TRANSCEIVER

Company's top-of-line 40-channel mobile.



THE Realistic Model TRC-449 from Radio Shack is an AM/SSB transceiver designed for mobile communication on the Citizens Band. Its 40-channel coverage is obtained from the now-familiar phase-locked-loop (PLL) digital frequency-synthesis system. Large red LED-type seven-segment numeric indicators are used to identify the channel selected.

The Model TRC-449 features: RF GAIN, VOLUME, CLARIFIER, and SQUELCH controls; AM/USB/LSB mode selector; LED's to identify the mode selected; a switch that inserts and removes a noise blanker (NB)/automatic noise limiter (anl); bottom-facing speaker; PA/CB/ MON switch; external-speaker jacks; illuminated S/r-f meter; LED DIM control; low-level clipper with filter; automatic modulation control (amc); automatic level control (alc) for SSB; electronic voltage regulation; and reverse-polarity protection and line filter. Operation is specified at 12 to 16 volts dc, negative or positive ground.

The transceiver measures $10\frac{1}{2}$ "W \times 7%"D \times 2%"H (26.6 \times 20 \times 6 cm) and weighs 6 lb (2.7 kg). Price is \$299.95.

Technical Details. The receiver section employs a single-conversion design. A transistor r-f stage is followed by a FET mixer in which the CB signal is heterodyned with the PLL's voltage-controlled oscillator (vco) and the difference

frequencies produce a 7.8-MHz i-f. AM selectivity and sideband selection are obtained with a crystal filter. Following the filter are four amplifier stages, a dual-diode AM detector, agc and meter rectifiers, and a series-gate anl. A product detector is provided for SSB operation, with carrier reinsertion obtained from a nominal 7.8-MHz beat-frequency oscillator (bfo).

Amplified agc and squelch systems are employed in the receiver. The audio section has a transistor amplifier and an IC that contains the power-output stage and provides modulation on AM transmit. The noise blanker operates at 23 MHz and gates the output of the mixer. It is switched on and off simultaneously with the audio anl.

The PLL system employs the customary 10,240-kHz crystal-controlled oscillator from which the standard 10,000-Hz reference signal is derived with the aid of digital dividers. An 11,285-MHz crystal signal is tripled and then difference-mixed with the output of the vco, after which it is divided according to the setting of the channel selector to provide a nominal 10,000-Hz signals for the vco comparison signal. Both 10,000-Hz signals are then applied to an IC phase comparator for controlling the vco.

On transmit, the output of the vco is difference-mixed at a transmitter mixer with the nominal 7.8-MHz bfo signal for generating the AM carrier for the r-f amplifiers. On SSB, this signal first goes to the usual balanced modulator and side-band-filter system. The output of the vco and the 7.8-MHz signal are slightly shifted to place the signal at the proper point on the required sideband for SSB or sidebands for AM.

Following the transmitter mixer are r-f amplifier, predriver, driver, and power-amplifier stages. A multisection output filter with a TVI trap minimizes harmonics and other spurious responses. It also provides matching to 50-ohm loads.

The customary collector-modulation of the driver and power-amplifier stages is engaged for AM. On SSB, all r-f stages function as linear amplifiers. Amc is provided by an agc circuit around an IC microphone preamplifier plus a low-level clipper that has a low-pass audio filter at its output to minimize distortion and other products outside the audio passband. Alc is used on SSB. Transmit/receive switching is accomplished with a relay and electronic switches.

Laboratory Measurements. The receiver's sensitivity measured $0.5~\mu V$ for 10~dB~(S~+~N)/N on AM at 30% modulation and with a 1000-Hz test tone. It was at least $0.2~\mu V$ on SSB, again at 1000~Hz. Image and i-f rejection were 80~dB minimum. Other unwanted-signal and adjacent-channel rejection and desensitization were 65~dB.

The squelch threshold range was 0.3 to 1000 μ V. The agc held the audio output level to 10 dB with an r-f input change of 20 dB at 1 to 10 μ V and to 14 dB with an 80-dB input variation at 1 to 10,000 μ V. The meter indicated S9 with a nominal 100- μ V input signal and S4 with a 5- μ V input signal.

The overall 6-dB audio response was 500 to 2300 Hz on AM, 500 to 3600 Hz on LSB, and 600 to 3700 Hz on USB, peaking 3 dB at 2800 Hz. Maximum audio sine-wave output power at the onset of clipping was 3.75 watts at 2% THD with 1000 Hz into 8 ohms and 2.5% THD with 400 Hz.

Operated from a 13.8-volt dc source, the transmitter developed an AM carrier output of slightly more than 3.5 watts. Modulation at levels 16 to 25 dB greater than that required for 50% modulation, using a 1000-Hz test tone, was nominally 90% at 4.25% THD. Maximum modulation with a 400-Hz tone was about 70% at 3% THD.

Adjacent-channel splatter at more than ± 5000 Hz from the carrier was greater than 60 dB down at 1000 Hz and 50 dB down at 2500 Hz. On voice, full modulation was obtainable with splatter

well in excess of 60 dB down. The 6-dB response on AM was 475 to 2700 Hz.

The maximum SSB output power measured 10.5 watts using single-tone modulation and 12 watts PEP with voice modulation. The alc prevented over-modulation and flattopping, holding the third-order distortion products to 28 dB below two test tones or 34 dB below maximum PEP. Unwanted-sideband suppression was greater than 60 dB at 1000 Hz and was the same on receive. Carrier suppression was nominally 55 dB. The overall audio response at the 6-dB down points was 350 to 2800 and 400 to 2750 Hz on USB and LSB, respectively.

The transmitter frequency was ± 14 Hz from -15 Hz on channel 21.

User Comment. If you like lots of shiny chrome, the Model TRC-449 has it. The case is black but the front panel is chrome and simulated wood with chrome knobs. The channel selector knob has a bar grip. The other rotary controls (including the LED DIM control, which is concentric with the SQUELCH control) are small and arranged in a row along the lower half of the front panel.

The SQUELCH control extends beyond the other knobs for easy location while driving. An overhanging upper section of the front panel can obscure the control legends when the transceiver is installed well below eye level.

A miniature toggle switch is used for inserting and removing the noise blanker/anl. A similar switch gives the user a choice of CB or PA operation and includes a MON (monitor) position for disabling the internal speaker to allow signals to be monitored on a remote PA speaker.

The edgewise meter is illuminated in white on receive and in red on transmit. Its calibrating numerals are quite small and therefore difficult to read at most distances encountered in mobile installations. Also, meter indications greater than S9 tend to be somewhat compressed, making it difficult to discern the actual-signal levels in this range.

Bench tests with our impulse-noise generator indicated that the noise-attenuation system (NB/anl) permitted undisturbed readability of signals as low as 0.5 to 10 μ V in strength that were otherwise completely obliterated by the noise pulses. In our noisy test vehicle during

SSB operation, however, we noted that ignition spikes from our car with the blanker switched on were not altogether eliminated—though diminished. In any case, noise interference did not reach bothersome levels.

Switching from USB to LSB on SSB operation on the sample unit caused the transmitter frequency to drop by about 160 Hz, requiring corrective retuning at the receiving end. But this situation can be eliminated by having a licensed technician readjust the LSB crystal.

The overall performance of the transceiver was excellent, as confirmed by our laboratory measurements and onthe-air tests. It provided good receiver sensitivity, selectivity, and signal-handling capabilities. It exhibited clean, crisp audio on both receive and transmit. There was no splatter or overmodulation or discernible distortion from the low-level clipper. The unwanted-sideband suppression was fine, and the SSB distortion products were low.

In sum, the Realistic TRC-449 is a fine AM/SSB CB transceiver for its price. The SSB function will permit users to reach extra miles of communication.

CIRCLE NO. 104 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

NORTH STAR MODEL MDS-A MICRO DISK SYSTEM

Floppy disk system provides 92k mass storage per diskette.



LMOST every computer hobbyist dreams of owning a mass-storage facility with high access speed, such as the floppy disk systems used by the big guys. Unfortunately, the expense of a floppy disk system was prohibitively high at one time. Now, however, several flop-

py disk manufacturers have introduced a physically small drive mechanism that uses a "diskette" that measures about 5" (12.7-cm) in diameter and costs only a fraction of the full-size disk systems. These minidisks can store between 90 and 100k bytes at an attractively moderate price.

The Model MDS-A micro disk system from North Star Computers, Inc., is one such floppy. It's built around the Shugart Associates Model SA400 minifloppy TM drive mechanism. For \$699, you get the assembled and tested Shugart drive, disk system controller kit that occupies one Altair bus slot, all cables and connectors, two diskettes, and complete hardware and software documentation. One of the 5", 90-k byte diskettes contains the disk operating system (DOS) software and disk BASIC, while the other is supplied blank. The system requires 16k of resident RAM in the computer to support the DOS and BASIC.

The Model MDS-A requires 5 volts at 0.9 ampere and 12 volts at 1.6 amperes, both of which can be obtained from the host computer. Alternatively, you can

use a home-built supply or North Star's optional power supply kit (\$39.00). North Star also offers an optional case for the system for \$39.00.

General Details. The DOS board, which occupies one slot in an Altair 100-contact motherboard system, went together in a couple of evenings of relatively easy work. Once it was assembled, we used the hardware manual to test it. This manual provides complete test data, including pertinent waveforms, to ensure that the board is properly wired and works. The manual also covers system integration, interconnections, and details of the optional power supply and includes the schematic diagram of the DOS board assembly.

