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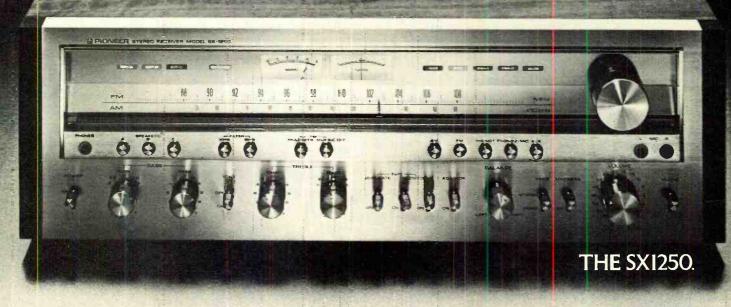


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When Pioneer first introduced the 160 watt\* SX 1250 last year, it prompted our competitors to hastily introduce a bevy of high powered receivers.

Unlike the others, however, the SX 1250 wasn't a rush job. And the time and care that went into it can both be seen and heard.

Inside the SX 1250, for example, you'll



find that we took the time to shield every critical section. So spurious signals from one section can't leak into another. And dirt and dust can't get in to affect performance. So the SX 1250 not only produces

crisp, interference-free sound when it's new, but still sounds great as it grows old.

In our power supply, instead of finding a conventional transformer, you'll find a heavier, more advanced toroidal-core transformer. It's

less susceptible to voltage variations. And less likely to leak noise. Which means you get a cleaner, clearer sound.

And where most high powered receivers

come with a three, or four gang variable capacitor for FM tuning, the SX 1250 features a five gang zinc plated variable capacitor that cleans up FM reception much better. And helps to



A five gang variable capacitor for FM reception that never varies.

pull in stations that some three or four gang capacitors can't even touch.

Obviously, these are only a few of the refinements that went into the SX 1250. But given just these few things, it should come as no surprise that the SX 1250 even weighs more than most of our competitors' high powered offerings.

So before you run out and buy just any high powered receiver, consider all the time and engineering that went into the SX 1250. And weigh your decision **OPIONEER** carefully.

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\*160 watts per channel minimum RMS continuous power output at 8 ohms, from 20 to 20,000 Hz, with no more than 0.1% total harmonic distortion. CIRCLE NO. 58 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

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**AUGUST 1977 VOLUME 12, NUMBER 2** 

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#### **ELITISM FINELY DRAWN**

The results of the mythical guiz on electronics sent to our 400,000 or so primary readers as a prelude to accepting their subscriptions have finally been tallied (by computer, of course).

The first part of the test was simple enough. It concerned dc theory; I=E/R and all that. Only 5% failed, leaving us with 380,000 potential readers. The second test covered ac theory, which included vector algebra and some trigonometric functions. (We graciously supplied formulas.) An impressive-enough number handled polar coordinates, the i factor and the Pythagorean theorem to earn our respect. We only lost 15% of the remaining subscribers on this one, leaving us 323,000 electronics buffs.

In the third section, cricuit analysis techniques, we decided to forgive those who missed solving multiple-source networks with the superposition theorem. After all, this could be picked up quite easily. Employing this tactic, 258,400 determined people were left. (Females did better on this one, though they account for only 0.1% of the testees.)

I must be candid and say that I did not fully agree with the guestions posed in the fourth part. They covered too much ground, I believe, ranging from transistor theory to operational amplifier operation with feedback, inverting, etc., as well as radic and TV circuits. After all, how many of us can draw a synchroguide circuit from memory? So we marked everyone right on this one problem. Nevertheless, a hefty 30% dropped by the wayside, with 180,880 left.

The fifth part really separated the men from the boys. It concerned digital electronics. Most did rather well on gates and such, but when it came to Karnaugh-Veitch maps. . . . Would you believe only about 18,000 made it? It was the n variables that did it!

The final test was composed of a potpourri of special interests, designed to check the broad base of electronics knowledge that cur potential readers had. It included an analysis of SQ and QS matrix systems, designing a proportional control system for radio-control purposes, interpreting a host of logic timing scope traces, Brillouin scattering (everyone should know something about quantum electronics, right?), and an essay on how the Intel 8030 MPU works, among

To our surprise, only one person came through with flying colors-Marcia Swampfelder. This single subscription was processed.

After publishing our next issue for one subscriber, we instituted a PE reader attitude study (to keep a finger on the pulse, so to speak). The only subscriber left responded: "I'm too qualified to fully enjoy it."

The moral of this parable is clear. Elitism can be carried too far. That's why POPULAR ELECTRONICS touches all bases in electronics—high level and lower level, from audio to microcomputers, from news to new-development details, tutorials and construction projects. Through PE, there's always the joy and stimulation of being exposed to some facet of electronics that is new to a reader. The excitement is in unfamiliarity, whether it's a PE "breakthrough" project, a refreshingly different description of a device to give one new insight, or an explanation of how a particular circuit works. Happily, too, age is not a disqualifier, as attested by two sixth-grade girls who recently won the Crest Hill Science Fair in Wyoming with a Kirlian photography project. They said, "What we learned came mostly from Popular Electronics magazine."

art Salsherg

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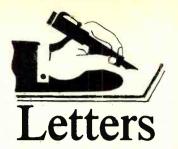
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#### A BIT OF NOSTALGIA

"The Morse-A-Letter" in the January 1977 issue was particularly interesting to me because it brought to mind the tinkering I did in the late 1930's and early 1940's. At that time, I put together a "siphon" telegraph recorder that recorded code as a wiggly line on "ticker" tape at speeds up to 100 wpm. This copy could then be decoded by eye at speeds faster than I could copy by ear.

One of the peculiarities I found was that manual keying was much more difficult to read by eye than by ear due to the great variation in keying characteristics among the operators. I wonder if your digital system might have a similar problem. —George L. Rogers, WB9LVI, Waynesboro, VA.

In on-the-air tests, we found very few instances where the Morse-A-Letter could not decipher code. In those rare cases where the converter "went wild," the operator of the received transmission had a very sloppy "fist."

#### **UPPING THE COUNT RANGE**

The "Photoelectric Sensor's" (January 1977) maximum count can be increased from 9 to 15 simply by replacing the 74192 (IC4) with a 74193 IC. Since these two IC's have exactly the same pinout, no other change in the basic circuit is needed. If a second 74193 is connected as shown in Fig. 2 of the article, the maximum count would be 255. —Charlie D. Hefley, Pasadena, TX.

#### **VIDEO GAMES AND PIX TUBE ETCHING**

I note that POPULAR ELECTRONICS has recently presented a number of construction articles for inexpensive video games. While it is true that such games do provide many hours of entertainment, nowhere in any of the articles is it mentioned that court boundaries, paddles, etc., displayed on-screen can etch the expensive receiver picture tube. Believe me, this is a very real problem. I should know because I work for a vending service.—B.M. Michaud, Lake Placid, NY

Though it is true that some commercial "arcade" types of video games have exhibited this "eiching" process, there does not appear to be a similar problem in a home-entertainment system. Commercial vending games (and retail video game demonstrators) are generally operated 12 or more hours every day, which, over a long period of time can affect the CRT's phosphor. A video game used in a home, is not likely to be operated over prolonged periods of time.

#### GETTING PIM NUMBERS STRAIGHT

I was unable to obtain the recommended Hewlett-Packard 5082-7340 hex displays for my "COSMAC Elf" microcomputer (August 1976). So, I had to substitute Texas Instruments TIL311 displays. Unfortunately, the pinout table supplied with the TI displays contained several errors that other POPULAR ELECTRONICS readers might want to know about. The TI displays will work fine if the following pin substitutions are made:

H-P DISPLAY PIN NO.	TI DISPLAY PIN NO.
1	2
2	13
3	12
4	8
5	5
6	7
7	1,14
8	3

Do not connect pins 4, 6, 9, 10, and 11 of the TI displays.—Clayton Hallmark, Shelby, OH

#### **TESTING SEQUENTIAL IC'S**

The "Digital IC Tester" (June 1977) may operate satisfactorily when combinational logic such as AND gates and BCD-to-decimal devices are tested, but it will not do a good job when testing sequential circuits like latches and counters. As an example, the 7490 decade counter shown in the article is made up of three JK flip-flops and one SR flip-flop. The set input of the last flip-flop will never be tested. Because the reset to zero and gate are conditioned before every fourth clock pulse at pin 1, inputs S1 and S2 will never both be high when the clock is applied to the toggle inputs of the SR flip-flop. Since the set input is never tested, it may be defective, but the IC would still pass the test.-Richard Bices, Rochester, MN

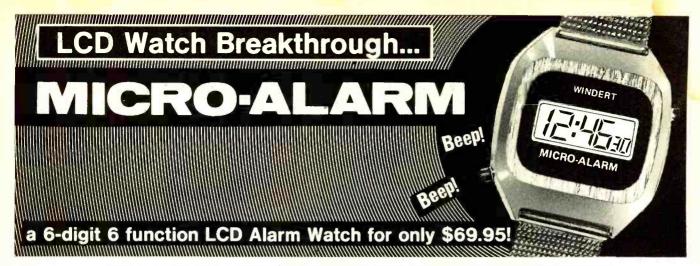
Your statements would be basically correct—if the 7490 were connected only as shown in the example in the article. However, the jumpers on the setup matrix can be arranged to test of any part of a digital IC.

#### **MAKING IT WORK**

When I built the "Digital Electronic Westminster Clock" (November 1976), I had problems getting it to operate properly. I found that pin 23 of *IC19* must be connected to V<sub>DD</sub> when fluorescent displays are used. Also, H at the junction of *C3* and *R9* should be connected to pin 13 of *IC19* for a one-hour pulse. Now my Westminster clock operates fine. —Larry Baxter, New Rochelle, NY

#### **FILTERING OUT THE NOISE**

I am very happy with the performance of my "Digital Bicycle Speedometer" (March 1977). However, I would like to pass on to other readers a slight addition I had to make to the circuit to obtain proper operation. The 556 IC I used for IC3 was so noisy that the power supply had to be filtered. I solved this problem by installing a 2000-μF electrolytic capacitor between pin 4 of IC3 and the ground, or common, bus. —Rob Breffeilh, Shreveport, LA



At last, a constant readout (no buttons to push) precision quartz electronic watch with a built-in 24 hour alarm system.

A quiet revolution has been taking place in the electronic watch industry during the last few years. Push-button LED's are being replaced with continuous-display LCD watches; 4-digit displays are being replaced by 6-digit readouts. This year there will be many such LCD watches available.

However, Winthrop-Rogers prides itself on offering not only the most technologically-perfect products available, but also on introducing the most technologically-advanced products on the electronic market before they are readily available. Therefore, we are pleased to announce the most remarkable achievement in electronic watch technology to-date.

By combining the quartz-accuracy precision of the LCD watch with miniaturized alarm technology, we proudly introduce the first CONTINUOUS DISPLAY ALARM WATCH. A watch that may not be available from other sources for years can now be yours at a price hundreds of dollars less than you would imagine.

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- · Never again missing a plane or a train because you didn't relize how late it had become.
- Never again forgetting to make that allimportant phone call.
- Never having to worry about forgetting. to take important medication on time.
- · Never worrying about waking up from that catnap, or at a hotel if your wake-up call isn't on time.
- Always being aware of when you should be coming or going or doing all that your hectic schedule demands - without devoting your valuable time to trying to remember it all



SET TO RING AT 7:55 A.M.

#### THE ALARM

The MICRO-ALARM has a 24 hour Alarm System, allowing you to set your watch to signal at any minute of the day or night (1,440 settings per day are possible). Once set, you need not be concerned about your next appointment or train, plane or phone call. The MICRO-ALARM will remember for you and remind you when you need to be reminded.

#### SNOOZE/REMIND CONTROL

For your convenience the MICRO-ALARM will give one short beep prior to its full alarm cycle, allowing you to turn it off without disturbing others. If not deactivated after the first short been, the alarm will then been for 15 continuous seconds. Push the deactivate button twice and the alarm is off. However, should you want a further reminder, then push the deactivate button only once and the alarm will go through its cycle again in exactly 5 minutes, allowing you to continue your current activity whether it be a snooze or phone call without fear of forgetting your next commitment.

12:34 AND 56 SECONDS



#### 6-DIGIT LCD DISPLAY

The MICRO-ALARM has a 6-digit readout showing hours, minutes and seconds at a glance. Since the readout is by Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) and not by Light Emitting Diode (LED), no button has to be pushed; the time is continuously displayed! A built in night-light functions at the push of a button for reading in darkness

AUGUST 15th FRIDAY

#### CALENDAR DISPLAY

Just one push of the control button converts the display into a 3-function calendar; displaying the month, date of the month, and day of the week. The remarkable memory built into the module knows each month and the number of days in that month and resets automatically on the first day of the new month.

#### QUARTZ ACCURACY

The MICRO-ALARM is extraordinarily accurate. Its module is manufactured by Hughes Aircraft Company, one of the world's foremost manufacturers of microelectronics, and is guaranteed accurate to within 3 minutes a year (averaging less than 15 seconds per month). You can depend on the accuracy year after year. There are no moving parts, so there is nothing to wear out or even require servicing. The result of this accuracy is that you can set your watch to the second.

#### THINK ABOUT IT!

Even if you have no consistant need for a watch with a built-in electronic alarm, the MICRO-ALARM is a valuable investment for its watch features alone:

- 1. It is the most un-to-date fully-functioning electronic watch available today.
- 2. It is accurate to +/- 15 seconds per month, and never has to be wound - put it on, and the time and date are correct even if it has been in a drawer for a month!
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- 4. At this price you can not find a better buy.
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In Missouri: 800-342-6600 ask for Operator 36 or mail the attached coupon with your payment and the MICRO-ALARM will

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### **New Products**

Additional information on new products covered in this section is available from the manufacturers. Either circle the item's code number on the Reader Service Card inside the back cover or write to the manufacturer at the address given.

#### TRIPLETT HAND-SIZED VOM

The new Model 100-T from Triplett is a handsized VOM featuring temperature ranges from -50 to +300 degrees F. A handy leather carrying case includes temperature probes, VOM leads, clamp-on ac ammeter,



plus a plug-in line separator for current readings on standard line cords. The 100-T consists of the company's basic Model 390 "shirt pocket" VOM with five ac/dc voltage ranges (0-1200 volts), four dc milliamp ranges (0.6-600 mA), and four ohm ranges (10 k to 10 M). Dc sensitivity is 20 kilohms/volt; ac is 5 kilohms/volt. \$120.

CIRCLE NO. 88 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **AUTOMATIC RADIO STEREO POWER BOOSTER**

Featuring dual amplifiers in a compact case for underdash mounting, the Automatic Radio PWR-2125 stereo power booster attaches to the output of any stereo radio or tape player. It boosts the power up to four times, to a total of 30 watts rms. A pushbutton allows switching from normal- to boost-power mode. \$34.95.

CIRCLE NO. 89 ON FREE INFORMATION CARO

#### **NEOSONIC CB SPEAKER**

A CB speaker with a hinge that permits mounting virtually anywhere in cars, trucks, recreation vehicles, vans, tractors, base stations and boats, the Neosonic FS-10 measures 3¾" in diameter and 4" deep. It is said to provide high-quality sound over the 300-to-4000-Hz voice range because of a built-in

sharp cutoff LC filter, with a response curve tailored for maximum intelligibility of CB signals. The FS-10 has an 8-ohm impedance and weighs just over 5 ounces. \$14.95.

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#### **ONKYO "QUARTZ-LOCKED" FM TUNER**

Onkyo's Model T-9 AM/Stereo FM "quartz-locked" tuner uses a front-end dual-gate MOSFET. Mono FM sensitivity is rated at 3  $\mu$ V (16.1 dBf) at 50 dB quieting; image rejection, 83 dB; and stereo S/N ratio, 73-dB. PLL



multiplex circuitry provides 40-dB stereo separation at 1000 Hz. A touch-sensitive FM tuning knob unlocks the frequency comparator and automatically activates a muting circuit when tuning in a station. Also featured are separate signal and center-channel tuning meters. Front-panel pushbutton switches are provided for POWER on/off, injecting a 400-Hz recording signal for tape recording, MUTE/LOCKED function, stereo noise filter, and AM/FM selection.

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#### TARBELL MICROPROCESSOR PROTOTYPING

The Mcdel 1010 prototyping board from Tarbell Electronics can be used with the 8080microprocessor based microcomputers made by MITS and IMSAI. The board accepts up to 33 14-pin IC's or a mixture of 40-, 24-, 18-, 16-, and 14-pin DIP IC's. Mainly oriented toward point-to-point soldering, the board can also be used for Wire Wrap. There are three rows for IC's. The IC's or their sockets are inserted from the top of the board and then wires are soldered to the adjacent tabs. Even with 40-pin IC's, there are two holes left over on each pin for hooking up wires. A place for a 5-volt regulator is provided on the board, and edge-connector pads are gold plated. \$28.00.

CIRCLE NO. 93 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **ELECTRA PROGRAMMABLE SCANNER**

The Bearcat 210 scanning monitor receiver gives the user pushbutton access to more than 6000 public-service frequencies. The five-band crystalless receiver employs completely synthesized circuitry. Any 10 frequen-



cies can be programmed into the receiver in a matter of seconds. The scanning rate is 20 channels/second. A large digital numeric display allows the operator to see the frequencies he has selected as well as those being received. Bearcat's exclusive rolling zeroes indicate when the scanning function is active. A 2-second scan delay allows the listener to hear both parts of a two-way broadcast. A pushbutton lock-out feature permits selective skipping of those channels the user does not wish to monitor. The receiver can be operated on either ac or battery power.

CIRCLE MO. 94 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **TEAC CASSETTE DECK**

Model A-103 front-loading, all black design cassette deck from Teac features Dolby noise reduction, two-step bias and equalization switches, Permaflux heads for record/playback and erase, separate left and right level controls, and a mic or line input switch. Wow and flutter is rated at 0.10%; frequency

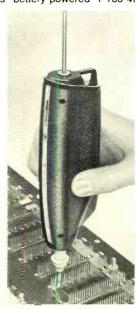


response 30-14,000 Hz with chromium dioxide tape; signal-to-noise ratio 50 dB, improved to 10 dB at 5000 Hz with Dolby. Dimensions:  $17.5/16'' \times 95\%'' \times 7.11/16'' (40 \times 24 \times 20 \text{ cm})$  \$180.

CIRCLE MO. 95 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **VECTOR WIRE-WRAPPING TOOL**

Vector's P160-9 is a double-ended tool with a wrapping bit on one end and an unwrapping bit on the other. Designed for use either with Vector's battery-powered P160-4R power



**POPULAR ELECTRONICS** 

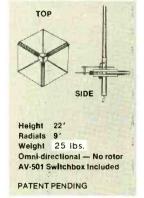


## **AVANTI Invents the Saturn**

The reason the "Saturn" is so revolutionary is that it is absolutely the only combination vertical and horizontal omni-directional antenna. That's right, it needs no rotor! You can pick up mobiles (which are vertical) or horizontal and vertical beams.

The "Saturn", invented after years of research by Avanti engineers, is the latest development using AVANTI's unique CO-INDUCTIVE principle to give you the performance of two antennas combined into

The "Saturn" not only works on both polarities, but pounds out signals like an air hammer and picks them up like a magnet. Both polarities offer high gain figures.



Those of you who are worried about sun spots and "skip" can relax too. This antenna really helps. When the sun spots cause a signal shift, you can often change polarity (just like our P.D.L. or Moonraker) and still pick up the desired channel with no loss of transmission.

The P.D.L. and Moonraker made dual polarity famous as the only antennas to have during the last sun spot cycle, and this time around any serious C.B.'er will want to have the "Saturn."

In fact, having a "Saturn" and a "P.D.L." or "Moonraker" will put you in the elite group of C.B.'ers who "always seem to get out better."

Avanti makes a complete line of high performance base and mobile CB antennas from \$11.95 to \$404.00. Write for free Avanti catalog.



AVANTI RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, INC.,

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Creators of the famous

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# The "Click and Pop" machine

only by



Ever since the invention of the recorded disc annoying "clicks" and "pops" caused by scratches, static and imperfections have consistently disturbed the listening pleasure of music lovers.

Now, SAE introduces the unique model 5000, an Impulse Noise Reduction System which eliminates those unwanted sounds with no adverse effect on the quality of the recorded material.

This breakthrough in electronic circuitry is so demonstrably effective that the SAE 5000 is destined to become an essential part of any sound system.

The SAE 5000 is compact and sleek, built to SAE's exacting standards, and ready to enhance the performance of any system, from the standard receiver/turntable combination, to the most sophisticated audiophile components.

SAE is proud to add the 5000 to their broad line of Components for the Connoisseur.

SAE
Scientific Audio Electronics, Inc. P.O. Box 60271, Terminal Annex Los Angeles, Cal. 90060
Please send more information on the 5000.
Name
Address
City
State Zip PE-877

tool, or for manual wrapping, the tool makes gas-tight terminations on 0.025-inch square posts, using 26 to 30 AWG wire. The wrapping bit's 0.07-inch radius allows terminations on posts on 0.1-inch centers. A bit depth of 0.56 inch permits three wrap levels. The P160-9 Wrap-N-Unwrap tool is \$18.40, and the P160-4R power tool is \$45.68.

CIRCLE NO. 96 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **HUNT IGNITION NOISE SUPPRESSOR**

"Phantom Damper" is what Hunt CB Accessories is calling its noise filter which, it claims, eliminates from 75% to 100% of all vehicle engine noise from CB radios. Housed in a small black box, approximately 11/2 inches square, the unit is installed in the vehicle between the alternator and CB unit. Equipped with self-adhesive backing, installation is said to take only 15 minutes. It may be attached directly to the CB unit or any convenient location within 12 inches of the set. A power cable runs from the Damper through the vehicle's firewall to the battery and shielded coax runs from the Damper to the CB unit. A red LED lamp, located on the Damper, glows when all connections are tight and unit is correctly grounded. \$39.95. Address: Hunt CB Accessories, Box 489, Eaglepoint, OR 97524.

#### JOHNSON CB RADIO WITH FLASHING METER

E.F. Johnson's new 40-channel, mobile CB AM transceiver, the Messenger 4145, is equipped with a "Power Bar" LED meter which indicates received signal strength and relative power output with red LED segments.



It can also function as an attention-getting "silent alert" light when operating the radio with the volume control off. Other features are a PA function, built-in electronic speech compression, a tapered switchable automatic noise limiter, PLL circuitry on a single IC chip, a dimmer switch, and positive/negative ground power capability. Accessories available include an external speaker and ac power supply for base operations. \$179.95.

CIRCLE NO. 97 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **B&K-PRECISION INSTRUMENT PROBE**

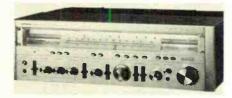
A new deluxe wideband instrument probe, designated the Model PR-37, has been announced by B&K-Precision. It is designed to be used with frequency counters and oscilloscopes at frequencies up to 100 MHz. The

lightweight, slim-bodied probe has a three position switch that allows selection of 10:1 or direct modes or a reference position that grounds the tip through a 9-megohm resistor. A complete set of accessories is supplied with the probe, including a spring-loaded retractable tip cover, insulating tip. BNC tip adapter, IC tip, and an insulated compensation capacitor adjustment tool. The insulating tip is designed for probing dense solid-state circuitry with no danger of shorting to nearby components. The BNC adapter converts the probe tip into a push-on BNC connector. The IC tip guides the probe contact onto any pin of a DIP, making it almost impossible to short two pins of ar IC. \$40.00.

CIRCLE NC. 98 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### HITACHI STEREO RECEIVER

Hitachi has expanded its Series "E" line of audio components with the Model SR-2004 AM/stereo FM receiver, rated at 200 watts/channel, 0.8% THD (20 Hz to 20 kHz at 8 ohms). It incorporates the company's Class "G" amplifier circuit design and is said to be capable of delivering up to 400 watts/channel of transient music power within rated distortion. Features include dual power-output meters, separate signal and tuning meters, mi-



crophone mixing, turnover tone controls, audio mute lever switch, FM muting/auto-lock switch, MPX noise-filter, i-f wide/narrow switch, three front-panel speaker system selector switches, and tape copy and monitor switches. In addition, performance specifications include 1.5  $\mu V$  FM sensitivity, 85 dB selectivity and 50 dB stereo separation. \$1000.

CIRCLE NC. 99 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### MITS AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE

The MITS Model 680b-KCACR is designed to interface the Altair 680b microcomputer's bus with an audio cassette recorder/player to provide a mass data storage/retrieval medium. The circuitry is based on the Kansas City Standard. Other design features include a digital demodulator, CMOS logic for low power consumption, a motor control circuit for starting and stopping tape motion, and test points at key locations in the circuit. All IC's are socketed. A complete set of documentation containing diagnostic software, test-point waveforms, theory of operation, and a detailed operator's section is provided. Altair 680b BASIC, Version 1.2, has been developed for use with the system and includes the standard functions and operations of 680b BASIC as well as the capability to store and load software through the interface system.

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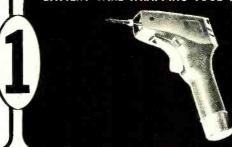
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STRIP/WRAP/UNWRAP TOOL MODEL WSU-30



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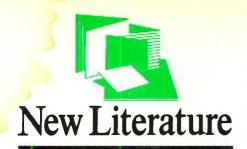
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#### **HUSTLER CB ANTENNA CATALOG**

The Hustler 1977 revised 26-page CB and Monitor antenna catalog is offered by New-

Tronics. Mobile and base station antennas are illustrated with special designs including the "Homing Pigeon," the "Hustloff" and "Super Hustler." A selection of 40-channel antennas and hardware is also described plus a new series for recreational vehicles. Address: New-Tronics Corp., 15800 Commerce Park Dr., Brookpark, OH 44142.

#### **LOUDSPEAKER CATALOG**

"Quam '77, The Sound Decision" is the title of the new, 12-page catalog from Quam-Nichols. Listed are 127 models, including mobile 2-way radio replacement speakers and updated listings of general-purpose, automotive, high-fidelity, music-instrument and sound-system loudspeakers and matching line transformers. Specifications for each speaker provide information on dimensions, frequency response, power handling capability, voice coil impedance and diameter, and magnet material and weight. Line drawings illustrate configurations and mounting dimensions. Address: Quam-Nichols Co., 234 E. Marquette Rd., Chicago, IL 60637.

#### MOTOROLA EXCLUSIVE-RADIO-CHANNEL GUIDE

"Introducing a New Dimension In Radio Communications" is a guide offered by Motorola for land mobile business radio operators interested in interference-free, FM 2-way radio communication. The booklet provides information on the FCC's decision to assign an exclusive channel to any user who can meet the 800-MHz loading requirements. Address: Motorola Communications Group, Literature Distribution Center, 1301 E. Algonquin Rd., Schamburg, IL 60196.

#### **BREADBOARDING & TEST EQUIPMENT**

The 24-page, Spring 1977 Breadboarding and Test Equipment Catalog is available from Continental Specialties. The company's line of solderless breadboards (including the Experimentor series which snap-together to suit circuit design) are described, along with protoboard kits; logic monitors; logic probes; and equipment for design troubleshooting and testing. A section describing components is also included. Address: Continental Specialties Corp., 44 Kendall St., Box 1942, New Haven, CT 06509.

#### RCA BIMOS OP AMP BULLETIN

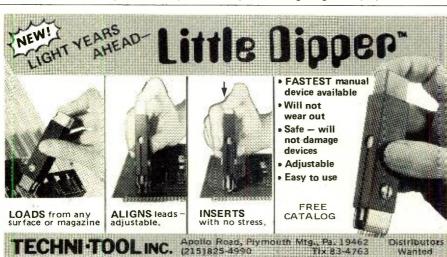
Data Bulletin, File No. 976, describing the CA3160 series of BiMOS operational amplifiers, is available from the RCA Solid State Division. The CA3160 series are frequencycompensated versions of the popular CA3130 COS/MOS operational amplifiers. Features include high input impedance and low input current, wide bandwidth (15 MHz), high slew rate, and strobing capability to reduce standby power consumption. Applications include voltage followers and regulators, and voltage-controlled oscillators. Address: RCA Solid State Div., Box 3200, Somerville, NJ 08876.

#### **VOR RECORD CLEANER BROCHURE**

VOR Industries offers a 4-color brochure describing the benefits and operation of its Vac-O-Rec "dry" vacuum record cleaner. Address: Sales Dept., VOR Industries, 1440 S. State College Blvd., Unit 5H, Anaheim, CA 90806.

#### STACO POWER SUPPLIES SPEC SHEET

A spec sheet from Staco, Inc. describes its line of regulated and filtered power supplies for "home base" operation of mobile CB radios, stereos, and tape decks. Technical data, features and application information are provided. Address: Staco, Inc., 2240 E. 3rd St., Dayton, OH 45403.



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The Pennywhistie 103 Acoustic Coupler is the first professional quality modem evaliable in kit form. The Pennywhistie may be used either as an acoustic coupler (with the telephone handset) or it may be wired directly into the telephone. In either case, The Pennywhistie will operate in both the half-duplex (unidirectional) or the full-duplex (bidirectional) modes.

The Pennywhistie 103 is capable of recording data to and from audio tape without critical speed requirements for the recorder and it is able to communicate directly with another modem and terminal for telephone "hamming" and communications for the deaf. In addition, it is free of critical adjustments and is built with non-precision, readily available parts.

The Pennywhistie is the only Acoustic Coupler Modem Kit in the world with these features.

The Pennywhistle represents many things in terms of operation, construction and concept. It is, in effect, a new generation of Acoustic Coupler Modems.

#### -SPECIFICATIONS-

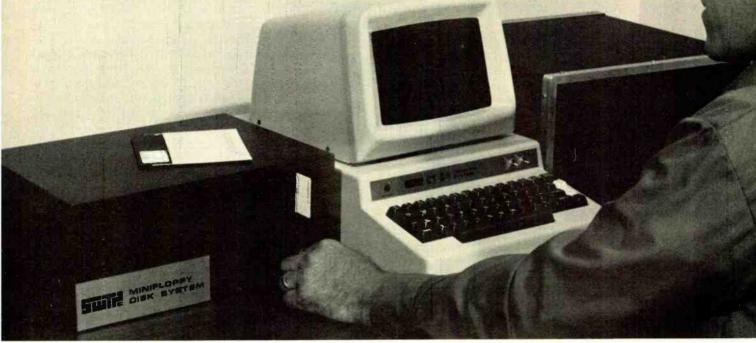
Data Transmission Method . . . . . Frequency-Shift Keying, full-duplex (half-duplex selectable) 300 Baud. Maximum Data Rate ..... Asynchronous Serial (return to mark level required between each character). Data Format. 2025 Hz for space; 2225 Hz for mark.
Switch selectable: Low (normal) = 1070 space, 1270 mark;
High = 2025 space, 2225 mark. Receive Channel Frequencies Transmit Channel Frequencies ... High = 2025 space, 2225 mark.

-46 dbm acoustically coupled.
-15 dbm nominal. Adjustable from -6 dbm to -20 dbm.
-Frequency reference automatically adjusts to allow for operation between 1800 Hz and 2400 Hz.
-EIA RS-232C or 20 mA current loop (receiver is optoisolated and non-polar).
-Red LED indicates power without carrier. Amber LED lights and red LED goes out upon aquisition of carrier. Data received causes both LEDs to flicker.
-120 VAC, single phase, 10 Watts.
-All components mount on a single 5" by 9" printed circuit board. Digital Data Interface . . . . . . . . . Power Requirements..... All components included.

Requires a VOM, Audio Oscillator. Frequency Counter and/or Oscilloscope to align.



## **SWTPC** announces first dual minifloppy kit under \$1,000



Now SWTPC offers complete best-buy computer system with \$995 dual minifloppy, \$500 video terminal/monitor, \$395 4K computer.



#### \$995 MF-68 Dual Minifloppy

You need dual drives to get full benefits from a minifloppy. So we waited to offer a floppy until we could give you a dependable dual system at the right price.

The MF-68 is a complete top-quality minifloppy for your SWTPC Computer. The kit has controller, chassis, cover, power supply, cables, assembly instructions, two highly reliable Shugart drives, and a diskette with the Floppy Disk Operating System (FDOS) and disk BASIC. (A floppy is no better than its operating system, and the MF-68 has one of the best available.) An optional \$850 MF-6X kit expands the



#### \$500 Terminal/Monitor

The CT-64 terminal kit offers these premium features: 64-character lines, upper/lower case letters, switchable control character printing, word highlighting, full cursor control, 110-1200 Baud serial interface, and many others. Separately the CT-64 is \$325, the 12 MHz CT-VM



#### \$395 4K 6800 Computer

The SWTPC 6800 comes complete with 4K memory, serial interface, power supply, chassis, famous Motorola MIKBUG® mini-operating system in read-only memory (ROM), and the most complete documentation with any computer kit. Our growing software library includes 4K and 8K BASIC (cassettes \$4.95 and \$9.95; paper tape \$10.00 and \$20.00). Extra memory, \$100/4K or \$250/8K

Other SWTPC peripherals include \$250 PR-40 Alphanumeric Line Printer (40 characters/line, 5 x 7 dot matrix, 75 line/minute speed, compatible with our 6800 computer and MITS/IMSAI); \$79.50 AC-30 Cassette Interface System (writes/reads Kansas City standard tapes. controls two recorders, usable with other computers); and other peripherals now and to come

\$1,990 for the full system shown above (MF-68 Minifloppy, CT-64 Terminal with CT-VM Monitor).

\$995 for the Dual Minifloppy

\$325 for the CT-64 Terminal

\$175 for the CT-VM Monitor \$395 for the 4K 6800 Computer

\$250 for the PR-40 Line Printer \$79.50 for AC-30 Cassette Inferface Additional 4K memory boards at \$100 Additional 8K memory boards at \$250 Or BAC # Exp. Date. Exp. Date CIRCLE NO. 54 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD State .

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## Stereo Scene

By Ralph Hodges

#### **TAPE TOPICS**

ONSEQUENTIAL things are suddenly happening in the consumer tape industry. I don't mean to refer to the Elcaset and similar evolutionary developments. Rather, the overall potential of consumer tape recording in any format is on the brink of giant steps forward in at least three and possibly four areas of research. The first step is probably only months away. The second involves a technology that is virtually perfected, but poses compatibility problems with almost all existing tape machines. The third will insinuate itself subtly over a period of some years. And the fourth is a total departure from anything that has gone before.

Let's take them as they (probably) will occur.

The Hall Head. The Hall effect, named after its discoverer, was happened upon late in the nineteenth century. It involves the ability of a suitably biased piece of semiconductor material (metallic compounds of antimony, arsenic, and other exotic metals being among those favored) to develop an "output" voltage proportional to any magnetic flux impinging on it. This is precisely what we want from the playback head of a tape recorder. But there is an important distinction! A conventional coil-wound playback head can only

respond to the rate of *change* in magnetic flux (the crossings of magnetic lines of force), and hence it *cannot* respond to a tape that is not moving. A Hall device can, however (with a steady and triumphant dc output). This opens a delightful Pandora's Box of possibilities.

The possibilities are all based on the virtual elimination of playback equalization in tape machines. Conventional playback heads, being rate-of-change dependent, exhibit a rising output with rising frequency, and hence must be compensated by "lossy" equalization circuits to restore flat frequency response. Additional gain stages must then be used to repair the losses, and the noise contribution from the electronics becomes a significant problem.

A Hall-effect device could care less about rate of change. Instantaneous flux determines its output, which is therefore independent of frequency and essentially "flat" from any properly recorded tape. Of course, gap losses at high frequencies are still a factor (present Hall-effect heads use conventional head "yokes" of laminated iron with carefully defined gaps), but the amount of equalization necessary to compensate for them is comparatively (and audibly) trivial.

