AUTOMATED THEOREM PROVING

Programming in Prolog

<u>Exercise 1</u>. Write a Prolog program to compute n! for every natural number n.

<u>Exercise 2</u>. Write a Prolog program to compute the lowest common multiple of two natural numbers.

Exercise 3. Write a Prolog program to compute the length of a list.

<u>Exercise 4</u>. Write a Prolog program to find the last element of a list, without using the "append" predicate.

<u>Exercise 5</u>. Write a Prolog program to find the pairs of elements which are consecutive in a list.

Exercise 6. Write a Prolog program to obtain the union of two lists.

Exercise 7. Write a Prolog program to obtain the intersection of two lists.

<u>Exercise 8</u>. Write a Prolog program to determine whether a list is a subset of another list.

<u>Exercise 9</u>. Write a Prolog program that for a natural number n includes in a list all the prime factors of n.

Exercise 10. Write a Prolog program to solve the following problem. There are n men and n women that want to get married. Each man has a list of the n women ordered according to his preferences, and likewise each woman has a list of the n men according to her preferences. Then, we have to find a set of couples S in such a way that there is no pair of couples A - X, B - Y in S such that one of the following conditions holds:

- (1) A prefers Y instead of X and Y prefers A instead of B,
- (2) X prefers B instead of A and B prefers X instead of Y.