The software manual deals only with the DOS software. It completely explains all 16 commands used in the DOS software and uses examples to explain how to interface the DOS and BASIC software with the user's computer, whether the computer has an operating system or not.

Once the DOS and BASIC are up and running, the prerecorded diskette containing the DOS and BASIC software is removed from the drive mechanism and

POPULAR ELECTRONICS

replaced by the blank diskette. The DOS and BASIC and their personalized instructions are then recorded on the new diskette so that the next time the system is to be used, the computer is simply started up at the DOS entry point. Within a few seconds, the system is ready.

North Star BASIC (version 6 is provided) is very powerful. It includes multipledimensioned arrays, strings, multiplelined functions, formatted outputs, and machine-language subroutine capability. Of course, it also has all the required disk functions.

In addition to all the better BASIC commands, calculator mode, etc., North Star BASIC has a REN (renumber) command that allows changing line numbers at the beginning and within a line. There is also an EDIT function that has seven editing commands to facilitate the required line changes. One very useful operation within the BASIC itself, called "compatibility," minimizes the effort required for converting programs written in other BASICs so that they can be used with North Star BASIC. For example, left bracket, right bracket, colon, and semicolon are converted into left parenthesis, right parenthesis, reverse slash, and comma, respectively. This conversion does not occur within quoted strings in a program. The conversion is automatic. Hence, you no longer have to worry about a program not running because some wrong (for North Star BASIC) symbol was typed in.

There are many other powerful commands in North Star BASIC, but space does not allow us to discuss or even enumerate them here.

User Comment. Since we put the Model MDS-A into operation, our computing has certainly been made easier. From a cold start, we can now turn on our computer, execute at E900, the DOS entry point, and have the DOS, BASIC, and any other program on the disk on our monitor screen ready to go. The whole sequence takes about 10 to 15 seconds.

We found that, with the MDS-A system, it is very easy to save BASIC and machine-language programs with only a couple of touches on the keyboard. If we sound enthusiastic about this new minifloppy system, we are. For little more than the cost of a 16-k RAM board, we have 90k of mass storage. This may not sound like much, but when you consider that it costs only \$5 more for each blank diskette, which adds 90k of storage per diskette, the cost is impressively low.

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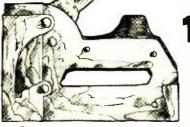
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By Hal Chamberlin

HIGH-LEVEL LANGUAGES

URING the short 30-year history of computers in general and even shorter 4-year history of microcomputers, the most significant software development has been the availability and use of high-level computer languages. The term "high level" is used because these languages allow a programmer to interact with the machine on a less detailed and more meaningful basis than does a so-called "low-level" machine language. The high-level languages permit the average person to use a computer system effectively without having to acquire a large amount of specialized knowledge about binary number systems, memory mapping, character codes, and other such nonsense. Also a given high-level language tends to be the same regardless of the particular type of computer involved. This, of course, is not true with machine or assembly language, which is entirely different when going from one computer type to another.

High-level languages can be broken down into two basic groups. The first group consists of general-purpose programming languages. These are intended for use in writing computer programs, both casual and professional. They are called general purpose because they can be used, at least in theory, to write any kind of computer program. Some specialization does exist however. For example, FORTRAN is best suited for complex scientific calculation but has been used for business data processing. COBOL is the most widely used language for business programming but it also has scientific applications although it is very inefficient in that field.

Members of the second group are called "application languages". These are associated with particular "application package" programs. One example is ECAP which stands for Electronic Circuit Analysis Program which is used to simulate and analyze the behavior of electronic circuits. The ECAP language is used to describe the circuit of interest and to instruct the program on what to do with the circuit just described. Anoth-

er is COGO standing for Civil Engineering Coordinate Geometry, which is used to aid surveyers in evaluating and mapping parcels of land. Using an application program and associated language for its intended purpose is vastly simpler than writing a program to do the same thing from scratch with a general-purpose language.

Of course, all of these advantages of high-level computer languages do not come free. A given program written in a high-level language invariably requires more computer memory and more execution time. The differences generally are not trivial either. On a large machine the difference in memory requirements can easily be 3 to 1 and execution time 5 to 1. On a microprocessor, the memory difference might actually be smaller but the time difference can be 10 to 1 to over 100 to 1.

The difference in programming effort swings to the other extreme with highlevel languages requiring as little as one-tenth the effort from inexperienced programmers. Professional programmers cope better with machine-level languages but the difference is still substantial. In effect, machine language gives the programmer complete control over the details of programming thus providing the opportunity to write an efficient program, one that takes a minimum of memory and execution time. The situation is analogous to automatic versus manual transmissions in cars. Better gas mileage, quicker acceleration, and better handling in snow is possible with a 4-speed manual transmission but the automatic is more convenient and easier to learn.

Most hobbyists want to run BASIC on their systems and are willing to pay a premium in order to do so. BASIC is a well-known, very easy to learn, general-purpose computer language that works well on small systems. It is particularly effective for small- to medium-sized programs involving mathematics and character string manipulation.

Several other languages are now slowly being implemented on microcom-

puters. Probably the most widely desired is FORTRAN which is better suited than BASIC for writing large or complex programs. Accordingly, larger systems with more main memory and mass storage devices are required to run FORTRAN. Many application packages such as ECAP mentioned earlier are written in FORTRAN. Actually BASIC was modelled after FORTRAN with many of its difficult or confusing features omitted or modified.

Another language generating much interest among advanced hobbyists is APL. This is a highly symbolic language that is very adept at handling arrays of numbers and other structured data.

Inside High-Level Languages. Actually a high-level language package is nothing more than a program itself, although it is very complex. Simply stated, the "language processor program" looks at statements in the particular high-level language and translates them into equivalent machine-language operations. Such language processor programs are called "compilers" and "interpreters" according to the two distinctly different methods of translation. Incidentally, most language processors are written in machine language to maximize efficiency of the translation process which, as will be shown later, is very important.

When using the compiler type of translator program, it is really a two-step process to take a program written in the high-level language and get it running on the computer. First the compiler program takes the high-level language statements, which as a group are called the source program, and translates them, one at a time, into equivalent machine-language instructions. The collection of generated machine-language instructions is sent to a storage device (such as a cassette or floppy disk) and is called the object program. Now we have an equivalent program in machine language writteh on the storage device which completes step one.

Before the object program can be run, it must be loaded into memory. Along with it are loaded some utility subroutines which are called the run-time package. These subroutines perform generally needed functions such as binary/decimal conversion, mathematical functions, and others. Usually a special loader program is required to read the object program and run-time package into memory and get them properly linked together. After the loading process is complete, the program may actually be run just as though it had been written in

machine language in the first place.

Using the interpreter type of translator is generally much simpler. The main idea is to make the programmer believe that the computer is actually executing the high-level language directly. Accordingly a portion of the interpreter is actually a text editor which aids the programmer in entering the high-level language program into memory and changing it. The source program in this case is stored in memory as ASCII character strings which is simply the original program text or a slightly modified version of it. After the program is typed in, it may be run directly by using the second portion of the interpreter.

In effect the interpreter looks at the first program statement, translates it to machine language, executes it, and then forgets the translated version. Then the second statement is processed in the same manner. If a group of statements constitutes a loop, each is translated, executed, and thrown away in turn, even though these statements may have been translated hundreds of times previously. Actually most interpreters do not generate real machine language and then execute it. Instead, they scan the high-level language statement, extract the important information from it and act directly on the basis of that information. Thus the impression is given of a machine with a very powerful instruction set that actually executes the high-level language directly.

Now what about the relative merits of the two techniques? The interpreter certainly sounds simpler and more convenient to use and indeed it is. But what is gained in ease of use is lost in execution speed. Most programs spend nearly all of their time in one or more short loops. With an interpreter, the statements of the loop are repeatedly scanned and translated. Usually the translation process for a statement takes longer than the actual work specified by the statement. With a compiler, all of the statements of the program are translated once so that, during execution, only the time necessary to perform the useful work is needed. Storage space for the user program is not significantly different between a compiler and an interpreter. However, since the compiler program is not in memory when the object program is executing, it is likely that a larger program could be accommodated with a compiler.

The choice between interpreter and compiler depends heavily on the language. BASIC is nearly always implemented as an interpreter in order to maximize its convenience. FORTRAN, on the other hand, is usually compiled. APL, due to its very structure, is always interpreted. Actually, since APL programs are so compact, the overhead associated with interpretation is much less than with a verbose language such as BASIC.

Hardware Required. Using BASIC as an example, how large must a system be to use it effectively? Usually the only input/output device required is a terminal of some sort. A mass storage device is handy for saving programs but is not necessary to run them. Thus the important measure of system size is simply the amount of memory present. Accordingly, BASIC interpreters are usually rated by the amount of memory required by the interpreter and the number of language "features" supported. Memory requirement figures often include a small area for storage of the user program but this generally amounts to only a few lines of BASIC.

The smallest BASIC interpreters can be as small as 2k bytes. Being so small, they offer only the most important language features and are often given the name Tiny BASIC. The most distinguishing feature of a Tiny BASIC system is that only integer numbers are allowed, usually constrained to values between -32,768 and +32,767. So-called "fullfeatured" BASIC interpreters can run in as little as 4k. These support normal floating point (scientific notation) arithmetic and common mathematical functions but lack the features for character string manipulation. The most common interpreter size is 8k. All useful mathematical functions are allowed, two dimensional arrays are permitted, and statements are provided for handling character strings. The ultimate is variously called Disk BASIC, 12K BASIC, names. In addition to all of the features just mentioned, these interpreters allow user programs to set up and access files of data on a floppy disk or cassette tape. If any kind of home accounting or small business applications are expected to be written in BASIC, then this is the version that is needed.