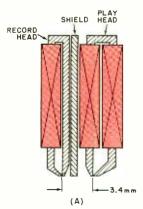
At a press conference in late April, Hitachi announced the intention of installing Hall-effect playback heads into

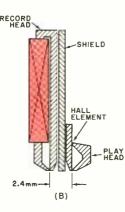
three-head cassette machines within the year. (At present no application for the Hall effect in record heads is foreseen, so any Hall tape recorders will necessarily have to be three-head devices.) The Hitachi people allowed that development, requiring an exceedingly thin slab of material, was frustratingly difficult. (A vapor-deposited film of indium antimonide on a ferrite substrate is used, amounting to a total thickness of about 1 micron.) The resulting playback head, lacking bulky coils, is quite compact, permitting it to nestle that much closer to the record head in a cassette deck. It thus further reduces the possibility of tape skew between record and play gaps

Another benefit legitimately claimed for the Hall head is a drastic reduction in phase shift (academic when you consider that the record head has already introduced copious phase shift, but of interest all the same). The Hitachi spokesman, Dr. Miyazaki, also claimed that the Hall head developed by his company is intrinsically less noisy than a coil-wound playback head. If true, this (and all the rest of the benefits) should put a good ferric tape recorded without Dolby noise reduction (and played on a Hall-head machine) within easy reach of a chromium-dioxide tape recorded with noise reduction.

Fe "Yes," Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> "No!" But who cares about ferric-oxide tape if a pureiron tape can do much better? I first heard about tape coatings containing pure metal particles (not oxides) several years ago. At that time, Philips was talking about some remarkable results achieved with pure-iron tapes. The major fly in the ointment was that these tapes tended to corrode rapidly and even burst into flame spontaneously when used in an atmosphere containing oxygen. Now 3M, in a recent announcement, claims to have found a waypresumably an alloying process-to keep a very "hot" tape from literally burning itself up. And "hot" is an understatement. The tape, which 3M has dubbed Metafine, is reported to provide an increase in recording headroom (or signal-to-noise ratio, if you prefer) of between 6 to 12 dB over anything now available, at all audio frequencies. The potential here is a little unsettling, to say the least.

The company originally viewed Metafine as a video-tape product; but when its phenomenal retentivity characteristics became apparent, the temptation to really rock the audio-tape market was a





Comparison of a Hall-head assembly for a three-head cassette deck (B) with the conventional heads (A) presently used by Hitachi.

## NOW, SCANNING OVER 6000 FREQUENCIES IS AS EASY AS USING A PUSHBUTTON PHONE.



Introducing the incredible, new Bearcat 210.

The exciting, new Scanner Radio with the space-age, computer control center that brings in every available public service frequency with pushbutton ease

Bearcat's new 210 is as easy to program as a pushbutton phone. You can select any of the public service bands (all the available local frequencies) simply by pushing buttons

Simply punch in the frequency numbers on the computer control center keyboard. Hit the Enter button. And you're programmed.

A large, flashing, digital readout panel shows you each frequency you've selected.

The Bearcat 210 patented search capacity lets you explore the endless world of every available public frequency out there, too

Best of all, you're no longer limited to a given band or set of frequencies. The new Bearcat 210 is synthesized. Space-age circuitry lets you forget crystals forever.

Let's look at some Bearcat 210 features. And facts.

5 BAND COVERAGE—Includes Low, High, UHF and UHF "T" public service bands, the 2-meter amateur (Ham) band, plus other UHF frequencies.

SCANS 20 CHANNELS PER SECOND—In half a second, the Bearcat 210 scans all 10 channels

CRYSTAL-LESS—Space-age circuitry with 5 custom designed chips. You never have to buy a crystal.

TRACK-TUNING — Patented track tuning provides full-band coverage on every band.

**AUTOMATIC LOCK-OUT**—Locks out channels and "skips" frequencies not of current interest

AC/DC - Mobile mounting bracket included

**SELECTIVE SCAN DELAY**—Adds a two-second delay to prevent missing transmissions when "calls" and "answers" are on the same frequency.

AUTOMATIC SEARCH—New, patented feature searches out any active local public service frequency automatically. For more police, fire, marine, emergency calls. And much more

## THE NEW BEARCAT.

THE MOST EXCITING THING THAT'S HAPPENED TO SCANNING SINCE SCANNERS.

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## No other TV/Audio home study school puts prices in its ads. Why?

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#### You pay less because NRI passes its savings on to its students.

NRI pays no salesmen. We buy no outside "hobby kits" for our experiments or training kits. We design our own equipment with special Power-On features that allow you to experiment as you build. You get low tuition rates without the penalty of exorbitant interest charges for time payments. We pass the savings on to you.

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over 62 years. More than one million students have enrolled in our many career courses. NRI is one of the few home study schools with a full-time staff of engineers, authors and editors to help you with any problem. NRI graduates will tell you: you can pay more, but you can't buy better training.

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Send for the free NRI electronics catalog and check out the full spectrum of courses available, including Color TV, FCC License, Complete Communications Electronics—with Citizens Band radio, Computer Electronics, Marine and Aircraft Electronics, Mobile Communications, etc.

#### Mail the card for your Free NRI catalog.

No salesman will call.



POPULAR ELECTRONICS

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## 7 kits: Quadraphonic Stereo... \$445 or low monthly terms

A basic TV/Audio Servicing Course including 7 training kits for your experiments. You build your own 4-speaker Quadraphonic System, solid-state volt-ohmmeter, CMOS digital frequency counter, and electronics Discovery Lab. Includes 48 bite-size lessons (18 on color TV), 10 special reference texts with hundreds of servicing shortcuts, tips on setting up your own business, etc. This completely up-to-date course covers black & white and color TV, FM multiplex receivers, public address systems, antennas, radios, tube, transistor and solid-state circuits.

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The course includes 42 lessons and 4 reference texts plus kits and experiments to build a superb solid-state 19" diagonal color TV receiver . . . complete with cabinet, and engineered specifically for training by NRI's own engineers and instructors. This handsome set was designed from the chassis up to give you a thorough understanding of circuitry and professional trouble-shooting techniques. You build your own solid state volt-ohmmeter, CMOS digital frequency counter, and experimental electronics Discovery Lab.

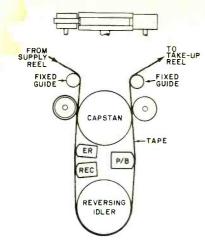
## 14 kits: 25" diagonal color TV and Quadraphonic Stereo... 1195.00

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## Pro Color: 19" diagonal color TV.... 5665 or low monthly terms

An advanced Color TV Servicing Course for experienced technicians, 18 lessons, 5 new "Shop Manuals", and NRI 19" diagonal Color TV receiver with cabinet.



The 3M Iso-loop with tape's view of capstan and pinch-roller configuration at the top.

bit too hard to resist. Consequently there now exists—in prototype form—a Meta-fine cassette tape. Of late it has been made available to tape-machine manufacturers for their confidential evaluation and feedback, and rumor has it that similar tapes from Maxell and TDK are undergoing the same process.

Of course, there are a few things about Metafine that will take some getting used to. For example, its coercivity is on the high side of 1,000 oersteds, or roughly twice that of chromium dioxide.

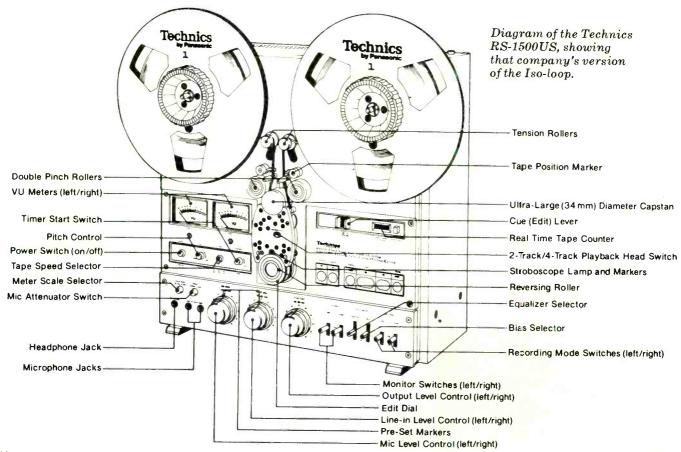
This will call for a bias current approaching the strength of the erase current used in some consumer tape decks. 3M estimates there might perhaps be one tape machine presently on the market (whether professional or consumer was not specified) capable of delivering that kind of bias through to its record head. As for the rest of the machine population, the anticipated problems with tapehead saturation and even excessive head temperatures are obvious. Evidently we'll all need new tape machines to cope with recording Metafine and other tapes of its kind. In the meantime, wouldn't Metafine make a really superb prerecorded tape?

**Transports**. Chances are that the tape-transport mechanism on your open-reel tape machine looks pretty much like mine: supply reel to port, take-up reel to starboard, heads in the middle (with the capstan and pinch roller just to the right), and tape guides or tension arms here and there. Not all audio tape recorders look like this. The 3M Iso-loop transport, invented years ago by tape pioneer John Mullin and still enjoying immense popularity in professional recording studios, is a marvel of simplicity by comparison.

A large central capstan and two pinch

rollers are used. The left-hand pinch roller seizes the tape and propels it downward around a roughly rectangular head nest. As the tape comes up again, the right-hand pinch roller takes hold and sends the tape out in the direction of the take-up reel. Both pinch rollers contact the same capstan, and hence there's not the battle over which capstan will "win" that you find in some dual-capstan designs. The capstan and the left pinch roller are gently "stepped" in profile, providing two effective diameters. The left pinch roller contacts the inner diameter of the capstan, while the right pinch roller rides on the outer capstan diameter. The resulting differential in surface velocity controls tape tension across the heads quite precisely, and the whole concept makes for an absolute minimum of unsupported tape in the head region. I never expect to hear a user of an Isoloop transport complain of scrape flutter or other unsupported-tape problems

It nearly brought tears to my eyes to visit 3M some weeks ago and find numerous Iso-loop transports designed for 1/4-inch tape in constant use, and none of them available to the consumer. But there's a bit of consolation to be had in the fact that, last year, Technics/Panasonic introduced the RS-1500US, a machine whose transport is the Iso-loop





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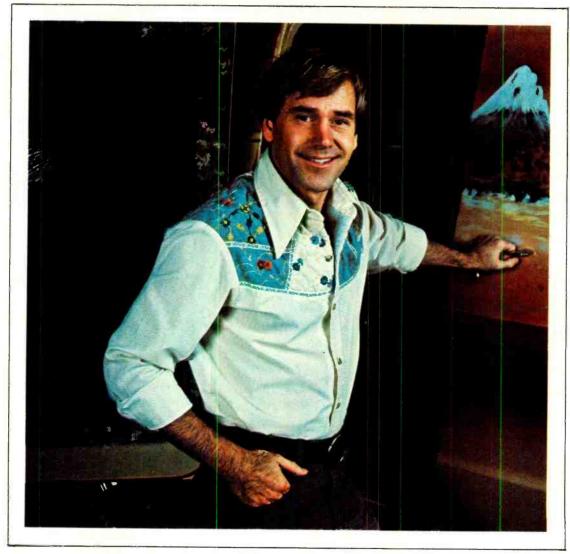


**Motorola CB** 

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Pattern simulated.

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tal logic circuits... observe the action of a crystal-controlled oscillator!

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Avoid regrets later. Check this out before you enroll in any program.

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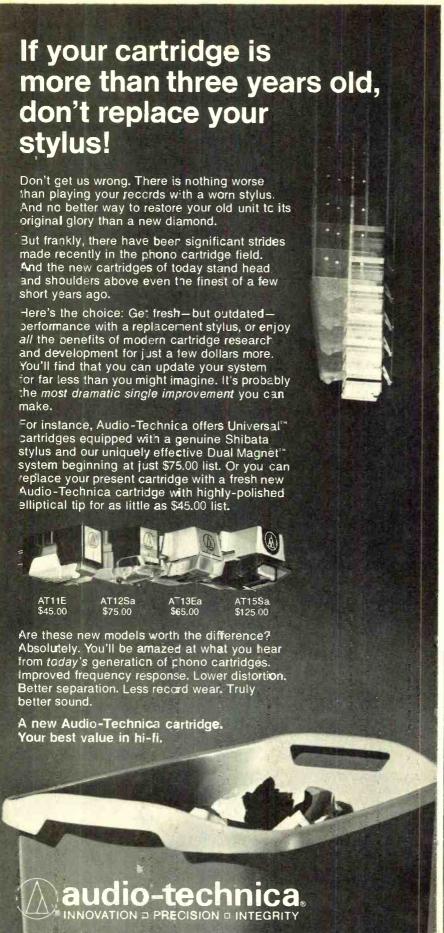
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AUDIO-TECHNICA U.S., INC., Dept 87P, 33 Shlawassee Avenue, Fairlawn, Ohic 44313
Available in Canada from Superior Electronics, Inc.

(except that pinch rollers of different hardness composition are used instead of the stepped pinch roller and capstan arrangement). As far as I can tell from my brief experience with the Technics deck, the trick of creating tape tension across the heads with hard and soft pinch rollers works reliably, but I regret that I have no firm numbers to report.

The trend of the moment, of course, is to eliminate pinch rollers entirely, a goal being pursued in the professional field by Ampex (the ATR-100) and in the consumer area by Uher with its recently introduced Omega drive. The benefits of pinch-rollerless drive are difficult to describe in a few sentences, so the subject is best put aside until the time when the trend is more fully established. However, be aware that it seems to be the coming thing.

**PCM**. But once again, who cares about sophisticated tape transports if he can have a nonanalog recording system that pays no attention to speed irregularities? Pulse-code modulation (PCM), although not a digital recording technique in any strict sense, *is* independent of recorded signal strength (and hence tape noise). It is also potentially independent of tape-speed irregularities.

It consists of a series of uniform-amplitude pulses (on tape or any other recording medium) that define the analog signal originally picked up by the microphones. They are "metered" by an electronic clock in the playback system to eliminate any time errors. So far as I know, there is no standard "code" to which audio PCM systems adhere. Duration and spacing of the pulses are the data that the recording generally provides, and these variables are "interpreted" as the designer of the overall system sees fit.

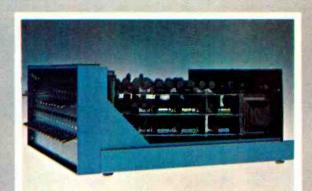
Don't look now, but consumer PCM recorders are virtually right on top of us. Sony has announced an adapter for the Betamax video-cartridge deck that will convert it into an audio PCM recorder. Another highly esteemed tape-machine manufacturer (I'm not free to name names just now) has halted all work on its latest open-reel creation to convert it to PCM. The conviction here is that PCM is the only possible (immediate) future for tape, and that a properly designed conventional audio recorder can do the job quite nicely, thank you.

It's apparent from the foregoing that tape recording, after these four imminent developments have materialized, will never be the same again. So let's gird our loins for the onslaught.

Powerful in computing muscle, yet small in physical size, the Altair 680b offers many special features at an affordable price. Based on the 6800 microprocessor, the 680b comes with 1K of static RAM, Serial I/O port, PROM monitor and provisions for 1K of PROM as standard components. It's good thinking, when you're interested in making a modest investment on a highly reliable computer, to consider the Altair 680b.

Our PROM monitor eliminates the necessity for toggling

front panel switches to load bootstraps or manipulate memory contents. Only a terminal and programming language are required for complete system operation. With Altair System software— Altair 680 BASIC, assembler and text editor - you may begin problem solving immediately with ease. By adding the 680b-MB Expander card, many options are currently available: \*16K Static Memory Board-Increase your system memory with 16K bytes of fast access (215 ns), low power (5 watts per board) static RAM. 680 BASIC and assembler/text



editor are included free with purchase.

\*Process Control Interface - A PC card that uses optically isolated inputs and relay outputs that transmit sensory information to and control signals from the computer. A diverse world of control applications is opened up with the Altair 680b-PCI.

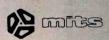
\*Universal Input/Output Board — If your I/O needs exceed the serial port already on the main board, augment your I/O channels with the 680b-UI/O. By implementing the optional serial port and two parallel ports, you can simul-

taneously interface to four

terminals.

\*New Addition-Kansas City Audio Cassette Interface – Use the 680b-KCACR to interface your Altair 680b with an audio cassette recorder for inexpensive mass storage of programming languages, programs and data.

Available in either full front panel or turnkey models, the Altair 680b presents many computing capabilities at a low cost-without skimping on performance. See it today at your local Altair Computer Center or contact the factory for further details.

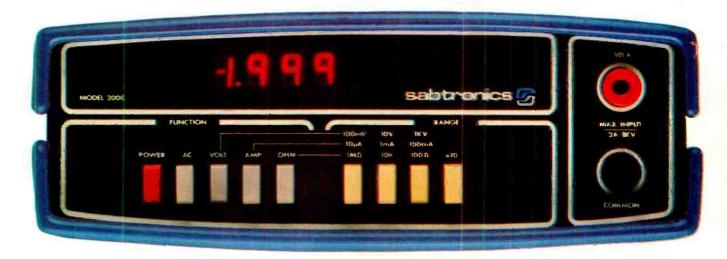


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## Julian Hirsch



## **Audio Reports**

#### IS THERE A DIGITAL FM TUNER?

In recent years, several FM tuners and receivers have been acclaimed as being "digital" components. In this context, "digital" is a catch-word that (with apologies to Lewis Carroll) usually means just what its writer intends it to mean; no more, and no less.

The most obvious external feature of a digital tuner is its frequency display, which is usually the only digital feature it has. Instead of a tuning dial calibrated with an accuracy that may range from the barely acceptable to the unusable, the tuner frequency is displayed via glowing digits to the nearest 0.1 MHz (or 10 kHz on AM, if that feature is included). In its simplest form, a digital FM tuner uses a frequency counter to measure its local oscillator frequency, subtract 10.7 MHz, and display the difference. Such a tuner (the Heath Model AR-1515 receiver, reviewed in this issue, is a good example) still requires a tuning meter as an aid to finding the exact center of the channel, since the digital display cannot resolve closer than 100 kHz. Normally the display blanks out "even" numbered channels (for example, it will go directly from 96.1 to 96.3 MHz) since all channel assignments in this country are on "odd" frequencies.

The advantages of the counter-type frequency display to the user are its improved accuracy and visibility at a distance. The designer's job is easier because he does not need a linear tuning characteristic, or even any sort of reproduceable tuning characteristic. However, the same stability and overall tuning ease are required as for any ordinary tuner.

Another type of digital tuning system uses a frequency synthesizer instead of a free-running oscillator. As a rule, a phase-lock loop (PLL) locks the local oscillator to a stable crystal oscillator. The PLL is an analog circuit, but considerable digital circuitry is required in the frequency dividers that reduce the frequency of the local oscillator to where it can be compared with the reference signal. And, of course, this type of tuner has digital counter and display circuits as well (although this function could be handled easily by several selector switches like those used to select channels on 144-MHz Amateur FM transceivers).

A synthesized tuner behaves quite differently from one that has a free-running oscillator with a frequency counter display. The synthesized signal moves in discrete steps, usually 200 kHz in this country. (Some European synthesized tuners use 50-kHz steps to accommodate the channel assignments used there.)

A tuning meter is not required, since the oscillator frequency is generated—and known—with far more accuracy than could be achieved by any manual tuning means.

A synthesizer can be programmed to generate any frequency within its range. The most striking example of this (and still the only unit of its kind) is the Heath Model AJ-1510A FM tuner. Any frequency in the FM band can be selected by sequentially pressing the calculator-type keys on its panel. This tuner and some others made in past years also can be programmed with punched cards to go immediately to the selected frequency when a card is inserted in a slot in the panel. (Heath's tuner can hold three cards, which can be selected by push buttons.) For scanning a band of frequencies, synthesized oscillators can be swept electronically (in discrete steps, although this is not obvious to the user), or tuned electrically by a conventional knob. The Revox tuner covers the FM band in 50-kHz steps as its knob is rotated, as an example.

The next step up in digital complexity is the use of a microprocessor in a tuner. So far, the only such application we know of is in a new "super tuner" announced by Sherwood but not yet available for sale at this writing. Not only the frequencies, but the call letters, of selected stations can be made to appear on its alphanumeric display. We will undoubtedly see other, even more imaginative, applications of digital circuitry to tuner displays in the near future.

Of course, none of these novel and intriguing applications of digital electronics to FM tuners affect its sound. And since they all add to the cost, one is spending a portion of the product's cost for cosmetic appeal in many cases, and for repeatable tuning accuracy in other instances.

Are there any actual digital circuits used in the functional portions of the tuner? There are a few easily overlooked ones because they are within a single circuit block or IC chip whose function is basically analog. In a multiplex demodulator, for example, there are frequency dividers to produce 38- and 19-kHz signals from a 76-kHz voltage-controlled oscillator (vco). For that matter, digital techniques have been used for decades in FM detection to give the greatest linearity. The discriminator, or ratio detector, is one of the sources of distortion in an FM tuner. It should be perfectly linear, with a voltage output proportional to signal frequency. Any nonlinearity

creates distortion in the audio signal from the tuner. Most discriminators depend on a resonant circuit for their operation. This circuit can be linear over only a limited band of frequencies and never perfectly linear from a theoretical standpoint.

For many years, the counter-type detector has been recognized as the most linear form of FM demodulator. In the ideal case, it would generate a single very-short pulse of constant width and amplitude every time the incoming signal waveform crosses the zero-voltage axis. The average value of these pulses, emerging in a train from the detector, is proportional only to the number of pulses occurring in a unit of time (that is, to the frequency of the incoming signal). Since the pulse amplitude is also independent of the signal amplitude, this type of detector is also an effective limiter.

In practice, a true counter detector is too expensive to use in a consumer-type FM tuner, although it is found in some laboratory instruments. Less expensive versions have been developed, some of which are found in recent products from Sherwood and Heath (the Heath AR-1515 has such a detector).

Another digital circuit in an FM tuner is in its interstation noise muting system. This is literally a "go/no-go" circuit that responds to one or more of the internal tuner parameters that depend on the presence, frequency, or strength of a signal. These include the

discriminator output and limiter voltages and high-frequency random noise in the detector output. In the more sophisticated muting systems, a logic circuit monitors all these voltages and passes the audio signals only when they indicate that a signal of receivable quality is in the tuner's pass band. The "digital" character of the final muting action may range from none at all (a gradual reduction of signal level with strength) to total (a reed relay that opens or shorts the audio).

Aside from these idealized examples, the very nature of FM reception is analog rather than digital. So when you read about a "digital" tuner, remember that this applies, at most, only to the generation of its local oscillator signal or, more probably, only to the display of its frequency. It is still less expensive to make an accurately calibrated tuning dial that's readable to 100 kHz than to incorporate a frequency counter into an FM tuner. Nevertheless, so few companies have ever made a serious effort to achieve "slide-rule" dial tuning accuracy (this is one tuner parameter that has absolutely no relationship to the selling price of the product) that we assume digital numeric displays will eventually take over this function. As dropping prices of digital IC's and display components eliminate the economic advantage of a tuning dial, we can expect digital tuner displays to become common at all price levels in a few years. ♦





#### **HEATH MODEL AR-1515 AM STEREO FM RECEIVER**

Complete integrated tuner/control center/amplifier has digital display.





The Model AR-1515 AM/stereo FM receiver that tops Heath's hi-fi receiver lineup is

derived, at least in part, from the highly versatile Modulus introduced a couple of years ago. For example, both have digital numeric AM/FM frequency displays instead of a tuning "dial" and most circuits are built on swing-up, plug-in pc boards. (In fact, the optional FM Dolby decoder in both cases is identical.) Where the two differ is in the fact that the Model AR-1515 is a complete integrated tuner/control center/amplifier, while the Modulus is basically a tuner/control cen-

ter to which external power amplifiers must be added. The new digital receiver is rated to deliver a minimum of 70 watts/ channel into 8 ohms with less than 0.08% THD from 20 to 20,000 Hz.

The Model AR-1515 receiver measures  $21\frac{1}{2}$ "W  $\times$  15"D  $\times$  6\footnote{4}"H (54.6  $\times$  38.1  $\times$  15.9 cm) and weighs 35.8 lb (16.3 kg). Available only in kit form, it is catalog priced at \$549.95. The optional Model AD-1504 FM Dolby decoder kit is \$39.95.

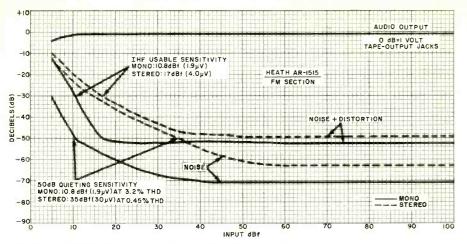
**General Description.** The numeric display is really what makes this a "digital" receiver. The ½" (12.7-mm) red LED seven-segment display indicates FM

frequencies to the nearest 0.1-MHz, displaying only the odd-numbered channels used in the U.S., and to the nearest 10-kHz on AM. The display and its decoder/driver circuits are located behind a rectangular "dial" area at the left of the front panel. The dial area is covered with a window that appears as a dead black area when the receiver is turned off.

Also behind the window are two meters that indicate relative signal strength on AM and FM and center-channel tuning on FM. The meters are lit in soft blue-green when the tuners are in use. Other illuminated legends that appear on the window identify the program source selected (AUX, TAPE, AM, FM, PHONO 1, and PHONO 2), the mode (MONO or 2CH), and the presence of a stereo FM PILOT during reception.

To the left of the dial window is the pushbutton POWER switch. When the power is on, no discrete power indicator comes on. Instead the numeric display lights up when the receiver is set to either tuner or at least one of the other legends is illuminated when the tuners are not selected to indicate the power-on status.

To the right of the dial window area



Noise and sensitivity curves for FM section of receiver.

are all the primary controls, arranged in a horizontal row. These include the TUN-ING control, MODE and source SELECTOR switches, and the VOLUME control. All less-frequently used controls are located along the lower portion of the front panel and hidden behind a narrow panel that hinges down to allow access to them. At the left is a headphone jack for private listening. This is followed by separate pushbuttons that switch in and out two sets of speaker systems. The next two buttons allow switching in and out LOW and HI audio filters. Next come three small controls, with knobs that are the same size and shape as those on the pushbutton switches. These are for adjusting the BASS, TREBLE, and BAL-

After the rotary controls come seven pushbutton switches: TONE FLAT bypasses the tone controls; LOUD compensates the response at reduced volume levels; SQUELCH DEFEAT; BLEND reduces noise on weak stereo FM signals; DOLBY for decoding Dolby-encoded FM broadcasts when the optional Dolby module is included; TAPE MON (monitor); and TAPE DUBBING. The TAPE DUBBING switch is used with the two TAPE DUB-BING jacks located to its right. The jacks are labelled in and out. They can be used to patch a second tape deck into the system (in addition to a deck connected to the terminals on the rear of the receiver). Programs can be dubbed from either deck to the other or copied on either or both decks from a selected program source.

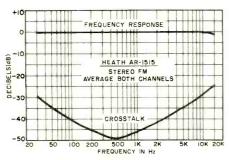
The speaker outputs on the rear apron use Heath's proprietary polarized connectors that are designed to simplify installation and eliminate phasing errors. Since there are no markings on the plugs themselves, the "hot" and ground terminals can be identified only by ex-

amining the rear panel of the receiver, on which the polarities are plainly marked. (The plugs can go into the connector blocks in only one direction).

Among the input and output connectors provided are separate preamplifier-output and power amplifier-input jacks that are normally linked together by external jumpers. Vertical and horizontal outputs are also provided for using an oscilloscope as a multipath indicator. A 300- or a 75-ohm FM antenna can be hooked up to the receiver via screw-type terminals, while a phono jack is used for the shielded coaxial AM loop antenna used with the receiver. (Materials are provided in the kit for making the antenna.)

The power transistors and their large heat sinks are mounted on the sides of the receiver, flush with the rear apron. Wooden walnut-finished side panels decorate the sides between the heat sinks and front panel.

The FM tuner has a preassembled and tested front end containing two MOSFET r-f amplifiers and four tuned circuits. The oscillator frequency is divided by eight before being counted for display on the numeric frequency display. The FM i-f amplifier has two shielded LC



Frequency and crosstalk averaged for both channels.

filters, IC stages for gain and limiting, and an IC digital detector. The multiplex decoder uses a phase-locked-loop (PLL) IC.

Laboratory Measurements. Our test receiver was built from a kit and aligned in accordance with instructions without the use of external test equipment. Since we found that the measured performance of the receiver after assembly and alignment without instruments generally matched or surpassed its ratings, we did not attempt to make any improvements by instrument alignment.

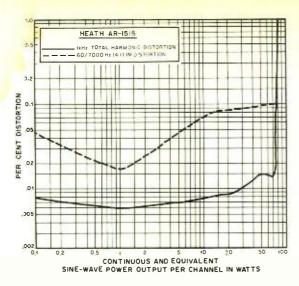
After the one-hour preconditioning period at one-third rated power, the heat sinks were fairly warm but not uncomfortable to the touch. The rest of the receiver was quite cool. (In normal service, the hottest part of the cabinet is directly over the numeric display and its three IC drivers.) The outputs clipped at 78 watts/channel with both channels driving 8-ohm loads at 1000 Hz. The 4-ohm output was 122 watts, and the 16-ohm power was 59 watts.

The 1000 Hz THD was between 0.006% and 0.01% from 0.1 to 30 watts output. It increased to 0.014% at the rated 70 watts and to 0.017% at 75 watts. The intermodulation (IM) distortion was between 0.02% and 0.1% for all outputs from 20 mW to 75 watts output.

At the rated output into 8 ohms, the THD was about 0.015% in the midrange and less than 0.05% from 20 to 20,000 Hz. At half power and less, the characteristic was similar and the distortion remained between those limits. The input required for a 10-watt reference output was 55 mV through the Aux inputs and 0.63 mV through the PHONO inputs. The respective S/N measurements were 85 and 77 dB (unweighted), both of which are exceptional figures. The phono input overloaded at a very safe 125 mV.

The tone control characteristics were excellent, with the bass control turnover frequency shifting from well below 100 Hz to about 300 Hz as the control was moved from center and the treble response hinging at about 5000 Hz. Except at the extreme settings of the controls, the midrange response was hardly affected. The filters had the desirable (and rarely found) 12 dB/octave cutoff slopes, with their -3-dB response frequencies being 5000 and 22 Hz. The loudness compensation boosted both low and high frequencies to such a moderate degree that the feature was actually useful.

The RIAA phono equalization was as



Total harmonic distortion and 60/7000-Hz distortion.

#EATH AR-1515

\*\*\*PARKE HOWER (TOM)

\*\*\*PARK

Harmonic distortion at three power levels.

accurate as our test instruments could measure, with  $\pm 0.5$  dB from 25 to 20,000 Hz. It was immune to cartridge inductance, which changed the frequency response by less than 0.5 dB in the 10,000-to-20,000-Hz range. This is a result of the use of op-amps for the phono preamplifiers, which maintain good isolation between the signal input and the feedback components that determine the frequency response.

The FM tuner was as "hot" as any we have tested. The mono IHF sensitivity and 50-dB quieting sensitivity both measured 10.8 dBf (1.9  $\mu$ V). In stereo, the IHF sensitivity was 17 dBf (4.0  $\mu$ V), and the 50-dB quieting sensitivity was 35 dBf (30  $\mu$ V) with 0.45% THD. The ultimate THD at a 65-dBf (1000  $\mu$ V) input was 0.24% in mono and 0.34% in stereo. The respective S/N measurements were 70.5 and 63 dB. The stereo THD, with L - R modulation, was 1.1% at 100 Hz, 0.63% at 1000 Hz, and 0.07% at 6000 Hz.

The FM capture ratio of 1.7 dB was fair by current standards, though the 72dB AM rejection figure was well above average. Image rejection was a very good 100 dB, and was barely within the range of our test equipment. Alternatechannel selectivity was also very good at 83.7 dB, and adjacent-channel selectivity was 11.8 dB. The muting threshold, as set by the kit builder, was at 21 dBf (6 μV), which was a suitable setting for most purposes (the threshold is adjustable during the alignment of the receiver). Unlike most FM receivers, the AR-1515 does not automatically switch from stereo to mono when the signal strength drops below a certain level. If a stereo signal is heard with too much noise, the user has merely to set the MODE switch to MONO. This does not

affect the FM PILOT indicator on the panel, so that one is always aware that a transmission is in stereo, even if it is being heard in mono.

The FM frequency response was almost perfectly flat from 30 to 10,000 Hz and was down 1.4 dB at 15,000 Hz. The 19-kHz pilot carrier in the audio outputs was suppressed to -62 dB. FM tuner hum was -70 dB. Stereo crosstalk was about -47 dB at 400 Hz, increasing smoothly to -28 dB at 30 Hz and to -23.5 dB at 15,000 Hz. Both channels were identical in this respect, and the adjustment of the separation control on the multiplex board (its only alignment adjustment) was completely noncritical. When it is set so that the FM PILOT light comes on, the separation is automatically optimum. The only measurement made on the AM tuner was for frequency response, which (like that of the Heath Modulus) was excellent. It was within ±1 dB from 20 to 4000 Hz, and down 6 dB at about 6600 Hz, after which it dropped off steeply to -30 dB at 10,000 Hz and beyond. (The usual AM "whistles" are effectively eliminated in this tuner.)

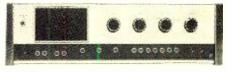
**User Comment.** Assembling the receiver was a time-consuming but by no means a difficult job. The kit builder spent some 41 hours assembling, checking out, and adjusting the receiver. An additional two hours were spent on assembling the tester that comes with the receiver and the optional Dolby noise-reduction module.

As usual, a great deal of credit must be given to Heath's excellent assembly manual and the use of wiring harnesses with prepared wire ends (including sockets for the pc modules) for the ease with which this kit went together. Each subassembly that makes up the receiver was packaged in its own box, which made the kit-building job appear more like an exercise in assembling a number of mini-kits. Too, the mechanical portions of the receiver seemed to fall into place, so easily did they line up and fasten together.

In many respects this receiver's performance is in keeping with the better manufactured receivers on the market today in its price range. In almost all other respects, the receiver would rank from good to excellent. Only in a couple of measurements did it fall short of what we have come to expect from an expensive, deluxe receiver. Judged by its actual off-the-air performance and sound quality, the receiver can hardly be faulted. Moreover, we know of no other stereo receiver that can match its AM quality.

The concept of an uncluttered front panel, with only the principal controls exposed to view, is an admirable one. Heath has come very close to achieving this goal in the AR-1515. It missed its full realization, however, by putting the MONO/STEREO switch on the main panel with a knob equal in size to the TUNING, VOLUME, and input SELECTOR controls.

The tuning rate is unusually fast. Only about five turns of the tuning knob are needed to cover the entire FM band. The actual "feel" of the tuning is very different from the freely-moving flywheel mechanisms of other tuners and receivers, but it is very smooth, positive, and



With hinged front panel open, minor controls and jacks are shown.

noncritical. The digital "dial" leaves no doubt as to which channel the receiver is tuned to, of course, and there is no detectable frequency drift, even from a cold start. The tuning is non-critical for optimum noise, distortion, and stereo separation characteristics, so that centering the tuning meter assures that the receiver is doing its best job. Interstation

FM muting is positive and noise-free, except for a slight "click" as it goes in and out of action. Also, this receiver is one of the very few to have really effective audio filters.

The AR-1515 receiver is certainly flexible enough for any reasonable listening situation and will easily hold its own with any receiver in sheer listening quality. If

the pleasure of building your own receiver is a factor, (it requires considerable time to assemble, but it goes together without a snag), this receiver represents a fine choice since the end result from both a performance and aesthetic view would make any builder proud to claim it as his handiwork.

