Chemical Corp. (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.), D.J. Ref. 90–7–1–463/1.

The Stipulation and Order may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, Civil Division, 86 Chambers Street, 3d Floor, New York, NY 10007, by request to Assistant U.S. Attorney David J. Kennedy, and at the United States Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460. During the public comment period, the Stipulation and Order may also be examined on the following Department of Justice Web site, http:// www.usdoj.gov/enrd/open.html. A copy of the Stipulation and Order may also be obtained by mail from the Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611 or by faxing or e-mailing a request to Tonia Fleetwood (tonia.fleetwood@usdoj.gov), fax no. (202) 514-0097, phone confirmation number (202) 514–1547. In requesting a copy from the Consent Decree Library, please enclose a check in the amount of \$2.00 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the U.S. Treasury.

Bruce S. Gelber,

Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 04–7240 Filed 3–30–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–01–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Under the Clean Air Act Between the United States, the State of South Carolina, and the South Carolina Public Service Authority

Under 28 CFR 50.7, notice is hereby given that on March 16, 2004, a proposed consent decree ("Consent Decree") between the United States, the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control ("DHEC"), and the South Carolina Public Service Authority ("Santee Cooper"), Civil Action No. 2–04–0822–18, was lodged with the United States District Court for the District of South Carolina.

The Consent Decree would resolve the civil claims asserted by the United States against Santee Cooper pursuant to Sections 113(b) and 167 of the Clean Air Act ("the Act"), 42 U.S.C. 7413(b) and 7477, for injunctive relief and the assessment of civil penalties for violations of the Prevention of Significant Deterioration ("PSD") provisions of the Act, 42 U.S.C. 7470– 92, title V of the Act, 42 U.S.C. 7661, *et seq.*, and the federally approved and enforceable South Carolina State Implementation Plan (the "SIP").

The complaint filed by the United States alleges, among other things, that between 1980 and the present, Santee Cooper modified and thereafter operated certain coal-fired electricity generation units without first obtaining a PSD permit authorizing the construction and without installing the best available technology to control emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_X) , and particular matter (PM), as required by the Act, applicable Federal regulations, and the SIP. In addition, in late 2002 and 2003, Santee Cooper commenced and continued construction of a wholly new coal-fired electricity generating unit without first obtaining a **PSD SIP.**

The proposed Consent Decree covers Santee Cooper's four coal-fired power plants in South Carolina: the Cross Plant located in Pineville, Berkeley County; the Grainger Plant located in Conway, Horry County; the Jefferies Plant located in Moncks Corner, Berkeley County; and the Winyah Plant located in Georgetown, Georgetown County. Under the terms of the proposed Consent Decree, Santee Cooper will install or upgrade pollution controls for SO₂, NO_X , and PM at more than 80% of the electricity-generating capacity of these four plants. Santee Cooper will also pay \$2.0 million in civil penalties and to undertake \$4.5 million in additional injunctive relief.

The Department of Justice will receive for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication comments relating to the Consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611, and should refer to *United States* v. *South Carolina Public Service Authority*, D.J. Ref. No. 90–5–2–1– 07492.

The Consent Decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, District of South Carolina, 151 Meeting Street, 2d Floor, Charleston, SC 29402. During the public comment period, the Consent Decree, may also be examined on the following Department of Justice Web site, http:// www.usdoj.gov/enrd/open.html. A copy of the Consent Decree may also be obtained by mail from the Consent Decree Library, P.O. Box 7611, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20044–7611 or by faxing or e-mailing a request to Tonia Fleetwood (tonia.fleetwood@usdoj.gov), fax no. (202) 514-0097, phone confirmation number (202) 514-1547. In requesting a

copy from the Consent Decree Library, please enclose a check in the amount of \$26.25 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the U.S. Treasury.

Thomas A. Mariani, Jr.,

Assistant Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.

[FR Doc. 04–7241 Filed 3–30–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–15–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives

[Docket No. ATF 5N]

Commerce in Explosives; List of Explosive Materials (2003R–31P)

AGENCY: Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF), Department of Justice.