As noted above, additional memory is required for all but the most trivial programs. Although it is difficult to judge how much memory a given program will require without actually trying it, a good rule of thumb is to allow 1k per 50-line page of sparsely commented BASIC statements. If long statements with a lot of comments are more your style, 2k per page might be a better figure. Also, many interpreters allow the mathematical functions to be deleted if not needed thus freeing 500 to 1000 more bytes of memory.

Speed is even harder to pin down than memory requirements; but compared to machine language, BASIC is quite slow. Simple arithmetic operations such as addition and subtraction generally take about 5 milliseconds each while multiply and divide take a little longer. Of course the floating point arithmetic, which itself is a complicated subroutine in the interpreter, is partially responsible but tests have shown that even integeronly Tiny BASIC's are not much faster. Thus the conclusion is that the interpretation process takes a lot of time. In many cases of course, speed is of no consequence, but if a lot of calculation is to be done the time can add up quickly. An excellent article in the June, 1977 issue of Kilobaud magazine compares the speed capabilities of several BASIC interpreters.

Increased use of high-level languages is definitely a wave of the future which will be spurred on by the development of microprocessors specifically designed to support such languages.

Extended	BASIC, a	and oth	er similar	
Special lates	MA	GAZ CA	ine ses	_
\$ 2		Pesigned lusively POP ECTRO	ULAH	
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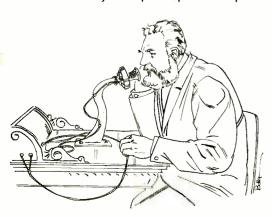
By Walter Salm

THE FORGOTTEN CB SERVICE

YOU'VE been involved with personal communications for a while, or are a student of radio history, you know that the 11-meter band does not house the only CB service. The popular and overcrowded CB radio in use since 1958 is called "Class D" because it was actually the fourth CB radio service authorized by the FCC. First there was Class A in 1947, followed by the now-defunct Class B. Class C is allocated for model radio control use and is still operational. So is Class A, the "forgotten" CB service which, at last count, had about 5000 licensees nationwide. The tally for Class D, on the other hand is approaching 12 million.

Why is Class A so underpopulated? For one thing, equipment has been much more expensive; so people who are geared to thinking of CB in terms of \$150 for a transceiver may not want to plunk down \$400 or more for a Class A radio. What do you get for that \$400?

- (1) You can have a transmitter power output up to 50 watts (though it may be limited to 15 watts in some areas).
- (2) There will be only one or two channels on the radio. If you want to switch to other channels, you'll need a new pair of crystals and a new frequency authorization from the FCC. This is because you request specific frequen-



"Breaker, Watson,do you copy? This here's rubberduck, Over."

cies when you make an application for a license. All that good-buddy type of CB'ing goes out the window. If you buy Class A, you're buying it to communicate with specific parties.

- (3) Class A is FM, so it has inherent freedom from noise interference.
- (4) It's also uhf, using the 460-to-470-MHz part of the spectrum, and this makes it strictly line-of-sight. But line-of-sight isn't all that bad when you consider the overcrowding, sunspot skip and higher noise levels of today's AM Class D CB.

How much usable distance can you get mobile-to-mobile on AM CB today? Three miles? Maybe four? When you get stepped on by some joker running an illegal linear, forget about talking entirely.

On uhf, you get clear, reliable communications for a distance of about 20 miles mobile-to-base if there are no obstructions. With a repeater, you can reach 60 miles or more, and community repeaters are going to become popular for this service very soon.

Equipment. One company, Standard Communications, is doing something about the sad state of Class A. Until this year, if you wanted Class A, you had to buy uhf equipment that was designed for business radio use and plug in crystals for Class A. Standard introduced a unit last spring designed specifically for Class A service and priced at \$399. Sure, that's 10 times the price of a Class D rig, but look at the advantages you're getting. If you want to communicate with your home or office, you can really do it with clear, noise- and interference-free channels.

Standard says that its distributors are selling Class A radio briskly now, and there's a great interest in repeaters as well. Chances are that community repeaters will be set up the way they are now for business users. The dealer who

sells you the equipment also owns a repeater and will rent you air time on the station for a monthly fee. Business radio users typically pay \$25 to \$30 a month for this. There's no reason why CB clubs can't get involved in Class A and set up their own repeaters. This would work out to be a real bargain for the CB'er who goes into Class A, and would certainly stimulate interest in the service.

Class A has been so neglected, in fact, that it has been losing channels to business radio services. Today's Class A has just 16 channels (often referred to as "eight pairs" because duplex operation is common), but at one time, there were many more channels assigned to Class A—as many as 75. When nobody is using a service, it seems fairly easy for the FCC to say, "Let's take a few channels from that service and give them to another." That's exactly what happened.

Here's what is left for the Class A user, organized by the FCC into properly spaced pairs for the duplex user:

Base and Mobile Mobile Only

(MHz)
467.550
467.575
467.600
467.625
467.650
467.675
467.700
467.725

Notice that the "matched pairs" have 5-MHz spacing between them, making duplex operation possible. It also provides more than enough channel isolation for repeater use.

Licensing. If you're afraid to approach Class A because of licensing, bear in mind that it's still CB, and you don't need any more qualifications for a license than you do for Class D. The application form is different and slightly more complicated, and there's no temporary operating permit.

Also, it's unlikely that your favorite CB store will have the equipment on hand. The dealer will have to order it for you, and this could take from a few days to a few weeks, depending on whether he can get the transceivers from a nearby distributor. Another possible delay can develop when you want crystals. As things stand now, Class A crystals are not items that even the most complete CB shop is likely to stock. Again, a special order will probably be required.

There's a different license form to fill

out for Class A—Form 400. Also, you have to get something called a construction permit from the FCC. This is combined with the Form 400 and all it really requires is that you tell the FCC how high an antenna you plan to erect for your base station (200 ft max), give the exact location, and certify that it's not near enough to any airports that it would be under FAA restrictions.

If the proposed installation does come under FAA restrictions, it's a whole different ballgame, with formulas to determine how high the antenna can be, etc.

The Future. There's little danger of channel crowding on FM CB, at least for now; it's that under utilized. Also a lot more power is permitted—legally—than on Class D. A typical Class A transceiver has an r-f output of 25 watts, and most installations can legally go as high as 50 watts.

But high power levels aren't really needed here. Line-of-sight operation means that relatively modest transmitter power will be adequate. Because there's no possibility of working skip, no advantage is gained by using illegal, high-powered amplifiers. On the other side of the coin, there is hardly any possibility of getting skip interference.

Back in 1947, when Class-A CB was first legalized by the FCC, the uhf spectrum was still a no man's land. Little was known or understood about it, and many people believed that it would be totally unusable for everyday communications. In later years, when Class-D CB was legalized, it was plopped right in the middle of the "noise band"—a group of frequencies prone to man-made radio interference (from industrial electrical equipment and radio diathermy machines in particular).

More recently, uhf business-band us-

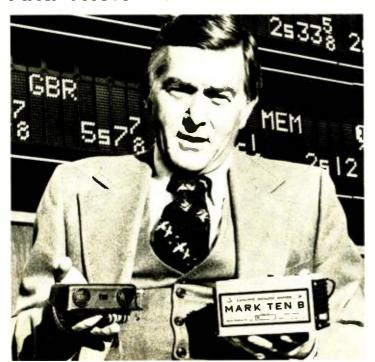
ers have proven that this once-useless radio band is very usable, but the government has taken away much of what was given in 1947.

Will the remaining 16 channels be grabbed up for business radio? Probably not, because there's so much renewed interest in these frequencies. Besides, there are 5000 licensees currently using it, and they have made fairly sizable investments in equipment. But to preserve these few channels, we'll have to see more people using them. They're there, just waiting for us.



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The profitable part about the Mark Ten B capacitive discharge system is that it actually eliminates 3 out of 4 tune-ups and deals with rough idling, slow starting, hesitation during acceleration and poor gas mileage—on the spot! To prevent loss, the Sonic Sentry protects your vehicle and contents from theft by literally blowing the horn on anyone who intrudes into the harmless, ultrasonic field it emits throughout the interior of your car, truck, van, camper, bus, boat or airplane. To learn more about these quality, protective accessories from Delta, invest a minute of your time by filling out and mailing the attached coupon today!