CIRCLE NO. 90 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### **THORENS MODEL TD-126C RECORD PLAYER**

Has low-mass tonearm and electronic belt-driven turntable.





The new Model TD-126C highperformance record player from Thorens features

the company's very-low-mass "Isotrack" tonearm and an electronic belt-driven turntable. It is also one of the very few modern turntables to offer the 78-rpm speed as well as the more commonly available 33 1/3- and 45-rpm speeds. The platter and tonearm are isolated from the base on which the motor controls are mounted by a highly compliant spring suspension.

The record player is supplied on a black base with silver accents and comes with a hinged plastic dust cover. It measures  $19\%\text{W} \times 15\frac{1}{2}\text{D} \times 6\%\text{H}$  (50.5  $\times$  39.4  $\times$  17.1 cm) and weighs 34 lb (15.5 kg). Price is \$625. Additional plug-in tonearms are \$15.00 each.

**General Description.** The gimbal pivots support a 9" (23-cm) straight tubular lightweight aluminum tonearm. Antiskating compensation is applied by opposing magnetic fields and can be adjusted by turning a knob on the side of the pivot housing. Four antiskating scales cover the use of conical and elliptical styli on dry and wet (lubricated) record surfaces.

A large part of the effective mass of a

tonearm is in the plug-in cartridge shell and its locking hardware found in most record-player systems. Thorens has eliminated the usual cartridge shell with the result that the end of the tonearm contains only a plastic T that is just large enough to permit mounting a cartridge through its ½" (12.7-mm) spaced holes and a light metal finger lift

For cartridge installation and interchanging, the entire tonearm plugs into and unplugs from a socket that resembles the four-pin type used in most conventional tonearms at the cartridge shell end. The socket is located only about  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " (6.35 cm) from the pivot, where its mass is much more tolerable than it would be if it were on the end of the tonearm. The removable tonearm (additional arms are available for installing other cartridges) is furnished in a plastic storage container that also serves as a jig for aligning and orienting the phono cartridge.

The 7-lb (3.2-kg) cast nonferrous platter is driven by a 16-pole synchronous motor. The speed of the motor is controlled by a stable Wein-bridge oscillator. A vernier control is provided for adjusting the speeds over a nominal  $\pm\,6\%$  range.

The controls for the turntable are located in a row across the top front of the base. The suspended portion of the record player lies behind the controls so that operation of the controls does not jar the pickup. A knob at the left is for turning on and off the power to the turntable. The speed is selected by pressing lightly one of three flat rectangular plates. The outer edge of the selected speed plate lights up. (When the turntable is initially turned on, the 33½-rpm speed is automatically selected.)

To the right of the speed-selector plates is the stroboscope window that provides a view of the illuminated markings on the bottom of the platter. A speed vernier control near the window can be used to adjust each speed, referred to its own set of stroboscope markings. Although a single Vernier speed control is provided, when one speed is accurately set, the others are also correctly set. To the right of the vernier control is the mode selector that provides the user with a choice of fully manual operation, automatic tonearm lift at the end of play, or automatic tonearm lift and motor shutoff at end of play.

Next come three flat plates, similar to those used for speed selection. The first plate, whose edge lights up when power is first applied, is a shutoff control that, when activated, lifts the tonearm and removes power from the motor. The next plate turns on the motor but does not lower the tonearm; it can be used as a cueing arm lift when a record is being played. The last plate turns on the motor and lowers the pickup; it is the cueing descent control when a record is on the turntable. Very little force and almost no travel are required to activate any of the plate controls. For the automatic end-ofplay tonearm lift, an electric velocity sensor detects the rapid movement of the tonearm in the eccentric groove and triggers the lift circuit. It does so without imposing any additional load on the tonearm or cartridge.

**Laboratory Measurements.** We tested the record player with a Shure Model M95ED cartridge installed in its tonearm. After adjusting the cartridge as accurately as possible with the plastic

storage container/setup jig, we found that the apparent tracking error was larger than we had expected it to be. Investigating further, we discovered that it was difficult to measure the tracking error with our stylus protractor because of the shape of the tonearm. (No cartridge shell surfaces are tangent to the record groove.) On the reasonable assumption that the almost contant 2° error that we found was a measurement problem rather than a true tracking error, we determined that the tonearm has a near zero error over most of the record surface and a maximum of 0.5°/in. near the outside of the record.

When we balanced the tonearm so that the stylus was just above the surface (this according to instructions), the tracking force was high by 0.25 gram at all settings of the pressure dial. We readjusted the balance for a correct reading with the force dial set to 1 gram and found that the calibration was accurate over the entire 0.5-to-3-gram range of the dial. However, the tonearm balanced with the stylus about ½" above the surface of the record.

When we measured the mass of the tonearm with a calibrated spring driven

by a small loudspeaker motor, it was 9.8 grams (after subtracting the 6-gram mass of the cartridge). Although this is somewhat more than the claimed 7.5-gram mass, it was substantially lower than the mass of a typical record player tonearm.

The low-frequency resonance of the M95ED cartridge in the Isotrack tonearm fell at 10 Hz instead of the 8 Hz or so that is typical of other tonearms. The capacitance of the tonearm's wiring and the integral signal cables was 190 pF/channel, which is suitable for stereo cartridges but obviously not intended for use with CD-4 cartridges.

The turntable rumble was a very low -42 dB in a lateral unweighted measurement and -64 dB with ARLL weighting. Spectrum analysis revealed that the rumble was predominantly at 6 Hz. Although flutter was a low 0.035%, the wow varied at a slow rate, with a period of several seconds, between 0.02% and 0.08%, averaging about 0.06%. The principal flutter component was at 50 Hz.

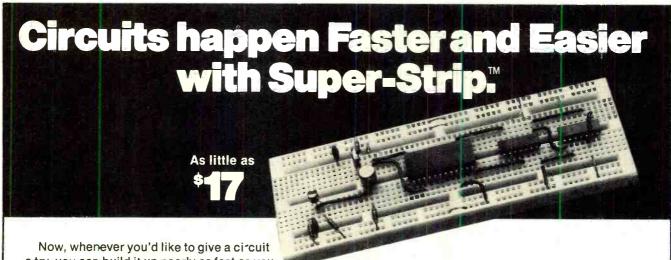
The speeds of the turntable were exact and did not change with line voltage or with extended use. The vernier con-

trol had a measured range of  $\pm 9\%$ .

The antiskating calibration was correct, giving equal distortion in both channels of the cartridge's output when the control was set to match the tracking force. However, when the antiskating was set to its minimum, there was sufficient residual force to swing the tonearm outward when it was floated in a balanced condition. The descent of the tonearm during cueing was slightly influenced by the antiskating force, causing it to drift outward enough to repeat a couple of seconds of the record.

The isolation of the record player from base-conducted vibrations was extremely effective. There was only one resonant transmission peak, between 40 and 50 Hz, and at this frequency, the sensitivity of the player to external vibration was 10 to 30 dB lower than any other record player we have tested. At other frequencies, the isolation was as much as 50 dB better than on other players. The self-resonant frequency of the player on its springs was about 3 Hz.

**User Comment.** The Model TD-126C record player represents an appreciable advance in player performance, even



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though most of its basic design features are conventional. Most important is that its tonearm mass is the lowest by far that we have measured on a conventional record player (with a pivoted offset arm). The antiskating is correct, which is most unusual in our experience. Turntable flutter is low, though not unusually so, but the rumble is on a par with some of the best direct-drive turntables and is lower than we have previously measured on a belt-driven turntable. And as we mentioned before, this is also one of the very few modern turntables to offer a 78-rpm speed.

The operation of the player is simple and logical, providing a choice of partial automation or none at all. For all practical purposes, the player is immune to acoustic feedback conducted through its base. However, the player was somewhat sensitive to jarring under rough handling.

To counterbalance its virtues, the player is large, heavy, and quite expensive. It is obviously not suited to CD-4 cartridges, and it does not have a perfectly drift-free cueing system (though it is no worse in this respect than most other players).

Cartridge installation was an incredibly exasperating procedure, we observed. Fortunately, this is not a recurring process. Perhaps our reaction is colored by having read the manufacturer's instruction manual before starting. The importer's manual is relatively clear on the cartridge installation procedure.

In sum, even at its rather high price, the Model TD-126C record player is certain to appeal to discriminating phonophiles, especially those who have collections of 78-rpm discs.

CIRCLE NO. 102 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### ORTOFON MODEL MC20 PHONO CARTRIDGE AND MODEL MCA-76 PREAMPLIFIER

Top-grade stereo cartridge uses moving-coil design.







Ortofon has recently produced some moving-iron cartridges, but its newest and finest

model, the MC20, uses the moving-coil principle, which they had previously employed exclusively. As is the case with most moving-coil cartridges, this one does not allow user replacement of the stylus. Instead, the entire cartridge can be exchanged for a new one at a considerable price saving when it comes time to replace the stylus.

Since the moving-coil type of cartridge has a very low output level, it usually requires a signal "booster" to allow it to adequately drive the phono input circuits of most amplifiers and receivers. This booster can be a step-up transformer or a separate preamplifier, both of which are available from Ortofon. For our tests on the Model MC20 cartridge, we selected the new Model MCA-76 preamplifier.

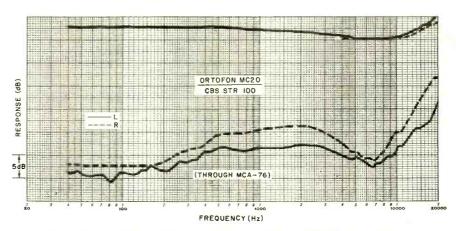
The Model MC20 cartridge is priced at \$120 (\$65 on exchange for stylus replacement); the Model MCA-76 preamplifier is \$170.

**General Details.** A modified elliptical "Fine-Line" stylus is used on this cartridge. The shape of the stylus allows contact with the groove walls along thin edges in a manner similar to that of the special styli developed for CD-4 cartridges to give better high-frequency tracking and lower record wear. The compliance of the cartridge is rated 25 horizontally and 15 vertically, and the equivalent tip mass is 0.5 mg. The range

of tracking forces is rated at 1.5 to 2.0 grams, with 1.7 grams being the force recommended by Ortofon. The vertical tracking angle is 20°. Total cartridge mass is 7 grams.

The stylus drives the signal-generating coils through a cantilever whose diameter is stepped to provide stiffness with low mass. The fixed end of the cantilever is supported and damped by a rubber suspension, and the motion of the stylus "wiggles" the dual coil assembly in a powerful magnetic field. Each coil has only 28 turns of very fine wire. Hence, the output signal voltage at a 5-cm/s recorded velocity is a mere 70  $\mu V$ . The dc resistance of the coils is 2.5 ohms/channel, and the inductance is negligible.

The Model MCA-76 preamplifier used with the cartridge has a voltage gain of 50, which increases the minute output level of the cartridge to about 3.5 mV. The input impedance of the preamplifier is 75 ohms, which is a suitable load for the cartridge. The output impedance of



Frequency response (top) and channel separation of both channels.

less than 140 ohms allows the preamplifier to drive long cable lengths or to be terminated by almost any preamplifier input circuit without modifying the response of either the cartridge or the amplifier.

The maximum input rating of the preamplifier is 6 mV to provide a 300-mV output, providing the assurance that it will never limit the system's dynamic range. The preamplifier's distortion is negligible, rated at less than 0.04% THD and 0.01% IM at the maximum input levels. Hum is rated to be 120 dB below the maximum operating level. Since this is almost 40 dB above the nominal output of the cartridge, the net S/N ratio is on the order of 80 dB, which is highly noteworthy and surpasses the S/N of any preamplifier that is likely to be used with this cartridge preamplifier.

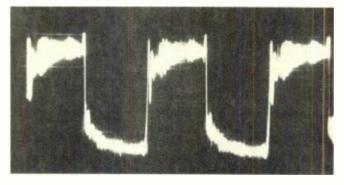
The preamplifier is housed in a small black box and has its own integral ac power supply. A pushbutton switch at one end of the box shuts off the power and simultaneously bypasses the amplifier circuits when in the out position. This allows the preamplifier to be left connected to a record player in which other types of cartridges will also be used. A second button on the case allows insertion of a built-in CD-4 low-pass filter to roll off the response sharply beyond 50,000 Hz. This prevents interference with the demodulator circuits

the frequency response of the cartridge sloped gently downward with increasing frequency, to about -2.5 dB between 5000 and 10,000 Hz, before rising to between +1 and +2.5 dB at 20,000 Hz. (The two channels responded slightly differently.) The rise was obviously the lower skirt of a relatively undamped stylus rescnance, but we did not extend our measurements beyond 20,000 Hz.

Channel separation measured 20 to 25 dB up to 10,000 Hz and beyond. It decreased to 12 to 18 dB at 20,000 Hz. The square-wave response of the cartridge with the CBS STR112 test record revealed fairly low-level sustained ringing over the entire duration of the square wave at a frequency we estimate to be about 40,000 Hz. The measured vertical tracking angle was 20° (as rated).

The output of the cartridge at 3.54 cm/s was about 5.1 mV when using the Model MCA-76 preamplifier, with the two channels matched to within 0.4 dB. In our tracking tests, the cartridge was able to play all levels of the Shure TTR-110 record at 2 grams, although there was a hint of mistracking at the highest level of the bass drum. The 60-micron level of the German Hi-Fi Institute test record was barely tracked at 2 grams. Using the Shure TTR-103 record, the 10,800-Hz tone-burst distortion was low at less than 1% at all velocities up to 30 cm/s maximum.

Square-wave response revealed low-level ringing.



from r-f noise pickup. There is a fixed subsonic filter that cuts off the response very sharply below 7 Hz.

**Laboratory Measurements.** We tested the cartridge both directly at its outputs and through its companion preamplifier. For most of our tests, the cartridge was installed in the tonearm of a Thorens Model TD-126C player.

Experimenting with different tracking forces, we found that a 2-gram force was required to track the highest velocities on our test records. That force was subsequently used throughout our tests.

Playing the CBS STR100 test record,

The IM test, using the Shure TTR-102 record, revealed that the distortion increased gradually from about 1.6% at velocities slower than 15 cm/s to 4% at 27.1 cm/s. There was no evidence of the severe mistracking that occurs with some cartridges at the higher levels of this record.

The Model MCA-76 preamplifier had a gain of 34 dB (equivalent to a voltage gain of 50)  $\pm 0.3$  dB from below 10 Hz to well beyond 50,000 Hz. The 1000-Hz distortion was less than 0.04% for outputs up to 100 mV and only 0.1% at the maximum rated output of 300 mV. The output clipped at 430 mV, which re-

quired just slightly greater than 8 mV at the input.

We could not measure the noise level of the preamplifier. It was below the minimum levels readable on our instruments.

User Comment. An extended listening experience with the cartridge/preamplifier system did nothing to resolve our doubts about whether or not moving-coil cartridges have special qualities. We never heard anything in the sound of this cartridge that we did not hear more or less when playing the same records with other good cartridges. Unfortunately, we were not able to make true A-B comparisons with this and other cartridges in identical tonearms playing the same record.

In the same vein, the measured performance of the Ortofon cartridge reveals that it is good to excellent in practically every respect. After "living" with the new Ortofon cartridge for an extended period, we eventually came to realize that its sound was impressively devoid of harshness and identifiable coloration, measurements aside. We got the personal sense that this cartridge has a clarity and definition that place it somewhat apart from other cartridges, although we would not be able to support this statement objectively.

To our hearing, the preamplifier contributes no noise when in operation. At the highest listening levels we could use, lifting the pickup resulted in dead silence from the speaker systems. (At higher gain settings, which we do not consider to be normal for listening, some slight amount of hiss could be heard.) We did find, however, that there was enough power-line hum pickup in the cartridge circuit, apparently from ground loops, to be audible at high gain settings when the cartridge was installed in the Thorens tonearm. The magnitude of the hum varied with our choice of amplifier and was much less when we installed the cartricge in other tonearms. It appears that this hum problem was a peculiarity of cur installation and cannot be chargeable to the record player or cartridge.

This is one of the best as well as one of the most expensive phono cartridges we have used. (We include the cost of the cartridge preamplifier in our assessment; the cartridge alone is not unusually expensive.) In combination with a suitable audio system, it will provide as great a sense of reality as any other top-quality cartridge.

CIRCLE NO 103 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

# Why you should buy a digital multimeter from the leader in digital multimeters.

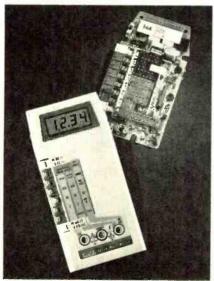
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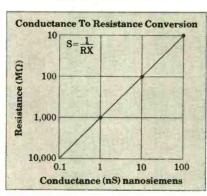
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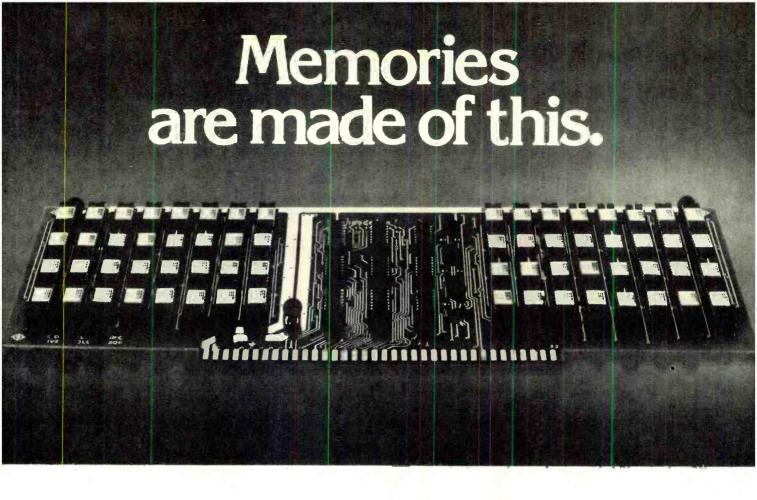
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Popular Electronics\*

AUGUST, 1977

# AUTOMATIC percussion synthesizers are popular musical accompaniment accessories. The "Cabonga" described here is a percussion synthesizer that is designed to be played by hand like a conventional bongo drum. All electronic, it is battery powered and produces an output that can drive just about any instrument amplifier/speaker system.

The Cabonga electronically generates a damped sine wave whose frequency is continuously variable to provide sounds that range from a bass drum to a wood block. Its exponential decay time can be varied from a fraction of a second to more than two seconds to simulate sounds that range from a click to a timpani.

Provisions are included for both local and remote triggering. In addition, a multivibrator (such as the automatic trigger accessory to be described next month) can be used to continuously trigger the Cabonga at a preset rate. By interconnecting the external-trigger jacks of two or more Cabongas, you can simulate a wide range of percussion instruments at one time.

In this first part of a two-part article, we discuss the operation and construction of the basic Cabonga. Next month, we cover the accessories that can be used with it. These include snare-drum, automatic triggering, special-effects sound modifier, and a combination ac power supply and active audio mixer.

**About the Circuit.** The circuit of the Cabonga is shown schematically in Fig. 1. When the drum head is struck, S1 closes and applies a positive-going pulse to C1 and R2. This pulse is passed by C2 and D2 to the tone generator. When S1 opens and C1 discharges, the negative-going pulse produced is shunted to ground by D1.

The tone generator is a twin-T active filter made up of *IC1B*, *R4*, *R5*, *R10*, and *C3* through *C6*. An additional feedback loop is made up of *R8* and *R9*. With the component values shown, applying a trigger pulse produces an exponentially damped sine-wave output. Potentiometer *R10* determines the operating frequency of the sine wave, while *R8* and *R9* in the feedback loop determine the decay time of the damping. The output signal from the tone generator is attenuated by volume control *R11* and is buffered by *IC1A* and fed to *J3* for subsequent processing.

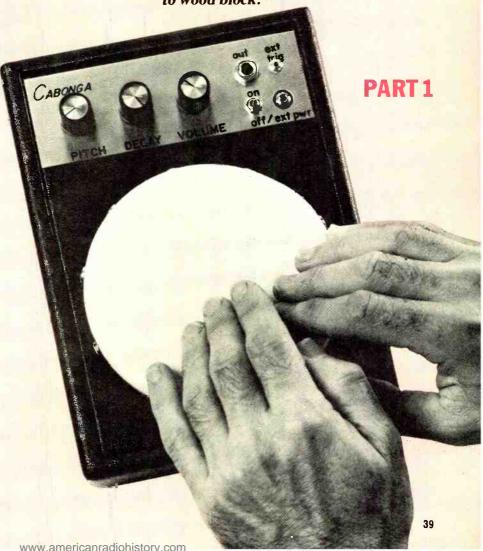
Construction. The Cabonga's circuit can be assembled on perforated board or a printed circuit board, the etching AUGUST 1977

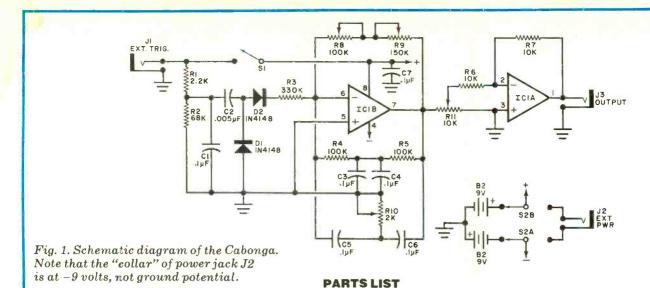
# cabonga

# AN ELECTRONIC PERCUSSION SYNTHESIZER

BY JAMES BARBARELLO

Played like a bongo drum, the
Cabonga produces waveforms that
simulate sounds of percussive
instruments from bass drum
to wood block.





B1,B2-9-volt transistor batteries

C1,C3 through C7-0.1-µF disc ceramic capacitor

C2-0.005-µF disc ceramic capacitor

D1,D2-1N4148 silicon diode

IC1-5558 dual operational amplifier IC

J1-Subminiature phone jack

J2-Miniature phone jack (insulated)

J3-Standard phone jack

The following resistors are 1/4-watt,

10% tolerance, carbon composition:

R1-2200 ohms

R2-68 000 ohms

R3-330,000 ohms

R4,R5-100,000 ohms

R6,R7-10,000 ohms

R8-100,000-ohm, linear-taper pc trimmer potentiometer

R9-150,000-ohm, linear-taper potentiometer R10-2,000-ohm, linear-taper potentiometer

R11-10,000-ohm, linear-taper potentiometer S1-Oak feather-touch calculator keyboard

NO switch (Poly Paks 92CU1749 or equiva-

S2-Subminiature dpdt switch

Misc.—Printed circuit board; battery clips; hookup wire; hardware; solder; etc.

Note: See Bill of Materials (next page) for availability of kits

and drilling and component-placement guides for which are shown in Fig. 2. In either case, it is recommended that you use a socket or two rows of Molex Soldercons for the IC. Also, be sure you observe the proper polarities and orientation of the components.

The circuit board, batteries and holder, jacks, etc. can be mounted in any convenient size box that will accommodate them and the momentary-action pushbutton switch used for triggering the Cabonga

The box can be made from four pieces of 3/4" (19.1-mm) thick plywood for the sides and two pieces of 1/4" (6.4mm) thick Masonite or tempered hardboard. The overall dimensions of the box should be roughly  $9\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times$  7"  $\times$  2" (24)  $\times$  17.8  $\times$  5.1 cm). The top and bottom of each wall should be rabbeted to provide 3/8" (9.5-mm) deep by 1/4" wide "shelves" so that the top and bottom plates are flush with the top and bottom of the walls. (Note: If you do not have a router to make the rabbets, you can make each

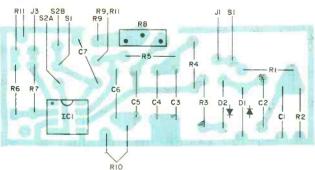
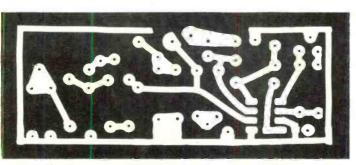


Fig. 2. Etching and drilling guide (below) and component layout (left) for the Cabonga pc board.

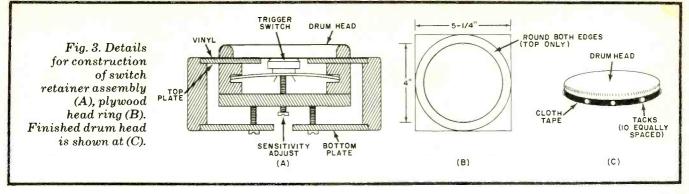


wall from separate pieces of 1/2" and 1/4" plywood, cutting the latter 1/2" narrower and fastening the pieces together with glue and 5/3" finishing nails.) Round all top and bottom edges of the walls with sandpaper.

The top plate must be finished to permit mounting of the controls, switches, jacks, and the drum head assembly, as shown in the lead photo. If you use a metal control plate as shown, be sure that jack J2 is isolated from it. The calculator switch used under the drum head as the trigger switch is not mounted on the top plate. Hence a 11/2" (3.8cm) hole must be drilled for it. Fix the center of this hole at the mid-point of the shorter side and 3" (7.6-cm) up from the end opposite the location of the jacks and controls. Drill the hole where the two measurements coincide.

Next, referring to detail A in Fig. 3, fabricate the drum head switch retainer assembly from white pine lumber. Note the grooves in which the hardboard on which the switch is mounted fits. You do not need a router to make these grooves; a sharp wood chisel will do satisfactorily because of the softness of the pine. The No. 8 × 1" sheet metal screw used for adjusting the sensitivity of the drum head should have its point filed off.

Once the retainer assembly is fabricated, fasten it to the bottom surface of the top plate with glue and flathead wood screws. Coat the top surface of



the top plate with contact cement except for a 5½" diameter circular area centered at the keyswitch hole. Neatly cover the plate with black vinyl, overlapping it on all sides. Cut away the vinyl from around the holes already drilled but *not* from around the keyswitch hole.

The collar over which the drum's diaphragm is stretched is made from a  $6^{\prime\prime}$  square by  $34^{\prime\prime}$  thick ( $15.2\times15.2\times2$  cm) piece of plywood. When the wood ring has been cut out, round the top outer

mastic surfaces must close up on each other. This tape is the decorative band that goes around the drum head and covers the staples holding the diaphragm. To hold it in place, use 10 chrome-finished upholstery tacks around the circumference of the ring collar. (See details B and C in Fig. 3.)

Use four ¾" flathead wood screws to fasten the drum head assembly to the top plate, centering it over the calculator key trigger switch. Then glue a block of

described above for locating the center of the calculator key hole, locate the center of the access hole for the sensitivity-adjust screw on the key switch retainer assembly. Drill a 5/16" (8-mm) hole at this point. Strike a line passing through the center of this hole and parallel to the bottom edge of the plate. At points approximately 1" (2.54 cm) on both sides of the access hole, drill a 1/8" (3.2-mm) hole.

Smoothly sand and clean the bottom plate. Then coat a sheet of black vinyl with contact cement and neatly attach it to the outer surface of the bottom plate. Again, overlap the vinyl around all edges and onto the inner surface. (If you wish, you can fasten a sheet of ribbed rubber

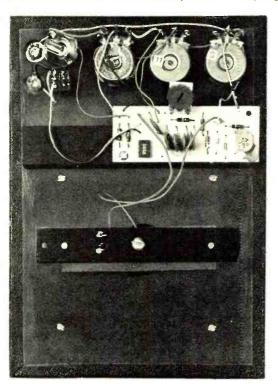


Fig. 4. Bottom view of the finished top plate shows the locations of the switch retainer assembly, pc board, controls and jacks.

and inner edges so that the top forms almost a semicircle. Smoothly sand all surfaces. Then stretch a single layer of fabric-backed white vinyl over the top of the ring collar, fastening it in place with wire staples. Allow the vinyl to overlap the bottom edge and staple it to the side of the ring. Cut the vinyl flush with the bottom edge of the ring. Now, fold an 18" (46-cm) length of black Mystic cloth tape along its entire length 1/8" in from both edges so that the tape has a seam down its center. When you fold the tape, the

¾" square by 5¼" long pine to the top plate as shown in Fig. 4 to provide a means for mounting the circuit board assembly and batteries. When the glue has set, fasten the battery holder and the circuit board assembly side by side on the top of the block with woodscrews. Interconnect the board with the various controls, switches, and jacks with insulated hookup wire. Temporarily set aside the top plate assembly.

The bottom plate can be prepared as follows. First, using the same procedure

# BILL OF MATERIALS

# Case

2—pieces 34" plywood 91/2" × 2"

2—pieces ¾" plywood 6" × 2"

1—piece unsupported black vinyl 35" × 4½" Top Plate

1—piece ¼" tempered hardboard (Masonite or equivalent) 8-3%" × 5-1%"

1-piece black vinyl 91/4" × 6-3/4"

# **Bottom Plate**

1—piece ½" tempered hardboard 8-¾" × 5-¾"

1—piece rubber matting 8-3/8" × 5-7/8" or 1 piece black vinyl 91/4" × 63/4" (see text)

# Head

1-piece 34" plywood 6" × 6"

1—piece cloth-backed white vinyl 71/2" × 71/2"

1—piece black cloth tape 18" × 34"

10-chromed upholstery tacks

# Control Plate

1—piece 1/32" aluminum stock 5-78" × 2"

# Switch Assembly

1-piece 3/8" pine 41/2" × 3/4"

2-pieces 5/8" pine 1" ×

1-piece 1/8" hardboard 31/2" × 1"

# Miscellaneous

 $1-5" \times 3/4" \times 3/4"$  pine block

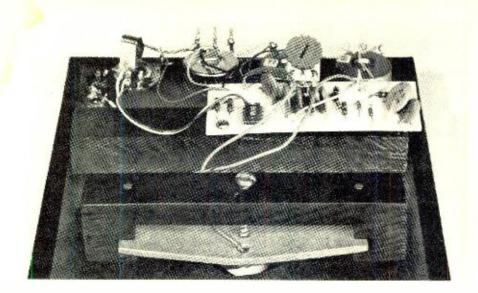
4-No. 8 × 3/4" wood screws

1-No. 8 × 11/4" sheet metal screw

2-No. 8 × 1" sheet metal screws

Nails, glue, etc.

Note: The following are available from JAL Associates, Box 107, Eatontown, NJ 07724: Complete kit including all components (M1), \$32.50; parts kit (M1-E) including all electronic components, jacks switches, pc board, \$19.50; etched and drilled pc board (M1-PC), \$3.50. All prices include postage. New Jersey residents add 5% sales tax.



Side view of top plate reveals mounting details of switch retainer assembly, tension adjust screw and pc board.

runner to the outer surface of the bottom plate with contact cement instead of the vinyl. The runner will provide an antiskid grip when the Cabonga is placed on a table as it is being played.) Clear away the vinyl (or rubber runner) from around the three holes. If you are using the rubber runner, clear away enough of it to allow the two screws that go into the holes on both sides of the access hole to go far enough in so that their heads sit flat against the bottom plate. Temporarily set aside the bottom plate assembly.

Smoothly sand and clean all exterior surfaces of the box wall assembly and then coat all surfaces with flat black paint. When the paint has dried, coat the rear surface of a  $35'' \times 4\frac{1}{2}''$  ( $90 \times 11.4$  cm) sheet of black vinyl with contact cement and wrap it around the wall assembly. Start about 1" from one corner and finish up at the same corner; trim off any excess vinyl to make a neat seam. At each corner, slit the vinyl and trim it as necessary. Carefully fold the vinyl over the top and bottom edges and into the rabbets. Try to avoid having any of the wood show through as you trim.

Before final assembly, check that the air seal between the drum head and the vinyl covering the key switch on the top plate is sufficient for proper triggering. To do this, first adjust the sensitivity screw on the key switch retainer assembly so that it is slightly depressed by the vinyl on the top plate. Press down on the drum head and note whether or not the key switch moves. If it does, the seal is sufficient; if not, you will have to tighten the screws that secure the drum head to the top plate until you get sufficient air sealing. If all else fails, you might have to remove the drum head assembly and

place gasketing material between it and the top plate.

Final assembly consists of placing the top and bottom plate assemblies in the box wall assembly and securing the whole unit together with two No.  $8\times11/4$ " sheet metal screws passed through the bottom plate's holes and driven into the crossbar on the switch retainer assembly.

Checkout. To check out the operation of the Cabonga, it is necessary to take it out of its case. Once this is done, feed the output of the Cabonga from J3 to an instrument amplifier. Turn on the power via S2. Now, set PITCH control R10 to about its 9 o'clock position and DECAY control R9 and VOLUME control R11 fully clockwise. Then turn the sensitivity-adjust screw for the key switch until the switch closes and you hear a sound. Back off on the adjusting screw until the sound drops out and you can hear it only when the drum head is struck.

If the Cabonga breaks into oscillation, adjust trimmer potentiometer *R8* until the oscillations just cease. If you hear no

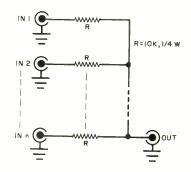
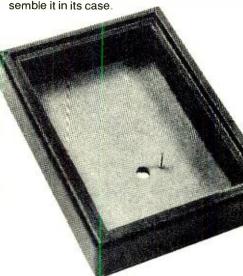


Fig. 5. Mixer combines several signals for use with one amplifier.

oscillations on initial checkout, adjust R8 until you do and then back off until the oscillations just drop out. Replace R4 with a 68,000-ohm resistor if you cannot obtain oscillations no matter where R8 is set

After the initial adjustment is made, vary the PITCH control over its entire range to determine whether or not oscillations still occur. The circuit might continue to oscillate at higher frequencies, such as at the fully clockwise position of the PITCH control. If these oscillations do occur at high frequencies, break the connection between R10 and the C5/C6 network and insert a 10-ohm resistor between the potentiometer and capacitors.

Experiment with the settings of the PITCH, DECAY, and VOLUME controls while striking the drum head to determine whether or not the project is operating properly. When you are satisfied with the operation of the Cabonga, reas-



Bottom with rabbeting, tension adjust hole and retaining screw.

Use Ideas. You will probably want to use several Cabongas, each tuned to produce a different sound, at the same time to simulate different musical effects. To interconnect all Cabongas you might wish to use, you can do so with the passive summer shown in Fig. 5. Some attenuation of the signal will occur when the summer is used, but the output level will still be adequate to drive most instrument amplifiers.

When interconnecting Cabongas via the external trigger jacks, you must adjust the individual volume controls so that *all* sounds can easily be heard.

Next month's discussion of a number of accessories will enable you to add to the Cabonga's versatility. Until then, you have an instrument that should provide many hours of entertainment.

# CHOSIC PORTABLE COBILE TAPE BY JAMES R. HORSTMAN RECORDERS

# Tape enthusiasts need not be tied to a wall socket.

THE CASSETTE and 8-track cartridge tape formats for portable and mobile applications have grown and prospered side by side, each boasting its own unique advantages.

The standard compact cassette is actually a small, reel-to-reel tape housed in a self-contained plastic shell that measures only 4" long by 2\footnote{J-"} high by 7/16" thick. Like open-reel tapes, with separate supply and feed reels, it may be rewound or turned over to play other tracks. When the loaded cassette machine is activated, a small pinch roller moves the tape smoothly at 17 ips. Tape measures about \( \forall '' \) wide and is available in 20-minute to 120-minute play- or record-time formats.

Now, there are also sub-compact cassettes. They're designed primarily for voice-dictation and note-taking purposes. Moreover, there are at least four sub-compact systems that are not interchangeable.

The tape cartridge, on the other hand,

is much different. Its tape is wound in a continuous loop that's fed from the center of a single reel and rewound on the outside of that same reel, permitting continuous play. When it reaches the end of one revolution, the playback head moves over a notch (manually or automatically) to play the next track. In stereo, this head-moving process occurs four times, while in 4-channel it's done twice. Compared to a cassette, a cartridge is bulky, being four times its size. Tape speed is 33 ips and tape width is 1", which, theoretically should make the cartridge superior to the cassette in terms of potential hi-fi reproduction. Further, each tape cartridge contains its own pinch roller (which most experts feel is not an advantage).