ACTION: Notice of List of Explosive Materials.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 841(d) and 27 CFR 555.23, the Department must publish and revise at least annually in the **Federal Register** a list of explosives determined to be within the coverage of 18 U.S.C. 841 *et seq.* The list covers not only explosives, but also blasting agents and detonators, all of which are defined as explosive materials in 18 U.S.C. 841(c). This notice publishes the 2003 List of Explosive Materials.

DATES: The list becomes effective upon publication of this notice on March 31, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Wathenia Clark; Program Manager; Public Safety Branch; Arson and Explosives Programs Division; Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; United States Department of Justice; 650 Massachusetts Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20226 (phone 202–927–2310).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The list is intended to include any and all mixtures containing any of the materials on the list. Materials constituting blasting agents are marked by an asterisk. While the list is comprehensive, it is not all-inclusive. The fact that an explosive material may not be on the list does not mean that it is not within the coverage of the law if it otherwise meets the statutory definitions in 18 U.S.C. 841. Explosive materials are listed alphabetically by their common names followed, where applicable, by chemical names and synonyms in brackets.

In the 2003 List of Explosive Materials, the Department has added two terms to the list of explosives:

1. Tetrazole explosives, and 2. Ammonium perchlorate having

particle size less than 15 microns.

The Department has added these explosive materials to the list because their primary or common purpose is to function by explosion. "Tetrazole explosives" is intended to be an allencompassing term, to include all Tetrazole explosive mixtures. Ammonium perchlorate had appeared on the List of Explosive Materials until 1991 and has been re-introduced to the 2003 List as a corrective measure. It has retained its designation as an explosive since 1991, despite the fact that it was inadvertently omitted from previous lists.

This revised list supersedes the List of Explosive Materials dated April 26, 2002 (Notice No. 943, 67 FR 20864).

Notice of List of Explosive Materials

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 841(d) and 27 CFR 555.23, I hereby designate the following as explosive materials covered under 18 U.S.C. 841(c):

Α

- Acetylides of heavy metals.
- Aluminum containing polymeric propellant.
- Aluminum ophorite explosive.
- Amatex.
- Amatol.
- Ammonal.
- Ammonium nitrate explosive mixtures (cap sensitive).
- *Ammonium nitrate explosive mixtures (non-cap sensitive).
- Ammonium perchlorate having particle size less than 15 microns.
- Ammonium perchlorate composite propellant.
- Ammonium perchlorate explosive mixtures.
- Ammonium picrate [picrate of ammonia, Explosive D].
- Ammonium salt lattice with isomorphously substituted inorganic salts.

*ANFO [ammonium nitrate-fuel oil]. Aromatic nitro-compound explosive mixtures.

Azide explosives.

R

- Baranol.
- Baratol.
- BEAF [1, 2-bis (2, 2-difluoro-2nitroacetoxyethane)].
- Black powder.
- Black powder based explosive mixtures. *Blasting agents, nitro-carbo-nitrates, including non-cap sensitive slurry and water gel explosives.

Blasting caps. Blasting gelatin. Blasting powder. BTNEC [bis (trinitroethyl) carbonate]. BTNEN [bis (trinitroethyl) nitramine]. BTTN [1,2,4 butanetriol trinitrate]. Bulk salutes. Butyl tetryl.

Calcium nitrate explosive mixture. Cellulose hexanitrate explosive mixture. Chlorate explosive mixtures. Composition A and variations. Composition B and variations. Composition C and variations. Copper acetylide. Cyanuric triazide. Cyclonite [RDX]. Cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine [HMX]. Cyclotol. Cvclotrimethylenetrinitramine [RDX]. D DATB [diaminotrinitrobenzene]. DDNP [diazodinitrophenol]. DEGDN [diethyleneglycol dinitrate]. Detonating cord. Detonators. Dimethylol dimethyl methane dinitrate composition. Dinitroethyleneurea. Dinitroglycerine [glycerol dinitrate]. Dinitrophenol. Dinitrophenolates. Dinitrophenyl hydrazine. Dinitroresorcinol. Dinitrotoluene-sodium nitrate explosive mixtures. DIPAM [dipicramide; diaminoĥexanitrobiphenyl]. Dipicryl sulfone. Dipicrylamine. Display fireworks. DNPA [2,2-dinitropropyl acrylate]. DNPD [dinitropentano nitrile]. Dynamite. Ε