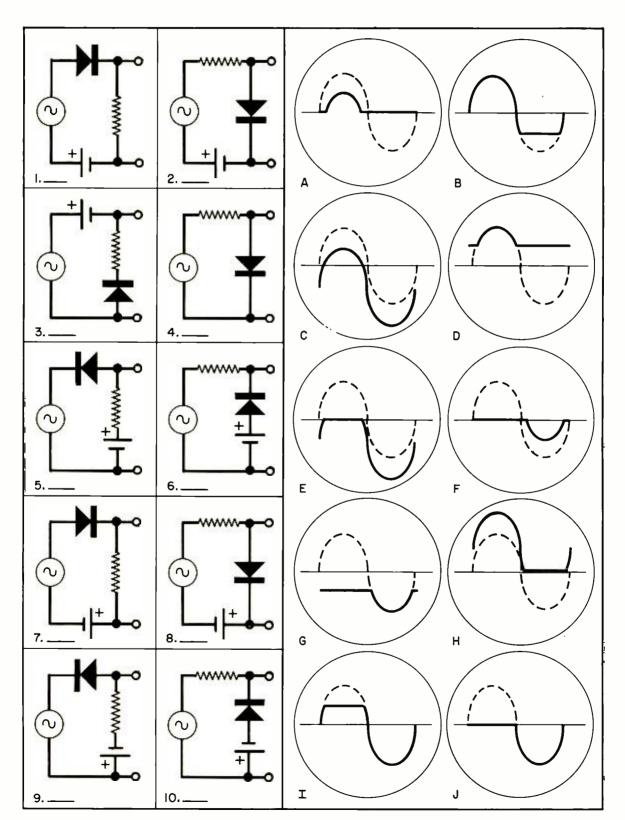
	DELTA PRODUCTS, INC
0	One Delta Way, Dept. PE Grand Junction, Colorado 81501/(303) 242-9000
Please se	complete information about the Mark Ten B and
the Sonic s automotive	entry, together with facts on Delta's full line of dynam recreational vehicle, and security products to:
the Sonic	entry, together with facts on Delta's full line of dynam recreational vehicle, and security products to:
the Sonic s automotive	recreational vehicle, and security products to:

SIMPLE circuit consisting of a diode, re-A sistor, and battery can be used as a clipper or limiter, or to shift the zero reference level of a waveform. Just what a particular arrangement will do is predictable if you observe the polarity of the net circuit voltage, diode biasing, and each voltage drop.

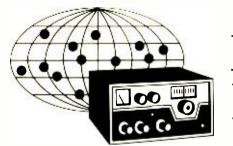
See if you can match the output waveforms (A-J) with the circuits (1-10) below. In each case, the input is a sine wave with a peak voltage twice the cell's voltage. The resistor is large compared to the forward resistance

of the diode yet small compared to its reverse resistance. The dotted lines represent the undistorted output waveform.

HInt: Assume a cell voltage of three volts and see what happens as the input sine wave goes to +6 and -6 volts in 1-volt steps.



Answers: 1-H, 3-C, 5-I, 7-A, 9-G, 2-F, 4-J, 6-D, 8-E, 10-B



DX Listening

By Glenn Hauser

SHORTWAVE PROGRAMS

T'S EASY for DX listeners to fall into the trap of getting so involved in the process of tuning in distant countries, that we lose sight of the purpose of the broadcasts in the first place—programs to be listened to for their content. Here is a selection of several different types of programs. To avoid confusion, all times and days are in GMT, which means that most programs after 0000 are heard in North America on the previous day. (And no doubt some stations will make schedule changes after we go to press.)

Mailbags. These are replies to listener letters on the air. Most try to answer questions about the country. Some give the full address of writers. The *BBC* program is about *BBC* programs only.

BBC Letterbox—Sat. 2315, Sun. 0515, 2015. Lots of cute, clever touches.

Moscow Mailbag—Sat. 2315, Sun. 0115, 0315, 0445, 0645; repeated 24 hours later. Joe Adamov achieves more credibility than on any other Moscow program.

- R. Sweden Mailbag—on all Sunday broadcasts.
- R. Nederland Letterbox—about one hourafter the start of alternate Thursday broadcasts. But after November it will disappear or move to another day.
- R. Australia Mailbag—Sun. 0140, 0740, 1240, 1940. Probably the most popular of all, emphasizing international friendship. Host Keith Glover provides lots of personal touches.

VOA Letters from Listeners—Sat. 1115, 1915, Sun. 0015. It's interesting to see how our official Voice fields questions from listeners; has a really catchy theme. Americans are forbidden to participate.

IBA Calling All Listeners—Sun. 2015, 2245. Hosts don't hesitate to disagree with writers hostile to Israel.

WINB Mail Call—Sun. 2230. The station's only locally produced, live program. It proves people really do listen to this rather dull evangelistic and music-fill station, if only to get a QSL. This may move to 1845 in November.

Belgium—toward the end of Wed. and Fri. program, BRT4 schedules a Mailbag. You may have better luck getting the transcript they mail out.

RCI replies to letters irregularly on the Sunday edition of Weekend Magazine.

Science and Technology. All these programs try not to get too technical.

CBC Northern Service Quirks and Quarks. An excellent popular science series, hosted from Vancouver by Dr. David Suzuki. Each week, Isaac Asimov is one of the guests, explaining a science word. Sat. at 1710-1800 (an hour earlier by GMT when on daylight time). Also on the CBC AM network.

BBC World Service has several programs with different approaches and emphases: Discovery, Tue. 1030, Wed. 1715, Thu. 0030. New Ideas, Sun. 0445, 2315. Science in Action, Fri. 1030, 1615, Mon. 2115. Nature Notebook, Wed. 0430, Fri. 2145. Farming World, Wed. 1130. Some of these take a break during part of the year, but always come back, often at new times.

SBC, Switzerland, had an Agricultural Index program on the first Sunday of each month earlier this year, but may replace it in November.

R. Moscow Science and Engineering, Thu. 2315, Fri. 0115, 0315, 0445, 0645.

VOA New Products, USA, Sun. 1307, 1707, 2107, Mon. 0107; New Horizons, Sun. 1115, 1915, Mon. 0115.

Drama and readings. A rare commodity, but not as rare as on domestic radio!

BBC World Service is way out in front, with one or two dramatic serials running at changeable times, and two regular drama blocks: Theatre of the Air (the only BBC program which may last as long as 90 minutes), Sun. 0030, 1130; and Radio Theatre, 45 minutes, Fri. 0030. World Service Short Story—readings of original stories submitted by listeners—Mon. 0145.

CBC Northern Service has blocks reserved for drama Mon-Fri at 1903 (summers 1803). Also, the newsmagazine As It Happens regularly includes comedy or drama during its final half hour (0030 in winter, 2330 in summer). During busy periods it's on Fridays only; in December and summer it's every weeknight; heavy on old-time radio.

VOA Critics Choice, an arts magazine, often features dramatic readings: Sun, 1313, 1713, 2113; Mon. 0013.

Classical Music. Many stations feel shortwave isn't a suitable medium; few can spare the time to play full works. But some include at least a token amount. It's nice to have when you can't find any on domestic radio—and some of these stations have strong, clear signals.

VOA Concert Hall, Sundays at 1215-1300, 2015-2100. Other days, Willis Conover's first-rate jazz show.

CBC Northern Service Gilmour's Albums, Sun. 1705-1800 (summers 1605). Mainly vocal music, with lots of opinion by music critic Clyde Gilmour from Toronto.

HCJB En la Sala de Conciertos, only in their Spanish service—but the music is what counts. Mon.-Fri. 1830–1900; Sat. and Sun. 1800–1900. Check in the 19m band.

R. Nederland, with only half an hour, this cultural magazine, The Monday Programme, may still work in some short pieces.

BBC World Service broadcasts Promenade Concerts live at 1830 during the summer, but not in winter, and not to North America. There are a number of 15-to-30 minute music or musical commentary programs running at any given time in a variety of slots. Dependable times for longer works are Sun. 1515–1600, Mon. 0100–0145, and Fri. 0630-0700.

RAI. A traditional come-on for SW radio buyers is "hear opera direct from Italy!" Well, you won't find any on RAI's 20-minute English programs, and only excerpts on the Italian programs, Wed. and Thu. 2325-2350, Sat. 0025-0035, Sun. 0005-0025 and 2255-2325. Check 9575 kHz.

Radiodifusora Nacional de Colombia has large blocks of classical concerts all day long. The drawbacks: off-frequency from 15,335 kHz, single sideband, and distorted audio.

Musical Requests. This is another popular way for listeners to participate.

BBC World Service The Pleasure's Yours, exclusively classical, recently expanded to 45 minutes, Tues. 2030. The rest in this listing are pop and rock. Bob (Continued on page 119)