Theory aside, however, the standard cassette system generally provides better fidelity. This is due, in part, to the special tape formulations available for cassettes. Additionally, the 8-track cartridge drive and head alignment systems

are inherently less precise than a cassette's. But these differences are less noticeable in portables and auto units since Dolby noise-reduction circuitry, dual capstans, etc. are rarely used.

As a result, choice of format generally involves considerations other than high-fidelity sound. For example, if one were to choose a battery-powered portable, it's likely that the choice would be a cassette. Due to its much smaller size and lighter weight, it has essentially eliminated cartridges from this market. Further, cassettes can be rewound and have a fast-forward speed, making it much easier (and faster) to locate specific recorded sections on the tape. Also, most 8-track machines do not offer record facilities, while most cartridge machines do.

Selecting a car tape format, however, is an entirely different story. Here, 8-track cartridges got the jump on cassettes when Lear Jet teamed up with RCA and Ford before Phillips got up

steam with its cassette format.

Aside from the auto tape lead initially enjoyed by 8-track, the no-fumble convenience of simply pushing a cartridge into a slot while driving and listening to commercial-free music played without ending attracted many people. It still does, thanks to the availability of a large library of prerecorded tapes and the easy transition from stereo to 4-channel sound made possible by the 8-track cartridge system. The latter is something cassette manufacturers are still struggling with.

Cassettes are challenging the 8-track machine in automobiles, though. Compact size is one reason. Another is the ability to locate portions of a recording very quickly. And, equally important, if a person owns a home cassette deck, the recording facility and interchangeability permit a cassette to do double duty. Also, there are automatic-reversing cassette systems now available for continuous listening.

Shopping for Portables. The way to start shopping for tape portables is to sit down with paper and pencil and assess the quantity and quality of portability you will require. Very often, these two go together, as extra dollars add desirable features you'll find you cannot do without. Once you have seen some deluxe unit, it's difficult to go back "down."

Chances are that you'll choose a battery-powered cassette unit, since there aren't many cartridge machines around. Most portable cassette machines are monophonic, which is just as well since you wouldn't want to pack an extra speaker wherever you go. However, if you're willing to sacrifice small size and light weight, there are a handful of ac-dc portable cassette machines that record and play back in mono cr stereo. Some do feature two built-in speakers and two microphones for stereo use. (Sub-compact cassettes exhibit poor fidelity for reproducing music as compared to the conventional cassettes.)

Costlier cassette models offer a host of extra features you might want to check out. Here are some examples:

☐ Ac and dc operation to extend battery life.

☐ Built-in battery charger for automatic charging when plugged into an ac outlet.
 ☐ Larger speaker(s) for more robust

☐ Automatic shutoff with mechanism disengage when tape play is ended.

sound.

☐ Automatic level control to maintain relatively constant sound recording level, so that the recordist need not continually monitor a volume control.

☐ Large VU/battery indicator for easy viewing.

☐ Tone control to adjust playback to your liking.

☐ Tape counter to permit quick location of a recorded portion of your tape.

☐ Tape select switch to give you the flexibility of using premium tapes.

☐ Speedie: fast-forward and rewind time for impatient users.



	Dual	flywheels	for	reduced	wow	and
flu	tter					

☐ Servo-control motor to maintain accurate speed when batteries weaken.

☐ Interlocking pause control for stable recording speed when starting and stopping.

☐ Remote microphone provisions to free you from the machine.

☐ Variable pitch control for the critical music lover.

☐ Peak limiter to automatically prevent distortion from overloading.

☐ Subminiature size for handy carrying.

☐ Stereo provisions.

☐ More powerful amplifier(s).

 $\hfill \square$  Automatic voice activator so you don't miss a thing.

Clearly, there will have to be tradeoffs. Each "extra" chosen adds to the cost, weight, and/or size. The latter is sometimes offset by superb miniaturization with rugged construction, but the tradeoff here is higher cost.

How does one "test" a portable? There are a number of guidelines. • First, handle it to judge weight and size. · Play cassette tapes that you've heard on a high-quality cassette deck (preferably a tape with plenty of highs and lows, and one with a solo piano recording). • Record a tape for playback at home. • Record a few minutes on a C-120 (two-hour) tape, which is ultra thin, to judge tape-handling quality. • Jingle keys so you can determine recording and playback realism. • Speak at the same level at different distances and with your back turned to evaluate how much the voice is obscured by the machine's noise. (You'll be surprised at the substantial differences among machines.) • Try the pushbuttons to be sure they're conveniently located and don't stick. . Attach an external, highefficiency speaker system to the portable's external speaker jack.

Above all, don't lose sight of your quest for *portability*. After all, you don't want to be a furniture mover every time you wish to take along your portable.

# Shopping for Auto Tape Players.

A major reason for the popularity of the automobile tape player is that even a relatively inexpensive system sounds better in the car than at home. The closed environment and masking of fidelity limitations by external noise (engine, wind, tires, etc.) makes listening a rewarding experience. The choice of music is yours, not the disc jockey's nor the broadcast station's commercials. Equally important, there isn't much to distract you in the car.

You'll have to make a choice between 8-track cartridge and cassette machines. As discussed earlier, 8-track offers many more prerecorded selections, largely nonclassical. The cartridges are bulkier, though, and it's difficult to locate portions of a recording with dispatch. However, they play continuously, so a cartridge doesn't stop when the recording ends, but continues 'round and 'round. When driving; this no-handling facility is advantageous. Consider, too, that 8-track offers 4-channel sound, which provides a unique sound sensation, especially in an auto environment.

The favorable attributes of cassette machines can be recapitulated as: smaller machine, which makes for easier car installation; smaller tape package so you can store more cassettes in a small space; fast-forward and rewind facility; and a convenient recording facility (at home). So take your choice.

Cassette Players. Cassette car players are small enough to be mounted in the dashboard where the car radio goes or in the glove compartment—both major deterrents to theft—although many are still mounted under the dash. Whichever position you choose, practice loading the unit a few times before you try it on the road. With a glove-compartment mount, of course, you'll have to pull over to the side of the road to change tapes.

If you have a cassette deck at home, you can get more from your mobile unit by making your own recordings. You can save money, too, since prerecorded tapes are costlier than discs by one or two dollars. Furthermore, with a high-quality cassette deck and good source equipment and material, you can make better tapes than you can buy. (Exceptions, here, are the premium prerecorded cassettes made on chromium-dioxide tapes by Advent of classical music.)

An increasingly popular option in car cassette units is a built-in stereo FM radio, which gives the driver more program options. Many of these models have a clever "custom" look in which the radio tuning dial also serves as the cassette slot. Some are wired to record directly off the air (usually in mono, although the unit will play back in stereo), while others even have a hand-held microphone so you can dictate while you drive. If you have only an AM radio in the car, as many of us do, this combination can be most rewarding.

Other features to look for in an auto cassette machine (remembering that they add to the cost) are: automatic reverse, multiband radio, automatic stop

and/or reject, and signal-seeking on the radio.

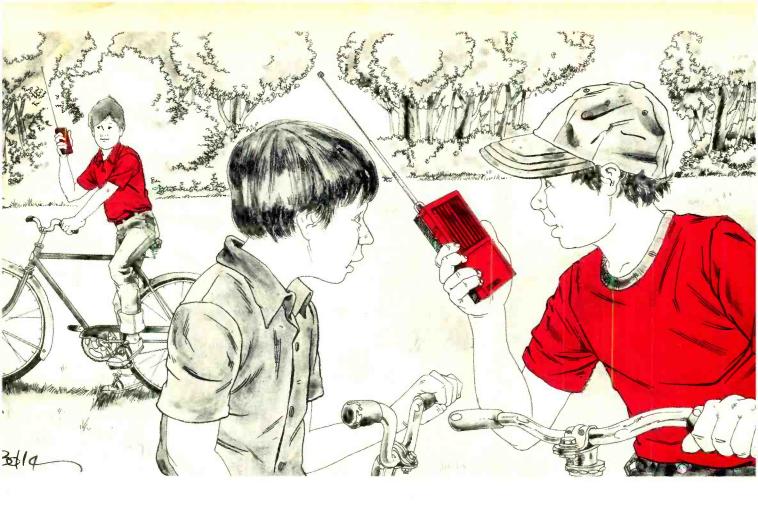
**8-Track Players.** Features you may want to consider in 8-track machines are track indicators, bass boost, and automatic track switching. Models with automatic play-through often feature a manual override switch so you can select channels if you wish. Cartridge players, too, have been mated with AM/stereo FM radios.

**Speaker Installation.** Installing speakers and positioning them properly generally presents a severe challenge to the do-it-yourselfer. Probably most people should turn the job over to a specialist, such as an auto dealer or auto radio/tape player installation outfit.

A popular speaker-mounting location is in the front door. There are also kick-panel installations in case the thought of cutting into doors upsets you. The latter technique is less expensive too. Underdash installation of speakers is another possibility, but the overall stereo or quadraphonic effect is reduced considerably. As for rear speakers, you have a choice of rear doors, trunk ledge, or external speakers. You'll have to find the combination that pleases you, based on the interior configuration of your car.

**Conclusion.** Before finalizing your buying decision—whether a portable or mobile tape machine in the cassette or 8-track format—listen to a unit a "price point" higher and lower to determine if you can hear the difference. Consider, too, whether or not your choice is a well-known brand, the reputation of the dealer, and what you have to do to obtain inwarranty and out-of-warranty repair. The latter is especially important with auto players since there is a removal-installation chore involved.

Don't expect to match the high-quality sound of your home hi-fi system in portables or mobile equipment—they rarely exceed 10,000 Hz response and are often well under that. If you want truly good sound, do consider adding a "booster' amplifier to increase output power so that some of the fine, compact, low-efficiency speaker systems can be satisfactorily driven. There are also some high-power audio systems designed for car use (including ADS, sold as a package with Nakamichi's 250 cassette player or 350 record/player.) In any case, experienced travelers feel that fairly good mobile sound is every bit as rewarding as great sound that just sits there.  $\Diamond$ 



# NEW BAND FOR TOURS - TOUR - T

100-mW portable two-way radios are moving out of the CB band.

BY LEO SANDS

THE DAY of the 27-MHz band unlicensed walkie-talkie is coming to an end. Production of such units has been halted, but the millions of unsold walkie-talkies can still be sold until March 1978. After this time, unsold units must be junked or rebuilt for the new 49.9-MHz band to which personal-communication walkie-talkie operation has been moved. Existing 27-MHz band w-t's can still be used until March 1983.

The FCC established the 49.9-MHz personal-communication band for two good reasons. The first is that users of the 100-mW walkie-talkies operating on the 27-MHz Citizens Band are being clobbered by the standard 4-watt CB

transceivers that must be operated with a license from the FCC. The other reason is that CB'ers are being interfered with by the unregulated users of w-t's on the CB channels.

**Technical Details**. Under Part 15 of the FCC Rules and Regulations, no license is required to operate low-power (up to 100 mW) communication devices in the 26.97-to-27.27-MHz band and the 49.82-to-49.90-MHz band if the equipment meets applicable technical standards.

The power of the 27-MHz w-t's is limited to 100 mW input to the final r-f stage of the transmitter. The w-t's can be oper-

ated on any frequency within the band ranging from 26.97 to 27.27 MHz. This does not necessarily mean that operation must be on an exact frequency assigned to the normal CB channels.

The input power of the 49.9-MHz band w-t's is not specified, but radiation is limited to  $10,000~\mu\text{V/meter}$ , measured at a distance of 3 meters. These w-t's must be operated only on any of five channels whose specified frequencies are: 49.830, 49.845, 49.860, 49.875, and 49.890 MHz. The frequency tolerance must be within  $\pm 0.01\%$  of the channel carrier frequency. Either amplitude modulation (AM) or frequency modulation (FM) can be used as long as the

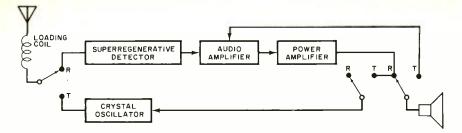


Fig. 1. This simple walkie-talkie uses a superregenerative detector.

emission is confined within a 20,000-Hz band centered at the carrier frequency.

The rules require that the microphone be built into the case of the w-t's and that the antenna be permanently attached to the box containing the transmitter. Factory-built w-t's must also be certified by the manufacturer and FCC as being in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

W-t's already in production use either a superregenerative or a superheterodyne design in the receiver section. All have crystal-controlled transmitters to assure on-frequency operation.

Home Design Rules. You can design your own w-t and build up to five 49.9-MHz band transmitters and/or transceivers for your own use. Here are some of the rules you must follow:

line, the total current drawn must not exceed 860  $\mu$ A.

The rules applicable to home-built 49.9-MHz band w-t's require that the microphone be an integral part of the unit. The rules also require that harmonic emissions must be at least 20 dB below the level of the unmodulated carrier. (These harmonics are at exact multiples of the carrier frequency-100 MHz, 150 MHz, 200 MHz, etc.) The 100-MHz second harmonic could interfere with FM broadcast band reception, while the 200-MHz fourth harmonic could cause TVI (television interference) to TV channel 11 and/or channel 12. The other harmonics could cause interference to nearby radio communication stations. Needless to say, it is extremely important to maintain harmonic radiation at the absolute minimum possible.

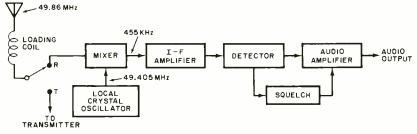


Fig. 2. Block diagram of superheterodyne receiver.

The antenna must be a single element that is not more than 1 meter in length. It must be permanently mounted on the case that houses the transmitter/transceiver circuitry. You can operate a home-made low-power communication device on any of the five 49.9-MHz band channels set aside by the FCC or on any frequency between these channels, provided the carrier and modulation products are contained within the 49.82-to-49.90-MHz range.

The total input power of the transmitter/transceiver, the latter in the transmit mode, must not exceed 100 mW under any modulation condition. Input power is measured at the battery or at the power line terminals if the w-t is ac operated. This means that if a 9-volt battery is the power source, total input current of all transmitter stages may not exceed 11.11 mA. If the power source is the ac

Although the rules for home-built devices do not state that the transmitter must be crystal controlled, it should be. Since the band is only 80,000 Hz (80 kHz) wide, a self-excited oscillator could drift enough to put the signal (even one of the sidebands) beyond the band limits into the 30-to-50-MHz land mobile band or the 50-to-54-MHz (6-meter) amateur radio band. By using a crystal, you can be fairly certain that its frequency is close to the frequency indicated on the case. If you do not use a crystal, you will need a frequency counter.

Some Design Ideas. The simplest transceiver you can design would employ a superregenerative detector, crystal-controlled oscillator, and an audio amplifier that doubles as the modulator when transmitting, as illustrated by the block diagram in Fig. 1. A more elaborate transceiver would employ a superheterodyne receiver, as shown in the block diagram of Fig. 2. Alternatively, you could design a five-channel w-t with a crystal for each of the five channels and a switch.

For optimum radiation, the antenna should be a quarter wavelength long, or 1.5 meters (4.93') long, when an adequate ground plane is provided. Since antenna length is limited to 1 meter (3.28'), a loading coil in series with the output of the transmitter and input of the

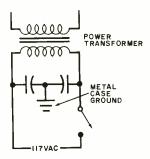


Fig. 3. Base station grounding.

antenna is required. In the case of a hand-held transceiver, the ground plane is inadequate for good antenna system efficiency. If you build the transceiver into a metal case, your body will effectively serve as the ground plane when you hold the w-t in your hand. If you build a base station, you can use a metal enclosure and ground it to the power line through a pair of capacitors, as shown in Fig. 3.

When you build your own 49.9-MHz band low-power communication device, it is a good idea to have the transmitter checked out by a professional unless you have the instruments and know-how to do it yourself. No matter who checks out the device, the following should be on the list: transmitting frequency; modulation level; occupied bandwidth; harmonic radiation; and input power. Occupied bandwidth and harmonic radiation can most easily be checked with a spectrum analyzer.

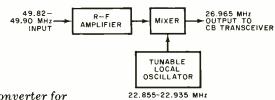


Fig. 4. Tunable converter for use with a CB transceiver.

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Operating Hints. Factory-made w-t's are usually equipped for single-channel operation on 49.860 MHz so that various users will be able to communicate with each other, regardless of which manufacturer made the transceivers. Since a lot of users can be expected to be operating on this channel, those who want more privacy and less interference will probably prefer another channel.

A hand-held w-t uses the same whip antenna for transmitting and receiving.



Six transistor "walkie talkie" from Interworld Enterprises.

When operating at a fixed location, receiving range can be increased by using a separate receiver connected to an external antenna. When communicating with a base station using such a receiving setup, your flea-power transmitter will be more effective.

The receiver can be one designed for hams and tunable through the 6-meter band (you might have to trim it to tune down to 49.82 MHz). You can also use a 6-meter converter with a standard shortwave receiver or a home-built converter with a CB transceiver (see Fig. 4).

If you use a separate receiver with an external antenna, you can improve the receiving range by increasing the height of the antenna. If the effective radiated power is +13 dBm (20 mW) and the signal delivered to an antenna 10' (about 3 m) above ground is -107 dBm (1  $\mu$ V), raising the antenna to a height of 30' (9 m) will increase the received signal level 10 dB to -97 dBm, or about 3  $\mu$ V.

When communicating with hand-held w-t's, the antennas of all units should be vertical or at the same angle. Otherwise, there will be a significant transmission loss due to conflicting polarization of the antennas involved.

# **SHUT-OFF TIMER**

# For Battery-Powered Appliances

BY JEFFREY SANDLER

T IS easy to attach a timer to a line-powered radio so that the power will be shut off after a certain time, should the listener fall asleep. It is not so easy with a battery-powered radio unless you build the simple circuit described here. With this simple add-on, you can fall asleep on the beach or in a hammock, secure in the knowledge that the radio will automatically shut down later to conserve the battery.

**Circuit Operation.** A schematic of the circuit is shown in Fig. 1. Resistor *R1* and capacitor *C1* provide a very long time constant. When *S1* is closed, *C1* is discharged and its low voltage is applied to the parallel high-impedance inputs of *IC1*. In this case the outputs of the NAND gates are high and the battery voltage is available at output 1.

When S1 is opened, capacitor C1 starts to charge slowly through R1. When the voltage across C1 reaches about half that of the battery, the outputs of the NAND gates drop essentially to zero, effectively turning off output 1.

Transistor Q1 is added to handle higher current loads. When output 1 is high, Q1 is on and it supplies a higher current to output 2. The amount of current depends on the transistor used. Changing R1 and C1 changes the timing.

**Construction.** The circuit can be assembled on a small perforated board or a small pc board such as that shown in Fig. 2. You can make the board small enough to fit inside many transistor radios. The radio battery also supplies power to the timing circuit. However, the circuit draws so little current that it will not run the battery down when the radio is not in use. This low current demand is due to the use of CMOS logic and the high value of *R1*. Note that *C1* should have a very low leakage to maintain the charging interval.

The construction of *S1* is left up to the user. It can be a subminiature pushbutton switch, a pair of small bare leads that can be bridged with a fingertip or even a small mercury switch. If using the latter, simply momentarily tilt the radio on its side to "toggle" the timing circuit. If you elect to use your fingertip, you can vary the playing time by the length of time you keep your finger on the two leads. One to five seconds of contact time is usually enough to produce between five and 35 minutes of playing time.

The shu:-down timer can be used to control almost any appliance if a separate battery is used for the timer and with output 2 driving a relay. The relay can then apply power through its own contacts to the appliance.

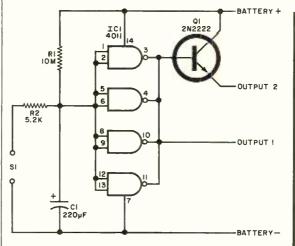


Fig. 1. Four parallel gates supply added power.

# **PARTS LIST**

C1-220-µF low-leakage capacitor

IC1-4011 quad NAND gate (CMOS)

Q1-2N2222 or any low-leakage npn silicon

R1-10-megohm, 1/8- or 1/4-watt resistor

R2-5200-ohm, 1/8- or 1/4-watt resistor

S1-See text

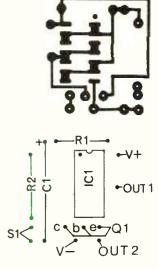
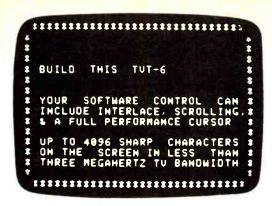


Fig. 2. Small pc board and component layout are shown.

**POPULAR ELECTRONICS** 



# BUILD THE TVT-6 Part II

System debugging, software, and how to interface to other processors.

# BY DON LANCASTER

AST MONTH, we discussed construction of the TVT-6 TV typewriter and explained how it works and how it is connected to a KIM-1 microcomputer. We also started a discussion of the operating secrets of the TVT-6. Here, we complete the "secrets" discussion and go on to system debugging, some useful programs, and tell you how to interface the TVT-6 with other microprocessors.

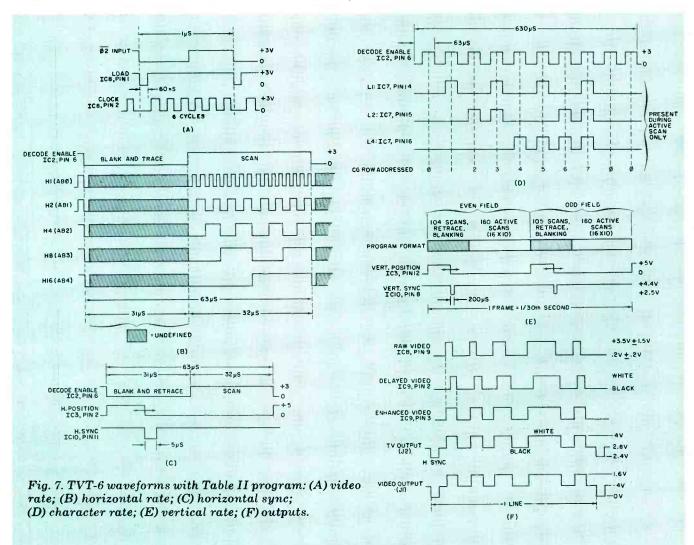
**Software.** Four examples of tested, annotated, and workable KIM-1 software are given in the tables in this article. Table II contains a  $16 \times 32$  scan program with full interlace. It automati-

cally generates almost all the timing required by the TVT-6 and its companion TV monitor for this display format. The program is run by jumping to memory location 17Ad. The display is stopped by interrupting with the operating system, the cursor, or other program.

Table III is an optional full-performance cursor for the  $16 \times 32$  system and includes scrolling, full cursor motion, and erase-to-end-of-screen capabilities. It is run by allowing the keypress signal from the keyboard to interrupt the scan program (any of the three Tables) via the  $\overline{\mbox{IRQ}}$  interrupt line. Note that the cursor program is totally inde-

pendent of the SCAN program. The only things the two programs share in common are the same pages of display memory. The screen-read-to-cassette can be performed using the existing KIM-1 operating system programs. You can also load from cassette to display, using the automatic search firmware.

Table IV is a 16-line/64-character scan program that requires only 64 words to be written into memory for the entire program. This program can be used to display the entire 1k of minimum KIM-1 memory for use as a super front-panel display if desired. For display-only applications, 1k of contiguous memory



# 16 line X 32 character per line Interlaced TVT6 Raster Scan:

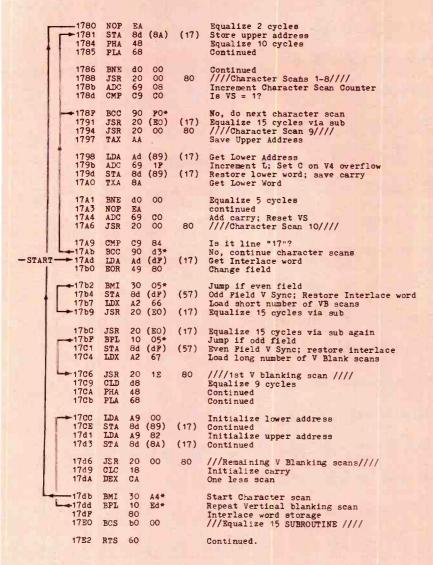
uP - 6502 System - KIM-1 Start - JMP 17Ad End - Interrupt

Displayed 0200-03FF Program Space 1780-17E2

# HS VS L4 L2 L1 0 1 V8 V4 V2 V1 H16 H8 H4 H2 H1

Upper Address

Lower Address



NOTES:

TVT6 must be connected and scan microprogram PROM (IC1) must be in circuit for program to run.

Both 17b4 and 17C1 require that page 17 be enabled when page 57 is addressed. This is done automatically with KIM-1 circuitry.

Step 1788 goes to where the upper address stored in 178A and the lower address stored in 1789 tells it to. Values in these slots continuously change throughout the program.

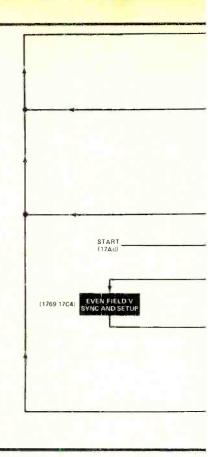
For a 525-line system, use 17b8 64 and 17C5 65 and a KIM-1 crystal of 992.250 kHz. This is only needed for video superposition and titling applications.

Normal program horizontal frequency 15,873.015 Hz; Vertical frequency 60.0114 Hz. 63 us per line; 264.5 lines.

\* Denotes a relative branch that is program length

( ) Denotes an absolute address that is program location

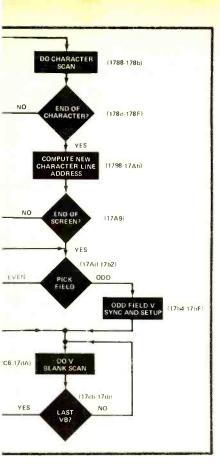
TVT6 length jumper must be in "32" position.



is required. Keep in mind that the KIM-1 has some operating system slots in the top of page zero and the stack at the top of page one. Unless you actually want to display the stack and operating system parameters, do not use these slots.

The 64-character line makes the TV receiver's horizontal frequency run considerably lower than normal. This will require a readjustment of the horizontalhold control or some extra capacitance across the existing horizontal-hold capacitor. The width of the raster may also have to be reduced; this is most easily accomplished by adding a low-value inductor in series with the yoke. These changes are best made in a smallscreen, transformer-powered monochrome TV receiver. The tradeoff of a lowered horizontal frequency produces a long character line but still allows 1 μs/character. This will not tax the bandwidth restrictions of TV receivers or r-f modulators. (Editor's Note: The smallscreen Sears TV receiver we used required adjustment of horizontal size and linearity, a 0.033-μF Mylar capacitor in parallel with the 0.068-µF capacitor used for C408 in the receiver, and an inductor consisting of 60 turns of No. 24 enameled wire on a 1/2" Nylon form in series with the red yoke lead in the receiver. In addition, it was necessary to disconnect one side of C201 in the receiver

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to defeat the sound trap. Never attempt to modify a TV receiver that is powered directly from the ac line without an isolating transformer.)

Table V contains a program that we call "Cruncher the Bear." This program produces 64 fully interlaced characters in each of 32 rows, for a total of 2048 sharp ASCII characters on-screen at one time within the 3-MHz bandwidth. You can add a hex-to-ASCII converter that slowly sequences high- and low-order machine code characters in the same slot and end up with 4096 hex characters displayed in only 3 MHz of bandwidth.

Table V requires a contiguous 2k of memory with a common upstream tap and separate chip enables. However, it is easily incorporated if you really want or need to display as many characters as the program allows.

Other software is easily written and developed for the TVT-6. For example, you may wish to have a 32 × 44 or a 32 × 48 character display and still use normal, or nearly normal, horizontal scanning rates. This allows for video titling and superimposition, oversize characters, color graphics, lower-case characters, and game displays. There is no lower limit to the number of character rows or characters per line you can use. If you have limited memory available,

### Table III

# 16 X 32 Full-performance Cursor:

 $\mu P$  -- 6502 Start --  $\overline{IRQ}$  System -- KIM-1 End --- RTI Displayed 0200-03FF Program Space 0100-01dF Input to Parallel Word A Ø A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 WF IRQ Cursor Home - SOH (ØA) Scroll Up - DC1 (11) Erase to End - DC2 (12) Spare Hook - DC3 (13) Clear - CAN (18) Carriage Return - CR (Ød) Cursor Up - VT (Øb) Cursor Down - LF (ØA) Cursor Left - BS (Ø8) Cursor Right - HT (Ø9) Enter -- All characters Ignore -- All other CTRL Enter via 0100 48 Save A Reset Y Index A0 A5 C9 0101 00 LDY Get Cursor and test for range Is cursor on page 3? Yes, OK to continue Is cursor on page 2? No, Home cursor Get old cursored character 0107 FO C9 BEQ 02 0101 BNE do ₩ 010d 29 91 010F AND Erase old cursor Replace character without cursor Get new character from A parallel Int. Is it a character to be entered? (Ed) LDA 00 Ad 20 0118 28\* Yes, go and enter character 0142 011A -011C CMP C9 PO Clear Screen? Yes, clear screen 40\* 015E -BEQ 011E **C9** 00 Return Carriage? 0120 FO C9 FO C9 30\* Yes, Return carriage Cursor Up? Yes, Up Cursor Cursor Down? 0122 CMP Ob OA Yes, Down Cursor 0128 301 Cursor Right? Yes, Right Cursor Cursor Left? 012A BEQ BEQ Yes, Left Cursor 0132 C9 FO Cursor Home? Yes, Home Cursor CMIP 01 BEO 0136 Scroll Up? 0138 0175 Yes, Scroll Up Spare Hook? 013A CMP C9 BEQ FO C9 OC\* Ignore--Restore Cursor Erase to EOS? -0140 BEQ JSR FO 20 Yes, Erase to EOS
////Enter Character//// 0142 (D3) 0145 End of Screen? Yes, Home Cursor BNE 034 20 (02) ///Restore Cursor////
Add cursor to cursored character Replace cursored character Get A (Ed) 014A LDA 09 014C 014E (Ed) STA Return to Scan 0152 LDA ORA A5 09 ////Carriage Return////
Move Cursor to Right End (Ed) 0156 STA 85 Restore Cursor 20 40 Increment Cursor 015b JMP Finish ///Clear///Home Cursor 015E JSR Clear Screen 0161 0147 BEQ LDA 0164 ////Cursor Down//// Get Cursor 0166 CLC Clear Carry Move Cursor Down 0168 18 0169 016b STA Restore Cursor 016d 016F 90 03 Overflow of page? (d9) JSR (01) Yes, increment upper page Finish 0172 ////Scroll Up//// Home Cursor Add Offset to Index Get Offset Indexed Character 20 (01) JSR 0178 017A 017C 20 (Ed) LDY AO LDA **b**1 AO Remove Offset from Index 017E 90 Enter Moved Character and Increment Repeat? Clear Carry 0181 BNE 0183 18 01 0184 LDA A9 Set A to page 3 Set Cursor to Page 3 Set A to start of last line Set Cursor to Start of last line Finish if carry set (EE) 0186 STA 85 (Ed) 0184 STA 85 BCS 014A -018C

(Continued on next page.)

	018E 0191 0192 0194	JSR SEC BCS LDA	38 b0 F0#	(01)	Clear last line Set Carry Restore Cursor to start of last line ////Cursor Up////Get Cursor		
014A-	0196 0197 0199 	SEC SBC STA BCS			Set Carry Move up one line Restore Cursor Underflow of page?		
014A-	019d 019F 01A1 01A3	DEC LDA CMP BNE	A9 01 C5 (EE)		Yes, decrement page Set A to Page 1 Did screen underflow? No, Finish		
0147-	01A5 01A7 01A9 01Ab	BEQ DEC LDA CMP	A9 FF		Yes, Home Cursor ///Cursor Left///Decrement Cursor Set A to page underflow Test for page underflow		
	01Ad 01Af 01b1 01b3	BEQ BNE LDA PHA			Change Page if off Page Finish if on page ///Erase to EOS///Get Cursor Save Upper cursor location		
	01b4 01b6 01b7 01bA	LDA PHA JSR PLA	A5 (Ed) 48 20 (Cb) 68	(01)	Get lower cursor location Save lower cursor location Clear to End of Screen Get lower cursor location		
0144	O1bE	STA PLA STA BNE	68 85 (EE)		Restore lower cursor Get upper cursor location Restore upper cursor Finish		
	01C2 01C4 01C6 01C8	LDA STA LDA STA	A9 00 85 (Ed) A9 02 85 (EE)		///SUB//Home Cursor/// Set lower cursor to zero Put page 2 in A Set upper cursor to 0200		
	01CA 01Cb 01Cd 01Cd	RTS LDA JSR BNE		(01)	Return to main program ///SUB//Enter Space/// Enter space via Sub Repeat if not to end		
	01d2 01d3 01d5 01d7	RTS STA INC BNE	60 91 (Ed) E6 (Ed) d0 06*		Return to main program ////SUB//Enter,Increment// store Increment Cursor Overflow?		
	01d9 01db 01dd 01df	INC LDA CMP RTS	E6 (EE) A9 04 C5 (EE) 60		Yes, Increment cursor page to 03 Load A with page 4 Test for Overflow Return to main program		
	NOTES:	I	र् vector	must h	pe stored in 17FE 00 and 17FF 01.		
Total available stack length is 32 words. Approximately 16 are used by operating system, cursor, and scan program. Stack must be initialized to OIFF as is done in KIM-1 operating system. For 30 additional stack locations, relocate subroutines starting at OIF2 electrons.							

relocate subroutines starting at 0102 elsewhere.

To protect page, load OOF3 04. To enable entry load OOF3 00.

Cursor address is stored at OOEd low and OOEE high on page zero.

To display cursor load 014d 80. To not display cursor load 014d 00.

\* Denotes a relative branch that is program length sensitive.

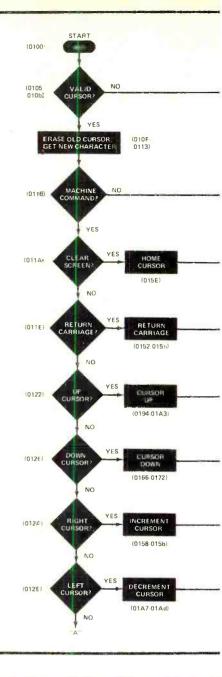
( ) Denotes an absolute address that is program location

you can run  $8 \times 32$ ,  $4 \times 64$ ,  $1 \times 64$ , or even 1 × 8 character formats. All this takes is software changes, and the circuitry of the TVT-6 remains the same.

Initial Debugging. At this point, there should be no IC's in the sockets of the TVT-6 board assembly. Start by connecting the LENGTH jumper to 32 and the CURSOR jumper to YES on the TVT-6 board. (Note: These points are pads located at the center of the circuit board, not the edge-connector contacts.) Temporarily insert a jumper wire between

pins 3 and 14 on the IC5 socket. Center the two position control potentiometers and install IC1, IC2, and IC6 in their respective sockets.