- EDDN [ethylene diamine dinitrate]. EDNA [ethylenedinitramine]. Ednatol. EDNP [ethyl 4,4-dinitropentanoate]. EGDN [ethylene glycol dinitrate]. Erythritol tetranitrate explosives. Esters of nitro-substituted alcohols. Ethyl-tetryl. Explosive conitrates. Explosive gelatins. Explosive liquids. Explosive mixtures containing oxygenreleasing inorganic salts and hvdrocarbons. Explosive mixtures containing oxygenreleasing inorganic salts and nitro bodies.
- Explosive mixtures containing oxygenreleasing inorganic salts and water insoluble fuels.

soluble fuels. Explosive mixtures containing sensitized nitromethane. Explosive mixtures containing tetranitromethane (nitroform). Explosive nitro compounds of aromatic hydrocarbons. Explosive organic nitrate mixtures. Explosive powders. FFlash powder. Fulminate of mercury. Fulminate of silver. Fulminating gold. Fulminating mercury. Fulminating platinum. Fulminating silver. G Gelatinized nitrocellulose. Gem-dinitro aliphatic explosive mixtures.

Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-

releasing inorganic salts and water

- Guanyl nitrosamino guanyl tetrazene. Guanyl nitrosamino guanylidene hvdrazine.
- Guncotton.

Η

Heavy metal azides. Hexanite. Hexanitrodiphenylamine. Hexanitrostilbene. Hexogen [RDX]. Hexogene or octogene and a nitrated Nmethylaniline. Hexolites. HMTD [hexamethylenetriperoxidediamine]. HMX [cyclo-1,3,5,7-tetramethylene 2,4,6,8-tetranitramine; Octogen]. Hydrazinium nitrate/hydrazine/ aluminum explosive system. Hydrazoic acid.

Igniter cord. Igniters.

Initiating tube systems.

KDNBF [potassium dinitrobenzofuroxane].

I.

Lead azide.

- Lead mannite.
- Lead mononitroresorcinate.
- Lead picrate.
- Lead salts, explosive.
- Lead styphnate [styphnate of lead, lead trinitroresorcinate].
- Liquid nitrated polyol and
- trimethylolethane.
- Liquid oxygen explosives.

М

Magnesium ophorite explosives.

- Mannitol hexanitrate.
- MDNP [methyl 4,4-dinitropentanoate]. MEAN [monoethanolamine nitrate]. Mercuric fulminate. Mercury oxalate. Mercury tartrate. Metriol trinitrate.
- Minol-2 [40% TNT, 40% ammonium
- nitrate, 20% aluminum]. MMAN [monomethylamine nitrate];
- methylamine nitrate. Mononitrotoluene-nitroglycerin
- mixture.
- Monopropellants.

Ν

NIBTN [nitroisobutametriol trinitrate]. Nitrate explosive mixtures. Nitrate sensitized with gelled nitroparaffin. Nitrated carbohydrate explosive. Nitrated glucoside explosive. Nitrated polyhydric alcohol explosives. Nitric acid and a nitro aromatic compound explosive. Nitric acid and carboxylic fuel explosive. Nitric acid explosive mixtures. Nitro aromatic explosive mixtures. Nitro compounds of furane explosive mixtures. Nitrocellulose explosive. Nitroderivative of urea explosive mixture. Nitrogelatin explosive. Nitrogen trichloride. Nitrogen tri-iodide. Nitroglycerine [NG, RNG, nitro, glyceryl trinitrate, trinitroglycerine]. Nitroglycide. Nitroglycol [ethylene glycol dinitrate, EGDN].