TO EASTERN NORTH AMERICA

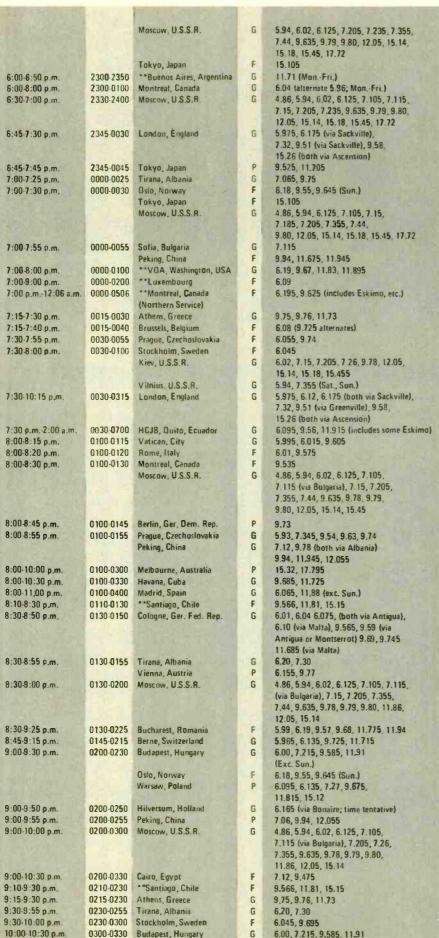
TIME-EST	TIME-GMT	STATION	QUAL,	FREQUENCIES, MHz
6:00-6:25 a.m.	1100-1125	Tirana, Albania	F	9,50, 11,985
6:00-7:25 a,m.	1100-1125	Trans-World Radio Bonaire, N.A.	G	11.815
6:00-8:00 a.m.	1100-1300	Melbourne, Australia	G	9.58
ALCOHOL: N		London, England	G	5.99 (via Sackville)
6:00·9:00 a,m.	1100-1400	**VOA, Washington, USA	G	5.955, 9.73
6:28-9:00 a.m.	1128-1400	**Montreal, Canada (Northern Service)	G	6.065, 9.625 (includes French, etc.)
7:00-7:30 a.m.	1200-1230	Jerusalem, Israel	G	11.655, 12.025, 15.10, 15.485
7:00-7:55 a.m.	1200-1255	Peking, China	F	11.688
7:10-7:30 a.m.	1210-1230	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
7:15-7:30 a.m.	1215-1230	Athens, Greece	F	15.345, 17.83
7:30-8:00 a.m.	1230-1300	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador Stockholm, Sweden	G	11,745 15.305
7:30-8:20 a.m.	1230-1320	Trans-World Radio,	G	15.255 (Sat., to 1420 Sun.)
7.00		Bonaire, N.A.		
7:30-11:30 a.m. 8:00-8:30 a.m.	1230-1630 1300-1330	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	11.745, 15.115
0.00-0.30 a.m.	1300-1330	London, England	G	5.99 (via Sackville), 6.195 (via Antiqua), 11.775 (via Antiqua;
				Sat., Sun. from 1200)
	CHARLE !	**Bucharest, Romania	G	11.94, 15.25
8:15-8:45 a.m.	1315-1345	Berne, Switzerland	G	15.14
8:30 a.m3:00 p.m. 8:30-9:00 a.m.	1330-2000	"*London, England	G	9.41, 15.07
9:00-9:30 a.m.	1330-1400 1400-1430	Helsinki, Finland Stockholm, Sweden	G	11.755, 15.105 15.305
9:00 a.m7:00 p.m.	1400-2400	**Montreal, Canada	G	9.625, 11.72
Block Bridge		(Northern Service)		(includes French, etc.)
9:30-10:00 a.m.	1430-1500	Helsinki, Finlad	G	11.755, 15.105
10:00-11:00 a.m.	1500 1600	London, England	G	17.84 (via Ascension), 9.58 (via
10:15-10:30 a.m.	1515-1530	Athens, Greece	F	Sackville Sat., Sun.) 11.73, 15.345, 17.83 (last 2 freg.
	1010 1000	Trinono, Orocco		not on Tues.)
11:00-11:15 a.m.	1600-1615	London, England	G	9.58 (via Sackville)
11.00.11.00	1600 4600		511	17.84 (via Ascension)
11:00-11:30 a.m. 11:15 a.m12.09 p.m.	1600-1630 1615-1709	Oslo, Norway London, England	G	15.175 (Sun.) 9.58 (via Sackville: Sat., Sun1745)
11:42-11:50 a.m.	1642-1650	Hilversum, Holland	G	15.19, 17.775, (Mon. Fri.,
100				via Bonaire)
11:45 a.m12 noon	1645-1700	**Montreal, Canada	F	15.325, 17.82
12 noon-3:00 p.m.	1700-2000	**Kuwait, Kuwait	G	9.58, 12.085
12:04-12:56 p.m.	1704-1756	**Paris, France	G	9.52, 9.63, 11.705, 11.73,
			200	11.735, 11.745, 11.89, 11.905, 11.93, 15.30, 15.425, 17.72
1:00-1:30 p.m.	1800-1830	"Montreal, Canada	G	11.865, 15.325, 17.82
1:45-3:00 p.m.	1845-2000	**Abidjan, Ivory Coast	G	11.92 (irreg.)
2:00·5:00 p.m.	1900-2200	**Jeddah, Saudi Arabia	F	11.855
2:30-3:00 p.m.	1930-2000	**Montreal, Canada **Baghdad, Iraq	G F	11.855, 15.325 9.745
3:00-3:30 p.m.	2000-2030	Jerusalem, Israel	G	5.90, 7.4125,
	250	**Tehran, Iran	F	9.022
3:00-4:00 p.m.	2000-2100	Accra, Ghana	Р	11.85
3:00-4:15 p.m. 3:50-4:50 p.m.	2000-2115	London, England	G	15.26 (via Ascension)
4:00-4:30 p.m.	2050-2150 2100-2130	"Havana, Cuba "Berne, Switzerland	G	11.865, 17.75 6.165, 9.535, 9.59
4:00-4:50 p.m.	2100-2150	**Johannesburg, S. Africa	G	7.27, 9.585, 11.80, 11.90
4:15-5:00 p.m.	2115-2200	London, England	G	5.975, 15.26 (via Ascension)
4:30-5:00 p.m.	2130-2200	**Sofia, Bulgaria	G	6.07, 9.70
4:40-5:20 p.m.	2130-2220	Hilversum, Holland	G	9.715, 11.73 (Sun.: Dutch; time tentative)
5:00-5:15 p.m.	2200-2215	**Belgrade, Yugoslavia	'F	6.10, 7.24, 9.62
5:00-5:30 p.m.	2200-2215	Tokyo, Japan	F	15.105
5:00-5:45 p.m.	2200-2245	London, England	G	5.975, 6,175 (via Sackville),
			115	6,195 (via Antiqua)
5:00-6:15 p.m.	2200-2315	**Cairo, Egypt	G	9.51 (via Sackville), 15.26 (via Ascension) 9.805
5:00-7:30 p.m.	2200-2315	Ankara, Turkey	G	9.515, 11.88
5:30-6:00 p.m.	2230-2300	Jerusalem, Israel	G	5.90, 7.4125, 9.435, 9.815
	Will Street	Vilnius, U.S.S.R.	G	5.915, 5.94, 7.31, 7.355
5.20 C.20	2220 2220	lohomoshu C. Africa	0	7.44 (Sat., Sun.)
5:30-6:20 p.m. 5:45-6:00 p.m.	2230-2320 2245-2300	Johannesburg, S. Africa London, England	G	5.98, 9.585, 11.80, 11.90 5.975, 6.175, (via Sackville),
5.15 5.00 p.id.	2243-2300	Condon, England	10	7.32, 9.51 (via Sackville),
			1	15.26 (via Ascension)
5:50-6:10 p.m.	2250-2310	"Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
6:00-6:30 p.m.	2300-2330	Stockholm, Sweden London, England	F G	6.045, 6.12, 9.695 5.975, 6.175 (via Sackville).
	1 2 2 3	Lundon, England		7.32, 9.51 (via Sackville), 7.32, 9.51 (via Sackville), 9.58
	The state of the s			

ENGLISH LANGUAGE SHORTWAVE BROADCASTS FOR NOVEMBER 1977 THROUGH FEBRUARY 1978

BY RICHARD E. WOOD

(via Ascension), 15.26 (via Ascension)

			£2.	大型的 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10
		Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	5.94, 6.02, 6.125, 7.205, 7.235, 7.355, 7.44, 9.635, 9.79, 9.80, 12.05, 15.14, 15.18, 15.45, 17.72
		Tokyo, Japan	F	15,105
6:00-6:50 p.m.	2300-2350	**Buenos Aires, Argentina	G	11.71 (MonFri.)
6:00-8:00 p.m.	2300-0100	Montreal, Canada	G	6.04 (alternate 5.96; MonFri.)
6:30-7:00 p.m.	2330-2400	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	4.86, 5.94, 6.02, 6.125, 7.105, 7.115,
2000				7.15, 7.205, 7.235, 9.635, 9.79, 9.80,
				12.05, 15.14, 15.18, 15.45, 17.72
6:45-7:30 p.m.	2345-0030	London, England	G	5.975, 6.175 (via Sackville).
				7.32, 9.51 (via Sackville), 9.58.
				15.26 (both via Ascension)
6:45-7:45 p.m.	2345-0045	Tokyo, Japan	P	9.525, 11.705
7:00-7:25 p.m.	0000-0025	Tirana, Albania	G	7.065, 9.75







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5.98, 6.02, 7.245, 7.26, 7.40,