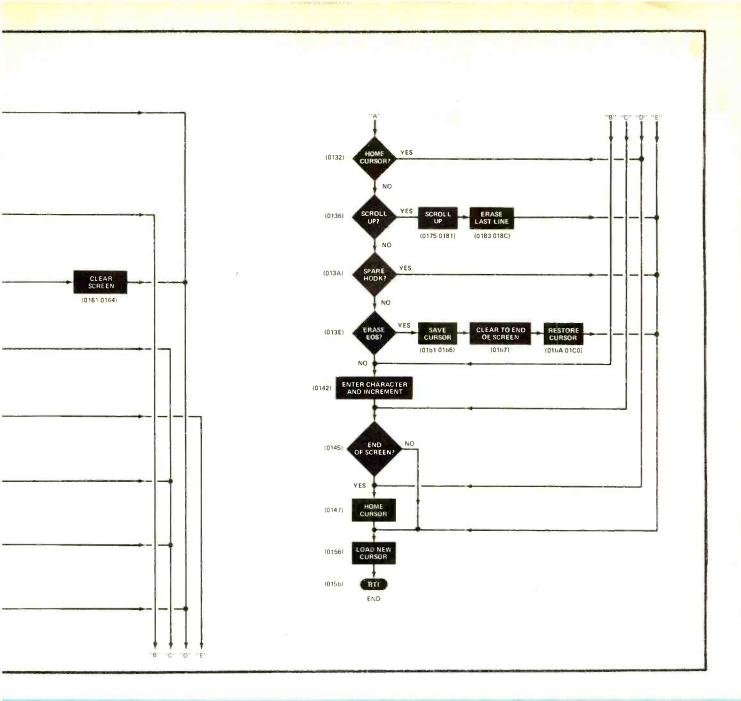
Connect your video monitor to the TVT-6 board and power up the system. Check for the presence of the SCAN instructions (see PROM Truth Table in Fig. 1 of Part 1) at hex locations 8000 through 8020. Write a simple program that jumps to a subroutine at location 8000 and then loops. Single-step through this program to verify proper operation of the SCAN instruction. Do not



# **USING THE TVT-6 WITH OTHER** POPULAR MICROPROCESSORS

Both parts of this article have used the TVT-6 with the 6502 microprocessorbased KIM-1 microcomputer. Here is how to use the TVT-6 in \( \mu C's \) that use other popular microprocessors.

6800. The 6800 µP is very similar to the 6502 and, therefore, is easiest to convert. The SCAN microprogram can be LDAB(C6) for words 0 through 30 and RTS(39) for word 31. A literal translation of the tightest part of the SCAN program (1D;1782 through 178C) is: STA(B7); JSR(BD); ADDA(8B); CMPA(81) BCC(24). This routine requires 25 µs to cycle through as compared to the 21 µs required for the 6502.



8080. A stock 8080 µP can normally change its program counter once every 2 µs, but it can be "tricked" into doubling its speed during a SCAN microprogram by driving the usual address line A9 of the display memory from SYNC. The SCAN microprogram is then NOP(00) for words 0 through 30 and RET(A9) for word 31. A tighter than literal translation of the SCAN program (1D;1782 through 178C) is: STAXB(02); CALL(AD); ADD(82); CMP(BB); JNC(DB), which requires 24 µs to cycle through. Here, the TVT-6 address lines A5 through A1 must be relabelled A4 through AØ, respectively.

**Z80.** The Z80  $\mu$ P can use 8080-developed software with speed-doubling scans, or it can simply be run faster, al-

lowing the program counter to change once every microsecond. Use a literal translation of the program for the 6502.

12 Address Line  $\mu$ P's. The four upper address lines of 12 address line  $\mu$ P's can be decoded to allow normal operation, 8 to 12 lines of scan, a vertical sync pulse, an operating return system, and an optional "page-change" command. This leaves a 256-character page on the bottom eight bits, and the "page-change" command can be latched to change to any number of additional pages, as required.

General Hints. Horizontal scan should last at least 62, 63.5, or 64 μs for conventional horizontal-frequency operation. The microprogram scan must *end* exactly this number of microseconds lat-

er for each horizontal line in the total scan program. The total number of lines must produce a vertical frequency between 59.9 and 60.1 Hz per field. Note that a portion of the RTS time will be spent during the active (microprogram) scan time. Horizontal scans that last longer than 85 µs may make it difficult to obtain TV interface.

You can shorten a *blank* microprogram active scan by an *even* number simply by jumping ahead when you call your subroutine. For example, a JSR 8000 may produce a 32-character scan, while a JSR 8002 can produce a 30-character scan. This approach can come in handy when there is a need for equalizing scan lengths between character rows and during vertical retrace.

### TABLE IV

### 16 line X 64 character per line TVT6 Raster Scan:

μP - 6502 Start System - KIM-1 End -

Start - JMP 17AA End - Interrupt Displayed 0000 - 03FF Program Space 1780-17bE

# HS VS L4 L2 L1 0 V8 V4 V2 V1 H32 H16 H8 H4 H2 H1

Upper Address Lower Address Initialize Upper Address Store Upper Address ////Character Scans 1-8//// 1780 1785 JSR 20 00 80 08 Increment character scan counter CMP 90 1780 BCC TAX No, Do next character scan Save Upper Address P4\* 178E (17) (86) Ad Get lower address BCS bO 00 Equalize 3 cycles ////Character Scan 9//// Equalize 3 cycles
Increment Lower; Set C on V2 overflow BCS bO 00 (86)(17) Restore Lower Address; save carry TXA JSR Get upper address ///Character Scan 179E 88 17A2 ADC 69 CO Add Carry; Reset VS 90 CMP It is "Line 17"? No, continue character scans BCC b0 Yes, Go to vertical blanking scans Equalize 2 cycles BCS 00 - START-**JSR** 20 00 CO ////Vertical Sync Scan////
Load #V Blank Scans -2
Initialize Lower Address 17AE 17b0 22 LDA A9 (17)Continued Equalize 2 cycles Equalize 2 cycles again ////vertical Blanking Scans/// 17b6 BCS 60 JSR 20 00 17bb DEX CA BMI 30 10 Start Character Scan Repeat Vertical Blanking scans +17bE

NOTES: TVT6 must be connected and scan microprogram PROM (IC1) must be in circuit for program to run

Step 1785 goes to where the upper address stored in 1787 and the lower address stored in 1786 tells it to. Values in these slots continuously change throughout the program.

Normal program horizontal frequency is 11,764.705 Hz. Vertical Prequency is 60,024 Hz. 85 us per line; 196 lines. Character time 1 us. 160 active lines, 36 retrace. Needs TV set adjustment and possible modification (hold and width).

- \* Denotes a relative branch that is program length sensitive.
- ( ) Denotes an absolute address that is program location sensitive.

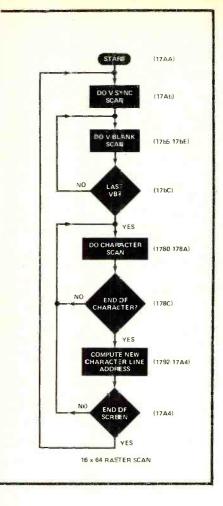
TVT6 length jumper must be in "64" position.

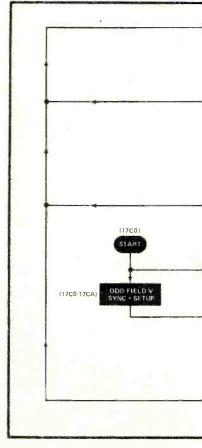
proceed beyond this point until you are certain that the SCAN subroutine is operating properly. (Critical waveforms to be observed with an oscilloscope are illustrated in Fig. 7 using the program listed in Table II.)

Insert IC3 into its socket and load the program given in Table II. (Never install an IC in a powered circuit; always turn off the power, install the IC, and power up again.) Set the address to 17Ad and depress GO. Using an oscilloscope, check at test point VR for the presence of a 60-Hz pulse. Switch the scope to line-sync and observe that the pulse remains fixed or drifts very slowly across the screen. Again, do not proceed until you are certain that the SCAN program is operating properly.

Install all remaining IC's, except IC5, in their respective sockets on the TVT-6 board. At this point, the screen should be filled with a stable display of 512 cursor boxes. Viewed up close, the boxes should appear to be "hiding" characters. Do not proceed until you have the indicated display.

Checking with Fig. 7, particularly with respect to the LOAD and CLOCK on *IC8* (Fig. 7A) verify whether or not the appropriate waveforms are present. If they are, remove the jumper wire from the *IC5* socket and install *IC5*. Now, the screen of the monitor should have displayed on it a full array of characters with about half of them winking cursor blocks. Load the following hex numbers into memory, starting at location 0200:



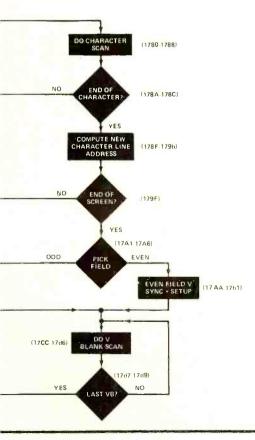


20, 20, 20, 50, 4F, 50, 55, 4C, 41, 52, 20, 20, 45, 4C, 45, 43, 54, 52, 4F, 4E, 49, 43, 53, 20, 20, 54, 56, 54, 2D, 36, 20, 20. Return to address 17Ad and depress GO. The top display line should now read "POPULAR ELECTRONICS TVT-6" and be indented three spaces. If all is well to this point, you can begin feeding in your cursor programs, add external keyboard and/or cassette loads and dumps, etc.

Should you encounter problems with your TVT-6, always begin debugging by using the 16 × 32 format on a KIM-1, even if you plan on using longer line lengths or plan to translate the code into another coding system. Note that the translation *must* be at the machine-language level because the SCAN program must provide the exact number of machine cycles as well as the proper sequencing. The 64-character lines will require some adjustments to be made in the monitor TV receiver's horizontal circuit as detailed earlier.

Closing Remarks. We have presented here full construction and operating details for a very versatile and inexpensive TV typewriter for use with the KIM-1 microcomputer. If you have a computer that uses a microprocessor other than the 6502 used in the KIM-1, we refer you to the box for use details. 

◇



# **AUGUST 1977**

### TABLE V

# CRUNCHER THE BEAR Program for a 32 line X 64 character per line TVT6 raster scan:

μP - 6502 Start - JMP 17CO System - KIM-1 End - Interrupt Displayed 0000-07FF Program Space 1780-17dA

# HS VS L4 L2 L1 V16 V8 V4

# V2 V1 H32 H16 H8 H4 H2 H1

Upper Address

Lower Address

	1780 1782 1785 1788	LDA STA JSR ADC	A9 80 8d (87) 20 00 69 10	(17) 80	Initialize Upper Address Store Upper Address ////Character Scans 0-7/// Increment Character Gen by 2
	178A 178C 178E 178F	CMP BCC PHA LDA	C9 C0 90 F4* 48 Ad (86)	(17)	Is VS = 1? No, Do next character scan Save Upper Address Get Lower address
	1792 1794 1797 1798	ADC STA PLA JSR	69 3F 8d (86) 68 20 0C	(17) 80	Increment L; Set Carry on V2 overflow Restore L; Save carry Get Upper Word ////Character Scans 8,9 ////
	179b 179d 179F 17A1	ADC CMP BCC LDA	69 CO C9 88 90 E1* Ad (81)	(17)	Add Carry; Reset Upper Address Is it "Line 33"? No, repeat Character Scans Get Interlace word
	17A4 17A6 17A8 17AA	ADC BCC LDX LDA	69 78 90 0C* A2 22 A9 80		Set Carry if Odd Field finished Start Even Field if Carry Clear Load Even number of V Scans -2 Load Even Field Upper Start
	17AC 17AF 17b1 17b4	STA LDA STA LDA	8d (81) A9 88 8d (9E) A9 00	(57) (17)	Even Field V Sync + Restore Interlace Even Field Line 33 CMP Value Store Even 33 CMP Value Clear Accumulator
	17b6 17b9 17bb 17bc	STA LDY DEY BPL	8d (86) AO 06 88 10 Fd	(17)	Initialize Lower Address Equalize 31 cycles continued continued
-START	17bE 1700 1702 1705	BCS LDA STA LDA	b0 0C* A9 88 8d (81) A9 90	(57)	Jump if even field Load Odd Field Upper Start Odd Field V Sync + Restore Interlace Odd Field line 33 CMP Value
	1707 170A 170C 170C	STA LDX JSR PHA	8d (9E) A2 23 20 3F 48	(17) 80	Store Odd 33 CMP Value Load Odd number of V Scans //// 1st V Blanking Scan//// Equalize 7
	17d0 17d1 17d2 17d3	PLA CLD CLC JSR	68 d8 18 20 00	80	continued Equalize 4 continued //// Other V Blanking Scans ////
	17d6 17d7 17d9	DEX BMI BPL	CA 30 A7* 10 F6*		One Less scan Start Character Scans Repeat V Blanking Scan

NOTES: TVT6 must be connected and scan microprogram PROM IC1
must be in circuit for program to run. TVT6 length
jumper must be in "64" position.

Step 1785 goes to where the upper address stored in 1787 and the lower address stored in 1789 tells it to. Values in these slots continuously change throughout the program.

Step 1781 is 80 for even fields and 88 for odd fields. Step 179E is 88 for even fields and 90 for odd fields.

Both 17AC and 17C2 require that page 17 be enabled when page 57 is addressed. This is done automatically with KIM-1 circuitry.

Note that 2K worth of contiguous memory from 0000 to 07FF is needed. This takes a KIM-1 modification. Both sets of 1k words must share a common upstream tap but be separately enabled.

Normal program horizontal frequency is 11,764.705 Hz. Vertical Frequency is 59.8712 Hz. For 60 Hz vertical use 1.002150 MHz crystal. 85 us per line; 196.5 interlaced lines per field; two fields per frame. One us character time, 160 active lines per field. Needs TV set adjustment and possible modification (hold and width).

- \* Denotes a relative branch that is program length sensitive.
- ( ) Denotes an absolute address that is program location sensitive.

# MORE ON USING CALCULATORS AS STOPCLOCKS

# HOW TO CONVERT A "FOUR BANGER" FOR STOPWATCH FUNCTIONS

# **BY CHARLES STANFORD**

OST low-cost "four-banger" calculators can be converted to provide a stopwatch function with 0.1-second resolution by adding the inexpensive three-IC circuit described here. The circuit in no way alters the normal operation of the calculator. It provides crystal-controlled accuracy of 0.05% or better and has a drain of 3 mA or less.

The timer circuit can be added to any calculator that has an automatic-constant feature on the addition (+) function. Once installed, it can be used to time virtually any event from a race to developing a photograph to baking a cake. In addition, you can even convert directly to miles or kilometers/hour, feet/minute or second, etc. For example, you can check the accuracy of your car's speedometer by clocking a measured mile and dividing the time in seconds into 3600 to find the average miles/hour.

About the Circuit. Many low-cost calculators can be converted to provide

the timing function—including some calculators with memory and other high-level functions. The only requirement is the automatic-constant feature on the + function. To check whether or not your calculator has this feature, key in ., 1, +, =, =, =. If your calculator has the automatic-constant feature, 0.3 should appear in the display. If the reading remains at 0.1, the calculator cannot be used.

The circuit shown in Fig. 1 consists of a 5369 CMOS programmable counter-divider IC (*IC1*) with a 3.579545- MHz crystal to deliver a 60-Hz output; a divide-by-six counter (*IC2*); and a CMOS analog switch (*IC3*). Pushbutton switch *S1* enables *IC3* and effectively closes the = key in the calculator 10 times a second. CMOS circuitry provides very low battery drain and allows use of any battery that can deliver 3 to 16 volts.

Integrated circuit *IC1* contains a crystal oscillator amplifier that causes the crystal to resonate, a 16-stage divider, and a fractional divider to provide the

60-Hz output. Presettable divide-by-N counter *IC2* is set to divide by 6 by connecting pin 6 to pin 1. The output of this IC, taken at pin 13, is a 10-Hz square wave. Quac bilateral switch *IC3* transmits an input signal to the output only when it is triggered. With the 10-Hz signal from *IC2* connected to the toggle pin of *IC3*, and the = key in the calculator connected to the switch contacts, the = function is initiated 10 times/second.

The timer function takes control of the calculator only when *S1* is closed. With *S1* open, the calculator operates in its normal manner.

**Construction**. The timer circuit is best assembled on a small printed circuit board, the etching and drilling guide/component-placement diagram for which is shown in Fig. 2. It is important to use care when mounting the crystal so that it can be bent back to lie flat against *R1*. Alternatively, *R1* can be mounted on the bottom side of the board and the crystal bent back to lie flat on the board itself.

Install the IC's last, and practice safe MOS-handling procedures when handling and soldering the IC's in place. (See MOS-handling article in this issue.) When interconnecting the timer board and calculator circuitry, make absolutely certain that the power leads are connected in proper polarity. If you reverse the power leads, the integrated circuits can be destroyed.

Switch S1 can be installed anywhere sufficient space is available. (It fits nicely directly opposite the power switch on the Texas Instruments Model TI-1200 calculator this author used, requiring only accurate drilling of a mounting hole in the case. Check the fit of the switch and pc board assembly before drilling any

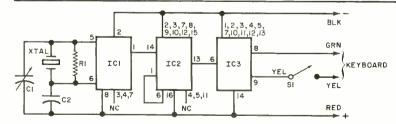


Fig. 1. Timer updates count 10 times/second when constant is activated.

# **PARTS LIST**

C1-5-to-40-pF trimmer capacitor

C2-27-pF ceramic capacitor

IC1—MM5369 programmable oscillator/ divider (National)

IC2—4018 CMOS presettable divide-by-N counter

IC3—4016 CMOS quad bilateral switch R1—22-megohm, 1/4-watt resistor S1—Miniature push-push spst switch XTAL—3.579545-MHz (color TV) crystal Misc.—Printed circuit board; red, black, yellow, green stranded hookup wire; insulating tape or fish paper; solder; etc.

holes to make sure switch and board will fit in your calculator.

It is best to leave the interconnecting leads a bit long to facilitate easy installation and calibration of the timer circuit. The red (+) lead from the timer goes to any point on the calculator's bus after the power switch. The black (-) lead then goes to any point on the calculator's negative bus.

The green and yellow leads connect across the = key in the calculator. The hookup points for the = key can be found by trial and error with the aid of a jumper wire. Simply jumper from one contact to another, after feeding into the calculator (via the keyboard) 1, +, =. When you hit on the right combination, the display will read 2. On calculators with an X-Y matrix keyboard, each lead from a vertical key row initiates a function with each lead from a horizontal row. In the TI-1200, for example, there are nine leads coming from the keyboard, four vertical and five horizontal; the = function is controlled by the first and eighth leads, counting from the left.

After you have identified the appropriate leads for the = key, determine their polarity by using a small diode (a 1N914, for example) in series with the test lead. The function will initiate only when the cathode (banded) end of the diode points toward the negative contact. Connect the green lead from the timer circuit

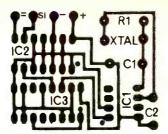


Fig. 2. Foil side, components mount on other side of board. Dots denote pin 1 of IC's.

to the negative contact. The yellow lead then goes to the positive contact on the keyboard. (Note: a very few calculators cannot be keyed at the 300-ohm "on" resistance of *IC3*; with such calculators, you must connect a 500-to-1000-ohm resistor between pins 8 and 9 of *IC3*.)

**Calibration**. The timer can be calibrated quickly and easily with the aid of a frequency counter. If a counter is not available, you can use an electric clock with a large sweep second hand and obtain reasonable accuracy, trimming as necessary.

Start calibration with the trimmer capacitor (C1) centered and rotate it about 10° at a time. Ten minutes of timing (600.0 seconds) will provide better than 0.05% accuracy if 10 trials provide results that are within 0.5 second.

Before final assembly, completely insulate the timer board to avoid short circuits between leads or components. Usually, all that is required is to place a layer or two of masking or vinyl tape or a single layer of fish paper on the foil side of the board.

**Using the Timer**. Each time the calculator is turned on for use as a timer, key in the following sequence: ., 1, +. Then, when you depress *S1*, 0.1 will automatically be added to the display at 0.1-second intervals until *S1* is again pressed. For successive timings, pressing the 0 key will clear the display while retaining the + constant. You can also count down from any number by entering the number via the calculator's keyboard, followed by, -,.,1. If you press the C (clear) key, you must reenter the constant before timing another event.

Another section of *IC3* can be used in the 10-Hz line to provide remote actuation of the timer by a gate switch or photocell. This will require the addition of a jack to your calculator, assuming there is room to accommodate it.

The addition of the timing function to an existing calculator is one way of updating a very versatile instrument. The timer actually doubles the usefulness of your calculator by providing a function that is available commercially in only very expensive calculators.

# THE HP-25 AS A DIGITAL CLOCK & TIMER

BY WILLIAM T. PETERS

THE PRECEDING article showed you how to convert an inexpensive four-function calculator to a stopwatch by adding a three-IC circuit. This article describes how to program an HP-25 calculator to make it serve as a clock/timer. The display is in hours, minutes, and seconds, and resolution is to the nearest second.

**The Program**. To set up the HP-25 calculator as a timer, first put the display format into the FIX 4 mode. The display will read 0.0000. Now, switch to the program (PRGM) mode and key in the following sequence:

STEP KEYSTROKES

01 RCL, 1

02 f, →H.MS

03 f, PAUSE

04 RCL, 2 05 STO, +, 1

06 GTO, 01

Next, switch to the RUN mode and key in: 3600, g, 1/x, sto, 2. Now, when you press the run/stop (R/s) key, the calculator will begin counting in hours, minutes, and seconds (approximately). The two digits preceding the decimal point in the display are the hours; the two digits immediately following the decimal point

are the minutes; and the two digits following the space are the seconds. You will note that the display updates every second as long as the calculator is in the RUN mode.

After a few minutes, you will probably find that your calculator is gaining time. To remedy this, you can add one or more steps to the program by pressing g and then NOP for each step you wish to add. These extra steps can be added anywhere in the program before the final step. Under no circumstances should you attempt to adjust the calculator's internal oscillator, which would void the manufacturer's warrantee.

Now your timer will probably be accurate enough for most photographic or kitchen timing. However, with a little further tinkering with the program, you can improve the accuracy to within seconds per day.

Better Accuracy. If your calculator is running slow, an increase in the number stored in Register 2 will compensate. If the calculator is running fast, the number in Register 2 will have to be decreased somewhat. For example, assume the timer is running 7 seconds slow after 16 minutes (960 seconds). You can compensate for this by increasing the number in Register 2 by 7/960. Alternatively, if the timer is running fast by 7 seconds, you can decrease the number in register 2 by 7/960.

Using the Program. You can use the HP-25 calculator as a stopclock by pressing the R/s key at the beginning of the event you wish to time. Then, at the end of the event, hit the R/s key again to stop the clock. The calculator will display the elapsed time, unless you stopped the clock while it was updating. To read the elapsed time, key in RCL, 1, f, →H.MS.

To use the calculator as a digital clock, simply store the hour, minute, and second from which you wish the calculator clock to start running in register 1. Before storing this number, convert it to a decimal-hour format by pressing g, →H. While the HP-25 displays hours, minutes, and seconds, the timing program "thinks" in decimal fractions of an hour.

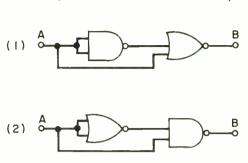
A simple program change turns the calculator into a countdown timer. Store the starting time in Register 1 and change step 5 in the program to sto, -1. Now, when the timing program is started, the calculator will count down from the time stored in Register 1, a second at a time.

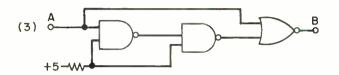
Several of these countdown timer programs can be stored in the calculator simultaneously. They can be used as required by instructing the calculator to go to (GTO) the first step of the desired program and then pressing R/s to begin timing. In fact, the conditional-function keys make it possible to program the calculator to go from one countdown program to the next automatically, although a small loss in timing precision will be encountered because of increased program length. This is very handy in a darkroom, where several processes of different duration must often be timed in sequence.

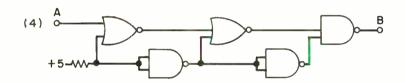
# TTL LOGIC QUIZ

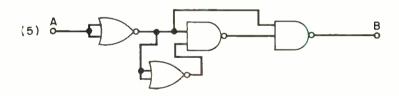
BY W.J. FISHER

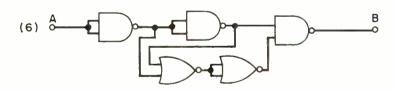
Although the circuits shown here can not be put to any practical use, they can provide a test of your TTL IQ. For each circuit, determine the resulting outputs at B for the two possible logic inputs ("1" or "0") at A.

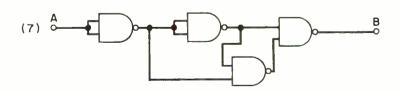




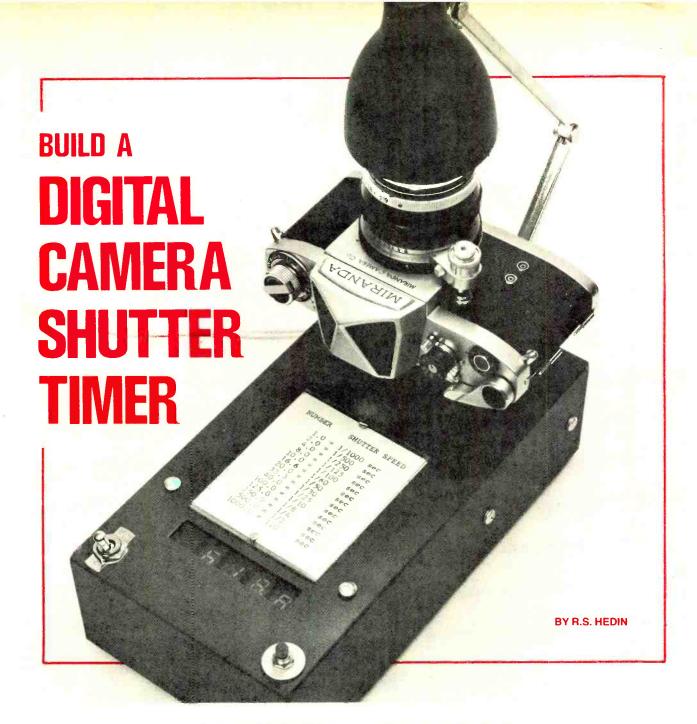








		0= <b>B</b> ;t= <b>A</b> (∇) t= <b>B</b> ;0= <b>A</b>	
t=8;0=A	0=8;0=A	0=8;0=A	
0=8; l=A (8)	t=8;t=A (c)	0=8;f=A (4)	
t=8;0=A	f=8;0=A	0=8;0=A	
0=B; t=A (6)	f=8;f=A (S)	0=8;f=A(f)	<b>ENSWERS:</b>



Low cost digital timer provides accurate check of camera shutter speeds from 1/1000th of a second to 1 second.

AVE YOU ever wondered why a camera whose diaphragm opening and shutter-speed setting are adjusted perfectly according to an exposure meter should regularly produce overexposed or underexposed negatives or prints? Too often, the cause is a shutter speed that deviates too much from the camera's speed markings.

Now you can check your camera's actual shutter speed by building the electronic shutter tester presented here. If the camera displays a gross speed inaccuracy, you'll know that you must com-

pensate for it by modifying the camera's control adjustments (say, an f stop greater or smaller than the exposure meter's indication) or having the camera serviced professionally.

With your own shutter tester, you can test your camera at any time you feel it needs adjustment. The shutter tester described here uses digital circuits and has six decades of display to give a high order of accuracy.

**About the Circuit.** The sensor/control circuit for the tester is shown in Fig.

1, while the counting circuit is shown in Fig. 2. The two circuits are coupled together via the +V and GND buses and the points marked K going to each other.

When light strikes phototransistor Q2 and not LDR1 in Fig. 1, the Darlington circuit made up of Q2 and ordinary transistor Q1 triggers on and supplies current to timer IC6. This causes the timer IC to generate pulses at a frequency of 10,000 Hz. (Potentiometer R1 is provided for adjusting the operating frequency of the oscillator to exactly 10,000 Hz.)

If at any time light strikes LDR1, the

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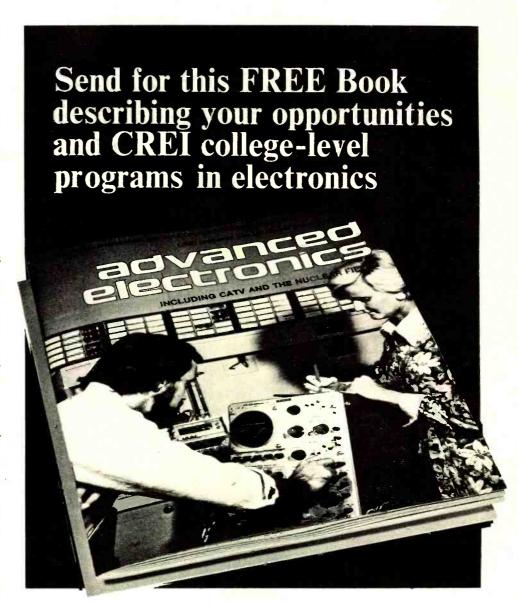
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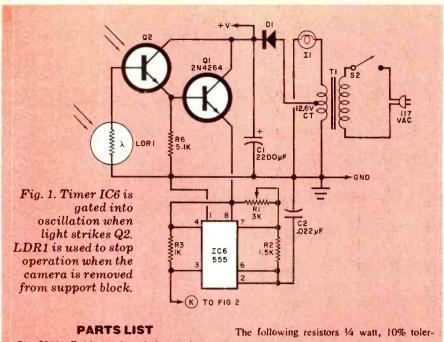
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C1-2200-µF, 16-volt electrolytic capacitor C2-0.022-µF Mylar capacitor

DIS1 through DIS5-1/2" common-anode, seven-segment LED display (DL-704 or simi-

D1-100-volt, 1-ampere silicon rectifier diode 11-12-volt high-intensity lamp with arm and reflector (see text)

IC1 through IC5-4033A CMOS decade counter

IC6-555 timer

LDR1-Light-dependent resistor (Vactec No. VT-214 or Clairex CL-903)

Q1-2N4264 transistor

Q2-FPT-100 phototransistor

R1-3000-ohm trimmer potentiometer

R2-1500 ohms

R3,R4,R5-1000 ohms

R6-5100 ohms

S1-Normally open, momentrary-action spst pushbutton switch

S2-Spst toggle switch

T1-12-volt, 1.2-ampere transformer (see

Misc.-Printed circuit or perforated board; 16-pin DIP sockets (5); 14-pin DIP sockets (5); 8-pin DIP socket; chassis with cover (9"  $\times$  5"  $\times$  2½"); line cord; pine block (3½"  $\times$ 134" × 134"); soft vinyl sheet; rubber feet (4); contact cement; machine hardware and spacers; hookup wire; solder; e.c.

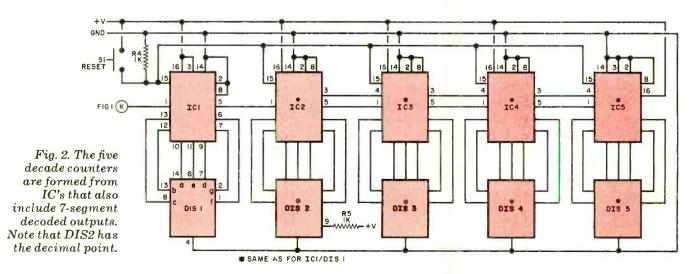
resistance in the base circuit of Q2 drops to a low enough value to cause the Darlington circuit to cut off. This, in turn, turns off the timer circuit. Under normal operating conditions, no light will fall on either Q2 or LDR1 initially. After pressing reset switch S1 (Fig. 2), light is allowed to reach only Q2. This allows the timer circuit to generate a 10,000-Hz

pulse output that is counted by the totalizer circuit shown in Fig. 2. The displays continue to count upward until the light to Q2 is interrupted or light falls on LDR1. At this time, the displays "freeze" to indicate the total number of pulses counted. When the tester is used with a camera, the camera's body covers LDR1 to exclude all light and the shutter/lens mechanism is positioned directly above Q2, in line with a high-intensity light source. Switch S1 is momentarily depressed to reset the counters to zero. Then, when the shutter is tripped, the system counts the number of pulses generated between the opening and closing of the shutter.

The counting circuit shown in Fig. 2 consists of five decade-counter IC's (IC1 through IC5) and their companion seven-segment displays (DIS1 through DIS5). Note that DIS2 is the only display whose decimal point is active. This decimal point comes on whenever the tester is powered. Note also that the decade counters are wired to suppress the zeroes to the left of the decimal point. Since the display indicates the number of pulses counted during a discrete interval of time, it does not indicate time. To obtain the time indicated by the number in the display, you must divide that number by 1000. Hence, displays of 1.0, 8.0, 16.6, and 33.3 translate to 0.001, 0.008, 0.0166; and 0.0333 second or, in photography terminology, 1/1000, 1/125, 1/60, and 1/30 second, respectively. (It is a good idea to make up a table of conversions that can be affixed to the completed project, as shown in the lead photo.)

The power supply for the tester is line operated. Do power for the system is obtained from a conventional rectifierdiode/filter-capacitor (D1/C1) setup that is driven from the center tap of transformer T1. This circuit assumes that high-intensity lamp 11 is an integral part of the system. If you prefer, you can use a separate line-powered high-intensity lamp and substitute a 6.3-volt transformer for T1.

Construction. The entire circuit, except T1 and the two switches and Q2



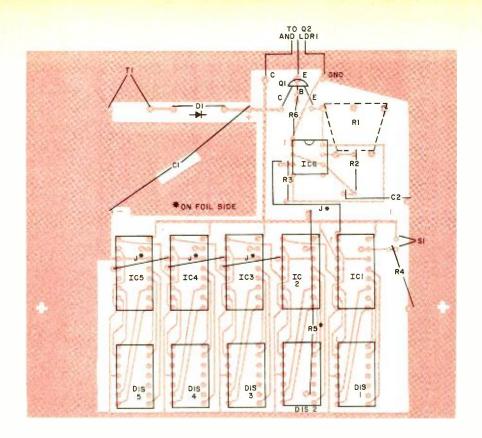


Fig. 3. Foil pattern and component installation. Pin 15 of IC1 through IC5 are connected together by a common jumper on the foil side of the board. Note that R5 and the other jumpers are also located on the foil side.

and LDR1, can be assembled on a single printed circuit board, the etching and drilling and component-placement guides for which are shown in Fig. 3. Alternatively, you can assemble the circuit on perforated board, using appropriate solder hardware. In either case, the use of sockets for the IC's and displays is recommended.

Install the components on the circuit board as shown in the componentplacement quide, taking care to properly orient them. Note here that the four jumper wires labelled J and R5 mount on the foil side of the board. To avoid the possibility of short-circuiting the board,

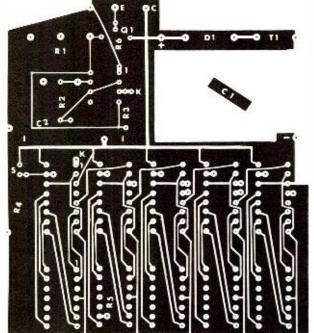
# **CONVERSION TABLE**

NUMBER	SHUTTER	SPEED
1.0 2.0 4.0 8.0 10.0 16.6 20.0 33.3 40.0 100.0 125.0 250.0 500.0	= 1/1000 = 1/500 = 1/250 = 1/125 = 1/100 = 1/60 = 1/50 = 1/30 = 1/25 = 1/10 = 1/8 = 1/4 = 1/2 = 1.0	sec sec sec sec sec sec sec sec sec sec

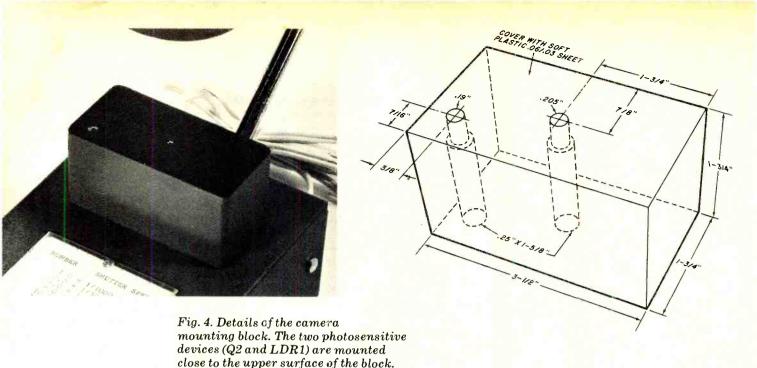
be sure to use insulated sleeving on the resistor leads and wire jumpers.