- Nitroguanidine explosives.
- Nitronium perchlorate propellant mixtures.
- Nitroparaffins Explosive Grade and ammonium nitrate mixtures. Nitrostarch.
- Nitro-substituted carboxylic acids.

Nitrourea.

0

- Octogen [HMX]. Octol [75 percent HMX, 25 percent TNT]. Organic amine nitrates.
- Organic nitramines.

P

PBX [plastic bonded explosives].
Pellet powder.
Penthrinite composition.
Pentolite.
Perchlorate explosive mixtures.
Peroxide based explosive mixtures.
PETN [nitropentaerythrite, pentaerythrite tetranitrate, pentaerythritol tetranitrate].
Picramic acid and its salts.

Picramide. Picrate explosives. Picrate of potassium explosive mixtures. Picratol. Picric acid (manufactured as an explosive). Picryl chloride. Picryl fluoride. PLX [95% nitromethane, 5% ethylenediamine]. Polynitro aliphatic compounds. Polyolpolynitrate-nitrocellulose explosive gels. Potassium chlorate and lead sulfocyanate explosive. Potassium nitrate explosive mixtures. Potassium nitroaminotetrazole. Pyrotechnic compositions. PYX [2,6-bis(picrylamino)] 3,5dinitropyridine. R

R

RDX [cyclonite, hexogen, T4, cyclo-1,3,5,-trimethylene-2,4,6,trinitramine; hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-S-triazine].

S

Safety fuse. Salts of organic amino sulfonic acid explosive mixture. Salutes (bulk). Silver acetylide. Silver azide. Silver fulminate. Silver oxalate explosive mixtures. Silver styphnate. Silver tartrate explosive mixtures. Silver tetrazene. Slurried explosive mixtures of water, inorganic oxidizing salt, gelling agent, fuel, and sensitizer (cap sensitive). Smokeless powder. Sodatol. Sodium amatol. Sodium azide explosive mixture. Sodium dinitro-ortho-cresolate. Sodium nitrate explosive mixtures. Sodium nitrate-potassium nitrate explosive mixture. Sodium picramate. Special fireworks. Squibs. Styphnic acid explosives. TTacot [tetranitro-2,3,5,6-dibenzo-1,3a,4,6a tetrazapentalene]. TATB [triaminotrinitrobenzene]. TATP [triacetonetriperoxide].

TEGDN [triethylene glycol dinitrate].

- Tetranitrocarbazole.
- Tetrazene [tetracene, tetrazine, 1(5tetrazolyl)-4-guanyl tetrazene hydrate].
- Tetrazole explosives.
- Tetryl [2,4,6 tetranitro-N-methylaniline]. Tetrytol.
- Thickened inorganic oxidizer salt slurried explosive mixture.

TMETN [trimethylolethane trinitrate]. TNEF [trinitroethyl formal]. TNEOC [trinitroethylorthocarbonate]. TNEOF [trinitroethylorthoformate]. TNT [trinitrotoluene, trotyl, trilite, triton]. Torpex. Tridite. Trimethylol ethyl methane trinitrate composition. Trimethylolthane trinitratenitrocellulose. Trimonite. Trinitroanisole. Trinitrobenzene. Trinitrobenzoic acid. Trinitrocresol. Trinitro-meta-cresol. Trinitronaphthalene. Trinitrophenetol. Trinitrophloroglucinol. Trinitroresorcinol. Tritonal.

U

Urea nitrate.

W

- Water-bearing explosives having salts of oxidizing acids and nitrogen bases, sulfates, or sulfamates (cap sensitive). Water-in-oil emulsion explosive
 - compositions.

Χ

Xanthamonas hydrophilic colloid explosive mixture.

Approved: March 19, 2004.

Edgar A. Domenech,

Acting Director.

[FR Doc. 04–7020 Filed 3–30–04; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–FY–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-53,288]

Biddeford Blankets, LLC Microlife USA Subsidiaries of Microlife Corporation Biddeford, MA; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on November 21, 2003, applicable to workers of Biddeford Blankets, LLC, a subsidiary of Microlife Corporation, Biddeford, Maine. The