9.58 9.78, 11.86



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10:00-10:35 p.m.	0300-0335	Warsaw, Poland	Р	6.095, 6.135, 7.27, 9.675,
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Walson, Foliand		11.815, 15.12
10:00·10:55 p.m.	0300-0355	Peking, China	G	7.12, 9.78 (both via Albania)
10:00-11:00 µ.m.	0300-0400	Buenos Aires, Argentina	G	9.69 (MonFri.)
		Prague, Czechoslovakia	G	5.93, 7.345, 9.54, 9.63, 9.74
		Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	4.86, 5.94, 6.125,
	3.1			7.115 (via Bulgaria), 7.205, 7.355,9.70 (via Bulgaria)
10:00-11:25 p.m.	0300-0425	"Johannesburg, S. Africa	G	3.995, 5.98, 7.27, 9.585
10:15-10:30 p.m.	0315-0330	London, England	G	5.975, 6.12, 6.175 (both via
			- 1	Sackville), 7.32, 9.51 (via Greenville),
			1	9.58 (via Ascension)
10:30-10:55 p.m.	0330-0355	Tirana, Albania	G	5.20, 7.30
LAND DE LA CONTRACTOR DE		Vienna, Austria	Р	6.155, 9.77
10:30-11:00 p.m.	0330-0400	Helsinki, Finland	Р	9.55
10:30-11:30 p.m.	0330-0430	London, England	G	5.975, 6.175 (via Antigua)
10:30-11:50 p.m.	0330-0450	Havana, Cuba	G	9.685, 11.725, 11.76
11:00-11:15 p.m.	0400-0415	Budapest, Hungary	G	6.00, 7.215, 9.585, 11.91
				(Tues., Fri.)
11:00-11:25 p.m.	0400-0425	Bucharest, Romania	F	5.99, 6.155, 6.19, 9.57, 9.68, 11.775, 11.94
11:00-11:30 p.m.	0400-0430	Oslo, Norway	Р	6.18, 9.55 (Sun.)
11:30 p.m12 mdt.	0430-0500	London, England	G	6.175 (via Antiqua)
11:50 p.m1:00 a.m.	0450-0600	Havana, Cuba	G	11.725, 11.76
12:00 mdt12:15 a.m.		Jerusalem, Israel	G	5.90, 7.425, 9.009
12:00 mdt12:30 a.m.		Lisbon, Portugal	G	6.025, 11.935
12:00 mdt. 1:30 a.m.	0500-0630	London, England	G	6.175, 9.51 (both via Antigua)
1:30-2:00 a.m.	0630-0700	London, England	G	6.175 (via Antigua)
1:45-3:35 a.m.	0645-0835	"*Lagos, Nigeria	G	7.275, 15.12

TO WESTERN NORTH AMERICA

TIME-PST	TIME-GMT	STATION	QUAL*	FREQUENCIES, MHz
3:00-3:15 a.m.	1100-1115	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
3:004:25 a.m.	1100-1225	Trans-World Radio, Bonaire, N.A.	G	11.815
3:00-5:00 a.m.	1100-1300	London, England Melbourne, Australia	G	5.99 (via Sackville) 9.58
3:00-6:00 a.m.	1100-1400	**VOA, Washington, USA	G	5.955, 9.73
4:00-4:15 a.m.	1200-1215	Tokyo, Japan	P	5.99
4:00-4:30 a.m.	1200-1230	**Tashkent, U.S.S.R.	F	9.60, 11.925
4:10-4:30 a.m.	1210-1230	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
4:15-4:30 a.m.	1215-1230	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	11.745
5:30-6:00 a.m.	1230-1400	Trans-World Radio Bonaire, N.A.	G	15.255 (Sat., Sun.)
4:30-8:30 a.m.	1230-1630	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	11,745, 15,115
5:00-5:15 a.m.	1300-1315	Tokyo, Japan	Р	5.99
5:00-5:30 a.m.	1300-1330	London, England	G	5.99 (via Sackville),
				11.77 (via Antigua; Sat., Sun. from 1200)
5:30-7:00 a.m.	1330-1500	**Delhi, India	F	11.81, 15.335
6:00-6:30 a.m.	1400-1430	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
		**Tashkent, U.S.S.R.	F	9.60, 11.925
6:00-8:55 a.m.	1400-1655	Manita, Philippines (VOP)	F	9.58 (Closes 1555 Sun.)
7:00-7:15 a.m.	1500-1515	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
7:00-8:00 a.m.	1500-1600	London, England	G	17.84 (via Ascension)
				also 9.58 (via Sackville Sat., Sun.)
8:00-8:15 a.m.	1600-1615	London, England	G	9.58 (via Sackville), 17.84 (via Ascension)
8:15-9.09 a.m.	1615-1709	London, England	G	9.58 (via Sackville, Sat., Sun. to 1745)
8:42-8:50 a.m.	1642-1650	Hilversum, Holland	G	15.19, 17.775 MonFri.,
				via Bonaire)
9:00-9:15 a.m.	1700-1715	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
9:00 a.m12 noon	1700-2000	Kuwait, Kuwait	G	9.58, 12.085
9:04-9:56 a.m.	1704-1756	Paris, France	G	9.52, 9.63, 11.705, 11.73, 11.735, 11.745, 11.89, 11.905, 11.93, 15.30, 15.425, 17.72
10:00-10:15 a.m.	1800-1815	Tokyo, Japan	F	5.99
10:00-10:30 a.m.	1800-1830	Oslo, Norway	F	11.895, 15.345 (Sun.)
10:30-11:30 a.m.	1830-1930	Taipei, Taiwan	F	9.51, 11.86, 15.37
11:00-11:07 a.m.	1900 1907	**Papeete, Tahiti	F	11.825, 15.17 (exc. Sun.)
11:00-11:15 a.m.	1900-1915	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
12:00-12:15 p.m.	2000-2015	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
12 noon-2:00 p.m.	2000 2200	London, England	G	15.26 (via Ascension)
1:00-1:15 p.m.	2100-2115	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
2:00-2:15 p.m.	2200-2215	Tokyo, Japan	G	15,105
2:00-3:00 p.m.	2200-2300	London, England	G	6.175, 9.51 (both via Sackville),
				15.26 (via Ascension)
2:00-4:00 p.m.	2200-2400	"VOA, Washington, USA	G	17.82, 17.895, 21.61
2:30-3:00 p.m.	2230-2300	Jerusalem, Israel	F	5.90, 7.4125, 9.435, 9.815
2:30-3:20 p.m,	2230-2320	Johannesburg, S. Africa	G	5,98, 9.585, 11.80, 11.90
2:50-3:10 p.m.	2250-2310	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
3:00-3:30 p.m.	2300-2330	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
	10	Vilnius, U.S.S.R.	G	9.61, 11.69, 15.10