Phototransistor Q2 and light-dependent resistor LDR1 mount in a block of pine as shown in Fig. 4. The holes in which these two components mount must be stepped as indicated to permit easy routing of the hookup wires that interconnect them with the rest of the circuit. Note that LDR1 mounts in the hole at the lower left corner and Q2 mounts in the hole in the center of the block.

Before you mount Q2 and LDR1 in the block of wood, apply a coat or two of flat black paint to all exterior surfaces of the block. Allow the paint to completely dry, and then mount the components in their respective holes, fixing them in place by force fitting. (If the fit is too snug, very carefully ream out the holes; if it is too loose, sparingly apply a drop or two of clear plastic cement to the component edges. Both components mount flush with the top surface of the block. When



NUMBER



this is done, use contact cement to fasten a thin sheet of soft matte black vinyl to the top of the block after first punching holes in it for Q2 and LDR1.

A 9"D  $\times$  5"W  $\times$  2½"H (22.9  $\times$  12.7  $\times$  6.4 cm) metal box comfortably accommodates the circuit board assembly, power transformer and its line cord, and switches. The case must be machined to provide a 2%"  $\times$  ½" (6.7  $\times$  1.3 cm) window for the displays; mounting holes for the switches, transformer, and wood block; and access holes for the line cord and leads from Q2 and LDR1. Once the case has been machined, spray two or three coats of matte black paint over all exterior surfaces. When the paint has dried, cement a red filter over the win-

dow from the inside. Then mount the wood block with screws, followed by *T1*, *S1*, and *S2*. Next, interconnect the switches, transformer, line cord (passed through the case via a rubber grommet), LDR, and phototransistor. Finally, mount the circuit board assembly in place with machine hardware and spacers, making sure its displays are properly oriented behind the filter.

**Checkout and Use.** Place a piece of black plastic tape over *LDR1*, plug the line cord into a convenient ac outlet, and turn on the tester's power. Now, using an oscilloscope or a frequency counter, adjust potentiometer *R1* for an exact 10,000-Hz output from timer *IC6*. This

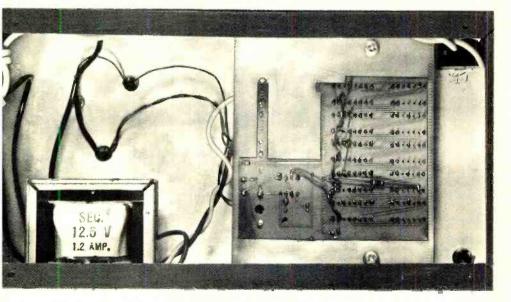
completes calibration. Remove the tape from LDR1.

Open the back of the camera you wish to test and place it on the wood block so that the lens opening is directly over *Q2*. Make sure that the camera body covers *LDR1*. Then set the camera's lens diaphragm for maximum opening, set the shutter speed, and cock the shutter. Depress reset switch *S1* so that all displays read zero. Trip the camera shutter. The displays should rapidly count up and freeze at a number that is the shutter speed in thousandths of a second.

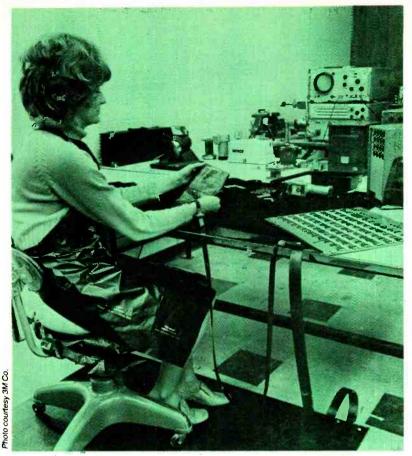
Check each shutter speed at least three times, resetting the display at the start of each test. The most accurate reading is with the lens on the camera because the light is somewhat collimated. Without a lens on the camera, the light can diffract around the shutter curtain and indicate a longer than actual shutter speed time. This is important at fast shutter speeds when the curtain opening is narrow. This does not pertain to between-the-lens leaf shutters.

Do not be disappointed if your shutter speed is not close to its camera setting. Up to 1/500 of a second, the allowable error may be as great as  $\pm 25\%$ ; at higher settings, the allowable error might be  $\pm 35\%$ . These figures would depend on the tolerance of the film used, of course.

With the aid of the camera shutter timer described here, you can eliminate some of the uncertainties you have about the accuracy of your camera's mechanism. Additionally, it can tell you why your latest batch of photos did not turn out as they should have.



Underside of timer reveals pc board and transformer mounting.



# HOW TO HANDLE MOS DEVICES WITHOUT DESTROYING THEM

The life span of many MOS devices depends on what happens between the time of purchase and installation.

BY LESLIE SOLOMON, Technical Editor

tremendous advances to modern electronics. However, MOS devices suffer from one fatal shortcoming: they can easily be destroyed by static electricity when they are handled or being installed in a circuit. Even so-called "protected" MOS devices are not immune from being ruined by static electricity if proper precautions are not taken.

In this article, we will discuss the physical makeup of the typical MOS device and see how and why the MOS device is so easily destroyed. Then we will detail some of the steps you can take to prevent destruction of the device.

MOS Device Construction. In a circuit, a MOS device "looks" like a voltage-controlled resistor in which the equivalent MOS resistance between the drain and source is varied by a *voltage* applied to the gate electrode. (See Fig. 1.) Physically, the gate electrode is a thin layer of metal deposited on a very thin (about 1000 Angstroms) layer of silicon dioxide (glass). This layer of glass effectively insulates the gate from the substrate, in essence, forming a capacitor whose plates are the gate and substrate and whose dielectric is the layer of

SiO<sub>2</sub> between the gate and substrate.

The strength of the electrical field that can rupture the SiO<sub>2</sub> layer is about 100 volts, at which point, a "punchthrough" can occur (Fig. 2.) Such a punchthrough catastrophically destroys the MOS device permanently.

Most MOS devices have an input resistance on the order of 10<sup>14</sup> ohms. Using this figure, it can be seen that a current of about 10<sup>-12</sup> ampere (10 pA) can generate a 100-volt potential that can

GATE

METAL

LAYER

DRAIN

DOT INDICATES

DIRECT CONTACT

MOS

EQUIVALENT

RESISTANCE

Fig. 1. Typical MOS device showing the insulated gate.

SOURCE

break through the layer of glass and destroy the device. Some semiconductor manufacturers protect their MOS devices with a variety of circuits, the built-in zener-diode-resistance method being the most common.

The schematic representation of a typical "protected" MOS device is shown in Fig. 3. Note the built-in zener diode that identifies this as a protected device. The "source," "gate," and "drain" electrodes are the equivalent of the "emitter," "base," and "collector" electrodes of the typical bipolar transistor. (The "substrate" lead of the device is usually connected to the source lead.)

In most cases, the zener diode that protects the MOS device conducts at about 50 volts. However, selection of the "substrate resistance" can present a problem. This resistance must be great enough to limit current flow to prevent destruction of the zener diode, but it must not be so high that the sum of the voltage drop across the zener-resistance combination exceeds the breakdown voltage of the SiO2 layer. Manufacturers are making improvements in their protective schemes, but as of this writing, there is still no such thing as complete protection.

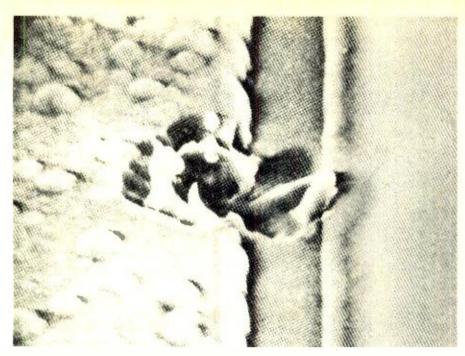


Fig. 2. Magnified (4300X) view of a cell-destroying punchthrough that has catastrophically destroyed the semiconductor device.

**Static Charges.** High-voltage static charges are generated whenever there is motion between certain types of materials. A partial listing of typical generators of this "triboelectricity" is given in the table.

# ELECTROSTATIC CHARGE GENERATORS

# **Workbench Covering**

Any plastic (except conducting) Finished wood

Most synthetics

Ungrounded metal

Glass

# Floors

Any plastic (except conducting)

Waxed surfaces

Most carpeting

# Chairs

Fiberglass

Plastic (except conducting)

Fabric covered

Ungrounded metal

Finished wood

# Tools

Plastic nonconductive solder suckers

# Clothing

Wool, silk, synthetics, furs

# **Packaging Materials**

Everything nonconducting

We are all familiar with the considerable spark that can be generated as we reach for a doorknob or light switch after walking across the carpeted floor. Walking on a carpeted floor, sliding into or out

of a chair or car seat, or even brushing across the surface of a workbench or table can build up a high static potential. Even the seemingly innocent acts of combing our hair and opening the wrapper on a pack of cigarettes or candy can generate a tremendously high static potential.

To understand how this happens, you must visualize yourself as part of a capacitor. You are one plate of the capacitor, the insulating soles of your shoes are the dielectric, and the ground or floor is the other electrode. Typical human capacitance values can range from 80 to 140 pF Because the spark generated when this "capacitor" is discharged is a function of the energy stored in the capacitor ( $CV^2/2$ ), body capacitance plays an important role when it comes to handling MOS devices. Measurements have revealed that the electrostatic po-

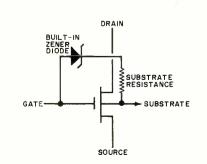


Fig. 3. The protection of a MOS device is usually 100 volts.

tential can reach between 2000 and 4000 volts.

Note clothing, floor coverings, and furniture are not the only static-electricity generators. So are many of the usual materials used in packaging and transporting static-sensitive semiconductors and, in many cases, fully populated printed circuit board assemblies.

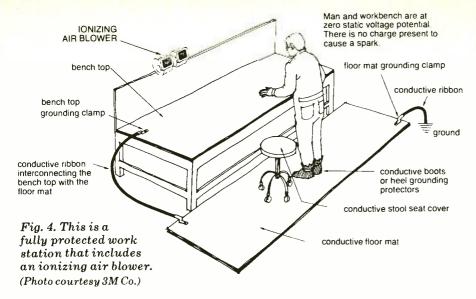
You can demonstrate the generation of a high static potential generator by using a simple desk tape dispenser and an NE-2 neon lamp. Hold the lamp close to the tape as you rapidly peel about 18" (45.7 cm) of tape from the roll. In dimighting, you will note that the lamp flashes as the tape rapidly peels off. Now, drop the lamp into a polyethylene bag and rub the bag against a sweater in a darkened room. Again, the lamp will flash. Peel the tape off about an inch or so above a loaded ashtray and note the results. Keep in mind that it takes about 4kV to lift the ashes one inch.

One would expect that the tools we normally use in electronics are "safe" to use on MCS devices. This is far from true. One dangerous tool to use around MOS devices is the plastic solder sucker. The sudden rapid movement of the plastic piston in the housing sleeve of the sucker can generate a very high static potential. Another tool is the soldering iron. Unless it is grounded at the tip, the iron can be a dangerous static carrier.

After looking over the list given in the table, you may be wondering if there is anything you can do to assure safe handling and installation of MOS devices. Rest assured that there is and that we will be dealing with this particular subject later in this article.

The destruction of a MOS device results from the rapid discharge of static electricity across the elements within the device, usually with sufficient energy to rupture the SiO2 layer. Carefully note that this is not the voltage to ground; it is the potential difference between the device's pins that does the damage. Eliminate the potential difference and you eliminate the damaging charge. Note also that no matter how high the static potential you build up by shuffling your feet on a dry carpet, you cannot "zap" one hand with the other—because there is no potential difference.

The problem with MOS devices occurs when the device's pins are placed between two points that have a high potential—usually static—difference. This is why many construction articles advise you to place one hand on the copper traces of the printed circuit board when



installing MOS IC's. This equalizes the potential difference. Such articles also tell you to handle the IC's only by their cases—not by their pins.

By touching the copper traces on the pc board when you install MOS devices in a circuit, you bridge conductors with a resistance that eliminates possible potential differences and discharges the human capacitor. It is even better to bridge pc board copper traces with a conductor that is better than human skin because skin resistance can be rather high in many cases.

**Avoiding the Problem.** If you plan to work with MOS devices, here are some things YOU SHOULD NOT DO:

- Insert MOS devices into any plastic containers or carriers unless they are of the conducting types.
- Place MOS devices or pc board assemblies on which they are installed in ordinary plastic bags.
- Hand a MOS device to another person who is not antistatic protected.
- Attempt to test a MOS device with a multimeter, even those with "low-power-ohms" functions.
- Wear nylon or other synthetic clothing. Wear clothing made from cotton or cotton blend fabrics.
- Remove jackets, sweaters, etc., near a MOS device. (Remember the experiment with the tape dispenser.)
- Handle MOS devices by their pins.

# Slide MOS devices across a surface.

- Handle Styrofoam or other plastic hotor cold-drink cups, open cigarettes or candy packages with "cellophane" wrappers, or use plastic combs or any other item that is either plastic or wrapped in plastic.
- Use plastic solder suckers on or near the pins of MOS devices.
- One thing that most people never consider when working with MOS devices is the humidity of the working environment. The air in a very low-humidity environment is dry and has a very high resistance. Arid air will not discharge the static electricity as fast as moister air. Be particularly on your guard during the low-humidity winter months. Try to work in an environment where the relative humidity is between 30% and 50%.

Now here are some things you should do. MOS devices generally recommend that you wear some type of conductive wrist strap that is connected through a relatively high resistance to earth ground. This is usually followed with the instruction to similarly ground the tip of your soldering iron, tools, and test instruments that might come into contact with MOS devices both before and after they are installed in a circuit. If you heed these precautions and are working at a metal workbench or table, protect yourself from accidental shock (the protection of the MOS device is secondary here). Never connect your metal work station directly to ground; there should always be a minimum of 200,000 ohms between your skin and actual ground in case a faulty appliance power line or chassis has leakage to ground in excess of 0.5 mA.

Although the above precautions are one way in which you can protect your MOS devices from being zapped, it is important that you bear in mind that it is not the potential to ground that presents the hazard to the devices but the voltage difference that is the culprit. Therefore, all that must be done is to find some way to equalize the possible potential imbalance and thus eliminate the hazard.

Fortunately, there is another solution to the problem. This involves the use of antistatic (conductive) plastics. The RC-AS1200 conductive "pink" plastic from Richmond Division of Pak-Well and "Kimcel" from Kimberly-Clark are impregnated with a special noncorrosive organic antistatic liquid that migrates to all surfaces of the material. "Velostat" from 3M Company is a conductive plastic that has a medium resistance per square inch. Of course, we are all familiar with the black conductive plastic

# **GROUNDING AND SHOCK HAZARD**

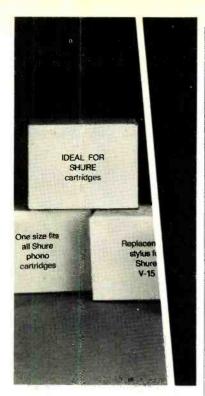
Faulty electronic equipment that is not properly grounded can kill! This is the reason most modern electrically powered appliances and equipment are fitted with three-conductor power cords. One pair of conductors in the cord supplies the actual working power from the ac outlet, while the third conductor (usually color-coded green) should be connected between the metal chassis of the appliance or equipment and a good earth ground.

When installing IC's and other components in a circuit, many professionals recommend that you connect your body and the tip of your soldering iron to earth ground through a minimum resistance of 200,000 ohms. The resistor value is selected so that, in the event of an accidental short circuit, the current flow that does the actual damage is limited to 0.2 mA or less, which is considered to be a safe level. A current flow of this magnitude can barely be discerned. Listed below are the effects of

electrical current passing through the body from arm to arm. The measurements were made at 60 Hz.

de at 60 Hz.	
Current	Effect
0 to 0.5 mA	Little or no sensation
0.5 to 1 mA	Tingling sensation
1 to 5 mA	Mild pain
5 to 10 mA	Severe pain
Over 10 mA	Muscles contract
100 mA to 2 A	Ventricular fibrilla-
	tion; lethal
Over 2 A	Lethal if sustained;
	momentary contact
	produces burns and
	physiological shock
	but good chance of
•	recovery.
Pt 1	

The above currents and effects are for a typical human being in good health. Except for the last, all effects given are for sustained contact with the current.

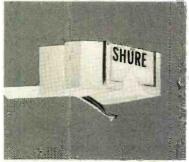


# Needle in the hi-fi haystack

Even we were astounded at how difficult it is to find an adequate other-brand replacement stylus for a Shure cartridge. We recently purchased 241 random styli that were not manufactured by Shure, but were being sold as replacements for our cartridges. Only ONE of these 241 styli could pass the same basic production line performance tests that ALL genuine Shure styli must pass. But don't simply accept what we say here. Send for the documented test results we've compiled for you in data booklet # AL548. Insist on a genuine Shure stylus so that your cartridge will retain its original performance capability-and at the same time protect your records.

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foam blocks used as carriers for MOS devices during shipping.

These antistatic plastics, with the exception of the last item, come in all forms-from film bags to heavy sheets to semirigid tubing. They can be used in sheet form for workbench tops, as a floor mat around the work station, and with a wrist strap and soldering-iron attachment.

The antistatic bags can be used to store static-sensitive semiconductors. You should have some distinctly labelled antistatic bags for storing semiconductors and completed MOS board assemblies.

Protected Workbench. A typical commercial work station that is fully protected is shown in the lead photo. Here, the technician is wearing a conductive plastic apron, is sitting on a conductive seat cover, and has her feet on a conductive floor mat. The top of the workbench is covered with a sheet of conductive plastic, and a conductive-plastic strap is attached to her bare wrist. A somewhat similarly protected work station is shown in Fig. 4. Here, the station is equipped with an optional ionizing air blower. In both cases, the entire work area, including the technicians, are at the same potential. And since there are no voltage differences, there can be no damaging static discharges that can destroy MOS devices.

If you wish to protect your work station as described here, you can obtain conductive plastic by contacting your local representative of 3M Nuclear Products (3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55101): Richmond Division of Pak-Well (P.O. Box 1129, Redlands, CA 92373); or Kimberly-Clark Corp. (Interior Packaging Dept., Neenah, WI 54956). As an aid to Popu-LAR ELECTRONICS readers, a hobby workbench setup consisting of a 20" × 12" (50 × 30 cm) Velostat working surface, wrist band with connecting strap. and an assortment of antistatic storage bags (including some large enough to accommodate large hobby-type computer boards) is available for \$14.95 from Associated Electronics, 1885 W. Commonwealth, Unit G, Fullerton, CA 92663.

In Conclusion. Though MOS devices are very sensitive to destructive discharges, you can take positive steps to greatly reduce or completely eliminate the problem at its source. By thoroughly protecting your workstation against static hazards, you can work in complete safety with any MOS device.



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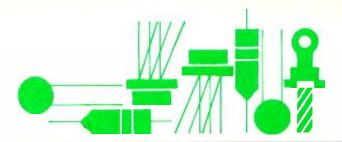
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# Solid State

**BY LOU GARNER** 

# A CIRCUIT MEDLEY

PICH rewards await the circuit prospector who does his digging in the literature published by various semiconductor manufacturers. Experimenters, hobbyists, teachers, students, practical engineers and professional technicians can all find a wealth of useful circuit information in such publications.

Suggested circuits are frequently included in new device data sheets. Some are offered in separately released application notes and bulletins, and still more will be discovered in manufacturers' bimonthly and quarterly periodicals. Sometimes, the seeker will find the precise circuit needed to solve a particular problem and to complete a pet project. In other cases, he may find that a suggested design can be adapted quite easily to current needs. Just as often, he may find that a proposed circuit sparks his imagination and suggests a number of completely new projects. An instrumentation op amp, for example, may be just the ticket for a control interface. A basic temperature sensing system may be ideal for adaptation as a fire alarm, or a wideband oscillator might be just the circuit needed to complete the design for a new electronic musical instrument.

Representative circuits abstracted from semiconductor manufacturers' publications are illustrated in Figures 1 through 5. Running the gamut from an unusual automotive application to a relatively sophisticated test instrument, the designs utilize both integrated circuits and discrete devices. In general, they are not overly critical as far as either layout or lead dress are concerned, although, of course, good wiring practice should be followed.

A potential life-saver when winter once again rears its frost-covered head, the circuit illustrated in Fig. 1 is one of some ten application circuits suggested by Texas Instruments, Inc. (P.O. Box 5012, Dallas, TX 75222) in a 20-page publication

covering the firm's BIFET operational amplifiers, Bulletin CB-248. Dubbed an "Icy Road Warning Indicator," the unit is essentially a special-purpose electronic sensor designed to warn a driver when temperatures drop below a preset value. In operation, op amp *IC1A* serves as a combination voltage comparator, buffer amplifier and LED driver.

This device receives its inputs from oscillator *IC1C* and a second voltage comparator, *IC1B*, which, in turn, acts to compare the voltage applied through series combination *R1-R2* with that derived through thermistor *TDR1*. When the thermistor's temperature drops, its resistance changes, causing a corresponding change in the inverting voltage signal applied to *IC1B* and developing a control voltage which is applied to *IC1A* through isolating series resistor *R4*. With an increased voltage applied to its noninverting input, *IC1A* supplies a drive current to the LED indicator through current-limiting resistor *R10* at a rate determined by oscillator *IC1C*, causing a flashing light to warn the driver of potentially hazardous road conditions.

A single DIP quad op amp integrated circuit, type TL084, is used in the warning indicator, with three of its sections serving as *IC1A*, *IC1B* and *IC1C*. The fourth section is unused, although some clever experimenters may decide to employ it as an audio oscillator driving a small loudspeaker, thus providing an aural as well as a visual alarm. Except for potentiometer *R1* and the thermistor, all resistors are standard half-watt units, while *C1* is a conventional 15-volt electrolytic. The thermistor is rated at 15,000 ohms.

During installation, the thermistor should be positioned where it will sense outside temperatures but will not be affected by engine, exhaust, or passenger compartment heat. Naturally, the LED indicator should be placed where it will be clearly visible to the driver. After checkout and installation, R1

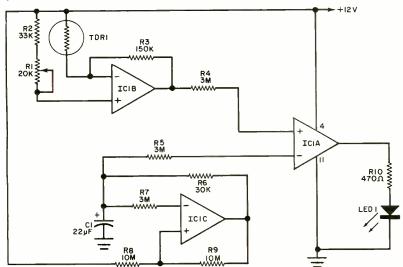


Fig. 1. This "Icy Road Warning Indicator," suggested by Texas Instruments, is essentially a special-purpose electronic sensor using an op amp as a combination voltage comparator, buffer amplifier and LED driver.

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should be adjusted so that the LED is illuminated when the thermistor temperature drops to 32° F (0° C); during warm weather, an ice cube can be held against *TDR1* to achieve the proper temperature for the adjustment.

Featured in Volume 4, Number 2 of the bimonthly periodical Progress, published by the Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corporation (Semiconductor Operations, 464 Ellis St., Mountain View, CA 94042), the bidirectional intercom circuit given in Fig. 2 permits two-way "hands-free" conversations. It is ideal for use, typically, as a door answerer by a housewife busy in a kitchen or laundry as well as in commercial and industrial applications where it may not be convenient for either party to operate a Push-to-Talk switch. Each of the two virtually identical units making up the system features a "privacy" switch (S1 and S2) in addition to individual volume (P2 and P5) and tone (P3 and P6) controls. The system requires a dual  $\pm 12$ -volt dc source, which may consist of either batteries or a well-filtered and regulated power supply.

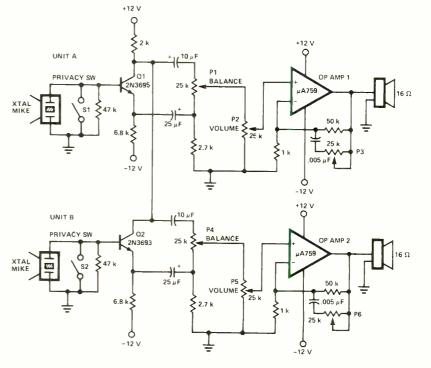
In operation, a unique arrangement prevents intra-unit acoustic feedback. In Unit A, audio signals developed by the crystal microphone are applied to npn transistor Q1, which serves simultaneously as a preamplifier and phase-splitter. producing both in-phase and 180° out-of-phase signals. The in-phase and out-of-phase signals are combined in balance control P1, where the in-phase signal is cancelled and only a portion of the out-of-phase signal is coupled on to the next stage. At the same time, however, the amplified out-of-phase signal is applied to Unit B through the connecting link, where it is coupled through a 10-µF dc blocking capacitor, balance control P4, and volume control P5 to a medium power operational amplifier. The op amp then drives a standard 16-ohm PM loud-speaker. Unit B operates in a similar fashion, with its out-of-phase signal coupled back to Unit A over the same connecting link. Thus, in-phase signals within each amplifier unit which might otherwise cause acoustic feedback are cancelled internally, and continuous two-way conversations are practical.

Standard commercial components are used in the intercom's design. Except for the balance, volume and tone control potentiometers (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5 and P6), all resistors are familiar half- or quarter-watt units. The larger capacitors are 25-volt electrolytics while the 0.005-μF capacitors used in the tone-control networks may be low-voltage ceramics, tubular paper or plastic film types. Only four active devices are used: transistors *Q1* and *Q2* (2N3695 and 2N3693, respectively) and two μA759 op amps. Privacy switches, *S1* and *S2*, are spst and may be any type. Conventional assembly and wiring techniques can be used for circuit construction. After installation, the balance controls (*P1* and *P4*) are adjusted to minimize acoustic feedback within each unit with the respective volume controls set at near maximum. Afterwards the volume and tone controls are operated as in any regular intercom system.

Intended primarily for use by photographers, the sensitive light meter circuit shown in Fig. 3 provides an analog readout proportional to the log value of light intensity and, therefore, can be calibrated directly in EV (Exposure Value) units. With ASA ratings of 100, the instrument's range is EV -3 to EV +18 on the 500- $\mu$ A meter. The design is one of several for the 8007 FET-input operational amplifier described in Application Bulletin A005, published by Intersil, Inc. (10900 N. Tantau Ave., Cupertino, CA 95014). In addition to the 8007, the circuit uses a SBC 2020 silicon photodiode, an IT120 dual npn transistor, and a conventional 741 op amp. In operation, temperature compensation is provided by voltage divider R1-R2, which forms a gain block in conjunction with half of the dual transistor and the 741. Diode leakage errors are minimized by operating the photodiode at essentially zero voltage, while a log-gain characteristic is achieved by means of the transistor feedback element. The instrument requires a standard ±15volt dual dc power source, with power supply connections to IC pins 7(+) and 4(-).

Featuring discrete devices and conventional IC's, the widerange function generator in Fig. 4 offers serious experimenters more of a challenge than do simplified designs using special-purpose devices, such as the XR-2206. It is described by Robert C. Dobkin in Application Note AN-115, published by the National Semiconductor Corporation (2900 Semiconductor Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95051). The instrument is capable of supplying sine, square and triangular waveforms at ampli-

Fig. 2. Fairchild's bidirectional intercom system permits two-way "hands-free" conversations. Each of the two units has a privacy switch in addition to individual volume and tone controls.



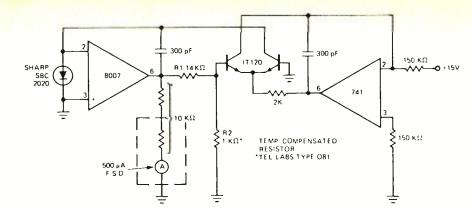


Fig.3. From a bulletin published by Intersil, this light meter circuit for photographers provides an analog readout proportional to the log value of light intensity. It uses an 8007 FET-input op amp.

tudes up to  $\pm 10$  V from 10 Hz to 1 MHz without band switching. Usable outputs are available to as high as 2 MHz, but of reduced amplitude and waveform quality. It requires three IC's, a dual pnp transistor, two dual npn transistors, two conventional npn transistors, and seven standard diodes. With both trigger and signal outputs, the instrument has two semifixed adjustments and three operating controls in addition to its power switch: a three-position FUNCTION switch, a FREQUENCY control, and an AMPLITUDE control.

The basic generator comprises an LM319 dual voltage comparator, current-source switching transistors Q1-Q2 and Q3-Q4, timing capacitor C1, and an LH-0033C FET-input voltage follower buffer amplifier. A triangular signal waveform is generated by alternately charging and discharging timing capacitor C1 through switching current-source transistors Q1-Q2 and Q3-Q4 and diodes D1 and D2. The resulting signal is

amplified by the LH0033C voltage follower and coupled back through voltage-divider *R8-R9-R10* as inputs to the LM319 dual voltage comparator which forms part of the feedback network. The triangular signal also is applied to function switch *S1* through series isolating resistor *R18*. Control dc voltages obtained from voltage-dividers *R20-R32* and *R23-R31* set the threshold at the other inputs of the voltage comparators, thus establishing the peak-to-peak amplitudes of the comparator outputs. Connected in parallel, the comparator output signals are applied to emitter follower *Q5*, which serves both to supply a square-wave output signal to function switch *S1* through series isolating resistor *R24* and to provide a drive signal to the current-source switching transistors, *Q1-Q2* and *Q3-Q4*.

The generator's frequency of operation depends on C1's charge and discharge currents. Ranging from 5 nA to 5 mA, these are controlled by the emitter bias applied to the switch-



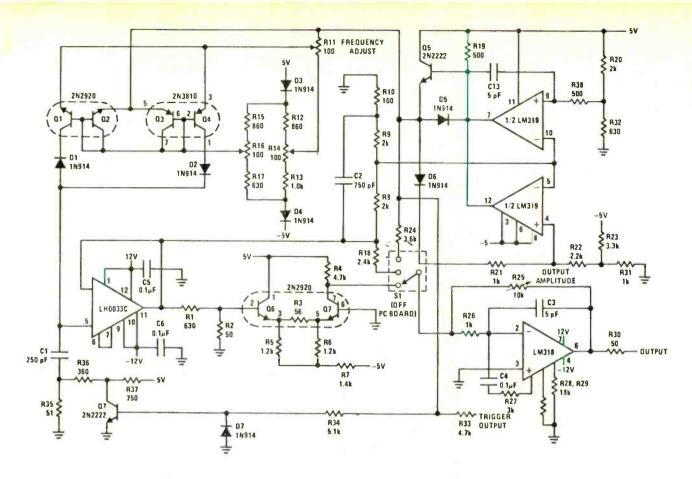


Fig. 4. National Semiconductor's wide-range function generator circuit.

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ing transistors through frequency control *R11*. Differential amplifier *Q6-Q7*, operated with degenerative emitter feedback, serves to modify the triangular signal delivered by the buffer amplifier through voltage-divider *R1-R2*. This develops a close approximation to a sine wave across output load *R4* which is applied directly to function switch *S1*. From *S1*, the selected signal waveform is coupled through series resistor *R26* to the LM318 serving as the output amplifier. The output amplitude is controlled by *R25*, which provides inverse feedback across the op amp.

The function generator requires regulated dual  $\pm 5$ - and  $\pm 12$ -volt dc sources for proper operation. Suggested by National Semiconductor in its Application Note, the ac line operated power supply in Fig. 5 will provide the correct voltages. A conventional design, it comprises a spst ON-OFF switch, fuse, 24-volt step-down transformer, bridge rectifier, two filter capacitors (C7 and C8), positive and negative 5- and 12-volt regulator IC's, and four bypass capacitors (C9, C10, C11 and C12). All of the regulators are standard 3-terminal devices.

Though standard parts are specified in the instrument's design, some care must be exercised in the choice of components to insure optimum performance. A standard potentiometer may be used for frequency control R11, for example, but a vernier type or 10-turn pot is preferred due to the unit's six-decade frequency coverage. The output level control, R25, can be a standard potentiometer, with trimmer types used for semi-fixed adjustments R14 and R16. All fixed resistors may be either quarter- or half-watt types, but should have a 5% tolerance rating except for R1, R2, R5, R6 and R7, which should





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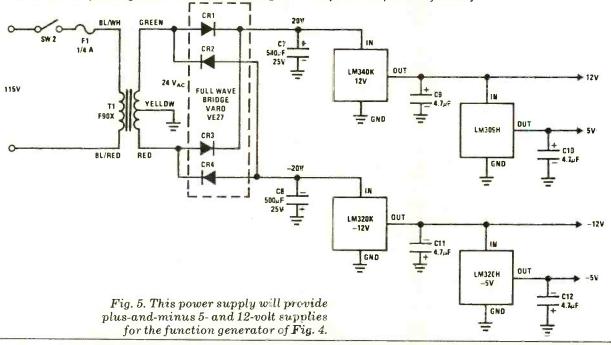
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carry a 1% tolerance. Good quality ceramic or plastic film capacitors should be used in the generator circuit, 25-volt electrolytics as power supply filters C7 and C8, and solid tantalum types for the power supply bypass units (C9, C10, C11 and C12). Function switch S1 is a 3-position, single-pole, non-shorting rotary switch.

If a separate power supply is used, bypass capacitors C9 through C12 should be wired within the function generator. However, with careful planning the entire circuit, including the

power supply (except for the power transformer and ac line components), can be assembled on a single pc board. A common heat sink should be used to couple switching transistors Q1-Q2 and Q3-Q4 to insure thermal tracking. After assembly and check-out, two simple adjustments are required. With the function switch in mid-position (triangular wave output), R11 is set for a 1-MHz signal and R16 is adjusted for perfect waveform symmetry. Next, R11 is set for a 10-Hz output and R14 is adjusted for perfect symmetry.





# Hobby Scene

By John McVeigh

#### **VOX POPULI**

Q. Could you please explain how a voice-operated switch in an SSB transmitter works?—R. Lloyd, Goldsboro. NC.

Q. Can you suggest a circuit for a VOX switch for use with my transmitter?—Dan Brown, New Albany, IN.

A. A VOX circuit samples the microphone signal, usually after amplification by a mike preamp. The signal is further amplified by a VOX amp, then rectified and smoothed into a positive dc level by an RC filter with a fairly long time constant. The receiver's audio output is also sampled, conditioned by an anti-VOX amp, then rectified and filtered by a diode and RC filter into a negative dc level. The VOX and anti-VOX signals are summed and applied to a comparator.

When the operator is not speaking, the microphone picks up the audio. But the anti-VOX signal prevents the receiver audio from tripping the VOX circuit. When the microphone detects speech, a positive input is applied to the compara-

tor. When the VOX input exceeds a reference voltage (applied to the comparator to limit VOX sensitivity), a relay driver such as a transistor conducts, energizing the VOX relay. This relay in turn activates the transmitter's T/R relay. Also included in most VOX circuits is a delay circuit. This holds the VOX relay closed for an adjustable interval of time, thus preventing relay drop-out and chatter between syllables and closely spaced words.

A really nifty VOX circuit appeared in an article called, "A VOX for a Very Small Box," in *QST* for March 1976. It uses just two IC's and is powered by +12 volts dc. Back issues of *QST* are available for \$1.50 from the American Radio Relay League, 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111.