3:00-4:30 p.m.	2300-0030	London, England	G	6.175, 9.5 <mark>1 (</mark> both via Sackville), 9.58, 15.26 (both via Ascension)
2.00 5.00	2200 0100	Mark and Consider		
3:00-5:00 p.m.	2300-0100	Montreal, Canada	G	6.04, (5.96 alt.; MonFri.)
4:00-4:15 p.m.	0000-0015	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
4:00-5:00 p.m.	0000-0100	"VOA, Washington, USA	G	11.83, 11.895, 15.40
4:30·5:30 p.m.	0030-0130	**Trans-World Radio Bonaire, N.A.	G	11.925
4:30-7:15 p.m.	0030-0315	London, England	G	6.12, 6.175 (both via Sackville),
Tree Files	0000			9.51 (via Greenville), 9.58, 15.26
				(both via Ascension)
4:30-11:00 p.m.	0030-0700	HCJB, Quito, Ecuador	G	6.095, 9.56, 11.915 (includes some Eskimo
5:00·5:15 p.m.	0100-0115	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
5:00-7:00 p.m.	0100-0300	Melbourne, Australia	G	15.32, 17.795
5:00-8:00 p.m.	0100-0400	Madrid, Spain	F	6.065, 11.88 (exc. Sun.)
5:10-5:30 p.m.	0110-0130	**Santiago, Chile	F	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
5:30-6:30 p.m.	0130-0230	Tokyo, Japan	G	11.84, 15.195, 15.42, 17.825
6:00-6:15 p.m.	0200-0215	Tokyo, Japan	G	15.105
6:00-7:50 p.m.	0200-0350	Taipei, Taiwan	G	15.345, 17.89
6:10-6:30 p.m.	0210-0230	* Santiago, Chile	G	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
6:30-7:00 p.m.	0230-0300	Stockholm, Sweden	F	6.045, 9.695
7:00-7:30 p.m.	0300-0330	Kiev, U.S.S.R.	G	5.98, 6.02, 7.245, 7.26, 7.40, 9.58,
7.00 p.m.	3000 0000	W. O.		9.78, 11.86
		Montreal, Canada	G	5.96, 6.00, 9.605, 9.655
7:00-7:55 p.m.	0300-0355	Peking, China	G	7.12, 9.78 (both via Albania)
р	3000 0000	3,-		9.46, 9.94, 11.65, 12.055
7:00-8:25 p.m.	0300-0425	**Johannesburg, S. Africa	G	3.995, 5.98, 7.27, 9.585
7:10-7:30 p.m.	0310-0330	**Santiago, Chile	G	9.566, 11.81, 15.15
7:15-7:30 p.m.	0315-0330	London, England	G	6.12, 6.175 (both via Sackville),
	35.5 0000		_	9.51 (via Greenville), 9.58 (via
				Ascension)
7:20-8:25 p.m.	0320-0425	**TIFC, San Jose, Costa	F	6.035, 9.645, (opens 0300 Sat., Sun.)
7.20 0.20 p.m.	00000120	Rica		
7:22-7:28 p.m.	0322-0328	Erevan, U.S.S.R.	G	11.69, 11.96, 15.13, 15.18, 15.455
7.22 7.20 p.m.	0022 007 0	2107011, 0.0.0.11.	0	(Sat./Tue./Wed./Fri.)
7:30-8:00 p.m.	0330-0400	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	5.905, 6.02, 7.26, 9.54, 9.58, 9.61,
7.30 0.00 p.m.	8000 0400	Widacovv, O.g.S.N.	u	9.635, 9.735, 9.78, 11.69
7:30-8:15 p.m.	0330-0415	Bertin, Ger. Dem. Rep.	Р	5.955, 6.08, 9.73
7:30-8:30 p.m.	0330-0413	London, England	G	6.175 (via Antigua)
8:00-8:15 p.m.	0400-0415	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
3:00-8:30 p.m.	0400-0430	Osto, Norway	Р	9.645 (Sun.)
σ.σσ-σ.σσ μ.m.	0400-0430	Budapest, Hungary	Р	6.00, 7.215, 9.585, 11.91
		Stuapest, Hongary		(Tue., Fri.)
		Montreal, Canada	G	5.96, 9.655
3:00-8:55 p.m.	0400-0455	Peking, China	G	9.46, 9.94, 11.65, 12.055
8:00·9:00 p.m.	0400-0500	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	5.905, 6.02, 7.175, 7.26, 9.54, 9.58,
о.оо о.оо р.т.	0.100 0300	111030000, 0.0.0.11.	U	9.61, 9.635, 9.735, 11.69
8:30·9:00 p.m.	0430-0500	Berne, Switzerland	F	6.045, 9.725
э. оо о юо р. т.	0100 0500	Vienna, Austria	Р	6.015
		Sofia, Bulgaria	F	9.53
9:00-9:15 p.m.	0500-0515	Jerusalem, Israel	F	5.90, 7.4125, 9.009
2.00 0.10 p	5500 5515	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
9:00-9:30 p.m.	0500-0530	Lishon, Portugal	Р	6.025, 11.935
9:00·9:50 p.m.	0500·0 5 50	Hilversum, Holland	G	6.165, 9.715, (via Bonaire; time tentative)
9:00-9:30 p.m.	0500-0530	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	5.905, 6.02, 7.11, 7.26, 9.52, 9 .54,
σ.ου σ.ου μ.π.	0300 0330	141030044, 0.0.0.11.	J	9.58, 9.61, 9.635, 9.735
0.00 10.20	05.00.0020	Landon Evalend	C	
9:00-10:30 p.m.	0500-0630	London, England	G	6.175, 9.51, (both via Antigua) 5.96 (via Antigua)
9:30-9:50 p.m.	0530-0550	Cologne, Ger. Fed. Rep.	u	6.10 (via Malta), 6.185, 9.545, 9.605, 11.70
0.20 10.00	0530 0000	Magana II S C O	C	
9:30·10:00 p.m.	0530-060 0	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	5.905, 6.02, 7.11, 7.175, 7.22, 7.26.
10.00 10.20	0.000 0.000	Osta Nassau	Р	7.30, 9.52, 9.54, 9.58, 9.635, 9.735
10:00-10:30 p.m.	0600-0630	Oslo, Norway		6,18, 9.645 (Sun.)
		Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	6.02, 7.11, 7.15, 7.175, 7.22, 7.26,
10.00.11.00	0.000 0.700		6	7.30, 9.54, 9.58, 9.635, 9.735
10:00-11:00 p.m.	0600-0700	Buenos Aires, Argentina	G	9.69 (MonFri.)
10:30-11:00 p.m.	0630-0700	London, England	G	6.175 (via Antigua)
10:30-11:30 p.m.	0630-0730	Moscow, U.S.S.R.	G	602, 7.11, 715, 7.175, 7.22, 7.26,
	0.000			7.30, 9.54, 9.58, 9.635, 9.735
10:30 p.m12 mdt.	0630-0800	Havana, Cuba	G	9.525
10:30 p.m.·12:55 a.m.		**Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	G	7.22, 11.90, 15.275
11:00-11:15 p.m.	0700-071 5	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
11:30 p.m12:20 a.m.	0730-0820	**Hilversum, Holland	G	9.63 (via Bonaire)
11:30 p.m2:30 a.m.	07 30-1030	**Wellington, New	G	6.105
		Zealand		
12 mdt12:15 a.m.	0800-0815	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
12 mdt6:00 a.m.	080 0 -1400	**Port Moresby,	G	4.89
		Papua-New Guinea		
1:00-1:15 a.m.	0900-0915	Tokyo, Japan	G	9.505
2:00-2:30 a.m.	1000-1030	Tokyo, Japan	G	5.99
			G	7.213
2:00-2:50 a.m.	1000·10 50	Pyongyang, Dem.	u	1.213

^{*}Reception quality, East Coast (West Coast) location: G-good, F-fair, P-poor

Days refer to local date in target area.



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- PDWERS Y', Roots' Y
- FUNCTIONS OF X-1/x, X
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- STATISTICAL N + N averages, standard deviation, variance, permutations, combinations

- PERCENTAGE CALCULATION add on/discount/yield/ percentage
- # AND CHANGE SIGN KEY
- 10 MEMORIES 7 functions -M+, M-, MR, M×, M÷, STORE, 9M
- DEGREES/DEGREE, MINUTE, SECONDS CONVERSION
- RADIAN/DEGREE CONVERSION
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- 8 METRIC CONVERSIONS
- SPHERICAL/CARTESIAN CONVERSIONS

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Keyboard: The keyboard consists of 40 keys and 2 switches. 35 keys are for number and function entry 10 of these keys are dual function (shifted keys)

SPECIALIZED FUNCTIONS:
Most of the important functions found on large scale computer systems are finally now available to you on the ultimate hand-held programmable calculator: iterative and recursive problem solving techniques; looping; conditional and unconditional branching.

ADVANTAGES OF THIS PROGRAMMABLE:

Consider for a moment the advantages of the Commodore PR-100. In terms of increased productivity you can now achieve the capability of: optimizing mathematical and scientific models; making trend and risk analyses; projecting and forecasting more accurately; performing statistical reductions; automating time-consuming 'number-crunching

The PR-100 is also a pre-programmed calculator that can achieve a multitude of functions: Basic $+-\times$ and = functions; clear entry or the entire calculation; Hyperbolic functions include: sinh, cosh, arc cosh and Hyperbolic functions include: sinh, cosh, arc cosh and arc tan; Trigonometric functions include: sin x, cos x, tan x, arc sin x, arc cos x, and arc tan x. Calculates in radians, degrees or gradians. Enter x 0° to 360° (0 to 2π) or multiples of 360° (2π). Natural Log (Ln x), Common Log (log x), Exponential (e³), Antilog (10³); Algebraic Functions include: x, x², 1/x. Powers: (y²), π (pi). Change Sign (+/-); x \leftrightarrow y exchange function; Paranthesis () entry countries that contains to Algebra. Parenthesis () enter equations that contain up to 4 levels of parenthesis without using temporary or intermediate

Memory Functions: The PR-100 has 10 separate memory registors. For each memory there are 7 operations that can be performed: memory storage and clear, recall, addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and performs the desired functions on each memory

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Special Functions of the PR-100: To allow you greater flexibility in programming, there are 3 special functions: 1. HALT—The program will halt and allow the user to read or enter data. 2. GOTO—Allows branching from one section of a program to another. 3. SKIP—Allows conditional flow of a program on an intermediate result; that is—the program goes one way if an answer is negative and another way is positive.

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Dimensions: 3¼" x 6½" x 1½" Weight: 4 oz.

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Electronics Library

TELEPHONE ACCESSORIES YOU CAN BUILD

by Jules H. Gilder

The telephone has the potential of being much more than a simple communication device. It can, for example, remotely control other appliances, automatically dial any number when tripped by an alarm, code phone conversations to insure privacy, and even act as an intruder alarm when equipped with the proper accessories. This book illustrates with schematics and text how to build a number of accessories at very low cost. Included are two chapters devoted to telephone basics and pertinent telephone regulations. Among the accessories described are a "hands-free" system, security scrambler, automatic dialer, answering machine, and burglar alarm.

Published by Hayden Book Co., Inc., 50 Essex St., Rochelle Park, NJ 07662. Soft cover. 84 pages. \$3.95.

RADIO OPERATORS LICENSE HANDBOOK (THIRD EDITION)

by Edward Noll

The laws, rules, regulations, and accepted operating procedures for licensed (up to Second Class) and nonlicensed persons are covered in this book. The first four chapters give information and explanations on the materials needed to obtain lower-grade FCC operating licenses. The last three chapters contain Q&A's based on FCC Elements I, II, and

Published by Howard W. Sams & Co., 4300 W. 62nd St., Indianapolis, IN 46206. 224 pages \$5.50, soft cover.

SC/MP MICROPROCESSOR APPLICATIONS

This handbook contains detailed information for building, checking out, and operating a host of National Semiconductor SC/MPmicroprocessor-based systems. It is conveniently organized to enable the designer to expand, modify, and customize a particular application with minimum effort. Chapter one deals with general design data and contains such basic SC/MP application parameters as instruction sets, addressing structures. (Additional information on general-purpose applications is given in the appendix. Chapter two has applications data organized into sections according to class: A/D and D/A systems, keyboard and display systems, multiprocessor systems, etc.

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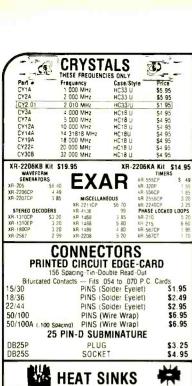
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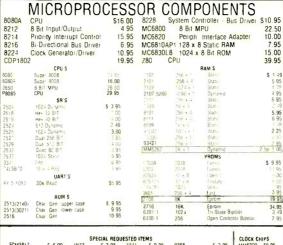
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SG4501J

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25 UP

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Again for military and commercial display applications. The 4311B offers hexadecimal code while the 4511B offers decimal code. They are pin-for-pin compatible.

MD4311RF

MD4055BF

MD4056BE

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25 UP

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- horn output operation Audio tone output
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- CMDS ALARM CIRCUIT
- \bullet Stand-by current drain less than 25 μ A · Horn driver on-chip
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- 14 lead dual in-line package

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0039	630	14	047	250	.15	56	100	44
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22	35	33	3 3	35	42	15 0	35 1	32
33	35	33	4.7	35	45	22 0	16	45
47	35	33	68	16	40	330	20 1	32
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1	50	16	22	10	15	4.7	16	18	220	25	35	470	39	80
5	10	13	22	15	16	4 '	25	24	220	35	40	470	50	80
5	16	14				47			220			1000		
- 5	25	1.7	22	35	23	47	50	32	330	10	30	1000	35	80
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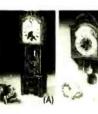
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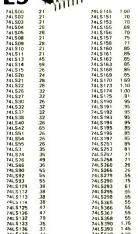
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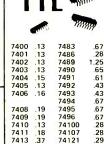
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7444	.59	74174	.91
7447	.68	74175	.85
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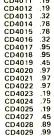
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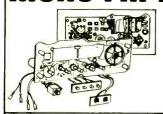
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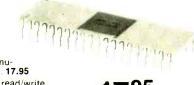


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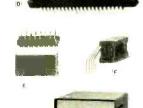
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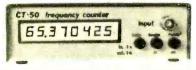


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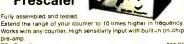
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Apelco Model AR-9 CB transceiver. Schematic and service manual. T.E. Huxhold, Box 36, Frederick Acres, Hardy, VA 24101

Cossor Model 4100 oscilloscope. Instruction manual and schematic. Elliott Lea, 14 Jonathan Ln., Chelmsford, MA

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Solar capacitor analyzer Model CE, Schematic or any available information. John Strada, 8110 Colegio Dr., Los Angeles, CA 90045.

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Phone-King Model J36 phone answering machine. Schematic or address of manufacturer. Tri-Town Electric Co., Willow Creek Rd., Lenox, MA 01240.

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DX LISTENING

(Continued from page 93)

Holness, Fri. 1130, Sat. 0330. A Jolly Good Show, Wed. 0030, Thu. 2030. Sarah Ward, Fri. 2115, Sun. 0630.

R. Australia takes requests on Countdown, Mon-Fri at 0900-1100, an hour not intended for North America, but when it can be heard if you're up; try 5995 kHz

R. Budapest once had 0300 broadcasts on Sunday set aside for music requests, and may still have.

R. Moscow does the same Wed. 2315, Thu. 0115, 0315, 0445, 0645.

RCI accepts requests for Canadian music for Saturday broadcasts.

R. Nederland is adding a special edition of His and Hers for North America on Wednesday.

Folk Music. Most stations include some of their ethnic music throughout their transmissions. Switzerland is instantly recognizable because of this. BBC World Service is more methodical, with various 15-minute series at changing times. Radio Finland promises Finnish music of all kinds on Voices of Finland, the last Tuesday of each month.

VOA has two especially good programs of music not of the US, but from

the target area-Music Time in Africa, Sun. 1635, 1935; and in the Spanish service, Triunfos Musicales Latinoamericanos, Sun, 0035.

Week in Review. Many stations take this approach, realizing that many listeners join them on weekends who can't listen every day.

AFRTS Washington carries several weekly reviews from the domestic commercial networks. You may well never have heard them on your local affiliate, because they are unsponsorable. World of Religion (CBS), is on Sat. 0235, 0835, 1435, 2035. Voices in the Headlines (ABC), with dramatic music, is reminiscent of movie newsreels, Sun. 1635, 2235, Mon. 0435, 1035, 1635. Washington Week (CBS), Sun. 0005, 0605, 1205, 1805. The World This Week (CBS), Mon. 0305 and 1116. This Week at the UN (Mutual), Sun. 0315, 0915, 1515, 2115. All these appear an hour earlier by GMT during daylight time. And about half the times are usually, but not always, pre-empted for sports coverage!

CBC Northern Service Sunday Morning, "a week in the life of the world," rebut entertaining, in depth, 1400-1700 (summer 1300-1600).

www.americanradiohistory.com

SBC Saturdays, 2 or 3 minutes of a

show called The Week in Switzerland.

VOA This Week, Sat. 1310, 1710, 2110, Sun. 0110.

UN Radio 15-minute English UN news summaries weekly on Sat., but five days a week while the General Assembly is in session, 0230, 0545, 0845.

IBA, Israel This Week, on Sat.

Finland Review of the Week, on Sat.

BBC World Service can afford to specialize: About Britain, Sat. 0145, 0515, 1015; Europa, Sat. 1115, Sun. 0215, 2115; This Week and Africa, Sat. 0335, 0515, 1500; From the Weeklies, Fri. 2315, Sat. 0715.

R. Japan Weekly News Review, Sun. 0905, 1605, 2005, 2205; Mon. 0005 in the general services; Sun. 2355, Mon. 0140 in regional services.

R. Australia The Week in Business, Sat. 0210, 0810, 1410.

R. Cairo This Week in History, Sun. 2255

Belgium The Week That Was, Sat. 0015.

Austria The Week in Austria, Sat. 0130, 0330, 0430.

Radio RSA History in the Making, last item on Friday broadcasts.

FEBC, Manila Weekly News Review, Sun. 0930, 1330, 1545 (not for North America).

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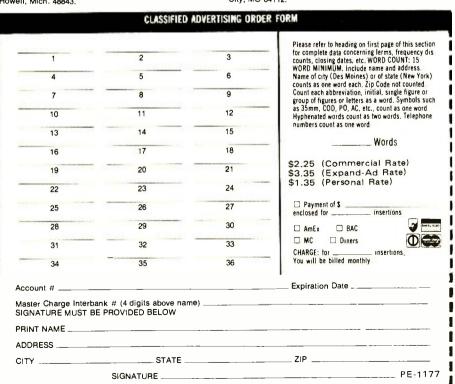
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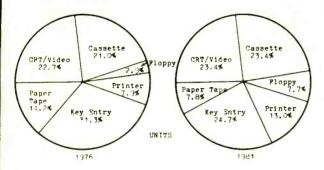
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HIGHLIGHTS

Home Computer Sales Forecasts

A recent study compiled by the Venture Development Corp., Wellesley, Mass., reveals that purchases of computers and related products for home use will increase at an average 37% annual rate for the period 1976–1981. The study, "The Home Computer," cites that software



will represent the fastest growing submarket of the hobby computer industry, averaging 81% growth through 1981. Among peripherals, the floppy disk is expected to exhibit the fastest growth, rising 63% annually in units sold. Cassettes, CRT/video and printer sales are also expected to rise substantially. Computer stores will account for 61.6% of hobby computer sales in 1977, according to VDC's analysis, increasing at an average 47.8% annually in units.

New-Fangled IC's

Small. compact integrated circuits that can be clipped off a roll of film is the new style of IC being introduced by Siemens. The familiar beetle-like DIP, unmistakable shape of the IC, now has a challenger. The new production process involves mounting the silicon chips in the "windows" of polyimide ribbon similar to "super 8" motion picture film, with a potential of 1000 IC's per roll. Before the chips are mounted, the film surface is coated with copper, tinned and etched to produce conductors and terminal points. The inner ends of the conductors protrude into the "windows" of the film to provide both physical support and electronic binding. Known as the "Micropack System," the new circuits are expected to be used in compact units such as film cameras and flat desk-top computers.

Protection for Sensitive Equipment

General Electric's Tube Products Department introduced a self-contained plug-in Voltage Spike Protector, Model GESP-752. The device, not to be confused with a lightning arrester, is designed to protect TV receivers, stereo equipment and other sensitive electronic equipment from brief high-voltage surges from lightning strikes near power lines or switching "off" and "on" of major appliances. The GESP-752 plugs into a 120-V

grounded receptacle and acts like a safety valve, absorbing transients before they reach the equipment. It does not interfere with normal circuit flow nor add to energy cost.

RCA Pledges Free TV Labor . . . If

RCA has a new consumer program to assure customer satisfaction with television set repairs. According to a company spokesman, if RCA has made a date to visit a customer's home and fails to keep the appointment, the customer will pay no labor charge. The same promise of free labor if a service appointment is broken is also being offered to RCA's Whirlpool customers.

Energy Fair 1977

"Energy Fair 1977" is scheduled for November 3–6 at the Anaheim Convention Center, Anaheim, CA. The show will highlight alternative energies, and energy conservation techniques and products with the intention of bringing industry, science and the public together for meaningful communication and a positive approach to the energy problem. Features of the fair will be an Energy Career Center with a job-opening section, a slide show, a children's exhibition area, leisure parks, an energy literature information center, and a do-it-yourself area with energy-conservation and alternative-energy booths.

LCD Is Victor Over LED in Watches

If you've noticed that there are fewer watches on the market with LED readouts and more with LCD's these days, you were right. Ashley-Butler, Inc, which makes LCD readouts and various timekeeping devices using them, says that a recent watch industry projection showed that 56 percent of the approximately 15-million digital watches produced in the U. S. this year will have liquid crystal readouts. It is believed that the preference for LCD's is partly due to the availability of new inexpensive and efficient decoder-drivers. The new circuits provide a capability of driving digits from 2 inches to over 6 inches and makes LCD's practicable for what are expected to be broader applications.

Radio Prospects by 1985

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