#### **ANTENNA DESIGNS**

Q. I own a Bearcat IV scanner and would rather make an antenna than buy one. Can you show me a few simple and effective designs for external

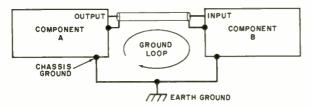
**GROUND LOOPS** 

Q. I would like to know how to avoid ground loops. Also, should the coils in a power line filter both be wound in one direction, or one clockwise and the other one counterclockwise?—Charles Gulino, Brooklyn, N.Y.

A. The fundamental rule for avoiding ground loops is to make sure that only one grounded lead is connected to the chassis of a particular component. The figure shows an example of a ground loop. Note that the shielded cable between component A (say, a preamp) and component B (a power amp) is tied to both chassis. Also, separate grounding straps are run from each chassis to

ground. If there is a potential difference between the two chassis, a current can flow around the ground loop. This can lead to hum problems. The easiest way to open the loop is to remove the grounding strap at either component A or component B. The chassis will still be grounded through the braid of the shielded lead—but only at one point.

It doesn't really make a difference which way you wind the coils for a line filter. Just be sure that wire with adequate insulation and capacitors rated for line bypassing (such as 1000-volt ac disc ceramic types) are used. Observe good construction practices and keep safety in mind. When in doubt, use a commerical UL-approved line filter.



scanner antennas which will work in the low and high vhf bands?—Chris Del Plato, Whippany, NJ.

A. There are many things to be considered here. You'll have to decide whether you want one antenna for each band, or say a broadbanded antenna to cover more than one. Also, are you interested in a low-gain, omni-directional antenna or a high-gain directional one? It's best to consult one of the many books on the subject, such as The Radio Amateur's Handbook, The ARRL Antenna Book, The Radio Amateur's VHF Manual (published by the American Radio Relay League, 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111), or the VHF Handbook for Radio Amateurs (Radio Publications, Box 149, Wilton, CT 06897), or the Radio Handbook (Editors and Engineers Division, Howard W. Sams & Co., Indianapolis, IN 46268).

Have a problem or question on circuitry, components, parts availability, etc? Send it to the Hobby Scene Editor, POPULAR ELECTRONICS, One Park Ave., New York, N.Y. 10016. Though all letters can't be answered individually, those with wide interest will be published.

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# Experimenter's Corner

By Forrest M. Mims

#### THE FOUR-LAYER DIODE

THE FOUR-LAYER diode is a pnpn negative-resistance, two-terminal device with switching properties similar to those of the neon glow lamp (see December 1976 "Experimenter's Corner"). Below a certain voltage level, variously called the trigger, threshold, avalanche or firing voltage, the diode has a very high electrical resistance and is said to be in the "off" state. When the applied voltage reaches the trigger level, the re-

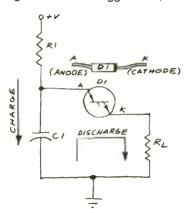


Fig. 1. Basic four-layer diode relaxation oscillator.

sistance of the diode abruptly drops to a few ohms or less and the diode enters the "on" state.

Sometimes called the Shockley diode after its inventor, the four-layer diode is virtually unknown to most electronics experimenters. Many of them, however, have used a four-layer diode with a third electrode, the well-known SCR (silicon controlled rectifier). While the four-layer diode will only trigger at a specific firing voltage, the SCR can be made to switch over a wide voltage range by simply applying a trigger pulse to its gate electrode. And, as some experimenters have accidentally learned, the SCR will self-trigger just like a four-layer diode if the anode-cathode voltage exceeds a certain "forward breakdown voltage."

It's true that the gate terminal makes the SCR a more versatile electronic switch than the basic four-layer diode. Nevertheless, since the four-layer diode is capable of self-switching, it is ideal for use in ultra-simple relaxation oscillator circuits. Considerable operating flexibility is available since four-layer diodes are available with trigger voltages ranging from 10 to more than 100 volts.

A basic four-layer diode relaxation oscillator is shown in Fig. 1. In operation, C1 is charged through R1 until the switching voltage of four-layer diode D1 is reached. The diode then turns on and the charge on C1 is suddenly shorted across D1 and the load,  $R_{\rm L}$ . When the current from C1 falls below a certain minimum level, D1 switches off and R1 again charges C1 to D1's switching voltage.

This oscillator circuit is so simple that important details of its operation are easy to ascertain before a test version is built. For example, since the charge on C1 determines when D1 switches on, the RC time constant of R1 and C1 determines the firing frequency of D1. The firing rate is limited to a certain maximum frequency since D1 will stay on if the current flowing through it exceeds a certain minimum level (I<sub>h</sub>). Accordingly, R1 must be large enough to keep the current level from the power supply below I<sub>h</sub>.

Finally, we know that since D1 has a

OF 27V

R1

IOK

SPER

SPER

OF 100/M F

Fig. 2. Audio oscillator.

very low "on" resistance, very high currents can be present during the circuit's discharge cycle. For example, if both  $R_{\rm L}$  and D1 (in the "on" state) each have a resistance of one ohm, the total resistance across C1 is only two ohms. Ohm's law says the current in a circuit equals the voltage divided by the resistance (I = E/R). Therefore, if D1 fires at 50 volts, an impressive 25 amperes will flow through D1 and RL during the discharge cycle of C1!

Of course, 25 amperes will rapidly destroy a relatively puny four-layer diode if applied continuously. But by limiting C1 to about 0.1  $\mu$ F the width of the current pulse will be a very brief microsecond or so. This keeps unwanted heat build-up to a minimum and protects the diode from thermal destruction.

The ultra-fast switching speeds of the four-layer diode (less than 50 nanoseconds) mean that the inductance of the wire leads in the discharge path can slow the discharge pulse and induce ringing (negative undershoot). This isn't serious in some applications, but it can cause problems in others.

Practical Circuits. The super-simple circuitry of a four-layer diode relaxation oscillator lends itself to many practical applications. For example, Fig. 2 shows a simple, yet versatile, audio oscillator which can be used to produce audio frequencies ranging from the "pock . . . pock . . . pock" of a metronome to the ear-piercing sound of a 10,000-Hz tone. Switch S1 permits various values of capacitance to be selected. Potentiometer R2 varies the frequency of the circuit by altering the charging rate of the discharge capacitor. Diode D1 can be any common four-layer diode such as the 1N3831 through 1N3846, the 4E series or the M4L series.

Diodes with low firing voltages work well and simplify firing requirements. (See the specs for individual diodes.) For example, power for a diode with a 20-volt firing voltage such as the 1N3821 can be supplied by a series string of three fresh 9-volt transistor radio batteries.

The circuit in Fig. 2 can easily be adapted for use as a pulse generator by substituting the simple network in Fig. 3

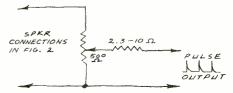


Fig. 3. Pulse generator output.

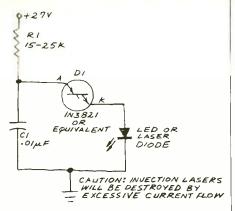


Fig. 4. Four-layer diode LED and injection laser driver.

for the speaker. The 500-ohm potentiometer permits the amplitude of the output pulses to be varied between zero and the firing voltage of the four-layer diode. The small resistor (3.3-10 ohms) limits the output current and protects D1 from being damaged by excessive current flow in the event the output is shorted directly to ground.

My favorite application for the fourlayer diode relaxation oscillator is as a subminiature, high-current driver for infrared LED's and semiconductor injection lasers. Figure 4 shows a circuit using only three components which easily delivers 10-ampere pulses with a width of about 100 nanoseconds and a rate of about a kilohertz to a diode laser. A typical experimenter-grade laser diode will deliver up to several watts of invisible infrared at a wavelength of about 900 nanometers when driven by this circuit. Laser, pulser, and batteries can be easily built into a small pocket-size package. A simple lens can be added to squeeze the broad beam from the laser into the pencil-thin beam produced by the much more costly gas lasers.

Be sure to keep the leads between the laser and the pulser short and direct if you try this circuit. Excess lead length can induce negative overshoot currents of several amperes, enough to damage or destroy the laser. It's very important to keep the pulse current below the maximum allowable for a particular laser. If you have access to a fast (25 MHz or so) scope, you can see the pulses delivered to the laser. Insert a 1-ohm resistor (fixed carbon; not wirewound) between the laser and ground and connect the scope across it. Since the resistance is one ohm, the voltage seen on the scope equals current in amperes through the laser.

You can also try building a four-layer diode audio oscillator to become familiar with the operating simplicity of this often overlooked parts saver.

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#### PRESIDENT "WASHINGTON" AM/SSB CB BASE STATION

40-channel transceiver can be powered by ac line or 13.8-volt dc.



THE "WASHINGTON" from President electronics is a sophisticated 40-channel AM/SSB CB base station transceiver. It is designed for operation from a 117-volt ac line source, but also may be powered from a nominal 13.8-volt dc supply with negative or positive ground.

Digital frequency synthesis and numeric LED channel indicators are used in the transceiver. Among its other features are: PHONE jack; VOLUME control; BF GAIN and SQUELCH controls; MIKE GAIN control; AM/USB/LSB mode selector; CLARIFIER control; PA/CB and NB (noise blanker) pushbutton switches, the latter with a noise limiter: illuminated S/RF PWR meter; LED mode indicators: front-facing speaker; transmitter-on LED; external-speaker jack; low-level clipper with filter; automatic modulation control (amc); automatic level control (alc) for SSB operation; electronic voltage regulation; reverse-polarity protection; and a line filter for dc sources.

The transceiver measured  $13\frac{1}{2}$ " W  $\times$  11"D  $\times$  5"H (34.3 $\times$  28  $\times$  12.7 cm) and weighs 13.8 lb (6.3 kg). Supplied with microphone and mobile mounting hardware, it retails for \$429.95.

**Technical Details.** Frequency control of the transceiver is provided by a PLL (phase-locked loop) synthesis system. A single-conversion receiver is employed, with the PLL's voltage-controlled oscillator (vco) operating in the area of

35 MHz to produce a 7.8-MHz i-f. A diode-protected r-f stage precedes the FET mixer.

A simple crystal bandpass filter following the mixer minimizes unwanted-signal responses, while a multisection crystal-lattice filter provides AM adjacentchannel rejection and sideband selection on SSB. Three i-f stages, the second and third of which are dc coupled, provide high gain with good stability. Separate voltage-doubling diodes are used for the S meter, for which there is an additional i-f amplifier, AM detection, and the agc. The last is amplified along with the r-f gain and controls a transistor that functions as a variable attenuator at the input to the r-f amplifier. A product detector is provided for SSB.

The anl for AM is the usual type and is followed by an audio amplifier and an IC power-output stage that also provides the modulating signal on AM. An amplified squelch is agc activated. The noise blanker employs the usual setup. It functions at 23 MHz to prevent triggering by CB signals and is switched in along with the anl.

A 10,240-kHz crystal-controlled signal is divided down to 10,000 Hz to provide the standard PLL reference. Then an 11,285-kHz crystal signal is tripled, difference-mixed with the output of the vco, and divided (according to the channel selector position). This provides the vco comparison signal at the phase comparator that furnishes the control voltage

for the vco. All dividing and phase comparison are accomplished in a single integrated circuit.

On transmit, the 11,825-kHz crystal signal is replaced by a  $\pm 800$ -Hz signal (depending on whether AM, USB, or LSB is selected). When tripled, this signal generates a total change of  $\pm 2400$  Hz. This signal is then mixed with one of two carrier-oscillator signals, again depending on the mode of operation, that are also shifted  $\pm 2400$  Hz from 7800 kHz.

The output of the vco is sum-combined at a transmitter mixer with the nominal 7800-kHz signal to provide the on-channel frequency. However, on SSB, the 7800-kHz signal is first modulated and the carrier suppressed at a balanced modulator. After this, the desired sideband is selected by the crystallattice filter.

The mixer is followed by an r-f amplifier, predriver, driver, and the r-f power amplifier stages. The power amplifier includes a three-section output network with a TVI trap. On SSB, the power amplifier functions as a linear amplifier, as do the preceding stages. On AM, the power amplifier and driver are collector modulated.

A bootstrap setup around an IC microphone amplifier provides compression with this amc augmented by a low-level clipper. This is followed by a dual-section low-pass audio filter that minimizes frequencies above about 2500 Hz. This scheme eliminates out-of-band distortion that might otherwise produce splatter due to the internal clipping action. The overall result is extremely effective in preventing overmodulation while still allowing high average modulation without splatter. Similar results are obtained on SSB, where the low-level clipper is engaged along with an alc setup.

Transmit/receive transfer is accomplished with a relay, along with electronic switching.

Laboratory Measurements. In our laboratory measurements, we obtained the following results. The sensitivity of the receiver measured 0.55  $\mu$ V on AM with 30% modulation at 1000 Hz and less than 0.2  $\mu$ V on SSB for 10 dB (S + N)/N. Image, i-f, and other unwanted-signal rejection all measured greater than 75 dE. Adjacent-channel rejection, desensitization, and crossmodulation were in the range of 55 to 60 dB. The squelch threshold range was 0.4 to 1000  $\mu$ V. The agc figure of merit was 13 dB of audio change with a 20-dB r-f input change at 1 to 10  $\mu$ V, 16 dB of audio

change with an 80-dB r-f change at 1 to 10,000 µV.

An S9 indication on the S meter was obtained with a  $50-\mu V$  signal. Unwanted-sideband suppression measured greater than 60 dB at 1000 Hz. The overall response was 200 to 2000 Hz on AM and nominally 50 to 2700 Hz on SSB. The audio output measured 3.5 watts at 3% THD with a 1000-Hz test signal on receive and 3.75 watts on PA.

The noise blanker allowed 0.5-to-1- $\mu$ V signals to be readable with only a trace of background noise in the presence of impulse noise 100 dB above 1  $\mu$ V/MHz bandwidth. Pulses 70 dB above 1  $\mu$ V were all subdued.

The AM carrier output was 4 watts when the transceiver was operated from the ac line. On SSB, the output was 12 watts pep with a test tone and 14 to 16 watts with voice modulation. Maximum AM modulation at input levels 25 dB above that required for 50% modulation were 90% on the positive peak and 85% on the negative peak at 6% THD with a 1000-Hz signal. The THD increased to 20% during maximum clipping at 400 Hz. Adjacent-channel splatter with voice or steady 1000-Hz modulation was a minimum of 60 dB down. It was in the

range of 55 to 60 dB at 2500 Hz. The peaks occasionally hit 100% with voice modulation.

Third-order distortion products on SSB were 26 dB below two test tones, or 32 dB below the pep output, using maximum microphone gain and alc, which allowed high average modulation without distortion-causing flat-topping. Unwanted-sideband suppression at 1000 Hz was greater than 50 dB and carrier suppression was 60 dB.

User Comment. This is an impressive looking transceiver, matching its fine performance. The channel-selector knob is large and easy to handle. Much to our delight, there are no concentric controls to confuse the CB'er. The controls are arranged in logical order along the bottom of the front panel. The mode-indicating LED's are ideally located above the mode switch, and the channel displays are large and easy to read.

Another nicety is that the lighted meter is large and round for easy reading. The power scale's calibration at the point labelled "4" coincides closely with the actual AM r-f output power. Should the user switch to PA, however, he will learn that the meter is not illuminated.

nor are there any other indicators that the transceiver is "on,"

One of the fine performance features of this transceiver is its modulation. As noted by our tests, the transceiver provides a high average modulation level for a good punch, with the modulation peaks held to just short of 100%. This produces a clean signal without splatter, even with the MIC GAIN control fully turned up. However, it must be recognized that although the clipper's lowpass filter minimizes distortion products outside of the channel being used, distortion from heavy clipping can appear in the transmitter's audio passband. (The passband was nominally 260 to 2700 Hz on AM and 400 to 2500 Hz on SSB.) In this respect, the response varied somewhat with different microphone levels due to variations in the clipping levels at various frequencies. The Washington's front-facing speaker enhances voice intelligibility and the phone jack permits private monitoring.

With the exception of an SWR indicator, the Washington CB transceiver from President Electronics has everything you will need for convenient base-station use on both AM and SSB.

CIRCLE NO 104 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

#### FLUKE MODEL 8020A DIGITAL MULTIMETER

3½ digits, 6 functions, 28 ranges.



LUKE'S new Model 8020A digital multimeter has a number of innovative features wrapped up in a rather small package for portable use. It features a 3½-digit liquid crystal display (LCD) and low-current IC's to permit up to 200 hours of continuous operation from a single replaceable 9-volt alkaline

battery. In addition to the usual voltage, current, and resistance measuring capabilities, the new DMM has a novel "conductance" function that offers the user the capability of measuring transistor beta and high-resolution resistance up to 10,000 megohms.

The DMM measures  $7\frac{1}{8}$ "L  $\times$   $3\frac{3}{8}$ "W  $\times$   $1\frac{1}{2}$ "D (18.1  $\times$  8.6  $\times$  3.8 cm) and weighs 13 oz (560 g). \$169.

General Details. The DMM offers six functions and 26 ranges, all selectable by pushing in the appropriate switches located along the left side of the case. The functions include ac and dc current and voltage, resistance, and conductance. The accuracy on all functions and ranges is specified at 0.25%. Transient protection for up to 6000 volts is provided, as are automatic zeroing and automatic polarity indication.

Ac and dc voltages can be measured on five ranges that go up in decade steps from 200 mV to 1000 volts full-scale on dc and 750 volts on ac. Input resistance/impedance in both cases is 10 megohms (paralleled by less than 100 pF on the ac ranges). On dc, the input is protected up to 1000 volts on all ranges, while on ac, protection is provid-

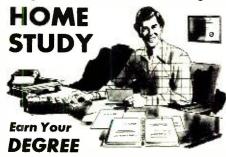
ed for up to 300 volts rms on the 200-mV range and up to 750 volts rms on the higher ranges. Accuracy on dc is 0.25% +1 count and on ac is a function of frequency, going from a low of 0.75% +2 counts up to 1000 Hz to a high of 5% +5 counts at 5000 Hz. The normal-mode rejection is 60 dB at 50/60 Hz, while common-mode rejection is 100 dB at dc and 50/60 Hz.

Six ranges are provided for the resistance-measuring function, each going up in decade steps from 200 ohms to 20 megohms full-scale. Accuracy is stated as ranging from 0.2% on the lower ranges to 2% on the 20-megohm range. Full-scale test voltages on the 200-ohm, 20k, and 2-megohm ranges is 0.25 volt; greater than 0.7 volt on the 200k and 20megohm ranges; and less than 1 volt on the 2k range. The open-circuit voltage is rated at less than 3.5 volts on the 2k range and less than 1.5 volts on all other ranges. Note that the test voltages are arranged so that on the 200-ohm, 2k, and 2-megohm ranges silicon diodes will not conduct when taking a resistance measurement in a circuit across a semiconductor junction. Overvoltage protection up to 300 volts dc and ac rms is provided on all ranges.

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The conductance function allows high-resistance measurements to be made to an equivalent of 10,000 megohms. This allows the user to test for capacitor leakage and check the condition of diodes, cables, etc. In addition, by using an external socket and a single resistor, transistor beta can be measured directly. This handy function makes transistor matching a snap.

Two conductance ranges are provided: 2 mS and 2 nS (S stands for Siemens, which replaces the formerly used mho). Accuracy is rated at 0.3% +1 count on the 2-mS and 2% +10 counts on the 2-nS ranges. The open-circuit test potential is less than 1.5 volts dc on both ranges, and both ranges will forward bias a typical transistor junction.

Four decade ranges are provided for making current measurements on ac and dc, starting with 2 mA and ending with 2000 mA (2 A) full-scale. Accuracy on dc is rated at 0.75% +1 count on all ranges. On ac, the accuracy is stated at 2% +2 counts between 45 and 450 Hz on the 2-mA range and 1.5% +2 counts on all other ranges between 45 and 1000 Hz. In both modes, the insertion drop is specified at 0.7 volt on the 2000mA range and 0.25 volt on all other ranges. Overcurrent protection is provided for up to 2 A on all ranges in both modes, and the inputs are fuse-protected when measuring current in circuits where the open-circuit potential is 250 volts or less.

User Report. We tested the DMM in our usual manner, using a laboratory voltage reference standard and a variety of 1% and 0.1% precision resistors of known values. Our results verified that the meter was within the published specifications-in most cases, well within the specs-on the resistance and ac and dc voltage functions and ranges.

We used our voltage reference and 0.1% tolerance resistors to then check the accuracy of the current-measuring functions. Though we did not attempt to make current measurements greater than 250 mA, the results obtained leave no doubt that here, too, the instrument performed well within its published specifications.

The DMM is housed in a high-impact plastic case, on which we performed our usual drop test from a height of 1 meter onto a hardwood floor. Needless to say, the instrument survived the test. We performed the laboratory tests again and discovered that our results were no different from those we had obtained before the drop test.

We like the location of all the operating switches along the left side of the instrument's case. This makes for convenient one-hand operation of the DMM. Another plus is that the test-lead input jacks are deeply recessed into the case, which makes it virtually impossible for a user to accidentally bridge the inputs with his hand when making high-voltage measurements.

The large 7/16" (11.1-mm) high numerals in the display are dead black against the light metallic background, which makes them easy to read under almost all lighting conditions. Being a liguid crystal display, it requires very low current to operate, which is the primary reason an ordinary 9-volt alkaline battery delivers such a long operating life. In fact, during our field tests of the DMM we rarely ever turned off the power when we were on a job. And replacement of the battery is a simple operation. A cover at the bottom rear of the case slides out to allow the battery (and the fuse, which is mounted in a block atop the battery clip) to be replaced at a moment's notice.

We performed some transistor beta tests according to the instructions given in the manual supplied with the DMM. To our surprise, the Model 8020A DMM came up with almost identical readings as those obtained on our laboratorygrade transistor tester.

Although the conductance mode was new to us, it did not take us long to gain familiarity with it. The operating manual illustrates a conductance-to-resistance conversion table that can be used for exacting measurements. Essentially, the conductance function allows the DMM to make measurements out to 10,000 megohms, which is not possible with ordinary multimeters, even DMM's. This capability is ideal for checking capacitors and cables for leakage and semiconductors for forward/reverse ratios.

When the potential from the battery drops below 7.2 volts, the display indicates BT to inform the user that only 20% of the battery's life remains.

After using the Model 8020A digital multimeter on our workbench and in the field for some time, we conclude that it is an excellent instrument for the engineer, technician, and hobbyist. It is rugged, easy to use, and provides more than enough accuracy for most any measuring task. Moreover, its conductance function expands the meter's versatility. It is also quite reasonably priced for what it offers in the way of test and measurement capabilities.

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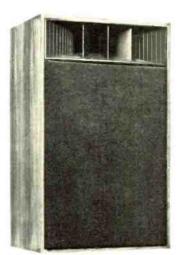
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By Leslie Solomon, Technical Editor

#### **REMOTE CONTROL**

There has been lots of *talking* in various computer circles about the possibility of using a computer and a special program to control appliances around the house. However, there has been very little *doing* on the subject after the expense of the necessary rewiring was calculated.

While considering this problem at one club meeting, I was reminded of an article published in this magazine some time ago that just might be of some help. The article was "Wireless Audio System for Remote Speakers" (January 1976) and it described the concept of using a wide-band (30 Hz to 17 kHz) FM carriercurrent transmitting system operating at approximately 200 kHz, to pipe hi-fi music around the house using the ac power lines already existing in the structure. Wherever you wanted a loudspeaker, you merely installed a matched FM carrier-current receiver and used the audio output from this device to operate the remote speaker system.

Now, why couldn't the same idea be applied to a computer system since just about every structure where a computer is installed is already wired and the existing power lines could be used: The cnly requirement is to substitute discrete tone signals for the hi-fi music. Since the wireless system has excellent specifica-

tions (S/N is -65 dB, frequency response is 30 Hz to 17 kHz  $\pm 0.2$  dB, and audio distortion is less than 2%), good results could be expected.

Although I am still in the process of building what I am about to describe, I want to pass the idea along so that any one who is interested can make his own modifications or redesign the system for better operation.

Modulating With a Program. The first requirement is a program that will turn on an audio tone generator at a frequency determined by a given command. This tone is then used to modulate the wireless intercom system. A separate decoder can be installed in each room where there are appliances to be controlled and each decoder supplies a number of output signals.

The decoded outputs could be used to turn on an SCR or triac, which, in turn, would supply power to a conventional appliance socket. If each socket is colorcoded, or otherwise identified as to which tone turns it on, the computer can control power to any socket in the system. To avoid having to keep a tone online while each socket is powered, the decoded output pulse can be used to turn on a flip-flop that operates the SCR or triac. Thus, the first transmitted tone

turns on a socket. Then, because of the flip-flop action, the socket remains powered even when the tone is removed. The second time the tone occurs, the power is removed from the socket.

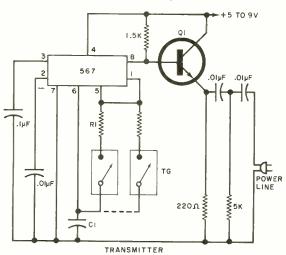
Because of the 30-Hz-to-17-kHz bandwidth of the system, quite a number of discrete tones can be transmitted. The use of high-Q filters can increase even that number.

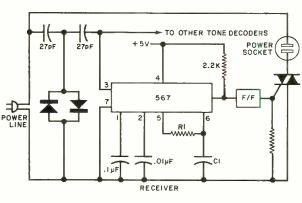
**The Circuits.** Transmitter and receiver circuits that can be used are shown here. Note that both are connected directly to the ac power line, so great care must be taken when working with the circuit to avoid electrical shock.

In the transmitter, which will be located at the computer, the selection of R1 and C1 will determine the oscillation frequency. In the circuit shown, C1 can be about 0.001  $\mu F$ , while  $\emph{R1}$  is in the range of 1500 to 4700 ohms for a transmitting frequency of about 300 kHz. Other values may be used to set the desired operating frequency. Although you can use a single resistor for R1, switches may be used to select other values for other frequencies. In the circuit shown, transmission gates (TG) such as the CMOS 4016 can be operated by a computer signal. If desired, simple pushbutton switches can be used.

The output of the transmitter's 567 drives a transistor emitter follower (any good silicon type can be used) with the output passing through a high-pass filter to the ac line.

The receiver section to control only one socket is shown. Its input is coupled to the power line through a high-pass filter which a so includes diode signal clipping (optional). The *R1-C1* combination in the receiver is selected to mate with that used in the transmitter. The decoded tone output, which occurs when the 567 receives the correct frequency, is





Transmitter (left) and receiver (above) circuits for a wireless system of remote control by computer.

used to operate the flip-flop. This stage, in turn, drives the SCR or triac. This controls the ac line supply to the power socket.

When the correct frequency is received, the flip-flop turns on the SCR or triac. The latter then remains on even when the tone is removed. When the correct frequency is detected the second time, the flip-flop changes states. Then, at the next zero crossing of the power supply, the triac is turned off, removing power from the controlled appliance. As previously mentioned, this system has not been built, but it looks workable. The reader can select his own frequencies, method of keying the tones, type of flip-flop, etc.

**Suggestions.** It is also possible to use a conventional wireless intercom system, available from most electronics parts distributors and catalogs. They can be modified to use tone generators at the transmitter end and phase-locked loops (like the 567) at the receiver end.

No matter what kind of system you use, the important thing is to remember that any home, farm, or factory wired for power is automatically wired for remote control. All you have to do is generate the correct activating signals.

Newsbreak. There have been rumors in the wind for more than a year now that Heath, among other well-known companies, was planning to introduce a hobbyist computer. Well, it has happened! Heath has entered the hobby computer field. Here is a brief description of what was shown to us at a Heath press conference in Benton Harbor, Mich.

Based on the 8080A microprocessor, the new Heath H8 Digital Computer (kit price \$375) features a 1k ROM operating system, a 9-digit, 7-segment LED octal display and a 16-key keypad. The readouts are used to display register and memory contents, even when the machine is running. Four discrete LED's are used as system status indicators, while a built-in loudspeaker can be used for a variety of audio effects.

The bus design features two 25-pin connectors, and the bus has provisions for 10 plug-ins. The plug-in boards are tilted at the same angle as the sloping front panel. The "edge" connectors are on one side, and the other side of each board is supported by a metal bracket. The chassis is convection-cooled by a series of louvres on the top and bottom surfaces.

The kit contains everything but RAM memory. A 4k static RAM board kit is



Heathkit H8 digital computer.

available for \$140, and a 4k chip set to expand the board to 8k costs \$95. There is also a serial I/O board that contains a 1200-baud audio cassette (modified Manchester code, KC standard) for \$110, and a three-port parallel I/O for \$150.

The Heath H9 CRT terminal (kit price \$350) features a 67-key board, and an 80-character by 12-line display on its built-in 12" glare-free monitor. Other features include a format option of four columns of 20 characters by 12 lines, full cursor control, batch transmit, and a plot mode. Standard serial I/O includes EIA (RS-232), 20-mA current loop, and TTL levels. The baud rate is selectable between 110 and 9600.

There are several other items in the Heath computer line, including the H11, a 16-bit machine for \$1295. Based on the Digital Equipment Corp. LSI-11 microcomputer module (KD11-F), and featuring the PDP-11 software, this new computer comes with a wired and tested CPU board, and 4k x 16-bit RAM memory. The memory is expandable to 20k. The system includes a built-in back-



Heathkit H9 CRT terminal.

plane, power supply with switching regulators and full circuit protection, and I/O accessories. A complete DEC software package that includes an editor, PAL-11 assembler, linker, on-line debug package, I/O executive, BASIC and FOCAL, is also included. Accessories include a 4k x 16-bit RAM board at \$275, a serial and a parallel interface at \$95 each. Purchasers of the H11 are eligible to join DECUS (Digital Equipment Computer Users Society), whose library contains over 800 programs for the PDP-11 which can be run on the H11.

Another new item is the Heath H10 paper tape reader-punch for \$350. Although intended for the Heath H8 and H11 computers, the H10 can be used with any other computers. This peripheral employs standard 1"-wide paper tape (roll or fan fold), and the reader operates at 50 characters per second and is silent. The tape punch operates at 10 characters per second and either function is independent of the other and may be operated simultaneously. The device also features a copy mode for tape duplication, a built-in power supply, and a stepper motor for the reader tape drive. The interface is standard parallel TTL.

Heath will also make available the LA36 DEC Writer II for use with their computer systems. This hard copy device features variable-width forms from 3" to 141/8" wide, 128-character ASCII upper/lower case set with 95 printable characters, 132-column print format with 10 characters per inch horizontal and 6 lines per inch vertical spacing. It can handle up to 6 part forms with 0.020" maximum pack thickness. Other features include half- or full-duplex, parity check on output ANSI-standard multikey rollover, and a keyboard similar to that on a typewriter. The LA36 uses a 20-mA current loop interface.



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# CB

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By Ray Newhall, KWI6010

#### **CB DEVELOPMENT NEWS AND VIEWS**

UCH HAS BEEN written in this column and others about the future of personal use radio, but soon many of these futuristic dreams may come true as CB technology moves into the realm of computer electronics.

As CB has taken the public fancy, FCC license holders have increased from fewer than a million in January, 1974 to a reported 12 million in 1977. It has been estimated that more than 20,000,000 rigs are now in active use in the U.S.

CB Radio has not only caused shifts in sociological habits of the American public, but it has also created new problems. There are noticeable increases in r-f radiation levels in all parts of the country as the public use of radiotelephone has increased, which includes more users in the business, marine, and the amateur services.

No one has yet suggested a health hazard, to the best of our knowledge, but the r-f background levels are very evident to TV viewers and audiophiles.

ON SECURICA SECURICA

Hy-Gain's Model 2716 40-channel Remote CB Mobile Transceiver.

TVI (television interference) and audio rectification have become commonplace, and the FCC is under tremendous pressure from the public and from Congress to resolve the problem.

At the same time, with better than one in ten Americans using CB, the FCC is also being pressured to make more of the radio spectrum available for personal use. It was this pressure from both camps that precipitated the sudden 40-channel rule-making in July, 1976. In one quick decision, the FCC increased the number of channels from 23 to 40 and clamped down drastically on harmonic emissions and chassis radiation standards for new transeivers, all effective January 1, 1977.

The 40-channel rule-making was very nearly disastrous for CB manufacturers, all of which had built up huge inventories in anticipation of a banner sales year. Stock was introduced to the market at prices at or below cost in an attempt to reduce invertories. But at these bargain prices, the public just kept buying 23channel transceivers, even though new 40-channel models were introduced. Profit margins had disappeared at the same time manufacturers were required to invest heavily in new research to meet the 1977 technical standards for type acceptance. Even so, several large appliance and electronic component manufacturers became newly committed to the CB market.

Now, a year later, the upheaval has not subsided entirely. In early spring there were still about a million new 23-channel rigs on dealers' shelves. Again, manufacturers were forced to reduce prices, this time on 40-channel units to make them more competitive; only top-of-the-line equipment was able to resist this price erosion. Of course, surviving manufacturers began looking for ways to make their expensive rigs look more attractive to the CB public. Their new ideas are beginning to appear in the

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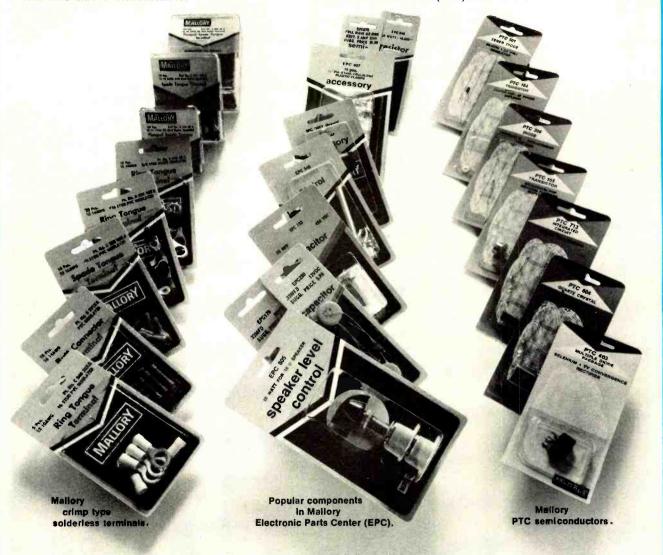
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1978 models, which were on display at a trade show early this year.

On the whole, the CB boom has brought about significant improvement in design and production of high quality, low cost CB rigs, and should improve the status of all radiotelephone equipment. Type-accepted transceivers on the market in 1977 are greatly improved over the units sold only a couple of years ago. Major improvements have been made in less interference- and distortion-causing operation and improved reliability, as well as 17 additional channels. Speech-processing circuits have

been redesigned to meet stricter modulation requirements, and adjacent channel interference reduced. To be more competitive, nearly all rigs operate close to maximum permissible power, with high modulation.

With the advent of the expansion to 40 channels, digital logic has become commonplace. PLL frequency synthesis is the most economic route to go to achieve 17 more channels, of course. And this design permits channels to be displayed digitally.

A Shift Of Emphasis. As mentioned

earlier, many CB manufacturers (including surprising new entries to the industry, such as Texas Instruments) are planning to extend their use of digital logic into functions that had never occurred to most of us only a couple of years ago. Some, including Hy-Gain, and TI, are planning to introduce CB rigs in 1978 which incorporate microprocessor logic into the control units of their top-of-the-line sets. Hy-Gain has demonstrated a controller much like a telephone handset, which incorporates push-button control and digital display of



Texas Instruments' hand-held unit includes digital SWR readout.

channel number, signal strength and an LED digital clock, as well as a separate mike and earphone. Texas Instrument's offering will be similar to Hy-Gain's, but will include SWR readout on its digital display. Features such as channel recall memory and instantaneous channel 9 switching will be included on some transceivers

Proposals For The Future. Robert Beeman of Berkley, Illinois, has formally presented the FCC with a plan to expand personal radio service into a 2-MHz band between 48 to 50 MHz, just below the six meter amateur band. His proposal, labeled RM-2849 by the FCC, recommends the assignment of 99 narrow-band FM channels for personal use.

The proposal analytically examines the usable radio spectrum and concludes that any new allocations must be above 40 MHz in order to eliminate ionospheric propagation (skip), and below 300 MHz because he judges that technical sophistication, high cost and high propagation losses make uhf unsuitable for a personal use radio service.

Mr. Beeman's proposal places major emphasis on problems associated with TVI (television interference), and recommends that any CB frequency allocation should be removed from the closest TV channel by at least four MHz, and that i-f



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beat characteristics be carefully analyzed. He eliminates the 220 MHz band (proposed by the EIA in 1968 for Class "E" CB) because it has just such an i-f beat relationship to TV channel 7.

Although Mr. Beeman concludes that the only suitable allocation would be from 48 to 50 MHz, he is quick to add that even this band has drawbacks (but no major ones which cannot be overcome by modern technology):

- \* The band is too close to TV channel 2, and also to the TV i-f frequency band between 41 to 47 MHz.
- \* lonospheric "skip" still exists at 48 MHz, but it is infrequent and of short duration.

The advantages he lists for the recommended band are:

- \* It is presently little used, as compared with the other options available below 400 MHz. These frequencies are now assigned primarily to industry and miscellaneous governmental agencies.
- \* Six-meter antennas would be convenient for mobile use, yet antenna systems and propagation would be far more efficient than frequencies above 200 MHz.
- \* There is room in this band for 99 narrow-band FM channels, separated by 16 kHz spacing (transmitter frequency tol-

erances would be limited to ±1 kHz, or .002%).

The 99 channels would be allocated as follows:

- \* 70 channels for 5 watt simplex voice transmission
- \* 18 channels (9 pairs) for duplex wireless telephone
- \* 5 R/C channels using digital coding
- \* 5 low power walkie-talkie channels
- \* 1 channel reserved for digitally-encoded automatic selective calling.

The automatic digital calling channel would be used by transceivers equipped for selective calling. A calling unit might select any unused channel and dial in the identification of the unit he wishes to contact. At the push of a button, a digitally-encoded tone-burst message would be transmitted on the reserved channel (channel zero). When received by the addressed unit, the transceiver would be automatically switched to the channel specified in the message format, the selective squelch disabled, the calling unit identified by a digital display and the receiving operator alerted to receive the incoming call. Such equipment could be programmed to respond automatically to calls on the designated emergency channel.

Mr. Beeman's suggestion for a channel reserved for digital selective calling shows excellent foresight that's well within present day digital logic capability. It would provide high-grade, private personal communications, especially if repeaters, privacy scramblers and auto patches were one day permitted as they are on the Class A band.

Another ATIS Proposal. There has been another automatic transmitter identification signal (ATIS) proposal submitted to the FCC by the chairman of the PURAC User Rules Task Group, Stu-Lippoff, in a report of Minutes of a January 29th meeting. It is a detailed plan for mandatory ATIS applied to the present CBRS band. Although it appears to be a minority report of his own concepts rather than a consensus report by Task Group members, it does reflect some of the concern felt about CBers who refuse to identify themselves routinely by use of a call sign.

This columnist would welcome the inclusion of ATIS devices as a required part of any newly authorized band in the Personal Use Radio Service, but would resist any attempt to retrofit current CB equipment with ATIS devices.



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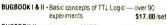
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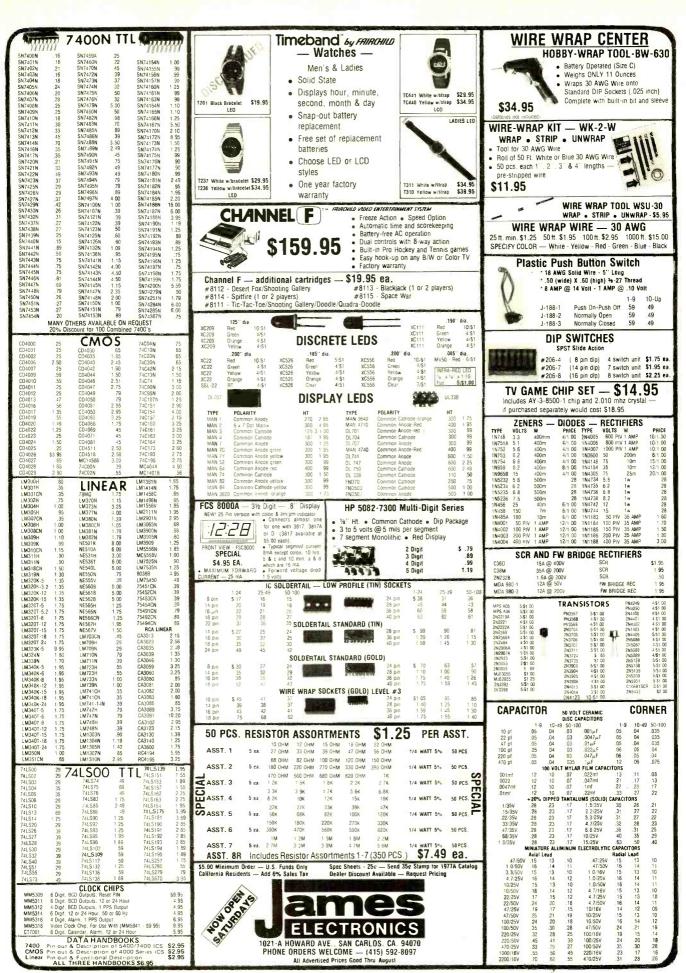


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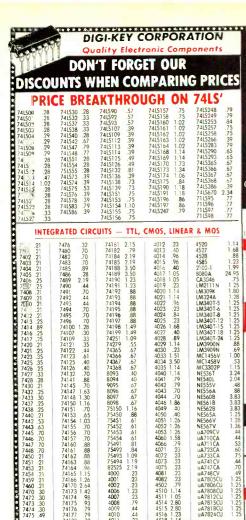
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74LS0823	74LS160 - 1.02	LM 31995
74LS1023	74LS161 - 1.02	LM 32405
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AN343	3 90	M5115PR	4 80	TA7120P-0	2 20	UPC563H2	8 00
BA511	3 50	M5155	2 85	TA7122AP		UPC566H	2 25
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HA1158	6.30	STK011	10 50	TA7146P	4 10	UPC1001H2	
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AN229	6 35	LA3301	4 85	TA7149P	4 00	TA78012P	1 95
AN234	5 75	LA4030	4 85	TA7063P	2.25	TA78015M	2.50
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AN241	3.20	LA4051P	4 65	TA7075P	4 90		12.00
AN245	6 50	TBA8105	3 50	TA7076P	4 55	UPC16C	2 50
AN274	3.95	LD3080	4 00	TA7089P	2 90	UPC20C	5.00
AN277B	3 40	LD3120	3 10	TA7102	5 15	UPC41C	3 95
AN288	4 80	LD3141	2 40	TA7106P	3.25	UPC48C	3 95
AN328	4 05	M5112	5 40	TA7120P	2 20	UPC554C	3 90
AN343	3 90	M5115PR	4 80	TA7120P-	C 220	UPC563H2	8 00
BA511	3 50	M5155	285	TA7122AF		UPC566H	2 25
BA521	3 95	SG613	5 40	TA7124P	1 85	UPC575C	4.10
HA1158	6.30	STK011	10 50	TA7146P	4 10	UPC 1001H2	
HA1159	6 60	STK015	6 50	TA7150P	4.55	UPC 1020H	5.50
HA1202	3 10	STK025	12.50	TA7153P	6.90	UPC1025	5 50
HA1306W	5 20	STK032	14.20	TA7200P	6.25		
			IC's	ON THE	HOVE		

MM3001 HALL IC SN76001	19 50 DN834 DN835 1 75	IGADE DEVIO MN3002 11 1 25 DN6 1 35 DN6 SN76002 PHASE LOC	.70 MN 337 150 38(NEW) 195		
	М	ICROPROC	ESSOR	CHIPS	
1404A	3.25	2102	2 50	MM5013	3 25
C1702A	1995	C2708	95 00	8008	19.95
2101	6 95	C4702A	19 95	8080A	29 95
MK4200	P-11 409	96x1 Bit Dym	anic Ram		9 95
		24 Bit (256x4		Mos Ram	4 50
			FURTHER	INFORMATION.	4.25
		SPEC'S	AVAILABL	E	

ELECTROLY	TIC
CAPACITO	RS

AXIAL LEADS	15
AXIAL LEADS	15
NO POLARITY	15
AXIAL LEADS	15
AXIAL LEADS	.15
AXIAL LEADS	.20
AXIAL LEADS	15
AXIAL LEADS	15
RADIAL LEADS	15
RADIAL LEADS	.20
RADIAL LEADS	15
RADIAL LEADS	.20
AXIAL LEADS	.60
AXIAL LEADS	.65
	AXIAL LEADS NO POLARITY AXIAL LEADS AXIAL LEADS AXIAL LEADS AXIAL LEADS AXIAL LEADS AXIAL LEADS RADIAL LEADS RAXIAL LEADS

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14w5%	06	.05	.04	
1/2w5%	.08	07	.06	
STANDAF	D RES	ISTANC	EVALL	JES
OHMS				
10	270	820	4 7K	27 K
22	300	910	5 1K	33K
47	330	1.0K	6 8K	47K
51	470	1.5K	7.5K	100K
100	510	2.2K	8.2K	330K
150	560	2.7K	10K	1.0M
220	680	3 3K	15K	
240	750	3 9K	22K	

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50 Asst (Assorted values)	\$1
10 Asst. (many top #'s Case T072) 100 Asst. (similar to C103 Series) Case to 92.	50 \$4
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83-0005	2.00	IP20-0142	3.00
83-0007	2.50	IP20-0139	.43
83-0008	2.00	IP20-0154	6.00
83-0015	3.00	IP20-0155	2 50
IP20-0005	3.00	IP20-0161	4 00
IP20-0016	.40	IP20-0177	2 75
IP20-0034	.85	IP20-0176	285
IP20-0037	.85	IP20-0191	72

PRICING		IP20-0093		
3 70 000		IP20-0073	2.75	
		IP20-0045	2.00	
		IP20-0037	.85	IP2
		IP20-0034		IP2
ase to 92.	\$4 00	IP20-0016	.40	IP2

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2SA316	75	2SC240	1 10	2SC775	2.75	2SC1175	.65	2SD81	3 25
2SA473	75	2SC291	.65	2SC776	3.00	2SC1209	55	2SD88	1.50
2SA483	1.95	2SC292	3 00	2SC777	4.00	2SC1213	75	2SD118	3.25
	.80	2SC320	75	2SC778	4 00	2SC1226A		2SD130	1.25
2SA489			75	2SC781	3.00	2SC1237	4 50	2SD141	2.25
2SA490	70	2SC352						2SD151	2.25
2SA505	70	2SC353	75	2SC783	1.00	2SC1239	4.00	2SD170	2.00
2SA564	50	2SC371	70	2SC784	70	2SC 1243	1.50		
2SA628	.65	2SC372	70	2SC785	1.00	2SC1293	.85	2SD180	2.75
2SA643	.85	2SC394	70	2SC789	1.00	2SC1306	4.75	2SD201	1.95
2SA647	2.75	2SC458	70	2SC793	2.50	2SC1307	5.75	2SD218	4.75
2SA673	85	2SC460	70	2SC796	3.15	2SC1308	4.75	2SD235	1.00
2SA679	3 75	2SC478	80	2SC797	2 50	2SC1317	.60	2SD300	2.50
2SA682	85	2SC481	1.85	2SC798	3.10	2SC1318	.70	2SD313	1 10
2SA699	1 30	2SC482	1 75	2SC799	4.25	2SC 1325	4.95	250315	.75
2SA699A	1.45	2SC491	2.50	2SC802	3.75	2SC1327	.70	2SD316	2.50
2SA705	.55	2SC495	1 10	2SC803	4.00	2SC1338	1.75	2SD317	1.25
2SA815	.85	2SC497	1.60	2SC815	.75	2SC1346	80	2SD318	.95
2SA816	.85	2SC502	1.50	2SC 828	.75	2SC1347	80	2SD325	1.25
		2SC515	.80	2SC829	.75	2SC1364	1.50	2SD341	.95
2SB22	65	2SC517	4.25	2SC830	1.60	2SC1377	5.50	2SD350	3.25
2SB54	.70	2SC535	.75	2SC838	.70	2SC 1383	.75	2SD352	.80
2SB56	.70	2SC536	.65	2SC839	.85	2SC1384	.85	2SD380	5.70
2SB77	.70	2SC536	.70	2SC922	.55	2SC1409	1.25	2SD389	.75
2SB128	2.25	2SC563	2.50	2SC929	.70	2SC1410	1.25	2SD390	.75
			1.25	2SC930	.65	2SC1447	1.25	230330	.,,
2SB152	4.50	2SC607 2SC614	3.80	25C930 25C938	65	2SC 1448	1.25	2SF8	3.00
2SB173				2SC938	1.50	2SC1449	1.30	2SCF8	3.50
2SB175	.55	2SC615	3.90	2SC945		2SC1449	1.50	2SCF6	1.25
2SB178	1.00	2SC616	4.15		.65	2SC1475	1.25	HEPS3001	3.25
2SB186	.60	2SC617	4.25	2SC959	3.15	2SC1507	1.25	JSP7001	75
2SB187	60	2SC620	.80	2SC960	2.75			MRF8004	3.00
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2SB303	.65	2SC642	3.50	2SC996	4.90	2SC1674	1.75	MPS8000	1.25
2SB324	1.00	2SC643	3.75	2SC 10 10	.80	2SC1675	1.75	MPS8001	1.25
2SB337	2.10	2SC644	.70	2SC1012	.80	2SC1678	5.50	MPSU02	.50
2SB367	1.60	2SC681	2.50	2SC1013	1.50	2SC1679	4.75	MPSU31	4.00
2SB370	.65	2SC684	2.10	2SC1014	1.50	2SC1756	1.25	SK3047	3.75
2SB405	85	2SC687	2.50	2SC 1017	1.50	2SC1760	2.15	SK3048	3.25
2SB407	1.65	2SC696	3.00	2SC1018	1.50	2SC1816	4.50		4.75
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2SB471	1.75	2SC712	.70	2SC1061	1.65	2SC 1973	1.50	2SK33	1.20
2SB474	1.50	2SC713	.70	2SC 1069	3.50	2SC1974	4.90	2SK41	1.75
2SB476	1.25	2SC731	3 00	2SC 1079	3.75	2SC1975	4.90		2.75
2SB481	2.10	2SC732	.70	2SC 1080	3.75	2SC2028	1.10		2.75
2SB492	1.25	2SC733	.70	2SC1096	1.20	2SC2029	4.75		2.75
2SB495	.95	2SC735	.70	2SC1098	1.15	2SC2074		3SK49	2.75
2SB507	.90	2SC739	.70	2SC1115	2.75	2002014	0.00	4004	3.00
2SB511	.70	2SC715	.70	2SC1166	.70	2SD45	2.00		3.00
2SB531	3.00	2SC756	3.00	2SC1167	4.25	2SD65	.75		1.25
2SB556		2SC762	1.90	2SC1167	4.00	2SD68	.90		1.50
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1N60	.25	2N930	25	2N2218A	.30	2N2907	.25	2N3730	2.50	2N4234	.95
1N270	.40	2N956	.30	2N2219	.25	2N2907A	.30	2N3731	3.75	2N4400	.16
1N914	10	2N960	.90	2N2219A	.30	2N2913	.75	2N3740	1.00	2N4401	.16
		2N962	95	2N2221	.25	2N2914	1.20	2N3771	1.75	2N4402	16
2N173	1.75	2N967	95	2N2221A	.30	2N2916A	3.65	2N3772	1.90	2N4403	.20
2N174	3.50	2N1136	1.75	2N2222	.25	2N3019	.50	2N3773	3.00	2N4409	.16
2N178	.90	2N1142	2.25	2N2222A	.30	2N3053	.30	2N3819	.40	2N4410	.16
2N327A	1.15	2N1300	1.00	2N2223	1.00	2N3054	.70	2N3823	.70	2N4416	.75
2N334	1.20	2N 130 1	1.10	2N2270	40	2N3055	.75	2N3856	.20	2N5061	.30
2N336	.90	2N 1302	1.25	2N2323	1.00	2N3227	1.00	2N3866	.85	2N5064	.50
2N338A	1.05	2N1303	.70	2N2324	1.35	2N3247	3.40	2N3903	.16	2N5130	.20
2N398B	1.50	2N1304	1.25	2N2325	2.00	2N3250	.50	2N3904	.16	2N5133	.15
2N404	.75	2N1305	.75	2N2326	2.85	2N3375	6.50	2N3905	.16	2N5138	.15
2N443	2.50	2N1306	1.35	2N2327	3.80	2N3393	.20	2N3906	.16	2N5198	3.75
2N456	1.30	2N1307	.75	2N2328	4.25	2N3394	.17	2N3925	3.75	2N5294	.50
2N501A	3.00	2N1308	1.50	2N2329	4.75	2N3414	.17	2N3954	3.50	2N5296	.50
2N508A	.45	2N1309	.90	2N2368	.25	2N3415	.18	2N3954A	3.75	2N5306	.20
2N555	.75	2N1552	3.25	2N2369	.25	2N3416	.19	2N3955	2.45	2N5354	.20
2N652A	1.25	2N1554	1.25	2N2484	.32	2N3417	.20	2N3957	1.25	2N5369	.20
2N677	6.00	2N1557	1.15	2N2712	.18	2N3442	1.85	2N4036	.75	2N5400	.40
2N706	25	2N1560	2.80	2N2894	.40	2N3553	1.50	2N4037	.60	2N5401	.50
2N706B	.75	2N1605	.35	2N2903	3.30	2N3563	.20	2N4093	.85	2N5457	.35
2N711	.90	2N1613	.30	2N2904	.25	2N3565	.20	2N4124	.16	2N5458	.30
2N711B	1.10	2N1711	.30	2N2904A	.30	2N3638	.20	2N4126	.16	CIO3Y	.25
2N718	.25	2N1907	4.10	2N2905	.25	2N3642	.20	2N4141	.20	C106B1	.50
2N718A	.30	2N2060	1.85	2N2905A		2N3643	.20	2N4142	.20		
2N720A	50	2N2102	.40	2N2906	.25	2N3645	.20	2N4143	.20		

2N2160	.65	MU4892	.50
2N2646	.45	MU4893	.50
2N2647	.55	MU4894	.50
2N4851	.75	2N6027	55
2N4852	.75	2N6028	.70
2N4870	.50	D5E37	.35
2N4871	.50	MU10	.35
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#### NEW LSI TECHNOLOGY

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TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS NEW STATE-OF-THE-ART COUNTER FEATURING THE MANY BENEFITS OF CUSTOM LSI CIRCUITRY. THIS NEW TECHNOLOGY APPROACH TO INSTRUMENTATION YIELDS ENHANCED PERFORMANCE, SMALLER PHYSICAL SIZE, DRASTICALLY REDUCED POWER CONSUMPTION [PORTABLE BATTERY OPERATION IS NOW PRACTICAL], DEPENDABILITY, EASY ASSEMBLY AND REVOLUTIONARY LOWER PRICING! A" DIGITS!

SIZE: 3" High 6" Wide 51/2" Deep



13/4 LBS COLOR: BLACK

#### FACTORY DIRECT PRICES

KIT#FC-50 C 60 MHZ	COUNTER WITH CABINET & P.S \$99.85
KIT #PSL-350 350 MHZ	PRESCALER [NOT SHOWN]
KIT #PSL-650 650 MHZ	PRESCALER [NOT SHOWN]
MODEL#FC-50WT 60 MHZ	COUNTER WIRED. TESTED & CAL
MODEL#FC-50/600 WT 600 MHZ	COUNTER WIRED. TESTED & CAL 199.95

KIT #FC-SOCIS COMPLETE WITH PREDRILLED CHASSIS ALL HARDWARE AND STEP-BY-STEP INSTRUCTIONS, WIRED & TESTED UNITS ARE CALIBRATED AND GUARANTEED, PRESCALERS WILL FIT INSIDE COUNTER CABINET

#### FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS:

DISPLAY: 8 RED LED DIGITS .4" CHARACTER HEIGHT
GATE TIMES: 1 SECOND AND 1/10 SECOND
[AUTO DEC. PT. PLACEMENT]
RESOLUTION: 1 HZ AT 1 SECOND, 10 HZ AT 1/10 SECOND.
FREQUENCY RANGE: 10 HZ TO 60 MHZ. [65 MHZ TYPICAL]
SENSITIVITY: 10 MV RMS TO 50 MHZ. 20 MV RMS TO 60 MHZ TYP
INPUT IMPEDANCE: 1 MEGOHM AND 20 PF.
[DIODE PROTECTED INPUT FOR OVER VOLTAGE PROTECTION.]

ACCURACY: 1 1 PPM | 0.0001 | AFTER CALIBRATION TYPICAL.
STABILITY: WITHIN 1 PPM PER HOUR AFTER WARM UP | 0.001 | XTAL
IC PACKAGE COUNT: 8 | ALL SOCKETED |
INTERNAL POWER SUPPLY: 5 2 V DC AT 800 MA REGULATED INPUT POWER REQUIRED: 8-12 VDC OR 115 VAC AT 50/60 HZ.
POWER CONSUMPTION: 3 WATTS

INPUT CONNECTOR: BNC TYPE

1 [1:8 5

#### PLEXIGLAS CABINETS

Great for Clocks or any LED Digital project Clear-Red Chassis serves as Bezel to increase contrast of digital

CABINET I displays 3"H.6%"W.5%"D Black, White or Clear Cover CABINET II

2%"H,5"W,4"D

RED OR GREY PLEXIGLAS FOR DIGITAL BEZELS

\$6.50 ea

#### SEE THE WORKS Clock Kit Clear Plexiglas Stand

23 45 DB

•6Big 4" digits •12 or 24 hr. time •3 set switches Plug transformer •all parts included Plexiglasis

Pre-cut & drilled Kit #850-4 CP

Size: 6"H, 41/3"W, 3"D 2/45.

ASUPER CLOCK!

#### 60 HZ.

XTAL TIME BASE Willenable Digital Clock Kits or Clock-Calendar Kits to operate from 12V DC. 1"x2"PC Board Power Req: 5-15V (2.5 MA TYP.) Easy 3 wire hookup Accuracy. ± 2PPM #TB-1 (Adjustable) complete Kit \$495 & Cal \$9.95

## SPECIAL PRICING! PRIME - HIGH SPEED RAM

LOW POWER - FACTORY FRESH

\$1.95 ea 1-24 1.75 ea 25-99

100-199 \$1.60 ea 200-499 1.45 ea

\$ 1.39 ea. OVER 500 PCS.

FOR THE BUILDER THAT WANTS THE BEST. FEATURING 12 OR 24 HOUR TIME

29-30-31 DAY CALENDAR. ALARM, SNOOZE AND AUX. TIMER CIRCUITS

Will alternate time (8 seconds) and date (2 seconds) or may be wired for time or date display only, with other functions on demand. Has built-in oscillator for battery back-up. A loud 24 hour alarm with a repeatable 10 minute snooze alarm, alarm set & timer set indicators. Includes 110 VAC/60Hz power pack with cord and top quality components through-out

KIT - 7001B WITH 6 - 5" DIGITS ..... KIT - 7001C WITH 4 - 6" DIGITS & 2 - 3" DIGITS FOR SECONDS .... KIT - 7001X WITH 6 - .6" DIGITS

\$39.95 s45.95

ŪŪ 7001C DISPLAY 18 0 B 0 2 2 9 5 3

08 24 5 3

#### JUMBO DIGIT CLOCK

A complete Kit (less Cabinet) featuring SIX 5" digits. MM5314 IC 12/24 Hr. time. PC Boards, Transformer. Line Cord. Switches and all Parts. Ideal Fit in Cabinet II.

Kit #5314-5

\$19<sup>95</sup> 2/\*38.

JUMBO DIGIT \$95 ea CONVERSTION KIT

Convert small digit LED clock to large 5" displays. Kit includes 6 - LED's. Multiplex PC Board & Hook up info. Kit #JD-1CC For Common Cathode Kit #JD-1CA For Common Anode

ALL 7001 KITS FIT CABINET I AND ACCEPT QUARTZ CRYSTAL TIME BASE KIT # TB PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS for CT-7001 Kits sold separately with assembly info PC Boards are drilled Fiberglass, solder plated and screened with component layout.

KITS ARE COMPLETE (LESS CABINET)

7001 X DISPLAY Specify for 7001

B, C or X - \$ 7.95

#### **AUTO BURGLAR** ALARM KIT

LATIVE SESSION AND ASSISTANCE AND AS



KIT#ALR-1 \$9.95 #ALR-1WT WIRED & **TESTED** \$19.95

#### **VARIABLE REGULATED** 1 AMP POWER SUPPLY KIT

VARIABLE FROM 4 to 14V SHORT CIRCUIT PROOF
723 IC REGULATOR
2N3055 PASS TRANSISTOR

CURRENT LIMITING AT 1 Amp KIT IS COMPLETE INCLUDING DRILLED & SOLDER PLATED FIBERGLASS PC BOARD AND ALL PARTS (Less TRANS

FORMER) KIT#PS-01 \$8.95 TRANSFORMER 24V CT will provide 300MA at 12V and 1 Amp at 5V. \$3.50

12 VOLT AC or MODEL DC POWERED #2001



3995 3 OR \$3795

6 JUMBO 4" RED LED'S BEHIND RED FILTER LENS WITH CHROME RIM SET TIME FROM FRONT VIA HIDDEN SWITCHES • 12/24-Hr. TIME STYLISH CHARCOAL GRAY CASE OF MOLDED HIGH TEMP PLASTIC TIME FURMAT

TWO WIRE NO POLARITY HOOK-UP

STYLISH CHARCOAL GRAF GASE OF MODELS WHEN NO POLARITY HU
 OPTIONAL CONNECTION TO BLANK DISPLAY [Use When Key Off in Car. Etc.
 TOP QUALITY PC BOARDS & COMPONENTS - INSTRUCTIONS.
 MOUNTING BRACKET INCLUDED

Less 9V. Battery

ASSEMBLED UNITS WIRED & TESTED ORDER #2001 WT |LESS 9V. BATTERY| Wired for 12-Hr. Op. if not otherwise specified

\$295 3 OR \$2795 POWER PAC-1 \$250





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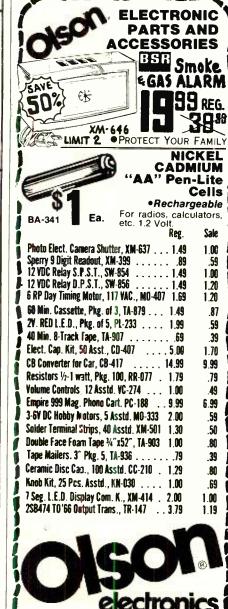
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51 PF .29	390 PF	.50
62 PF 29	470 PF	.50
75 PF 29	620 PF	.52
82 PF .29	820 PF	.53
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180 PF .41	2200 PF	.94
220 PF .41	4700 PF	1.80
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ALUMINUM ELECTROL YTIC



MFD 10V 16V 25V 35V 50V 35V 50V 15 16 20 24 22 26 23 28 24 30 25 32 30 35 40 50 45 55 60 80 80 1.20 1.60 2.50 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 23 30 35 .15 .16 .17 .18 .20 .25 .33 .40 .18 .21 .22 .24 .26 .35 .40 .45 .65 1000

MATSUO DIPPED TANTALUM CAPACITORS						
MF 1 15 22 33 47 68 1.5 2.2 2.2 3.3 4.7	V 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	\$ .33 .33 .33 .33 .33 .33 .40 .33 .40 .42 .45	MF 6.8 6.8 10.0 10.0 15.0 15.0 22.0 33.0 47.0 68.0	V 16 35 16 25 35 20 35 16 20 20	\$ .40 .45 .42 .45 .90 .45 1.32 .45 1.32 1.53	

1/4W . . . \$1.69 per 100 1/2W . . . \$1.79 per 100

1.1K 1.2K 1.5K 1.6K 1.80K 1.80 11K 12K 13K 16K 16K 22K 27K 27K 336K 47K 51K 56K 68K 752K 81K

120

100 1.0K 10K 100K 1.0M 110 1.1K 11K 110K 1.1M

110k 1.1M 120k 1.2M 130k 1.3M 130k 1.3M 150k 1.5M 160k 1.6M 200k 2.0M 200k 2.0M 240k 2.4M 240k 2.4M 300k 3.9M 300k 3.3M 300k 3.3M 400k 3.5M 400k 3

#### RESISTORS CARBON FILM RESISTORS (5%) RESISTOR KITS Only in Multiples of 100 pcs per value (ohms) 5% CARBON FILM RESISTORS



COMPLETE WITH STORAGE BIN 1/4 WATT KIT 42 Different Values (68 $\Omega$  to 4.7 M $\Omega$ ) 20 Each Value 1/2 WATT KIT 42 Different Values (68 $\Omega$  to 4.7 m $\Omega$ )

20 Each Value 1/4W - \$24.90 PER KIT 1/2W - \$25.90 PER KIT

BESISTOR ASSORTMENTS

RESISTOR ASSORTMENTS
Each assortment contrains 5 pos teach of 10 different values. Values included are shown in (Ohms)

¼W,5% (50 pcs total)... \$1,75 / ½W,5% (50 pcs total)... \$1,85 sst.1: 10, 12, 15, 18, 22, 27, 33, 39, 47, 56 ohm sst.2: 68, 82, 100, 120, 150, 180, 220, 270, 330, 390 ohm sst.3: 470, 560, 680, 820 ohm, 1x, 12x, 1.5x, 1.8x, 2.2x, 2.7x, 33x, 3.9x, 4.7x, 5.6k, 68x, 8.2x, 10k, 12x, 15x, 18x sst.5: 2x, 27x, 33x, 39x, 4.7x, 5.6k, 68x, 82x, 100x, 120x, 150x, 180x, 220x, 2.7x Asst.1: Asst.2: Asst.3: Asst.4: Asst.5: Asst.6:

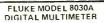
820K 1M,1,2M,1,5M,1,8M,2,2M,2,7M,3,3M,3,9M,4,7M,5,6M, (½W Assortment No.7 doesn't include 5,6M) Asst.8R:0 (All seven assortments above) %W.5%,350 pcs\_total:\$10.95 %W.5%,350 pcs\_total.\$11.55

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Power Amplifier IC's 5 watt 7 watt

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91L01

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400μs 300μs

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3/pkg	100pf	9/pkg	.005mfd
3/pkg	150pf	9/pkg	.01mfd
3/Pkg	220pf	8/pkg	.015mfd
/pkg	270pf	8/Pkg	.02mfd
7/pkg	300pf	8/pkg	.022mfd
7/pkg	330pf	8/Pkg	.03mfd
7/pkg	390pf	7/pkg	.039mfd
7/pkq	470pf	7/pkg	.047mfd
7/nka	560of	6/oka	1 m fd

	PLESSI POLYE (CAPA	STER	, {		MI BC	NI
	MF	V	S	MF	V	S
ı	.001	1000	.14	.039	250	.15
3	.0012	1000	.14	.047	250	.15
	.0015	1000	.14	.056	250	.15
	.0018	1000	.14	.068	250	.15
	.0022	1000	.14	.082	250	.17
	.0027	1000	.14	.1	100	.17
	.0033	1000	.14	.12	100	.18
	.0039	630	14	.15	100	.20
	.0047	630	.14	.18	100	.21
•	.0056	630	.14	.22	100	.23
	.0068	630	.14	.27	100	.26
	.0082	630	.14	33	100	.30
	.01	630	.14	.39	100	.33
	.012	630	.14	.47	100	.36
	.015	400	.15	.56	100	.44
	.018	400	.15	.68	100	47
	.022	400	.15	.82	100	.54
	.027	400	,15	1.0	100	.60
	033	250	15			

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N8T26B

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1.60 1.10 22.50 1.10 22.50 1.60 1.10 25.50

(C

(P=PLA)
P2101
C2101
P2101-1
P2101-2
P2101A
P2102
C2102
P2102-1
P2102-2
P2102A-2
P2111

P2102A-P2111 C2111 P2111-3 P2111-2 P2111A P2112 C2112 P2112-2 P2112A

MOS - RAM D=CERAMIC DIP) P=PLASTIC DIP)



2524V 2525V 2533V AM2803PC AM2803PC AM2805HC AM2806HC AM2806HC AM2808PC AM2808PC AM2809PC AM2810PC 3347PC HYBRID **AUDIO** POWER **AMPLIFIERS** 

AM8238PC C8251 C8255 AM9551DC AM9555DC

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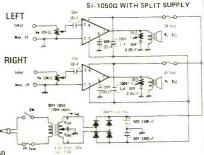
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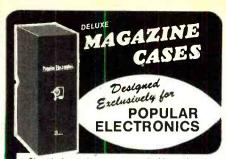
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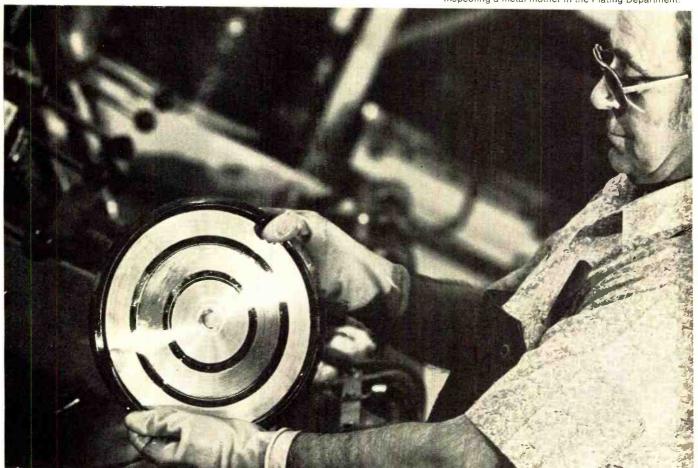
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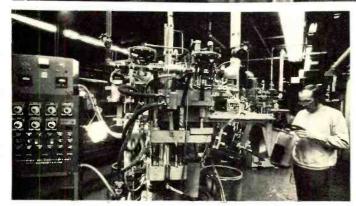
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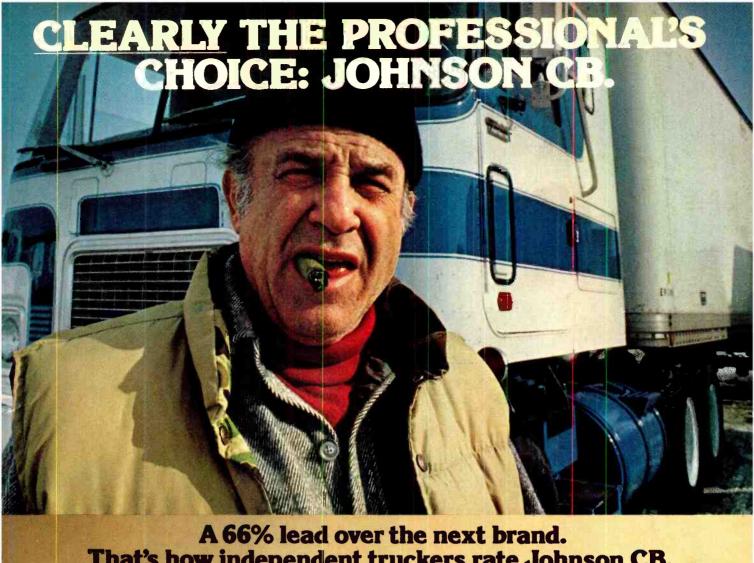
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